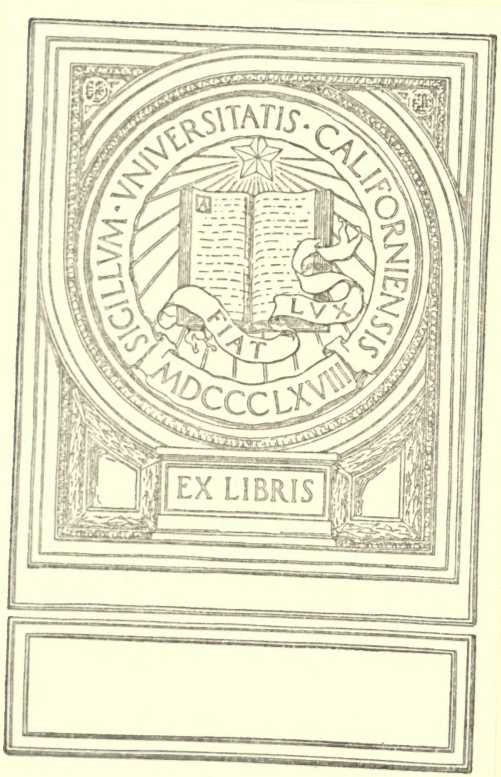
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Battle Flags of the Ninth Regiment C. V.



HISTORY

OF THE

NINTH REGIMENT,

Connecticut Volunteer Infantry,

"THE IRISH REGIMENT,"

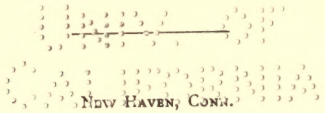
IN THE

WAR OF THE REBELLION, 1861-65.

THE RECORD OF A GALLANT COMMAND
ON THE MARCH, IN BATTLE AND IN BIVOUAC.

BY THOMAS HAMILTON MURRAY,

Secretary-General, American-Irish Historical Society; Author of Papers on "The Irish Element in Connecticut," "Early Irish in the Plymouth Colony," "The Irish Soldiers in King Philip's War," "From Dawn to Revolution," "Thirty Historic American Families," "The Irish at the Battle of Bunker Hill," "Early Irish Educators of American Youth," "The First Regiment, Pennsylvania Line," "Gen. John Sullivan and the Battle of Rhode Island," etc., etc.



NEW HAVEN, CONN.
THE PRICE, LEE & ADKINS CO.
1908.

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MICHAEL P. COEN, NAUGATUCK, CT.,
for the
NINTH REGIMENT VETERAN ASSOCIATION, CONNECTICUT VOLUNTEERS.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLICATION OF THIS VOLUME.

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"It is hardly necessary for me to say that the conduct of your men meets my cordial approval, and I am proud of both officers and their command."

GOVERNOR BUCKINGHAM, *of Connecticut, to Colonel Cahill, after Biloxi and Pass Christian, 1862.*

"* * * Connecticut, represented by the sons of the ever green shamrock, * * *"

GEN. BENJAMIN F. BUTLER, *in 1862, General Orders, Department of the Gulf.*

"The Ninth, Col. Thomas W. Cahill, is still attached to the Department of the Gulf. In the part taken by this regiment in the several engagements in which it has participated, it has fully sustained the character for gallantry and energy which it possessed at the close of my last report."

Adjutant-General, State of Connecticut, 1862-3.

To The

Officers And Men, Living And Dead,

of The

Ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteer Infantry,

Whose Services In The

Great Civil War Contributed So Much To The

Preservation of The Union,

This Volume Is

Cordially Dedicated.

a captain in the regiment, was at one time during the war, provost marshal and judge of the Parish of Saint James, La. Michael P. Coen was a corporal in Company F, of the regiment. His father and brother both lost their lives in the service. Rollin McNeil, M.D., New Haven, of the committee, was an assistant surgeon in the Regiment, and was later Surgeon of the Ninth Battalion, C. V.

In addition to material received from the committee, valuable data has been furnished by Major Patrick Maher, a veteran of the Twenty-Fourth regiment, C. V. Major Maher was one of the founders, in 1849, of the Washington-Erina Guards, of New Haven, and was later an officer of the Emmet Guard of that place. As an authority on Irish military organizations in Connecticut he stands unexcelled.

The author is also indebted to the Hon. John F. Hurley, recently mayor of Salem, Mass., who served in the Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery during the war. This battery was encamped at Camp Chase, Lowell, Mass., with the Ninth Regiment, C. V., and accompanied it on the *Constitution* to Ship Island. Mr. Hurley has furnished the writer a statement of many interesting facts, and has otherwise expressed his interest in this work.

To the Hon. James P. Bree, New Haven, State Auditor of Connecticut, acknowledgment is likewise made for valuable assistance rendered, and also to Gen. Thomas McManus, of Hartford. This latter gentleman was a major in the Twenty-Fifth Regiment, C. V., during the Civil War, having also been adjutant of the regiment. From Jan., 1883, to Jan., 1885, he was Quartermaster-General of Connecticut, with the rank of Brigadier-General. Thanks for data received are also extended Thomas M. Cahill, M.D., of New Haven, a son of Colonel Cahill, and to Dr. Patrick Cassidy, of Norwich. Dr. Cassidy was Surgeon-General on the staff of Governor Luzon B.

Morris of Connecticut, ranking also as Brigadier-General.

Much information has been obtained, too, from files of Hartford, New Haven, Bridgeport and other Connecticut journals published during the war. Official publications issued by the State and National governments have been consulted. Collections of letters written home from the front have been placed at the author's disposal and from this source, too, many interesting facts have been gleaned. Access has also been had to regimental and company papers, thus greatly facilitating the work of the author.

The interest displayed by the public in the preparation of the present volume has been most gratifying. The author has received hearty co-operation on every hand. The kindliest sentiments have been expressed, and the most cordial inquiries made, from time to time, regarding the progress of the work. T. H. M.

New Haven, Ct., August, 1903.

AN INTRODUCTORY CHAPTER.

EARLY IRISH MILITARY OFFICERS IN CONNECTICUT—MENTION OF CAPT. DANIEL PATRICK IN 1637—IRISH NAMES IN 1729, 1756, 1767 AND AT OTHER PERIODS—MANY CONNECTICUT IRISH SERVE IN THE WAR FOR INDEPENDENCE, IN THE WAR OF 1812 AND IN THE CONFLICT WITH MEXICO—IRISH COMPANIES DISBANDED BY THE KNOW NOTHING ADMINISTRATION, 1855.

IRISH settlers are found in Connecticut at a very early period. Some of them participated in campaigns against the Indians. Captain Daniel Patrick, who had served in the Massachusetts Bay Colony, came here during the Pequod war, 1637, and rendered effective service.

He is believed to have been an Irishman. One writer inclines to the opinion that his name was originally Gillpatrick or Fitzpatrick, and that he probably went from Ireland to the Low Countries and rendered military service there before coming to America.

Capt. Patrick became one of the founders of what is now the town of Greenwich, Ct. He eventually swore allegiance to the Dutch government and was granted the rights of a "patroon" in Greenwich and vicinity. His wife was a woman of Dutch blood.

A number of Irish soldiers from Connecticut participated in "The Great Swamp Fight," in 1675, during King Philip's war. This fight took place in southern Rhode Island and resulted in a severe defeat for the Indians. Among the Connecticut soldiers mentioned as taking part in the battle were: James Murphy, Daniel Tracy, Edward Larkin, James Welch and John Roach. The latter is referred to in the Norwalk records as "a soldier in the late Indian war," and was granted a tract of land as a gratuity.

UNIV. OF CALIFORNIA

Quite a number of military officers bearing Irish names are identified with the colonial history of Connecticut. Thus, we find: Capt. John Lyon, (Greenwich), 1728; Capt. Joseph Keeny, (Preston), 1729; Ensign John Keeny, (New London), 1730; Ensign Richard Keeny, (Glastonbury), 1731; Lieut. James Tracy, 1756; Lieut. Daniel Lyon, 1756; Lieut. David Lacey, 1756; Capt. Timothy Hierlehy, 1758; Lieut. James McGunnigall, Jr., 1759; Lieut. Cornelius Higgins, (Haddam), 1759; Capt. Daniel Tracy, (Norwich), 1759; Lieut. Joseph Tracy, (Norwich), 1759; Lieut. Patrick Walsh, 1759; Lieut. Roger Riley, 1767; Capt. Thaddeus Lacy, (Woodbury), 1769, and a number of others.

The Rev. James H. O'Donnell, now of Norwalk, Ct., in his *History of the Catholic Church in the Diocese of Hartford*, goes extensively into this subject of early Irish people in Connecticut, and to his work we are indebted for a number of facts set forth in this chapter. As the volume on which we are here engaged is a military one, however, we are confining our labors almost entirely to that line of narrative. There is a mass of material at hand concerning pioneers and Irish settlers, generally, in Connecticut, from 1640 down, but such does not come within the scope of the present work.

At the outbreak of the Revolution, the Irish and their descendants were very numerous in Connecticut, and it has been estimated that fully one thousand of them enlisted in the patriot ranks. The Revolutionary rolls of the State are replete with Irish names. In the "Lexington Alarm List," 1775, of Connecticut men, are found such names as: Fitzgerald, Gleason, Griffin, Kennedy, Manning, Martin, Murphy, McCartee, McMullen, Riley and the like. In every Connecticut regiment, during the Revolution, Irish names abound. And this applies not only to the regiments serving more especially within the State, but also to the Connecticut regiments of the Continental Line.

NO. VIII
AINSWORTH

The Connecticut rolls relating to the War of 1812 also contain many Irish names, the bearers being from New Haven, Hartford, New London, Norwich, Groton, Stratford, Litchfield, Bridgeport, Middletown, Danbury and other parts of the State. Many of these served in the Regular Army, especially in the Twenty-Fifth Infantry and in the Thirty-Seventh Infantry.

In the war with Mexico, Connecticut men of Irish blood were likewise represented in the Regular Army. They were found in the First and Second artillery regiments; and in the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Ninth and Tenth regiments of infantry; also in other organizations.

THE WASHINGTON-ERINA GUARDS OF NEW HAVEN.

On July 31, 1849, a meeting of those interested in a projected Irish company was held in the Glebe building, corner of Church and Chapel streets, New Haven. Capt. James Quinn was chairman of the meeting, and John Duffy, secretary.

The organization was named the Washington-Erina Guards. Provision was made for drilling the men and the company made good progress. After drills had been in progress some time, Col. John Arnold, of the Second Regiment, requested the members of the company to petition Governor Trumbull for a charter and to have the organization taken into the service of the State as part of Col. Arnold's regiment, as there was a vacancy for a company in the latter.

In accordance with Col. Arnold's request, a petition to Governor Trumbull was drafted Feb. 8, 1850, and was signed by John Duffy, Thomas Newman, James Gallagher, William Geary, Francis McBryan, John Maher, Barney Galligan, Patrick Maher, James Brady, Patrick W. Kennefick, Daniel Crowley, James Banning, Michael Shields, Stephen Flynn, Geoffrey Ahearn, Rendles Sheilds,[1] Edward Hamel, Thomas W. Cahill, Thomas

[1] Spelled elsewhere as Randal and Randall Shields.

Preston and John L. Duffy. This petition, however, was never forwarded to Governor Trumbull, as it was thought the incoming governor (Seymour) would be more likely to grant the desired recognition. Governor Seymour did so in March, 1852, the organization becoming officially known as Company E, of the Second Regiment. The officers commissioned were to take rank from March 17, that year, and comprised: Captain, John Duffy; First Lieutenant, Thomas W. Cahill; Second Lieutenant, Randal Shields; Third Lieutenant, Peter Hanley. The company established an armory at the corner of Water and Fleet streets, New Haven, purchased its own uniforms, and received flint-lock muskets from the State. These muskets it continued to use until an order came in August, 1854, from John C. Hollister, then Adjutant-General of the State, requesting the company to return the muskets to the arsenal, in Hartford, and stating that the command would be supplied with percussion-lock muskets instead. The old muskets were thereupon returned and the new ones received.

A strict rule for admission to the company was that the applicant must be a native, or a naturalized citizen, of the United States. The company paraded with the regiment, attended the regimental encampments, went to Hartford to attend Governor Seymour's inauguration, one year, and was hospitably entertained by the people of that city. The company became very popular throughout the State, and received many compliments on its drill and general soldierly bearing.

The organization of the Washington-Erina Guards took place, as has been stated, on July 31, 1849. Of the original members, the following were still living, Aug. 8, 1899, fifty years after: William Geary, Peter Sheridan, Thomas Preston, Michael McCarten, James Daly, Patrick Maher, John Cummisky, Thomas Layden, Michael Hughson, John Conlin, Jeremiah Donovan, James Wrinn, Daniel Carroll, Michael Gilhuly, Timothy

Fogarty, Patrick Garvey, and Daniel J. Crowley,—seventeen in all. John Cummisky, one of these survivors, died in Chicago, Ill., Jan. 8, 1900.

MENTION OF OTHER IRISH COMPANIES.

In the meantime, another military organization was formed, in New Haven, known as the Jackson Guards, composed, like the Washington-Erina Guards, of men of Irish birth or descent. The new organization was an offshoot of the Washington-Erina Guards, the requirements for admission being practically the same. The first captain of the Jacksons was Patrick Garvey. The Jacksons were attached to the Second Regiment as Company D.

There was also an Irish company, attached to the militia, at this time, in Hartford; one in Bridgeport; one in Derby (Birmingham), and one in Norwich. These companies were composed of an excellent class of citizens, and in drill, discipline, and every other respect, were a credit to the State. According to an official roster of the State militia, the officers of these six Irish companies were, in December, 1854, as follows:

Infantry Company F, First Regiment, Hartford, (Emmet Guards), Captain, Edward McManus; First Lieutenant, James McHugh; Second Lieutenant, Michael Collins; Third Lieutenant, Cornelius Ryan.

Infantry Company E, Second Regiment, New Haven, (Washington-Erina Guards), Captain, Thomas W. Cahill; First Lieutenant, Patrick Maher; Second Lieutenant, Randall Shields; Third Lieutenant, Michael McCarten.

Infantry Company D, Second Regiment, New Haven, (Jackson Guards), Captain, (vacancy); First Lieutenant, Peter Sheridan; Second Lieutenant, John Scanlan; Third Lieutenant, Michael Hughson.

Infantry Company C, Third Regiment, Norwich, (Jackson Guards), Captain, Patrick McKiernan; First Lieutenant, James Williams; Second Lieutenant, Thomas O'Rourke; Third Lieutenant, John Gaffney.

Rifle Company B, Second Regiment, Derby, (Birmingham), (Derby Rifles), Captain Patrick McMahon; First Lieutenant, Hugh McGowen; Second Lieutenant, Michael Stevens; Third Lieutenant, Patrick Moneghan.

Infantry Company B, Eighth Regiment, Bridgeport, (Montgomery Guards), Captain, M. O'Connell; First Lieutenant, John Fox; Second Lieutenant, Edward N. Goodwin; Third Lieutenant, Richard Sewell.

At the time the foregoing companies were disbanded, in 1855, Infantry Company D, Second Regiment, New Haven, was commanded by Lieut. John Maher, Jr., the captaincy being vacant. With this, and possibly one or two other exceptions, the companies had, doubtless, the same officers as in December, 1854.

THE DISBANDMENT OF THE COMPANIES.

William T. Minor, of Stamford, was elected Governor of Connecticut by the Know Nothings and held the office for two years,—1855-57. During his administration steps were taken to disband the six Irish companies in the militia and these steps were carried into effect.

Henry J. Gardner, the Know Nothing Governor of Massachusetts, also issued an order disbanding the Irish companies of the militia in the Bay State. Benjamin F. Butler was at that time colonel of a Massachusetts regiment. In this regiment was an Irish company—the Jackson Musketeers, of Lowell. Butler refused to promulgate the disbanding order to his regiment, quoted the military law of the State, and challenged the Governor to bring him before a court-martial. Governor Gardner did not dare accept the challenge. He did, however, issue an order dismissing Butler from command of the regiment, but Butler refused to be dismissed and again appealed to the law. Again the Know Nothing administration halted, nonplussed by Butler's masterly knowledge of the law relating to the case.

Finally, Governor Gardner and his accessories found

a way out of their dilemma. The regiments constituting the militia were reorganized, renumbered and relocated.

Butler was thus frozen out, and the Irish companies throughout the State had to suffer. Butler, however, soon achieved a great triumph over the Know Nothing governor. In a short time after the reorganization of a brigade, the field officers got together to elect a brigadier general as they were by law authorized to do. They elected Butler to the position, much to the chagrin of the Governor and his supporters. Governor Gardner was obliged to sign Butler's commission as brigadier-general, and had he hesitated or refused to do so, the General would have promptly got after him with a mandamus or taken some other equally prompt step.

On August 1, 1855, Capt. Rucköldt of the New Haven City Guards, (a German company), stood on the corner of Chapel and Orange streets, New Haven. As Capt. Thomas W. Cahill and Lieut. Patrick Maher of the Washington-Erina Guards approached, Capt. Rucköldt said, in substance, to Capt. Cahill that he (Rucköldt) had met Governor Minor in the lodge, the previous night, and had learned that the Governor was going to disband all the Irish companies—giving no reasons—but that he was going to retain the German company.

This information greatly interested his two hearers. The fact that the Irish companies, composed of American citizens, were to be disbanded, and that the German company, among whose members there were not over ten citizens—the rest being aliens—was to be retained, was especially significant. Capt. Rucköldt's statement proved quite accurate.

Gov. Minor, however, experienced some difficulty in having his disbanding order promulgated. The Irish companies had many friends in the State, even among the old-line stock. The Governor discussed his scheme with John C. Hollister, Adjutant-General of the State, with the result that Hollister got out of office. But

Minor was determined to go ahead. So, Justin Hodge of Barkhamsted, a veteran of the Mexican war, was made adjutant-general to succeed Hollister. Without loss of time, the Governor issued the following:

OFFICE OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF,
STAMFORD, August 24, 1855.

JUSTIN HODGE, ESQ.,
Adjutant-General.

DEAR SIR:—Military Companies organized as foreign Companies, and composed entirely of the foreign born, are believed to be detrimental to the military interests of our State, and their continuance inconsistent with the spirit of our Institutions, therefore, in pursuance with the authority vested in the Commander-in-Chief by Section 26 of the statute law[1] of this State, passed May session, 1854, entitled, an Act for Forming and Conducting the Military Force, the following Companies being composed of the foreign born, viz:

Infantry	Company	F, Hartford,	First Regiment.
"	"	C, Norwich,	Third "
"	"	D, New Haven,	Second "
"	"	E, New Haven,	Second "
Rifle	"	B, Birmingham,	" "
Infantry	"	B, Bridgeport,	Eighth "

are hereby disbanded.

You will issue the necessary orders for the purpose of disbanding each of the foregoing Companies, and notify the Quartermaster-General of the same, that the arms and equipments of each of said Companies belonging to the State may be returned to the Arsenal.

Respectfully yours,

(Signed) WILLIAM T. MINOR,
Commander-in-Chief
of the Connecticut Militia.

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[1] The following is a copy of the law referred to:

AN ACT FOR FORMING AND CONDUCTING THE MILITARY FORCE, MAY SESSION, 1854.—Section 26. The commander-in-chief is hereby fully authorized and empowered to disband any military company or band, as the interest of the militia in his opinion may require; to discharge commissioned and non-comissioned officers, and all other persons who have performed the duty required by this act, or who, from incompetence or other cause, have failed to perform their duty; to delegate to the major-general and brigadier-generals the power to discharge officers and other persons, and generally to exercise all the powers necessary to carry into full effect the provision of this act.

Adjutant-General Hodge refused to promulgate the foregoing, and resigned. The Governor was then obliged to get another adjutant-general to do his bidding. He selected Joseph D. Williams for the position, and this gentleman did the work required, as the following order shows:

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HARTFORD, Sept. 25, 1855.

In pursuance of the foregoing order directed to General Justin Hodge, dated Aug. 24, 1855, the following Companies have been disbanded, viz:

Infantry	Company	F, Hartford,	1st	Regiment.
"	"	C, Norwich,	3rd	"
"	"	D, New Haven,	2d	"
"	"	E, New Haven,	2d	"
Rifle	"	B, Birmingham,	2d	"
Infantry	"	B, Bridgeport,	8th	"

and orders have been issued and directed to the commanders of the Companies with the Colonels of their respective Regiments.

(Signed) J. D. WILLIAMS,
Adjutant-General.

The same day, Sept. 25, Williams issued an order to each commander of the six companies, notifying him that his company was "this day disbanded," and directing him to return State property to the Arsenal at Hartford. The following is a copy of the order issued at this time to Capt. McKiernan, of Norwich:

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HARTFORD, Sept. 25, 1855.

PATRICK MCKIERNAN, ESQ.,

Capt. Com'd'g Company C, 3rd Regt., Connecticut Militia,

SIR:—

By order of the Commander-in-Chief, Infantry Company C, 3rd Regt., Connecticut Militia, is this day disbanded.

In pursuance of the above order you are hereby directed to deliver all of the property belonging to the State in your possession to the Quartermaster-General at the State Arsenal at Hartford.

Yours, &c.,
(Signed) J. D. WILLIAMS,
Adjutant-General.

The orders to the commanders of the five other companies were similar in phraseology, and were addressed, respectively, to Capt. Thomas W. Cahill, Capt. Edward McManus, Capt. M. O'Connell, Capt. Patrick McMahon, and Lieut. John Maher, Jr. Adjutant-General Williams also issued the following:

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
HARTFORD, Sept. 25, 1855.

LEVI WOODHOUSE, ESQ.,
Quartermaster-General.

SIR:—

By order of the Commander-in-Chief, the following named companies have been this day disbanded, viz:

Infantry	Company	F, Hartford,	1st	Regiment.
"	"	C, Norwich,	3rd	"
"	"	D, New Haven,	2d	"
"	"	E, New Haven,	2d	"
Rifle	"	B, Birmingham,	2d	"
Infantry	"	B, Bridgeport,	8th	"

and the arms and equipments of said companies belonging to the State have been ordered into your Office. If they should not be forthcoming you will take early measures to enquire into the cause.

Yours, &c.,
(Signed) J. D. WILLIAMS,
Adjutant-General.

The disbandment of the Irish companies occasioned great dissatisfaction throughout the State. The New Haven *Register*, speaking of Capt. Cahill and his company (the Washington-Erina Guards, Co. E, Second Regiment), said:

"Capt. C. is himself a native of New England—was born within a stone's throw of Bunker Hill, and came with his parents to this city, before he was a year old—and has steadily resided here since. He is as intelligent and patriotic as Gov. Minor, and in every sense as good a citizen. He is one of the best officers in the State, and every member of his company is a naturalized citizen. No breach of duty is charged upon them; no unsoldierly act is alleged; no disrespect of superior officers; no contempt of orders; no evidence of want of attachment to the country; but a full compliance by them with all the militia laws is conceded. We hardly know which is the most despicable—the injustice of the act, or the hypocrisy which attempts to excuse it.

"The injustice of such a step is the more apparent when it is remembered that by the law under which this company was mustered and enrolled, it is provided that any person who shall serve seven years in any company, shall be exempt from the poll tax, and at the expiration of that term, from military duty. Here are men, then, who served with fidelity nearly four years, been at great expense for dress and equipments, devoting their time and money to the service of this State, turned off without a decent apology for the act, and the contract meanly abrogated! We have no patience with such demagogism. The young men thus attempted to be disgraced, are among the most industrious of our mechanics—most of whom either came here in infancy, or were born upon the soil—and are 'American citizens,' as much as Gov. Minor or his supple Adjutant, and as worthy of confidence. The indignation felt by all classes of our citizens, (outside of the 'midnight conclave' where the order originated), is intense; and the authors of it have only added another mill-stone to the weight which is rapidly sinking them to an infamy as merited as it is fathomless."

The Bridgeport *Farmer*, Oct. 2, 1855, referring to the Montgomery Guards of that city, another of the dis-

banded companies, said: "This Company B, as it is here called, known in this city by the name of Montgomery Guards, was formed in 1852, by Captain Coates, a naturalized Irishman, who had been an officer of some grade, or a drill master, in the United States Army. Mr. Coates was a very zealous whig, and in all party matters, was particularly intimate with Mr. John M. Wilson, now one of the principal managers of the Know Nothing Inquisition in this city. All the members of the company are of Irish parentage, we believe, though some of them are natives of this country. Those of them who were not born here, have, we are told, been duly naturalized, and of course, are entitled to all the rights and privileges, as well as to all the name of American citizens. They are all, we understand, industrious and skillful mechanics, * * * * They have expended a considerable amount of money to equip themselves with uniforms, etc., and devoted much time to the study and practice of infantry tactics. As a company, and as individuals, they have discharged, promptly and faithfully, all the duties that are required by law, and at the regimental muster, made as fine an appearance, we are informed, as any company on the field. In actual service, we have no doubt, they would shed their blood and sacrifice their lives as heroically, in defence of American liberty, as any other company in this State, not excepting even Captain Minor's favorite company, the Stamford Guards. * *

"The ground on which this disbandment was first attempted to be justified, was, that these companies were composed chiefly of persons not naturalized. But it does not appear, from all we can learn, that this is true in relation to any considerable number. Indeed, nearly all who were born abroad, have been duly naturalized, and taken the Elector's oath, to support the Constitution of this State, and of the United States—while a considerable portion of them are natives of this or some of the neighboring States—and all devotedly attached to our

country and her free institutions. It cannot, therefore, with any show of truth, be said that there is the least ground for apprehension on account of any allegiance they may owe or be supposed to owe to any foreign power. Nor does it appear that they have been disobedient soldiers or refractory citizens. * * * This disbandment was so entirely uncalled for and unjustifiable, that two Adjutant-Generals refused to obey the order of the Governor for that purpose, which was issued contrary to the advice and remonstrances of some of the best military men in the State. The decree had been uttered, however, by the Know Nothing Inquisition, and Governor Minor was required to see it enforced."

The animus of the Know Nothings against the Irish companies had a racial and religious basis. These companies were Irish and Catholic. The "foreign" company retained was German and Protestant. The fact that the Irish companies were composed of American citizens, and the German company mainly of aliens, counted for nothing with the dark-lantern plotters. The tactics of the latter, however, were short-lived. The Know Nothing party was soon tumbled from power.

The Washington-Erina Guards, after their disbandment in 1855, as a military company, continued to meet as a social organization, until May 18, 1857, when a new organization was formed in New Haven. This was the famous Emmet Guard of that place. Present at the meeting for organization were representatives of the Washington-Erina and Jackson Guards, the latter of which had also been disbanded in 1855, and several prominent adopted citizens. Capt. Patrick Maher was chairman of the meeting, and Michael McCarten was secretary. A committee was appointed to solicit funds, it was decided to name the new organization the Emmet Guard, and John Bell was engaged to make the uniforms. Capt. Maher, as a committee to purchase muskets, subsequently

waited upon Eli Whitney and bought the required number of guns at $3 each. They were of an old pattern, but answered the purpose very well. The Emmets became a very successful organization, acquired great proficiency in drill and was one of the best known military companies in the State.

On July 30, 1859, the Emmet Guard received in New Haven, as guests, the Irish Fusiliers, (Co. A, 69th Reg't, New York), at that time commanded by Capt. Michael Corcoran, who afterwards became a General and was in command of Corcoran's Irish Legion. The Emmets entertained the Fusiliers in New Haven over July 31 and Aug. 1, and displayed true Irish hospitality. The company orders issued to the Emmets, for this occasion, were signed by "Thomas W. Cahill, Commandant," and "P. McLaughlin, Orderly Sergeant." These orders stated that the Hibernian, Montgomery, and Carmen societies of New Haven would also participate, on the evening of July 30, in the reception to the visiting organization. In 1860, the Emmets made a return visit to New York as the guests of the Fusiliers and were handsomely treated.

The Emmets continued drilling and perfecting themselves in general military knowledge. They had a full set of regimental officers, so that when the War of the Rebellion broke out there was material and ability enough in the organization to officer a regiment or a brigade. The Emmet Guard, of New Haven, was a nucleus in the formation of the Ninth Regiment, C. V., in the Civil War, and furnished two or three companies and sixteen commissioned officers to the cause of the Union. These officers were as follows.

FORMER RANK.	NAME.	REGIMENT.	RANK.
Captain,	Thomas W. Cahill,	Ninth Conn.,	Col., Acting Brig.-Gen.
Captain,	Patrick Maher,	Twenty-Fourth Conn.,	Major.
Second Lieut.,	Michael McCarten,	Ninth Conn.,	Captain.
Commissary,	M. A. Williams,	Ninth Conn.,	Captain.
Pioneer,	John Carroll,	Ninth Conn.,	First Lieut.

FORMER RANK.	NAME.	REGIMENT.	RANK.
Orderly Sergt.,	J. P. Hennessey,	Ninth Conn.,	Captain.
Sergeant,	John Shaw,	Twenty-Fourth Conn.,	Second Lieut.
Corporal,	T. Sheridan,	Ninth Conn.,	Captain.
Corporal,	Francis McKeon,	Ninth Conn.,	First Lieut.
Private,	John G. Healy,	Ninth Conn.,	Lieut.-Colonel.
Private,	Lawrence O'Brien,	Ninth Conn.,	Captain.
Private,	John J. Kealy,	Twenty-Fourth Conn.,	Captain.
Private,	John Murphy,	Twenty-Fourth Conn.,	First Lieut.
Private,	John McCusker,	Ninth Conn.,	Second Lieut.
Private,	James Lawler,	Ninth Conn.,	Second Lieut.
Private,	F. H. Gallagher,	Ninth Conn.,	Second Lieut.



Col. Thomas W. Cahill.
(Reproduced from a War-Time Print).

CHAPTER I.

ORGANIZATION OF THE NINTH—SOME PRELIMINARY EVENTS LEADING THERETO—ACTIVITY OF IRISH-AMERICANS IN THE CAUSE OF THE UNION—THE FLAG DISPLAYED ON CATHOLIC CHURCH EDIFICES—PATRIOTIC ACTION BY THE REV. THOMAS F. HENDRICKEN AND OTHER PRIESTS—GOVERNOR BUCKINGHAM FAVORS THE RAISING OF AN IRISH REGIMENT—THOMAS W. CAHILL IS MADE COLONEL.

THE War of the Rebellion, 1861-1865, was one of the greatest conflicts in all history. Huge armies were engaged, and the naval operations were also conducted on a vast scale. Connecticut was one of the most loyal of states. She responded promptly to the calls of President Lincoln for defenders of the Union, and is credited with over 54,000 enlistments. As the poet John Boyle O'Reilly sings:

"Thrice blest the nation that has every son
A soldier, ready for the warning sound;
Who marches homeward when the fight is done,
To swing the hammer and to till the ground.

"Call back that morning, with its lurid light,
When through our land the awful war bell tolled;
When lips were mute, and women's faces white
As the pale cloud that out from Sumter rolled.

"Call back that morn: an instant all were dumb,
As if the shot had struck the Nation's life;
Then cleared the smoke, and rolled the calling drum,
And men streamed in to meet the coming strife."

No class of Connecticut men volunteered with greater alacrity than those of Irish birth or descent. It has been estimated that between 7,000 and 8,000 of this ele-

ment alone, enlisted into the various regiments that went to the front from the State. They were represented in the infantry, cavalry, and artillery. Many Connecticut men of Irish lineage also enlisted into organizations credited to other states and many more rendered valiant service in the navy.

Many were killed in battle and thus cemented their devotion to the Republic with their blood. Others, perished of wounds or disease, while still others returned home crippled for life. But the Nation was preserved and so their sacrifices were not in vain. A grateful people will long remember its Irish heroes who wore the blue.

Soon after the outbreak of the war, Connecticut began organizing regiments and sending them forward to support the Flag. Young men of Irish birth or extraction enlisted in these early regiments by the hundred, and were as zealous as any descendant of the Pilgrim or the Puritan to fight for the maintenance of the Union. At frequent intervals, notices were published in the daily papers, throughout the State, requesting patriotic young Irishmen to attend meetings, here and there, for the purpose of organizing military companies. Prominent men of Irish extraction participated in great "war meetings," the Stars and Stripes were displayed on Catholic church edifices, priests addressed their flocks on the great issues of the hour, and everywhere a spirit of earnest patriotism was manifested. The insult offered the Irish element by the Know Nothing administration, in 1855, when the six companies were disbanded, was forgiven, if not forgotten, now that the life of the Nation was at stake. In the New Haven *Palladium*, April 20, 1861, appeared the following:

"Our Irish fellow-citizens are strong in their patriotic devotion to the country of their adoption. At a very enthusiastic meeting of the Emmet Guard last evening [in New Haven] it was determined to offer their services to the Government as soon as they shall have been recognized as citizens and soldiers by the Governor.

"The McGowan Guards, too, a target company, formed some two years ago, will tender their services as soon as the Emmets shall have done so, and the two companies will prove themselves among the best of the soldiers who are to fight for the flag."

In its issue of April 22, 1861, the *Palladium* said: "We are glad to hear that Governor Buckingham, in a letter to Captain Cahill, of the Emmet Guard, has informed him that the officers chosen by that company shall be fully commissioned immediately upon being reported by the Adjutant-General, without the usual formalities attending the organization of military companies."

In the *Palladium* for May 15, 1861, appeared the following notice: "All patriotic young Irishmen who desire to defend the flag of their adopted country, and to serve for three years, or during the war, are requested to meet at Hibernian Hall, [New Haven], this evening, at 7½ o'clock. Particulars given by M. A. Williams, as per instructions. It is intended to attach this company to Colt's Regiment, to be armed with Colt's Rifles. We understand that this regiment will be commanded by United States officers."

In its issue the next day, May 16, 1861, the *Palladium*, referring to this meeting, said: "The military meeting at Hibernian Hall last evening was large and enthusiastic. Mr. Michael A. Williams was elected Chairman, and John Brown, secretary. This meeting was held for the purpose of organizing a military company for three years' service. The meeting adjourned to meet this evening at Healy's Hotel, in Broad street, where those who wish to enlist can have the opportunity."

On April 25, 1861, the *Palladium* notes that "A magnificent American flag was last night hoisted on the spire of St. Patrick's church on Grand street [New Haven]. It shows—as have many similar demonstrations—that our adopted citizens are with us in the support of the Government."

Early in the war, the Rev. Thomas F. Hendricken, of Waterbury, Ct., (afterwards bishop of the diocese of Providence, R. I.), called a meeting of the young men of his parish. The meeting was held in the basement of the church and a military company was organized and its services offered to Governor Buckingham. It was intended to serve for three months. As the short-time regiments were then full, the company waited and was finally mustered into the Ninth. The Croffut-Morris history of Connecticut in the Rebellion, speaking of Waterbury's part in helping the cause of the Union, states that a company, the City Guard, of that place, was promptly recruited to the maximum and its services offered to the Governor. On April 20, 1861, "it left for New Haven, being escorted to the depot by an immense crowd of citizens and civil societies, and a speech of farewell being made by Rev. Mr. Hendricken of the Catholic church." The same work also states that about the same time, "A beautiful American flag was raised over the old Catholic church, [in Waterbury]; the three hundred Catholic pupils, under the direction of the Misses Slater, participating in the patriotic ceremonies. The Irish Catholics assembled, and fifty voted to volunteer."

One of the leading spirits at a great war meeting in Middletown, Ct., at this time, was M. H. Griffin, a prominent Democrat. He "was a loyal Irish-American of wealth and influence in Middletown, and he gave all his efforts to the work of prosecuting the war. He incited a spirit of patriotism by personal appeals in the street and in the workshop, gave freely of his money and his time, and zealously promoted the work of organization and equipment for the front."

In the Croffut-Morris history, already quoted, it is stated that "A fine company of Irishmen from Norwich was raised for the Fifth Regiment; but it finally joined the First New York Artillery. Capt. Thomas Maguire became major of the regiment, and was succeeded by

Capt. William A. Berry, killed in front of Petersburg. He in turn was succeeded by Capt. Thomas Scott of Norwich."

Early in the war, the project of forming a distinctively Irish regiment,[1] in Connecticut, was suggested, and received the favorable consideration of Governor Buckingham. He thoroughly disapproved of the Know Nothing tactics, of 1855. His activity in securing justice for the companies that had been arbitrarily disbanded by Governor Minor also did credit to his head and heart.

At the May session of the General Assembly, 1861, Mr. Gallagher of New Haven introduced in the House of Representatives, May 3, a joint resolution reinstating as a part of the military force of the State all regularly organized military companies, composed of foreign born citizens that were disbanded in 1855, and also reinstating their respective officers to take rank from the date of their several commissions; also providing for paying said companies for armory rent, and the performance of military duty as if said companies had not been disbanded.

"The resolution was read the first time, and by order of the House (the rule being dispensed with), the second time, and, on motion, was referred to the Joint Standing Committee on Military Affairs."

Another extract from the Journal of the House, at this time, reads: "Tuesday Morning, May 28. The report of the Joint Standing Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the joint resolution reinstating as a part of the military force of this State all regularly organized military companies, composed of foreign born citi-

[1] There were many Irish regiments in the Union army during the war. Among them were the Tenth New Hampshire, Ninth Massachusetts, Twenty-eighth Massachusetts, Thirty-seventh New York, Sixty-third New York, Sixty-ninth New York, Eighty-eighth New York, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth New York, One Hundred and Sixty-fourth New York, One Hundred and Seventieth New York, Seventeenth Wisconsin, Twenty-third Illinois, Nintieth Illinois, Seventh Missouri, Fifteenth Michigan, etc. There were many other regiments in the service which, while not known as Irish regiments, were largely composed of men of Irish birth or parentage. The Third Rhode Island Heavy Artillery was one of these. Corcoran's Irish Legion and Meagher's Irish Brigade covered themselves with glory during the struggle.

zens, that were disbanded in 1855, and also reinstating their respective officers to take rank from the date of their several commissions; also providing for paying said companies for armory rent, and the performance of military duty as if said companies had not been disbanded, by authorizing the Comptroller to draw an order on the Treasurer, in favor of the captain or senior lieutenant of such companies, for the use and benefit of each of said companies, on receipt of satisfactory evidence of their having performed military duty and paid armory rent," was received from the Senate. It was adverse to the passage of the resolution, but recommended "the passage of a substitute resolution therefor, submitted by the Committee, providing for the legal and honorable discharge of the military companies of adopted citizens disbanded in the year 1855, from the performance of further active military duty in the same manner that they would have been discharged if they had served for the full term of five and seven years under the laws of this State." The report of the Committee was accepted, the resolution originally referred to the Committee was rejected, and the substitute recommended by the Committee was passed.

The substitute resolution here mentioned was finally adopted, by both House and Senate, and thus the Know Nothing stain was removed from the fair escutcheon of Connecticut, so far as that stain had affected the reputation of the Irish companies.

The difference between the original resolution, which was rejected, and the substitute which was passed, consisted, briefly, in this: The original resolution provided that the disbanded companies and their officers should be reinstated as a part of the military force of the State, and that the companies thus reinstated should receive payment for armory rent and military duty performed from the time of their disbandment, in 1855, down. The substitute provided for the honorable discharge of the

companies and their officers, and did not provide for armory rent or for payment for military duty since 1855. This arrangement, while not fully realizing the expectations of the friends of the original resolution, was, nevertheless, a fair one under existing circumstances. It acknowledged and vindicated the loyalty of the Irish companies, which loyalty had been questioned and assailed by the Know Nothing régimé.

The following is an extract from Governor Buckingham's inaugural address, 1861:

The requisition for troops from the Secretary of War, did not call for chaplains. I have, however, no hesitation in recommending the appointment of one to each regiment, at the expense of this State; and as many of our adopted citizens, connected with the Roman Catholic Church, have manifested their loyalty by uniting with the volunteers, I would recommend, also, the appointment of two additional chaplains of that religious faith to each brigade.

The following communication was also of especial significance; it shows that the idea of an Irish regiment had been entertained even previous to the passage of the foregoing legislation:

STATE OF CONNECTICUT,
OFFICE OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF,
NORWICH, April 26, 1861.

CAPT. THOS. W. CAHILL,
EMMET GUARD.

DEAR SIR:—Yours of the 25th inst., enclosing the resolutions of the Emmet Guard, asking "Whether the services of a regiment composed of Irish adopted citizens would be received by the State authorities with the understanding that the regiment nominate their own officers throughout?" [is received].

In reply, I am directed by the Governor to say that a regiment composed of Irish adopted citizens would be received and the wishes of the regiment consulted and

respected in the appointment of officers. No one would intentionally be pressed who was unacceptable.

Very respectfully,

O. N. SHIPMAN,
Executive Secretary.

On May 3, 1861, Mr. Byington introduced, in the State Senate, the following:

WHEREAS, Honorable mention has been made of the fidelity and patriotism of our adopted citizens, by the Governor of the State in his usual message to this body, and

WHEREAS, It being understood that large numbers of this class of our fellow citizens desire to organize themselves into a regiment for the defence of our common country, therefore,

Resolved, That the Governor be, and he hereby is, requested to accept such regiment of adopted citizens, and to muster them into service as necessity or occasion may require.

On motion the resolution was referred to the Joint Standing Committee on Military Affairs.

As soon as it was decided to form an Irish regiment, much enthusiasm was manifested in the interest of such an organization, and great activity prevailed. Recruiting places were established, patriotic appeals were issued through the press and from the platform, posters were put up, inviting enlistments, and other effective steps taken. Recruits began to pour in. One company, (A), and the nucleus of two others, for the new regiment, went into camp at Hartford. Great interest in "The Irish Regiment"[1] was manifested in New Haven, Bridgeport, Hartford, Waterbury, Meriden, Norwich and many other places throughout the State. No longer were heard sneers at the "foreign-born." The Know Nothing cabal

[1] Certain regiments organized in Connecticut were called at home by such names as "The Lyon Regiment," "The Charter Oak Regiment," "The Irish Regiment," etc.



Lieut. Col. Richard FitzGibbon.
(Reproduced from a War-Time Print).

had been driven from power by an indignant people. Strong arms were needed to defend the Nation and the Irish of Connecticut nobly responded. On May 17, 1861, the following notice under the head "A Chance for Volunteers," appeared in the New Haven *Palladium:* "A recruiting office is now opened in Engineers' Hall, Artizan street, [New Haven], to those who would serve the country and protect its flag. Office open every evening from 7 until 9 o'clock, when persons can receive all necessary information. John Duffy."

The following is the text of a poster displayed at New Haven and probably elsewhere: "Forward the 9th!" Here followed a woodcut of an American eagle defending the American shield. The poster then continued: "9th Regiment, Irish Volunteers! This destined to be gallant Regiment, organized under the auspices of His Excellency, the Governor of this State, to be officered by Irishmen throughout, is now rapidly filling up. All persons wishing to join, can receive further information at the Headquarters, in Crown street, 3 doors from Church street, New Haven, Conn."

Another poster with the heading "Forward the Ninth!" displayed an eagle holding the inscription, "The Union must be preserved." The poster then went on to say that "The Emmet Guards, lately commanded by Thomas W. Cahill, now Colonel of the 9th Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, require a few more men to complete the maximum number required by the State. Application may be made at the camp ground or at the tent on the green." Then followed information as to the pay of privates, the matter of bounty, etc., as follows: United States pay per month, $13; Bounty from State of Connecticut, per year, $30; Bounty to soldier's wife, per month, $6; Bounty to wife and child per month, $8; Bounty to wife and two children, per month, $10, "making the pay of privates who enlist in Connecticut companies range from fifteen dollars and fifty cents to

twenty-five dollars and fifty cents, according to size of family. In addition, $100 of bounty from the United States when honorably discharged." This poster was signed: "Michael McCarten, Captain."

Capt. Cahill was commissioned Colonel of the Ninth, Sept. 3, 1861. Lieut.-Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon[1] and Major Frederick Frye, of the regiment, had already seen active service in the field, the former as a captain in the First Regiment, C. V., and the latter as a captain in the Third Regiment, C. V.

Under the head of "The Emmet Guard Going," the New Haven *Palladium*, Sept. 5, 1861, states that "At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Emmet Guard, [New Haven], last evening, Lieutenant Maher in the chair, it was voted to enlist for the war. The meeting was addressed by Col. (late Capt.) Cahill in a feeling and eloquent manner. They will meet at their armory to-morrow night to receive such members as may wish to join their war organization." At the meeting, Sept. 4, here described, the Emmets adopted a preamble and resolutions, regretting the loss of Cahill as captain of the Guard, but expressing satisfaction at his promotion to the rank of Colonel of the Ninth Regiment. Thanks were also extended Lieut. McCarten, "who now retires to occupy a more advanced position." The committee on these resolutions consisted of Engineer McCaffrey, Lieut. Wrinn and Adjutant Geary.

On Sept. 9, 1861, the New Haven *Palladium* stated that "The 9th (Irish) Regiment, C. V., is to be removed to-day or to-morrow from their present camp ground at Hartford to this city, taking position on Mr. Hallock's field at the right of the 6th and 7th. This is done because it is apparent that the regiment will be largely recruited from this section of the State. On this account —although we believe the Hartford camps to be comfortably situated—we welcome the change as a good one.

[1]Generally spelled Fitz Gibbons in the records.

The regiment will probably be filled in ten days from this time."

Sept. 10, 1861, the *Palladium* notes that the Emmet Guard, of New Haven, "led by Colonel (late Captain) Cahill, made a very fine show in their parade yesterday afternoon. At its close, Mr. Bartholomew Healy gave them a fine entertainment at the Broad Street Hotel. The parade was a very admirable one, which did much credit to those engaged in it."

In the Hartford *Courant*, Sept. 12, 1861, appeared the following: "Lieut. Wm. Wright, late of the 3d Regiment, C. V., will open a recruiting office to-day, under the American Hall, [Hartford], for the purpose of enlisting a company for the 9th Regiment. He is desirous of having his company composed exclusively of Irishmen; and as there has not been a company raised as yet in this city for the 9th Regiment, it is to be hoped he will meet with liberal encouragement. There is no reason why Hartford should not be represented by a full company of Irishmen in the 9th, under Col. Cahill; they *can* be raised, and Lieut. Wright will do it. Go and hear Father Quinn's lecture at St. Peter's church to-night. He will tell you all about the war." This is believed to have been the Father Quinn who was chaplain in a Rhode Island regiment. Lieut. Wright was commissioned Captain of Co. G, of the Ninth, and was one of the best officers that ever carried a sword.

CHAPTER II.

THE NINTH IN "CAMP WELCH," NEW HAVEN—THE REGIMENT ATTENDS MASS AT ST. JOHN'S CHURCH—THE REV. DANIEL MULLEN BECOMES CHAPLAIN OF THE COMMAND—LIST OF CONNECTICUT PLACES REPRESENTED IN THE REGIMENT—GEN. B. F. BUTLER ACCEPTS THE ORGANIZATION FOR HIS NEW ENGLAND DIVISION.

THE rendezvous of the Ninth, being finally established in New Haven, was named "Camp Welch" in honor of the then mayor of the city. Col. Cahill issued his first regimental order Sept. 19, 1861. He states that "In issuing this, the first order, the commandant feels that not a moment should be lost which can be used to advance the military knowledge so necessary to every man who aspires to be a soldier. For this reason, it will be necessary for commandants of companies to devote every possible moment to the purposes of drill and instruction of their respective companies. All officers in command will, therefore, observe the following order until further notice. * * * " He then orders that at reveille, "the men of each command will turn out on their respective company grounds, and place their tents and quarters in proper order under direction of the commandants, until the chiefs of squads are appointed, and the guard tents by the guard or prisoners. The companies will turn out promptly for drill at 7½ o'clock a. m., until 9½ a. m., at which time the companies will assemble on their respective grounds for detail for guard mounting and other duty. The men and officers will again fall in for drill at 2 o'clock p. m., until 4 o'clock p. m. The roll will be called every morning at reveille, and the reports submitted to Lieut.-Col. Fitz Gibbons for inspection and consolidation."

A representative of the New Haven *Register* had visited the camp Sept. 10, 1861, and stated in his paper the next day that "We strolled through the camp of the 6th, 7th and 9th Regiments yesterday, and were gratified with the neat and tidy appearance of the grounds and equipage. The men appeared cheerful and contented. They appear to be an excellent body of men. No complaints are heard about, "rations," and the officers are one and all bending down to the work of preparing the men for active service. * * * "

Early in the history of the Ninth, a band was organized and comprised some of the best musicians in the State. The organization numbered, at the start, 25 members with Christian Streit as leader. The places represented were New Haven, East Haven, Meriden, Brooklyn, Clinton, Wallingford and Naugatuck. It was stated to have been one of the best bands that ever marched at the head of a regiment.

While the Ninth was overwhelmingly composed of men who were of Irish blood, and Catholic in creed, quite a number in the command were neither Irish nor Catholic. But all were patriots and were united, like a band of brothers, to defend the Flag. In no regiment that went to the front was there a more intense *American* spirit or more loyal devotion to the cause of the Union.

While the Ninth was in Camp Welch,[1] New Haven, many events of interest took place. Visitors to the camp were numerous and much interest was shown toward the regiment. On one occasion, George A. Shubert, of New Haven, sent Capt. Michael McCarten a check for $50 as a contribution to the latter's company. Mr. Shubert's generosity was promptly and cordially acknowledged by the Captain, Sept. 28, 1861. On another occasion, the following event took place as narrated in a New Haven paper:

[1]Referred to sometimes as "Camp English." The Fifteenth Connecticut named their quarters in that vicinity, "Camp Lyon."

"PRESENTATION.—Quite a pleasant affair came off at the residence of Mr. Thomas Healy, No. 16 Factory street, [New Haven], on Wednesday evening, it being the presentation of three fine regulation swords, with all the necessary accompaniments, together with pistols, to Captain McCarten, Lieutenants John G. Healy and John Shaw, of the "Emmets," 9th Regiment, C. V. Sergeants McKenna and Gately, of the same Company, were also the recipients of two fine pistols. The articles were the gifts of several of our influential citizens, and were presented on behalf of the donors, by Wm. Downes, Esq., whose remarks were appropriately responded to by the fortunate recipients. Remarks were also made by Mr. Bartholomew Healy, and Mr. Thomas Healy, (father of Lieut. Healy), who regretted that his age disqualified him from entering with his son into the service of this, his adopted country. The ceremonies, which were of a very interesting nature, being concluded, the party, at the invitation of Mr. H. partook of a most bountiful supply of refreshments, and adjourned at an early hour, feeling conscious that they had participated in the ceremonies of placing in the hands of men, implements which would be wielded powerfully by them in defence of this, our glorious country."

About this time, also, a sword, sash and belt were presented Capt. Duffy of the Ninth. The sword was of French manufacture, had a double-gilt hilt, and bore the inscription: "Presented to Capt. John Duffy by Citizens of New Haven, Oct., 1861." The *Palladium* stated at the time that the sword, belt and sash would be "on exhibition in Malley's window on Chapel street." In the *Palladium,* Oct. 28, 1861, is a paragraph stating that "Lieut. Lawrence O'Brien, of the 9th Regiment, C. V., was presented with a sword, sash, belt, etc., by the Sodality of the B. V. M., a society connected with St. Patrick's church, [New Haven]. It was a good gift to a worthy officer." Other commissioned officers in the regiment

were similarly honored by various organizations and friends. Lieut. Daniel Carroll, for instance, was presented a sword, sash and belt by the Davis Literary Institute of New Haven, and other friends. The presentation speech was delivered by Robert Scully, to which the recipient feelingly replied. There were also addresses by Patrick Sisk, B. Hogan and other gentlemen. The Hartford *Courant*, Nov. 2, 1861, stated that "Lieutenants Clinton and Burke of Capt. Wright's Company of this city, were presented, Thursday, with sword, sash and belt, by their friends in Hartford."

In its issue of Oct. 8, 1861, the New Haven *Palladium* says: " * * * We are personally acquainted with Capt. William Wright of Hartford, a graduate of Trinity College, Dublin, formerly for some years in the English army, who is now filling up a company for this [the Ninth] regiment. He lacks only about twenty men, and we give our assurance that they could not go under a better leader. Capt. Wright resigned an appointment in the regular U. S. Army—having previously served in the three months volunteers—and ought to have his company immediately filled. We wish all success to the 9th Regiment and to him."

The Ninth was under the disadvantage, while encamped at New Haven, of not having arms, the latter not yet having been supplied. Enough Whitney guns were obtained, however, to admit of guard mounting, but beyond these few, the men were deprived of the benefit they would have derived from the possession of guns. The latter were not delivered to the regiment until it had reached Ship Island, Miss. In the meantime, however, much solid work was devoted to marching and other evolutions, the drill being constant and thorough. The men rapidly learned the duties of the soldier, in camp and on the march, and were also instructed as to manœuvres in skirmish and battle. The Ninth was composed of splendid material, as was subsequently acknowledged

by Gen. Phelps, Gen. Butler and other competent authorities. Its record at the front, in fidelity and bravery, was excelled by no regiment in the service. A uniform of blue was furnished the regiment by the State, while encamped at New Haven, but without arms the regiment's progress was, of course, somewhat retarded, in certain respects, at that time. However, this was speedily made up when the command went South.

Previous to its departure from New Haven, in 1861, the regiment used to attend Mass, on Sunday, at St. John's church, and on at least one occasion, Mass was celebrated in Camp Welch by the Rev. John Smith of the church just mentioned. On Nov. 17, 1861, the Rev. Daniel Mullen, of Winchester (Winsted), enlisted into the regiment as chaplain of the latter, and remained with it until late in August, 1862, when poor health compelled him to resign.

Among the Connecticut places represented in the regiment were the following:

Berlin,
Bethany,
Bethel,
Bloomfield,
Branford,
Bridgeport,
Bridgewater,
Bristol,
Brooklyn,
Burlington,
Canaan,
Cheshire,
Clinton,
Colebrook,
Cromwell,
Danbury,
Derby,
East Haven,
Easton,
East Windsor,
Enfield,
Fairfield,
Farmington,
Greenwich,
Griswold,
Groton,
Guilford,
Hamden,
Hampton,
Hartford,
Huntington,
Litchfield,
Lyme,
Manchester,
Meriden,
Middletown,
Milford,
Monroe,
Morris,
Naugatuck,
New Britain,
New Hartford,
New Haven,
New London,
Newtown,
Norfolk,
North Canaan,
Norwich,
Plainfield,
Plymouth,
Portland,
Redding,
Ridgefield,
Salisbury,
Saybrook,
Seymour,
Simsbury,
Southington,
Stafford,
Stamford,
Sterling,
Stonington,
Stratford,
Torrington,
Trumbull,
Vernon,

Wallingford,	Weston,	Windsor,
Waterbury,	Wethersfield,	Wolcott,
Waterford,	Wilton,	Woodbridge,
Westbrook,	Winchester,	Woodbury.
Westport,		

A few facts relative to the composition of each of the ten companies[1] in the regiment, in 1861, are here presented:

Company A, Capt. John Duffy, was composed principally of New Haven men, but Danbury, Derby, Hartford, Enfield, Branford and Waterbury were also represented. Later during the war, other Connecticut places had representatives in the company.

Company B, Capt. Patrick Garvey, had a large number of Meriden and New Haven men in 1861. Other places represented in the company, at this time, were Middletown, Windsor, Cheshire, Waterbury, Woodbridge, Hamden, Farmington, Portland, Norfolk, New Britain, Wallingford and Southington.

Company C, Capt. Michael McCarten, was chiefly made up of New Haven men, though Bridgeport, Hartford, Norwich, Waterbury and New London were also represented.

Company D, Capt. Thomas C. Coates, was composed principally of Bridgeport men. Other localities represented in the company, at the outset, were New Haven, Plymouth, Norwalk, Fairfield and Meriden.

Company E, Capt. James P. Hennessey. This was another New Haven company, with a sprinkling of members from Derby, Hartford, New Britain, Middletown, Hamden and elsewhere.

Company F, Capt. John Foley, had about 48 Waterbury men, in 1861, including the brothers, Michael P. and John P. Coen, both of whom were corporals. Later, other Waterbury men were in the company. Other

[1] As the war progressed, there were, of course, many changes among officers and men of the companies. A roll of the regiment will be found toward the close of this volume.

places represented in it, in 1861, included Bridgeport, Hartford, New Haven, Plymouth and Norwich.

Company G, Capt. William Wright, had between 30 and 40 Hartford men in its ranks at this time, and also men from New Haven, Bridgeport, Stonington, Wethersfield, Manchester, Portland, New Britain, Simsbury, Southington and East Windsor.

Company H, Capt. Silas W. Sawyer, included about 30 Norwich men, in 1861, besides members from Bridgeport, Griswold, New Haven, Portland, Groton, New London and Danbury. There were more Norwich men in the company later.

Company I, Capt. Elliot M. Curtis, had at this time about 28 men from Bridgeport, the rest of the company including Stratford, Hartford, Plymouth, Monroe, Bristol, Wolcott, Berlin, Canaan, North Canaan, Bloomfield, Burlington, Norfolk, Salisbury, Westport, Newtown, Derby, Lyme, Woodbury, Seymour, Huntington, Plainfield and New Hartford men.

Company K, Capt. John A. Nelson, was made up from Hartford, Bridgeport, New Haven, Derby, Griswold, Bethel, Easton, Winchester, Simsbury, Fairfield, Newtown and Danbury.

The Ninth was a three-years regiment. New Haven furnished nearly 400 men to the command during the latter's period of service, and thus easily lead in numbers. The four other Connecticut places most largely represented were Bridgeport, Waterbury, Hartford and Norwich. The youngest member of the Ninth, in 1861, was Richard Hennessey, a drummer boy, who was not yet 12 years of age, of Company E. He was a son of Capt. Hennessey of that company. Thomas Delaney, a drummer boy of Company F, Waterbury, is mentioned as 15 years of age. His father, Patrick Delaney, was a private in the company. James Warren, a musician of Company K, is also mentioned as aged 15 years. There were several in the regiment, in 1861, aged, respectively, 16, 17, 18, 19, and so on, up to 45.

Major-General Benjamin F. Butler, of Lowell, Mass., was organizing a New England Division for the expedition against New Orleans. He came to Connecticut and had an interview with Governor Buckingham. The Governor suggested that he take the Ninth into his command. Butler was pleased with the idea, and immediately accepted the offer. The necessary papers were soon made out by the Governor, and in a short time the Ninth received orders to proceed to Gen. Butler's rendezvous, Camp Chase, Lowell.

An especially notable event took place at Camp Welch, Oct. 30, 1861, the occasion being the presentation of colors to the regiment. The New Haven *Palladium*, in its issue of that date, had the following report of the ceremonies:

"This forenoon the Ninth Connecticut Regiment was presented with a brace of colors with appropriate ceremonies. One of them, the flag of the Union, was the gift of Mrs. Charles DeForest, and the other, the flag of the State, was the gift of a number of patriotic ladies. These flags were both of silk, and were exceedingly beautiful. The trimmings were of the richest and most costly description.

"Soon after 10 o'clock the regiment, which is composed chiefly of Irish adopted citizens, was drawn up in a three-quarter square, when the ladies, accompanied by E. K. Foster, Esq., the Rev. Mr. Harwood, and others, approached the lines, bearing the splendid colors of the State and the Nation. The Colonel and staff met the guests in advance of the lines, when Judge Foster addressed the regiment in one of his usually happy efforts. He adverted to the great cause of Constitutional liberty which they were going forth to defend. He expressed an abiding confidence in their valor, and their determination to stand by their colors and the cause they represented while they were able to lift a hand in their defence.

"Major Fry [e] then stepped forward and received the

colors from the hands of the ladies, and responded in an elegant speech, pledging himself and the regiment to be true to the honor of the State and the welfare of the Nation. He regarded the gift as a sacred trust, which would, under all circumstances, be sacredly defended. He trusted that on the return of the regiment these colors would be brought back with it, and if soiled, it would only be by the dust and smoke of battle, but in other respects they would be more glorious than now, new and gorgeous as they have been made by the fair hands which presented them.

"This ceremony being over, another presentation followed, that of an elegant regulation sword to Capt. Hennessey, of Company E, of the same regiment. Col. L. W. Sperry and James Thompson were neighbors of Capt. Hennessey, and were forward in this movement of giving a testimonial to his character and worth.

"By request, J. F. Babcock addressed the Captain and his company, in relation to the contest in which they were about to engage, and the vast interests they were called upon to defend. He adverted to the origin of the American Revolution, and the aid our fathers received from true hearts of other lands; and expressed his confidence that the Ninth Connecticut would see that the banner of the State, the banner of the Union, and their own green flag of Erin, were not disgraced when the bugle sounded to the charge upon the enemy of us all. He introduced Col. Sperry, who presented the sword, expressing the highest confidence in the gallant recipient whom he esteemed as a neighbor, respected as a citizen, and had faith to believe would prove a soldier worthy of his countrymen, who had already so distinguished themselves in the first struggle for liberty, and in the recent efforts of our troops to preserve it from destruction by traitor hands.

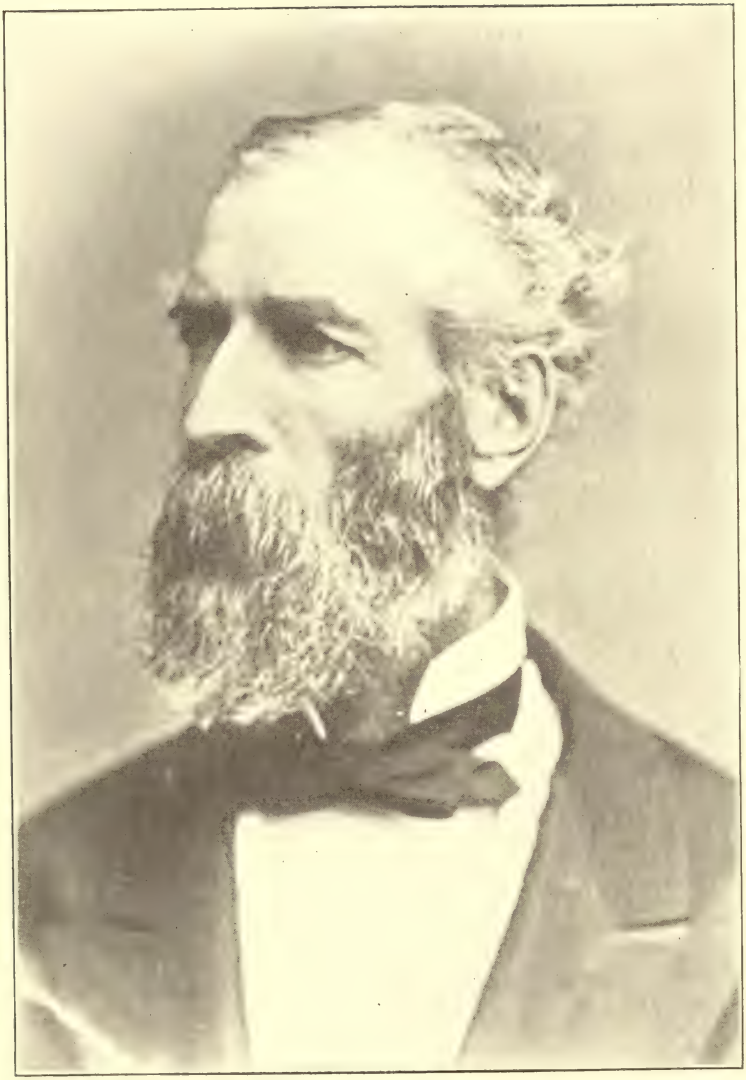
"Mr. Thompson then presented the sash and belt, all of which the gallant captain modestly received, declaring

that it would be his constant effort to preserve these gifts from dishonor. He felt the responsibility laid upon him, and he believed it would appear, when the struggle was over, that he and his men had done something in honor of the land of their birth, and the land of their adoption. The exercises were closed with three hearty cheers for Messrs. Sperry, Thompson and Babcock, for Capt. Hennessey and the cause to which all patriotic hearts were devoted."

The State flag mentioned here was especially designed for the Ninth. The field was of dark blue. On one side of the flag, in the center of the blue field, was the State seal, having the National seal as a background. On the other side appeared an Irish emblem or seal, comprising a green ground with a harp of gold. A spray of shamrock was entwined, and underneath was the inscription "Erin Go Bragh." This Irish emblem was, like the State seal, backed by the National one, and was in the center of the blue field on this side of the flag. This flag, with the others belonging to the regiment, is now treasured among the other battle standards, at the State Capitol, in Hartford.

On the last Saturday night of the regiment's stay in Camp Welch, New Haven, a great storm visited the scene. It was a perfect hurricane. Tents were blown down, trees uprooted, vessels in the harbor driven ashore and other damage inflicted. When the next morning dawned, a spectacle of devastation appeared on all sides. Matters were righted as speedily as possible, however, and during the day—Sunday—thousands of people visited the camp to bid the Ninth farewell. An interesting feature of the afternoon was the presentation of an Irish pike to the regiment. This pike, handsomely made, was manufactured by John Egan, and was spoken of by the New Haven *Register* as "The Egan Axe." The event took place at dress parade, about 4 p. m., and was witnessed by a great crowd. The presentation speech was

delivered by James Gallagher, of New Haven, he having been deputed for that purpose by Mr. Egan. Mr. Gallagher in his speech referred to the pike as "an emblem of the warlike days of your ancestors. In their hands it was a formidable weapon." Mr. Egan desired, he said, that it should be carried at the head of the regiment. A felicitous response was made. While at Camp Welch, a society of patriotic ladies presented each man of the regiment a useful little outfit consisting of needles, thread, pins, buttons, etc. The gift was much appreciated.



Major Frederick Frye.

CHAPTER III.

THE REGIMENT LEAVES NEW HAVEN FOR CAMP CHASE, LOWELL, MASS.—CHEERS AND FAREWELLS MARK THE DEPARTURE—THE ARRIVAL AT LOWELL—THE NINTH ESCORTED INTO CAMP BY THE TWENTY-SIXTH MASSACHUSETTS—SCENES AND INCIDENTS OF NOTE IN CAMP CHASE—BILL ALLEN AND HIS BULLDOG CREATE AMUSEMENT—"CONNECTICUT OVER THE FENCE."

THE NINTH, about 845 strong,[1] left New Haven for Camp Chase, Lowell, Mass., on Monday, Nov. 4, 1861. A few days previously the men had been paid and given a brief leave of absence to visit their homes. This privilege was not abused, for when the roll was called, on the day of departure, every man had reported, and was in his place.

The regiment presented a sturdy appearance as it moved out of Camp Welch, with band playing and colors flying, and was the recipient of much applause. The command had not received as much care and attention from the authorities as had been bestowed upon other regiments. It was not equipped, feasted and favored as some of the other regiments had been. Its uniforms, in some instances, showed the signs of wear and a sufficiency of other articles of apparel, that should have been supplied by the State or the National government, was in many cases wanting. Nevertheless, the Irish buoyancy of the regiment rose superior to these drawbacks. Officers and men were no mere holiday soldiers, but were of the kind that would charge the foe as impetuously and fight him as valiantly, even without uniforms, as would the most handsomely uniformed regiment in the service.

[1] At one period in the South, it numbered fully 900 men. Many accessions were received at New Orleans.

A special train had been made up and was awaiting the Ninth at the intersection of Lamberton street and the New York & New Haven railroad. All New Haven was astir with enthusiasm, and a great multitude assembled at the point of embarkation to witness the regiment's departure. The fine band of the Ninth poured forth a flood of martial melody, interspersing American with Irish airs, the populace cheered and cheered again, hands were clasped through car windows and from platforms in last farewells and, amid a great wave of enthusiasm, the long train moved off.

As it proceeded the light-hearted men of the regiment indulged in song and jollity. War choruses were rendered with a will, jokes were cracked and general good humor prevailed. Now and then a friendly wrestling bout would occupy attention. Take a train with over 800 healthy young men aboard and a good deal of noise will be made and some paint scratched, even in sport. So it was in this case, and the occasion was seized upon by idle gossips to malign the regiment. For the Ninth had opponents even at home. These were the "Peace-at-any-Price" men, vituperative Copperheads, selfish money-getters who would let the Union perish rather than raise a hand in its defence. Yet, here was a regiment enlisted for three-years' service, volunteers who were going to the front to uphold the Flag and, if need be, lay down their lives that the Nation might live. How despicable the adverse criticism heaped upon them by cowardly or thoughtless stay-at-homes!

The wildest and most ridiculous yarns were circulated about the command at this stage. These stories reached Lowell, whither the regiment was bound, and nearly created a panic in that locality. It was considered wise by hysterical citizens to raise a force of 500 special police to save the place from being destroyed and plowed over, but Gen. Butler promptly stamped out the undertaking, and that was the end of it. Later, after the Ninth had

been domiciled at Camp Chase, the people of Lowell laughed at the fears they had entertained.

Governor Buckingham, of Connecticut, in a letter to Col. Cahill, under date of February 8, 1862, alluding to these stories reflecting on the regiment, says: "I may, however, add that the whole State knows that the reports respecting your men when they left were so misrepresented as to be actually untrue."

The regiment reached Lowell that evening and spent the night aboard the train on the outskirts of the city. The next forenoon the command was escorted into Camp Chase by the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts, a large portion of the latter being composed of citizens of Irish birth or parentage. Camp Chase, as already stated, was the rendezvous for Gen. Butler's force, at the time. Among the organizations there when the Ninth arrived was the Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery, Capt. Charles H. Manning, in which organization were many Irish. John F. Hurley, who 40 years after was elected mayor of Salem, Mass., was a member of this battery, and among other names on the roll were Barry, Burns, Carney, Curley, Doherty, Dolan, Donahue, Foley, Gallagher, Grady, Griffin, Hart, Kiernan, Kilbride, Mahoney, McCarthy, McDonough, McElroy, Murphy, Nagle, Sullivan and the like. Corporal William M. Peabody, of the battery, kept a diary during the war. In that diary, speaking of the arrival of the Ninth, in Camp Chase, he says:

"Nov. 5. Tuesday. Morning dawned clear and cold. All traces of yesterday's storm have disappeared, and the usual routine of duty has been resumed. Company drilled this a. m., in marching. At noon the Ninth Connecticut Infantry, under command of Colonel Thomas W. Cahill, arrived here * * * and was received by the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts Infantry, who escorted them into camp. As the Nutmeggers marched in we had

a fine view of them, and saw that this Irish regiment was made up of very hardy material. The regiment, about 900 strong, pitched camp on the parade ground between the headquarters building and the camp of the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts regiment, and were soon at home in their new quarters. This re-enforcement increases the number of troops here to about 2,400 men, and brings us all into pretty close quarters."

The great storm that visited New Haven the last Saturday evening, Nov. 2, before the Ninth left Camp Welch, was also in evidence at Lowell. At Camp Chase, so heavy was the rainfall that ditches had to be dug around tents, and the ropes of the latter tightened to resist the hurricane. The storm was still in force at midnight, and many of the men were awake because of it. It was only by constant watching and prompt action that tents were kept standing in the camp of the Fourth Massachusetts battery. The camp of the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts regiment, however, did not fare so well, a large number of the regiment's tents being blown down. Whole companies were left without shelter, and a thorough drenching was inflicted on their property. The Eastern Bay State regiment, in camp, also suffered severely in like manner. The parade ground was turned into a lake. By the time the Ninth reached Lowell, however, the camp was again in good condition.

Camp Chase occupied what was known as the Lowell Fair Grounds. It was named in honor of the Hon. Salmon P. Chase, Secretary of the United States Treasury, in the cabinet of President Lincoln. The camp comprised a large number of acres, the land being hard and level. Part of the site had been used as a race course, and was still in that condition. The entrance to the course was located at the northwest corner, and here were large gates opening out to the Billerica road. Nearby was the guard house. The Fair building was still standing. It was now devoted to the following uses: the first floor

was utilized as dining quarters for the troops; the second, as offices for the Commandant of the post, for the Surgeon and for quartermaster and commissary stores. The cooking for the soldiers was done in a long, low one-story building constructed of rough boards.

Like most other regiments, the Ninth had a pet or two, so that when big Bill Allen marched into Camp Chase with the regiment that day, leading a bulldog by a string, and carrying a cat under his arm, a roar of merriment greeted the appearance of the Connecticut warrior. Camp Chase was surrounded by a high board fence. At intervals, when off duty, a few men of the Ninth, in search of relaxation and change of scene, would scale this fence and drop down on the other side. From this arose the phrase "Connecticut over the fence." Men from other commands in camp would also scale the fence, but no matter to what organization they belonged, the phrase was always "Connecticut over the fence." So that members of the Ninth were often blamed for the doings of men from other organizations on the field.

Once a man getting over the fence, was lightly prodded by a bayonet in the hands of a sentry. The humor of this, and the literal execution of orders, so pleased Gen. Butler that he made the sentry a sergeant.

While at Lowell, the Ninth received many visitors from home, this pleasantly serving to relieve the monotony of camp life. Gen. Butler early formed a liking for the regiment, and did everything that was then possible for its comfort and welfare. On Nov. 10, an inspection of all the troops in camp, including the Ninth, took place, conducted by Gen. Butler.

Butler visited the camp again on Nov. 12, this being the third day in succession he had done so. This circumstance, together with the fact that extensive supplies of clothing had lately been received, gave rise to the belief that a movement of some kind was soon to take place. On Nov. 15, the Fourth Massachusetts battery was mus-

tered into the United States service, the oath being administered by Col. E. F. Jones, of the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts. The men of the battery raised their right hands, "each man repeating the oath after the Colonel."

During the Ninth's stay at Lowell, the officers and men wrote many letters to loved ones at home. Some of these letters have been shown us, having been sacredly treasured these forty years. They all breathe a spirit of Christianity and patriotism. Poor Corporal John P. Coen, of Waterbury, who was accidentally killed in Louisiana! We have several of his letters before us as we write; letters to his father, mother, wife and sisters; letters sometimes signed jointly by himself and his brother, Corporal Michael P. Coen, expressing affection for their kin and kindliest good will for neighbors and associates in Waterbury. May these letters be treasured a century to come for the noble lessons they teach!

On Nov. 18, Col. Cahill issued the following:

HEADQUARTERS, NINTH REG'T, C. V.,
CAMP CHASE,
LOWELL, MASS., Nov. 18, 1861.

REGIMENTAL ORDER
No. 4.

In accordance with Special Orders now received from Headquarters, Department of New England, each company commander will hold his command in readiness to march from Camp Chase at 10 o'clock a. m., Tuesday, November 19, 1861, to take the cars at the Depot, near said Camp, and on arrival in Boston every commissioned officer will see that no enlisted man leaves the ranks on any pretext whatever.

No officer or man will be allowed to leave the ship "Constitution" after embarkation therein without a

written order from the commander of the forces embarked.

The severest punishment will follow the infraction of this order.

Per order

THOS. W. CAHILL,
Col. Ninth Reg't, C. V.

A. GORDON HALL,
Adjutant.

On Nov. 19, Corporal Peabody, of the Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery, wrote in his diary:

"Company placed under marching orders to-day. About 9 a. m., the 26th Mass. and 9th Connecticut regiments broke up camp and in heavy marching order moved out to the railroad track. There, a long train of cars awaited them, and embarking, they proceeded for Boston, leaving their tents standing for the use of other troops to assemble here."

The next day, Nov. 20, the battery just mentioned also proceeded to Boston and joined the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts and Ninth Connecticut regiments aboard the *Constitution*. The troops remaining in Camp Chase, were the Eastern Bay State regiment and three companies of Rifle Rangers, the whole force numbering about 500 men. The *Constitution* lay at Long Wharf, Boston. She was a new steamship of 3,000 tons burthen and belonged to the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. She had been constructed for the carrying trade between Panama and San Francisco, and was in excellent condition for the business of a military transport. For this purpose, double-berth bunks had been constructed on each side and, lengthwise, through the centre. These bunks were located on the middle and third decks. The two regiments and the battery aboard comprised a total force of 1,946, all commanded by Col. E. F. Jones, of the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts. This was the Col. Jones

who had commanded the Sixth Massachusetts, on its passage through Baltimore, in April, when attacked by a mob. He was a brave officer.

The commander of the ship itself was Capt. Fuller, a veteran of the wave, and some 50 years of age. It was stated that the government was paying $2,000 per day for the use of the *Constitution.* Strict discipline was maintained by Col. Jones before sailing. Guards were placed at the gangway of the ship, and up the wharf. No visitors were allowed aboard and no passes were issued to the soldiers. Meanwhile, supplies were being rapidly taken aboard, and every effort was being made to sail as quickly as possible. Among other goods aboard was a supply of Enfield rifles for the Ninth, which, however, were not then distributed. The men from Connecticut and Massachusetts passed the time in various ways and eagerly awaited the hour for departure. During the afternoon of Nov. 20, a large barque displaying French colors arrived in port and caused much interest among the spectators on the *Constitution.* The officers and men of the Ninth were in excellent health and spirits and eager to get to the front to participate in active operations against the foe.

Nov. 21 dawned cold, but pleasant. Up to this time, very few on the *Constitution* knew the destination of the ship, and there was considerable speculation as to where the force would land. The stevedores finished their work of loading the ship about 11 a. m., and Capt. Fuller began issuing his orders for the start. The lines were cast off at 11.30, and the *Constitution* began her voyage seaward.

CHAPTER IV.

THE BAND OF THE NINTH ENLIVENS THE TRIP DOWN BOSTON HARBOR—THE JOURNEY TO PORTLAND, ME. —THE TWELFTH MAINE INFANTRY EXPECTS TO BE TAKEN ABOARD, BUT IS SENT BACK—TRIP FROM PORTLAND TO FORTRESS MONROE—GEN. PHELPS COMES ABOARD THE "CONSTITUTION" AND ASSUMES COMMAND OF THE TROOPS—THE VOYAGE TO SHIP ISLAND, MISS.

AS the *Constitution* left the wharf, she was given hearty cheers by the large crowd that had assembled to see her off. The deck was a mass of soldiers who waved farewells to the people on shore. The band of the Ninth struck up a lively air and continued to play until well down Boston harbor. The *Constitution* at first picked her way cautiously owing to the shipping in the harbor, but when clear of this, more steam was put on and the ship increased her speed.

Samuel Colby, a veteran Boston pilot, was aboard, and safely guided the *Constitution* down toward the bay. Fort Independence, on the starboard, was passed and Fort Winthrop, to larboard. Lower down, Fort Warren was sighted. All this time, the band of the Ninth kept playing, "to the great delight of the boys." By 1 p. m. the ship was pretty well outside, and the effect of the waves began to make itself felt on board. Many of the men showed indications of seasickness and clung to the rail or sought their berths below deck. The *Constitution* once clear of the lower harbor, shaped her course northerly for Portland, Me., the object being to take on a Maine regiment at that place.

The ship was now making about nine miles an hour. At 4 p. m. she was running up the coast, through a rough

sea. Only about a third of the force aboard remained on deck, the rest having gone below. The weather was cold, and those on deck were as well muffled up as circumstances would permit. At sunset, the *Constitution* was off Thatcher's Island and about five miles from that point. By this time, many of those on deck were sheltered in nooks around the smokestack, and elsewhere, to avoid the biting winds. Night came down cold, but clear. About 9 p. m. the ship was off Portsmouth, N. H., and at midnight reached Portland, Me.

The next morning, Nov. 22, 1861, was cold. The *Constitution* was anchored about a mile from the wharves, and from her deck a good view of Portland could be obtained, and was much enjoyed by the men of the Ninth. About 9 a. m. the steamer *Forest City*, with the Twelfth Maine Infantry aboard, came out to the *Constitution*. Col. George F. Shepley was in command of the regiment, and the intention was to transfer it from the *Forest City* to the *Constitution* for transportation south with the Connecticut and Massachusetts troops. Owing to the crowd already on the *Constitution*, however, Col. Jones finally decided not to take the Twelfth aboard, and ordered the regiment to return to Portland, proceed to Camp Chase, Lowell, and there report to Gen. Butler. Paymaster Roland G. Usher, U. S. Volunteers, left Portland in a rowboat about noon, came aboard the *Constitution* and soon began distributing one month's pay to the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts regiment and the Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery. The next forenoon, Nov. 23, some 200 tons of coal were taken aboard; also two pilots—Sewall Drinkwater and David Jackson. There were now four pilots on the *Constitution*—Samuel Colby, of Boston; Richard H. Collins, of New York, and Messrs. Drinkwater and Jackson, just mentioned.

Sunday, Nov. 24, the ship was well out, and making good progress on a southerly course. There was a heavy sea running and many of the officers and men

were disagreeably aware of that fact. The *Constitution* made her fastest time at night when the soldiers were asleep and all was quiet aboard. Corporal Peabody of the Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery, to whose diary we are much indebted, makes the following entry:

"Nov. 26, Tuesday. Morning opened warmer and clear. Many on board think that we are now off the coast of Virginia, and this belief has given the sick new life and energy; for this morning the deck is crowded with men, all of them being cheerful and happy. Since midnight the course of our ship has been almost due west, which causes the belief that Capt. Fuller intends to make port. All hands are on the lookout for land, and all are rewarded for their trouble, for about 9 a. m., a small speck is seen far away to the South which, growing larger as the *Constitution* rapidly approaches, reveals to view the sandy beach and tall trees on Cape Henry. Every man able to crawl was at this time on deck viewing with the intensest interest the scenery around us. At 10 a. m., we passed inside Capes Henry and Charles, and were in Hampton Roads."

Fortress Monroe is located about seven miles up the Roads. The *Constitution* steamed slowly and at about 11 a. m., dropped anchor within a mile of the fort. It now became reported among the Ninth that the object of the ship in coming here was to take aboard Gen. John W. Phelps, who was to assume command of the expedition. The location of Fortress Monroe, at the extreme end of Old Point Comfort, Va., made it a place of great strategic importance, and the works were, consequently, of tremendous strength. At this period they covered about 60 acres and constituted the strongest regular fortification in the United States. During the forenoon of Nov. 27, the *Constitution* was busy taking on supplies, and it now became generally known, to those aboard ship, that the destination of the latter was Ship Island, Gulf of Mexico.

General Phelps came on board about 1 p. m., and as-

sumed command. He was a native of Vermont, born Nov. 13, 1813. He was a tall man, and of medium, but strong, build. His hair and beard were of an iron gray and his address very pleasing. He graduated from West Point in 1836, served in the Fourth U. S. Artillery in the operations against the Creek Indians, distinguished himself in the Florida war and in the war with Mexico, in which latter conflict he served under Gen. Scott, and participated in the capture of the City of Mexico. On the breaking out of the Civil War, he was made Colonel of the First Vermont Infantry, and on May 17, 1861, became a brigadier-general of volunteers. He permitted no mere show or parade upon taking command on the *Constitution*, and created a very favorable impression. At 5 p. m., the anchor was "hove up" and the ship stood out to sea. Cape Henry was passed about 5.45 p. m., the course was shaped to the southward, and the Ninth and the other organizations aboard were on their way to Ship Island.

The Florida coast was sighted during the forenoon of Nov. 30, about ten miles away, and the men of the Ninth left their recreations, and hastened to get a glimpse of the scene. Not much was visible, however, but a low, dark fringe of coast and at times even this was not in plain view. About 8 p. m., on Sunday, Dec. 1, the revolving light on a distant reef, the extreme southern point of Florida, was sighted. It was some ten miles away. The weather was pleasant, the night clear, the sky studded with stars and the sea smooth as glass. The Ninth, and other troops, crowded the main deck intent upon enjoying these delightful conditions and witnessing every object of interest. The *Constitution* rounded the light above mentioned at 9.30 p. m., being then about five miles distant, and entered the Gulf of Mexico. On Tuesday morning, Dec. 3, a portion of the Alabama coast was in sight, some seven miles away, on the starboard side. The aspect was not particularly attractive, but was intently viewed by the

troops. Ships of the Union blockading fleet were sighted about 2.30 p. m., and a hour later more warships were passed. At 4 p. m., the *Constitution* dropped anchor in Mississippi Sound, half a mile off the westerly end of Ship Island. Here the voyage of the *Constitution* ended.

The New Haven *Palladium*, Dec. 19 1861, states that "At Ship Island, on the 4th, Major Frye, of the Connecticut 9th, accompanying Gen. Phelps to the island previous to the disembarkation of the troops, hoisted upon the lighthouse there the beautiful American flag presented to the regiment just before its departure from this city."

Ship Island had been selected as the rendezvous for the troops that were to act in conjunction with the fleet for the capture, from the Confederates, of New Orleans. In the War of 1812, the island had been used for a similar purpose by the British, preparatory to their attack on the same city, then defended by that gallant soldier of Irish parentage—Gen. Andrew Jackson.

On the morning of Dec. 4, 1861, everybody aboard the *Constitution* was awake at an early hour, and after breakfast, began preparing to go ashore. About 9 o'clock, a river steamer, the *Henry Lewis*, came alongside. She took the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts on board and landed the regiment at the wharf on Ship Island. At 10 a. m., the Ninth Connecticut regiment, and the Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery, were conveyed from the *Constitution* to the wharf by the same steamer. An hour later, a lot of camp equipage was brought ashore and the soldiers began securing their belongings.

The *Henry Lewis* continued plying back and forth some time, transferring supplies and other material, and at about 4 o'clock in the afternoon the troops went into camp on the island. The Ninth was located on ground near the lighthouse, with the Twenty-Sixth Massachusetts close by. The Massachusetts Light battery was located at the rear of Fort Massachusetts, about

300 yards from the wharf. The men slept soundly that night. The next day, the various commands did considerable work toward improving their respective camps. Gen. Phelps established his headquarters in a house formerly occupied by the keeper of the light. The steamer *Henry Lewis* continued plying back and forth this day, between the *Constitution* and the wharf, and brought ashore a great amount of supplies. These were taken in charge by the commissary and the quartermaster. Ship Island is a dreary place, eight or ten miles long, and varying in width from a few hundred yards to a mile. It is about ten miles from the nearest mainland and a few hours by steamer from the mouth of the Mississippi. The island is little more than a big sand bar, and the walking in the loose sand is neither easy nor pleasant. The water between the island and the mainland is known as Mississippi Sound. Through this sound, the enemy had been carrying on an extensive trade with New Orleans and Mobile. They used river steamers, chiefly. The *Henry Lewis*, for instance, already mentioned, had thus been used by the rebels, and was bound from New Orleans to Mobile, with a cargo of sugar and molasses, when captured by our blockading fleet. Ship Island is one of a chain of islands, the others including Cat Island, Horn Island, Petit Bois Island and Dauphin Island. Of these, Cat Island is about five miles to the westward of Ship Island, and Petit Bois is about sixteen miles to the eastward. One of the few good points about Ship Island was that water could easily be obtained by digging a hole, three or four feet deep, in the sand. Before the war, the island had been a Summer resort for wealthy families of the Gulf States, on account of the health-giving breezes.

A large hotel had been located here, but about all that remained of it now was a chimney, 25 or 30 feet high, and a pile of debris. Sharks and porpoises were in evidence in the waters surrounding the island, and thousands of gulls collected daily in the neighborhood. On

one part of the island was a forlorn forest of oak and pine. Ship Island was well situated as a base for operations against New Orleans. At the breaking out of the war, the U. S. Government was constructing a fort on the island, the large force of men engaged being under Lieut. F. E. Prime, U. S. Engineer. On July 6, 1861, a Confederate force, consisting of three companies of the Fourth Louisiana Infantry, under Capt. Higgins, arrived on two steamers from New Orleans, landed on the island, captured Lieut. Prime and his men and sent them North. The Confederates then landed guns, ammunition and supplies, erected barracks and started to complete the fort. At 7 o'clock on the evening of Sept. 16, 1861, the Federal gunboat *Massachusetts*, and the sloops-of-war *Marion* and *Preble*, appeared off the island, so alarming the enemy that the latter evactuated, having, before their departure, set fire to the barracks and shanties, the woodwork of the fort, and the lighthouse. Since then our people had been in possession of the island. The fort—Massachusetts—had been put in as good condition as circumstances would permit and, when the Ninth Connecticut landed, was garrisoned by 170 seaman and marines under command of Lieut. Thomas McKean Buchanan, executive officer of the gunboat *Massachusetts*. In an easterly direction from Gen. Phelps' headquarters could be seen all that remained of the English ship *Elizabeth Bibby*, that had been driven ashore by our gunboats while she was endeavoring to run the blockade with a cargo of coal.

Among the vessels of the Federal blockading fleet in these waters, at the time the Ninth landed on Ship Island, was the gunboat *New London*, Lieut.-Commander Reed. She was formerly a propeller and plied between New London, Conn., and New York City. She was of 221 tons, 125 feet in length, and was purchased by the U. S. Government in Aug., 1861, for $30,000. In her new sphere of action her armament included four 32-pound

broadside guns and one 30-pound rifled pivot, which latter she carried in her bow. She rendered excellent service during the war.

Dec. 4, 1861, Gen. Phelps issued a proclamation against slavery. This was considered a premature act and was disavowed by his superiors. Phelps, believing that a temporizing policy was to be followed, eventually resigned. Late in the afternoon of Dec. 7, the *Constitution* having completed unloading, departed for Boston. She was heartily cheered by men of the Ninth, and other commands, gathered on the beach.

At Ship Island the Ninth received its arms—the Enfield rifles already mentioned. Dec. 9, 1861, Col. Cahill issued "Circular No. 1," containing instructions as to the use of the arms, and requiring every man "not detailed for some particular duty or on the sick list" to be kept at drill every available moment. Dec. 13, the Colonel issued "Regimental Order, No. 6," establishing the following routine:

Reveille at daybreak.
Police call immediately after roll call.
Surgeon's call at sunrise.
Breakfast at 7.30 a. m.
Company Drill from 8.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Guard Mounting at 9 a. m.
Officers attend target practice at 10.30 a. m.
Recall from fatigue at 12 m.
Dinner at 12.30 p. m.
Police at 1 p. m.
Company drill from 2 to 3 p. m.
Recall from police at 3 p. m.
Battalion drill by wings from 3 to 4 p. m.
Dress parade at 5 p. m.
Supper after dress parade.
Tattoo at 9 p. m.
Taps ten minutes after tattoo.
Sunday inspection at 8 a. m.
Guard mounting immediately after inspection, at dress parade or at such hour as may be appointed.

Saturday afternoon was to be devoted to "a thorough cleaning of quarters, tents, knapsacks, arms, accoutrements, etc., and to washing clothing, preparatory to the Sunday inspection." Regimental Order No. 7, required that commanders of companies in the Ninth would "forthwith make a requisition upon the Quartermaster for the number of knapsacks required for their commands, having those before issued ready to return. They will also make a requisition forthwith for the number of canteens, blankets and tin cups now needed in their several commands. The Quartermaster-Sergeant will commence to issue on the above requisitions a 8 o'clock a. m., to-morrow * * * ."

Speaking of the early part of the Ninth's stay at Ship Island, the Croffut-Morris work on Connecticut during the Rebellion says of the regiment: "The men were still wretchedly clad, and it was midwinter. Nearly half of them were without shoes and as many more without shirts; several had no coats or blankets. Some drilled in primitive attire of blouse and cotton drawers. The tents were hardly capacious enough to cover them. There was no straw to sleep on. They were without transportation, and were obliged to bring the wood for their fires four miles. This was made into rafts, and men almost naked, in water up to their arms, floated it down to camp. The Twenty-sixth Massachusetts was equipped with warm blankets, ample tents, and two uniform suits of clothing per man; and to them the members of the Ninth furnished a contrast which would have been amusing if it were not humiliating. With the buoyancy of the Irish character, the men were hopeful, and during these severe months sent home to their families not less than twenty thousand dollars,—almost their entire pay."

On another occasion while some of the Ninth were engaged unloading vessels, or in similar work, "they came upon a stock of canvas shoes consigned to the post sutler. These Col. Cahill immediately appropriated, receipting for

them on his own account, and distributing them among his barefoot command. Gen. Phelps could find nothing in the regulations authorizing such an act; but the Colonel found sufficient justification in the paramount law of necessity," and the men kept the shoes. The sutler was later reimbursed by the government. During all its privations, the regiment never flinched.

When, finally, fully uniformed and equipped, the Ninth was excelled in appearance by no regiment in the service. Lieut. John G. Healy,[1] of the Ninth, in writing home from Ship Island, under date of Dec. 12, 1861; says: "For the first time since this island was discovered, Mass was offered up on last Sunday. I will try and picture to you the scene. In front of one of the tents, and before a rudely constructed altar, knelt about one thousand soldiers. Father Mullen, our worthy chaplain, was offering up the sacrifice of the Mass. There in the soft, white sand the poor fellows prayed—prayed to God to protect their wives and children, their fathers, mothers, brothers and sisters—prayed to God to send them home safe to those dear ones they had left behind. After Mass, Father Mullen preached an excellent sermon, and during that time there were very few dry eyes. Our chaplain is in good health. He wishes to be remembered to you all." Making another entry, under date of Sunday evening, Dec. 15, 1861, the same officer says in his letter: "We had Mass again this morning [in the camp of the Ninth], and a much larger congregation than on last Sunday. At an early hour, all the Catholics in the Twenty-sixth regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, came down and the U. S. Marines from the fort and off the gunboats attended. * * * In fact, Father Mullen had quite a congregation."

[1] Afterwards, successively, Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel.



Capt. Terence Sheridan. Lieut. Mch'l Mullins.
Lieut. Francis McKeon.

CHAPTER V.

REVIEWS AND INSPECTIONS ON SHIP ISLAND—OFFICERS OF THE NINTH WITNESS TARGET PRACTICE BY ARTILLERY—GENERAL BUTLER AND FAMILY ARRIVE ON THE ISLAND—THE NINTH PARTICIPATES IN AN EXPEDITION TO BILOXI, MISS.—THE ENGAGEMENT OFF MISSISSIPPI CITY—REBEL GUNBOATS COME DOWN UNDER COVER OF DARKNESS AND OPEN HOSTILITIES.

DECEMBER 24, 1861, opened with pleasant weather, and the Ninth early received notice that a review and inspection of the troops was to take place that day. This was to be in honor of Commodore McKean, commanding the fleet outside, who was to visit the island. At the appointed time, he put off from the *Niagara*, in his cutter, and landed on the wharf at 1 p. m. Here he was duly received, and an artillery salute was fired by the Fourth Massachusetts battery. As the hour for the review neared, line was formed, at 2 p. m., on the parade ground, by Col. Jones. The Twenty-sixth Massachusetts was on the right, the Ninth Connecticut on the left, and the Massachusetts battery in the centre. Gen. Phelps and his staff, with Commodore McKean and other visitors, took up position on a sandy knoll in front of the line and about 300 feet from the centre thereof. The column was set in motion at 2.30 by Col. Jones, and marched in review. The soft, yielding sand made the march very fatiguing. Half an hour later, the troops halted in their original position and got ready for inspection. "This duty," says an eye-witness, "was rigidly performed by the General himself, the smallest article carried by the men not escaping his keen eye; while the naval officers who accompanied him appeared to be much interested in the manner of the army doing this business."

Inspection was over at 4 p. m., and the men were dismissed to their camps. An hour later, Commodore McKean returned to the *Niagara*.

Writing from Ship Island, Christmas evening, 1861, Col. John G. Healy, of New Haven, then a lieutenant, informs his relatives at home that "We had Mass here to-day at 6, 7 and 10.30 o'clock. I had the honor of serving. Oh! how differently was our chapel trimmed from that of St. John's [in New Haven]. In a large tent, with a rough-looking altar before him, Father Mullen offered up the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass, with nothing under his feet but the bare ground. * * * After Mass, he preached a sermon and when he repeated the words: 'Behold, I bring you glad tidings of great joy!' I could, as it were, hear the choir of St. John's singing that beautiful psalm. * * * Ours was the only tent on the island that was trimmed. We got a few bushes and tied them up on the outside and inside of the tent. Some of the boys in the company got up a dinner which was, indeed, excellent. They bought some potatoes, cabbage, and some preserved turkey—an article which is put up in cans. After they had the table 'set,' they invited us up to their tent and we certainly had a good dinner; but how different from the Christmas dinners at home!"

On Dec. 31, the troops were again reviewed by Gen. Phelps. The line was once more formed under the supervision of Col. Jones, and was made up as on the previous occasion, viz: The Twenty-sixth Massachusetts on the right, the Ninth Connecticut on the left and the battery in the centre. The column was in heavy marching order and moved forward in review at 9.30 a. m. The march was about a mile and a half in length, through the soft sand. Inspection followed, and was concluded about 11.30 a. m., when the Ninth, and the other commands, were dismissed to their quarters. The officers of the Ninth Connecticut and Twenty-sixth Massachusetts, and many of the men, went to a point near Gen. Phelps' head-

quarters, on the afternoon of Jan. 14, 1862, to witness target practice by the Massachusetts Light Battery. The target was the wreck of the English ship *Elizabeth Bibby*, already mentioned, located about a mile and a half away. Gen. Phelps was an interested spectator of the shooting. The battery fired seventeen rounds of spherical case shot. Seven of these struck the wreck, the remainder going very close. The result was quite satisfactory, as this was the battery's first attempt in that line.

Day by day, events of interest were transpiring. Ships were arriving from the North with horses, supplies or munitions, captured vessels were being brought in and other incidents were taking place. During the week of Jan. 22, 1862, a bakery was established on the island, and the men were treated to fresh bread. Some excitement was caused among the Ninth, and other troops, in the forenoon of Jan. 23, by the appearance, about four miles off shore, of the Confederate gunboat *Crescent*. She was under a flag of truce and had come from New Orleans. She was met by the Union gunboat *Water Witch* and escorted to the U. S. flagship *Niagara*. The beach was lined with men of the Ninth, and their comrades of the other commands, who watched every movement of the rebel craft. About 2 p. m., the latter departed. It was stated that her object in coming was to demand the return of a captured vessel brought in a couple of days before. The demand was, of course, refused. On Feb. 1, 1862, the *George Green* sailed from Ship Island for Boston, Mass. She had on board some members of the Ninth who had been discharged on account of disability, and also some men of the Massachusetts organizations, discharged for like reason.

Corporal Peabody of the Massachusetts battery, writes, under date of Feb. 2, 1862: "Sunday. Pleasant weather to-day. * * * At 10 o'clock, 51 of our men mounted and, under command of Lieut. Henry Davidson, left camp on a ride to the timber. Unfortunately, none of

us being horsemen, we had a hard time managing our horses, especially when passing the Ninth Connecticut, which being drawn up in line on the parade in front of their camp, were being drilled in firing by regiment, blank cartridges being used. This firing greatly frightened our horses. A general stampede ensued, the animals flying in all directions. Many of our men were thrown into the sand and left there to return to camp on foot. I managed to hang on to my horse and got into camp at noon without having to walk."

The Ninth had now been on the island two months, and various reports began to circulate among the troops. One was to the effect that the projected expedition against New Orleans had been abandoned, and that the troops would be sent to Fortress Monroe. Another report had it that there were but twenty days' rations left on the island, and so the stories went on, being asserted, doubted and contradicted. On Saturday forenoon, Feb. 8, the English steamer *Labuan*, which had been captured near the mouth of the Rio Grande river, by the U. S. S. *Plymouth*, was brought in by a prize crew. The U. S. transport *Constitution*, which had long been expected on her return trip from Boston, appeared off the island on the forenoon of Feb. 12, and created the wildest enthusiasm. The men from Connecticut vied with those from Massachusetts as to whom would be the first to reach the beach to welcome her. When within a couple of miles of the island, she hove to and fired a gun "which found an echo in the throat of every man on the beach."

The *Constitution* had on board the Twelfth Maine Infantry; the Eastern Bay State regiment, and three companies of Massachusetts unattached cavalry, the whole force—2,400—men being under the command of Col. Shepley. In the afternoon, the troops landed and went into camp. Washington's birthday anniversary, Feb. 22, 1862, was observed on the island by an artillery salute of

34 guns. The Ninth paraded in front of its camp, the band playing "The Star Spangled Banner" and other patriotic airs. Similar exercises were held by the other organizations present.

An incident of considerable interest occurred while the Ninth was aboard the *Constitution*, in Dec., 1861, en route to Ship Island. When the regiment arrived at Lowell, from New Haven, it was found that a large number of boys had followed the regiment from home. They were all sent back, at least it was then so thought. But some time after leaving Fortress Monroe, it was reported to Gen. Phelps that there were stowaways aboard. They were all located, and when questioned gravely declared they belonged to the Ninth. The oldest of the boys was but fourteen years of age. The report was brought into the cabin, and Gen. Phelps, turning to Col. Cahill, said:

"Colonel, these boys say they belong to the Ninth Connecticut!"

Col. Cahill proposed that the General and himself go out on deck and interrogate the youths themselves. They did so. The boys were called up, one at a time. The first boy said that he was fourteen years old, and that he was born in Randolph, Vt. When he told Gen. Phelps his name the General said, with a smile:

"Colonel, that is enough!"

The boy was a son of Gen. Phelps' next door neighbor in Randolph. The boys were mustered into the service and some of them were added to the boys of the Ninth's drum corps. Others were assigned to other organizations aboard. The drummer boys of the Ninth were a brave set, and never faltered wherever called. They were greatly admired by the little bootblacks and newsboys of New Orleans.

The regular monthly review and inspection was held on Ship Island, Feb. 28, the line being formed at 9 a. m., and in the following order:

Twenty-sixth Massachusetts Infantry, Col. Edward F. Jones.

Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery, Capt. Chas. H. Manning.

First Co., Massachusetts Unattached Cavalry, Capt. S. Tyler Reed.

Second Co., Massachusetts Unattached Cavalry, Capt. James Magee.

Third Co., Massachusetts Unattached Cavalry, Capt. H. A. Durivage.

Eastern Bay State Regiment, Acting Col. Jonas H. French.

Twelfth Maine Infantry, Col. George F. Shepley.

Ninth Connecticut Infantry, Col. Thomas W. Cahill.

The line wheeled into column by companies, at 9.30, and passed in review before Gen. Phelps and staff, who occupied the familiar sand knoll. The march through the sand was, as usual, very tedious, but the men acquitted themselves handsomely. The inspection by Gen. Phelps was very thorough, and the line was dismissed at noon.

Regimental Order No. 13, dated Feb. 24, 1862, referring to Co. K of the Ninth says: " * * * Lieut. John Carroll of Co. F of this regiment, is hereby assigned to the command of said Co. K until further orders, and Lieut. Charles S. Palmer of Co. I, heretofore in command of said Co. K, having been promoted by order of General Phelps, commanding U. S. forces on Ship Island, by Brigade Order No. 27, to the post of Acting Asst.-Quartermaster of this Post—will, therefore, on receipt of this order turn over to Lieut. John Carroll such property as may be in his possession, belonging to said Co. K."

The Twelfth Connecticut regiment, Col. Henry C. Deming, arrived on Ship Island, March 8 per steamer *Fulton*, together with six companies of the Thirteenth Maine, Lieut.-Col. Henry Rust. The force aggregated

1,600 men and was commanded by Col. Deming. Also arrived this day, the ship *North America*, with the Fourteenth Maine, Col. Frank S. Nickerson. In the afternoon of March 8, an expedition of 100 men from the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts, under Col. Jones, embarked on the steamer *Calhoun* for Mississippi City, located on the mainland about ten miles away. The object of the expedition was to learn the strength of the enemy and to ascertain if a lodgment could be made so that a new camp could be established there. On reaching Mississippi City, Col. Jones marched inland a few miles, had an engagement and was forced to retreat, having one man wounded. The expedition arrived back at Ship Island at 11 p. m. The ship *Idaho* arrived from Boston March 9, 1862, having on board four light batteries, viz: the First Vermont, Second Vermont, First Maine and Sixth Massachusetts—about 550 men in all.

The camp of the Ninth was not without a little humor, now and then. A member of the regiment tells about an incident of this character. He says: "There was big Dennis and his educated pig. The latter was of a stray, wild breed, with stripes, and had been captured on the island. Dennis named the pig 'Jeff Davis," taught him to stand on his hind legs, hold a pipe and perform various other evolutions. The pig became quite a pet in camp. Gen. Phelps on going his rounds one day, noticed Dennis and the pig, and was invited to witness a 'review.' The General laughingly consented, and Dennis proceeded to put 'Jeff Davis' through a regular 'drill' with pipe and stick. Gen. Phelps was heartily amused by the performance. The pig went with Dennis to New Orleans and from thence was sent to New Haven by express."

In Regimental Order No. 14, issued to the Ninth, March 16, 1862, it is stated that "Adjutant Alfred G. Hall of this regiment has been appointed aide-de-camp and acting assistant adjutant-general on the Brigade

staff, by Brigade Order No. 35. In consequence of the above appointment, Patrick T. Claffee is hereby appointed acting-adjutant, subject to the confirmation of His Excellency, the Governor of the State of Connecticut, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly."

St. Patrick's Day, 1862, was appropriately celebrated by the Ninth. The regiment was excused by Gen. Butler from routine duty that day, and made the occasion one of festivity in camp.

Troops continued to come. Brig.-Gen. Thomas Williams and staff arrived off the island on the afternoon of March 12, on the *Constitution*, together with three regiments—the Sixth Michigan Infantry, Twenty-first Indiana and Fourth Wisconsin. They landed next day. March 20, the *Mississippi* arrived, having on board Major-Gen. Benjamin F. Butler and family, who had been taken on board at Fortress Monroe. The *Mississippi* also brought the Thirty-first Massachusetts and four companies of the Thirteenth Maine. Gen. Butler landed on the island, March 23, and was given an artillery salute of thirteen guns from the fort. On March 29, he issued General Order No. 8, covering the embarkation of troops for a movement against New Orleans. The troops selected included the Ninth Connecticut, and numbered about 6,000 men—comprising the brigades of Gen. Phelps and Gen. Williams. All preparations were made and many of the troops were embarked, when orders were received countermanding the embarkation, and ordering the troops already on board ship to return to the island. The reason for this, it was stated, was that "Farragut had as yet been unable to get his large ships over the bar at South West Pass."

Gen. Butler's staff at Ship Island comprised the following: Major George C. Strong, assistant adjutant-general, ordnance officer, and chief of staff; Capt. Jonas H. French, aide-de-camp, and inspector general; Capt. Peter Haggerty, aide-de-camp; Capt. George A. Kensel,



Chaplain Dan'l. Mullen.
Capt. John Duffy.

Chaplain Leo. Ryan.
Lieut. John C. Curtis.

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chief of artillery; First Lieut. W. H. Weigle, aide-de-camp; First Lieut. James W. Cushing (Thirty-first Mass. Vols.), acting chief quartermaster; First Lieut. James E. Easterbrook (Thirty-first Mass. Vols.), acting chief commissary; First Lieut. Godfrey Weitzel, chief engineer; First Lieut. John C. Palfrey, assistant engineer; First Lieut. Charles N. Turnbull, chief topographical engineer; Surgeon Thomas H. Bache, medical director; Major Joseph M. Bell, volunteer A. D. C.; Capt. Richard S. Davis, volunteer A. D. C.; First Lieut. J. B. Kinsman, volunteer A. D. C.; Second Lieut. H. E. Clark, volunteer A. D. C.

And now an event of unusual importance took place. On the forenoon of April 1, 1862, the gunboat *New London* brought to Ship Island a small schooner, captured near Biloxi, Miss. In addition to the crew, there had been on the schooner, previous to capture, a married couple with their child, the latter being about five years of age, traveling from Mobile to New Orleans. Upon the appearance of the Yankee gunboat the parents became frightened, abandoned the child and escaped in a small boat. Capt. Reed of the *New London* brought the child to Ship Island and gave her in charge of Gen. Butler. The next morning, Major Strong, Captains French and R. S. Davis, and Lieutenants Turnbull and Kinsman of Gen. Butler's staff, Capt. Conant of Co. G, Thirty-first Massachusetts, and others, with the little girl, embarked in a sloop and, under a flag of truce, left for Biloxi, to place the child in the hands of the authorities there, intending to have them return her to her parents. The sloop reached Biloxi, the child was placed in safe hands and the Union party had returned to the sloop and started for Ship Island. On the way out of Biloxi, the sloop grounded on a sand bar, whereupon the enemy, disregarding the flag of truce, fired upon her.

This conduct of the rebels so angered Gen. Butler, that the Ninth Connecticut regiment, and the Sixth

Massachusetts battery, were at once ordered to Biloxi to punish the foe. The men embarked on the *Henry Lewis* and started at 3.45 p. m., April 2, accompanied by the *New London* and the *J. P. Jackson.* Among those going with the expedition were Major Strong, of Gen. Butler's staff, and a number of other officers volunteering for the expedition. Col. Cahill had command of the Ninth, and the orders were to burn the town if an apology were not promptly forthcoming. The Third Mississippi regiment, (Confederate), had been occupying Biloxi, but had fallen back some miles into the country. The Federal landing was, therefore, unopposed save by a single bloodthirsty individual. The inhabitants of the place lined the beach, as the Yankees approached, "and one wild son of Mississippi stood on the wharf, rifle in hand, defying the troops to come on shore." He soon consented to retreat, however, and was later captured. Col. Cahill took possession of the town. The mayor had disappeared, but in a short time he was captured and brought in. He proved that he was not responsible for the firing on the Yankee sloop, and that the authors of the outrage were stragglers over whom he had no control. So the town was spared.

Soon after our troops landed at Biloxi, writes Lieut. (afterwards Capt. and Lieut.-Col.) Healy of the Ninth, a guard was "sent to the residence of the mayor for the purpose of bringing him to headquarters to apologize for the firing on the flag of truce. The officer in charge of the guard, Capt. Wright of Co. G (of the Ninth), was instructed that if he could not find the mayor, he was to bring a member of the latter's family, as hostage, and to leave word for him to come after, inside of one hour, or we would bring the captured member of the family to Ship Island. Capt. Wright and the guard started out, but could not find the mayor. So they brought in the latter's wife. In less than a hour, the mayor made his appearance and was taken to headquarters."

The inhabitants were a poverty-stricken, wretched lot of people and drew exclamations of pity, even from the soldiers. The troops established themselves in the center of the town, pickets were thrown out, an attack prepared for, but none came.

It was soon rumored that a force of the enemy, 1,800 strong, was at Pass Christian, twenty miles to the westward. A conference between Col. Cahill and Major Strong was held, to consider the situation, and it was decided to sail down and attack the place. They had no orders from Gen. Butler to do this, but relied upon the success they were confident they would achieve, to justify them in the course. Accordingly on the evening of April 3, the Ninth and the rest of the troops re-embarked on the *Henry Lewis*, which was armed with two three-inch Sawyer guns in her bow. That night, she anchored off Mississippi City. About 4 a. m., April 4, while the *Lewis* was still at anchor, the three rebel gunboats *Pamlico, Oregon* and *Carondelet*, having stolen down in the darkness, made a furious attack upon her. At the time the attack opened, Col. Cahill of the Ninth was aboard one of the Federal gunboats arranging a plan for the contemplated movement against Pass Christian. He was advised to hurry to the *Henry Lewis* and "run her into shoal water so that when she sunk, the men could get ashore. He started at once, and returned in an open boat through the midst of the fire. A rebel gunboat was plying savagely, with shot and shell, the crowded transport. Several shots took effect. One passed through the wheelhouse; one crashed through the cabin, turning Father Mullen, the chaplain, suddenly out of his berth. * * * " Such is a description of the engagement, given by the Croffut-Morris volume, which thus continues: As soon as Col. Cahill "was within hailing distance, he shouted to his men to fire; and the saucy little pieces instantly replied to the enemy's guns. The

rebel was now near and broadside to. The officers of the Ninth superintended the firing." One shot shattered a rebel pilot-house; "another cut the tiller rope. The *Lewis* had all steam on and was backing towards shore. Soon the overmatched rebel gunboats made off, rapidly pursued by our own."

Another account of the fight states that the rebel gunboats had "stolen down Lake Borgne in the darkness, to within cannon-shot of our little fleet. The *Henry Lewis* received the first fire of the enemy, the *Carondelet* sending a ten-inch shot, (120-pounder), through the cabin, which smashed things generally, and another shot carried away her wheelhouse. The rough treatment the *Lewis* was receiving, for a few moments threw the Ninth Connecticut regiment and Everett's battery into much confusion, but soon the battery got their little guns at work and returned shot for shot. At the time the *Carondelet* pitched into the *Lewis*, the *Pamlico* and *Oregon* attacked the *New London* and *Jackson* [gunboats]. At 4.30 (a. m.), our gunboats having succeeded in getting under way, opened fire and moved toward the enemy. * * * Capt. Reed of the *New London*, with the same reckless daring he always exhibits in action, pushed his little vessel into the thickest of the fight in an attempt to bring the *Carondelet* to close quarters; but his attempts in this direction were all defeated, the enemy continuing to retreat up the lake, fighting at long range until 6 a. m., when they withdrew from the conflict and steamed away toward New Orleans." During the fight, besides the damage to the *Henry Lewis*, the *New London* was struck in the cutwater, and Capt. Conant, of the Thirty-first Massachusetts, who was aboard the *Lewis*, was slightly wounded. Corporal Peabody of the Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery thus describes the interest displayed at Ship Island while the foregoing engagement was in progress:

"April 4, Friday. With the first streak of day, our company was aroused by the sound of heavy firing. Turning out, the boys rushed to the outside of the fort, and then we learned the cause of the disturbance. Away in the direction of Biloxi, we saw a succession of bright flashes, to be soon followed by the report of heavy guns, which revealed to us the fact that our gunboats were engaging those of the enemy. For a time, the fight seemed to be stationary, but, finally, a change in the direction of the flashes, indicated that the vessels were under way and appeared to be falling back. At this juncture, 4.30 a. m., Commander Homer C. Blake, of the gunboat *Hatteras,* slipping the anchor, dashed away under a full head of steam, to aid in the fight. For over an hour more the fight went on, the heavy guns on both sides belching out every minute. * * * It was a big audience that witnessed this little fight, nearly every soldier on the island being collected around the fort and along the beach."

One of the Ninth's officers states that after leaving Biloxi for Pass Christian "everything went on well until about 4 o'clock the next morning, when three rebel gunboats were seen coming toward us. The Captain and myself occupied one of the staterooms. I was awakened by hearing someone say that there were three rebel boats coming after us. I got out, went into the cabin, returned to my stateroom, and just as I was putting on my coat a shell from the enemy struck our boat. It went through the cabin and knocked a hole in the room we were in. But, thanks be to God, we were not injured! Then the excitement commenced. The *New London* and *Jackson* fired away at the rebel boats and they fired at us." A shot from the *New London* "knocked the wheelhouse off one of the rebel boats, taking the two legs from the pilot." An examination was then made to ascertain how many were injured on the

Henry Lewis. It was found that only a few were hurt and they slightly. "One of the officers present (Capt. Conant), received a slight wound in the leg. Two of the Ninth's band were slightly wounded. Michael McDonough of our company (C of the Ninth), received a slight wound on the cheek, occasioned by part of a shell that had burst. The piece hit him hard enough to draw blood. I never saw men like those of the gallant Ninth! It was as much as the officers could do to keep them in a safe place. I saw some of them coolly lighting their pipes and smoking while the enemy was firing. They were as cool as cucumbers."



Capt. Elliot M. Curtis.

CHAPTER VI.

THE FIGHT AT PASS CHRISTIAN—THE NINTH LANDS AND MARCHES THROUGH THE PLACE—MEETS A CONFEDERATE FORCE BEYOND—GALLANT CHARGE BY THE MEN FROM CONNECTICUT—CAPTURE OF THE FLAG OF THE THIRD MISSISSIPPI—WARM COMMENDATION FROM GEN. BUTLER—THE START FROM NEW ORLEANS.

SOME hours after the close of the engagement with the rebel gunboats, preparations were completed for the attack on the enemy at Pass Christian. The Federal squadron had, in the meantime, been increased by the arrival of the gunboat *Hatteras*.

About 10 or 11 a. m., the same day, April 4, 1862, the squadron moved up toward the wharf at the place mentioned. It was expected that the landing would be contested, as a report had been received that the rebels had a regiment of infantry, two companies of cavalry and a battery of artillery in the place. Before the Ninth, and Everett's battery, landed, therefore, the gunboats threw a few shells into the woods and into some of the principal buildings. The troops then went ashore and finding no rebel force, immediately went in search of the latter.

"Col. Cahill of the Ninth, and Major Strong of Gen. Butler's staff, with four companies of the Ninth, went out on the main road in rear of two companies of the Ninth, deployed as skirmishers, and commanded by Capt. French of Butler's staff. Lieut.-Col. Fitz Gibbon and Major Frye, each with two companies of the Ninth, deployed to the right and left of the road. In this order, the line moved forward for two miles, when the enemy, comprising several companies of the Third Mississippi infantry, Brown's battery and Norman's cavalry—the whole force commanded by Lieut.-Col. Mellen of the

Third—were found drawn up in line of battle. A sharp fight ensued in which the rebels were beaten and driven to Camp Suggville, which our troops captured, together with the fine silk flag of the regiment. In this fight, Private John Leonard, Co. A, of the Ninth Connecticut, was wounded and the only man hurt. He was struck in the left arm, below the elbow. After this engagement, our troops returned to Pass Christian and camped there until the next morning, Nov. 5. * * * This morning (Nov. 5) the boys of the Ninth and of Everett's Massachusetts battery are feeling jubilant over the fight of yesterday, and well they may. * * * "

Another account states that the Third Mississippi "Kept up a constant fusilade as the Ninth advanced; but the latter fired one volley, and charged with an Irish 'Y-a-a-a-a-ah!' " when the defenders of the soil broke and ran to the woods. The victors scattered themselves through the comfortable camp, and made themselves at home. Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, (then a lieutenant), found in the commander's tent this dispatch to Gen. Lovell, (Confederate), at New Orleans: 'The Federals are landing in force. I shall defend the place. Have eight hundred infantry, two companies of cavalry, and two batteries." The ink was not dry when he was retreating, demoralized, in the direction of a force that had gone to recapture Biloxi.

"The camp was well provided and amply furnished; the officers' quarters even possessing a piano. They abandoned tents and equipage, arms and ammunition, food and everything else; and the Ninth loaded the transport with as much as they could carry back to the island. Next morning, they embarked; and, before leaving, a committee came down and expressed the thanks of the citizens for the good conduct of the soldiers during the night. The regiment returned to the island in high spirits, bearing among their trophies sundry wrought-iron bowie knives (one of them marked 'Yankee exter-

minator') and a beautiful silk flag (of the Third Mississippi), carried off in spite of the tearful protestations of the fair rebels who made it."

Col. John G. Healy, of New Haven, then a lieutenant in the Ninth, wrote the following little sketch of the Pass Christian affair shortly after: "A white flag was hung out of one house, but we took no notice of it, as it was not in the proper place. We started to go up to the dock, but went aground instead, so that the troops had to be landed in small boats. The first companies landed were sent out as skirmishers and on picket duty. As we landed before the color company, the Colonel ordered our company to take charge of the colors until the landing of that company. The Ninth formed in the principal street and awaited further orders. We very soon received information that the rebels were encamped within six miles of us. We procured a guide and started to meet them. We had marched some time when the pickets discovered them coming to meet us. We went on but a short distance further, when they fired a shell at us, but it did no damage. They had fired a few more shells, when our artillery came up and replied." The enemy soon fell back to a bridge where they intended to make a stand, but, as the same officer continues, "we soon routed them again, firing as we advanced. They attempted to destroy the bridge, but we were too close upon them. We fixed the bridge so that the artillery could pass, and then went on. Just before we had come to the bridge, one of our skirmishers came in and informed us that the rebels had a masked battery a short distance from the left of our company. At this time the company was in the woods in support of the skirmishers. I went to the main body of the regiment and informed Major Strong of what I had heard. He gave orders for us to charge the battery and capture it. I transmitted the order to the Captain and he immediately commanded: 'Double quick!' and you may well say it was quick. I never saw men rush for-

ward so in my life. But we were disappointed, for on reaching the place where we supposed the battery to be located, we found that it was only a kind of decoy. The rebels had felled some trees and put them together so that at a short distance away the structure looked as though constructed for a battery. We then marched by company front upon the camp of the rebels." In accordance with orders, this was afterwards burned.

Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, of New Haven, then a lieutenant, writing about the attack on the rebels at Pass Christian, says: "We were separated in columns of companies and attacked them from so many points that the enemy imagined we were a brigade. When we were close upon them, they broke and fled in disorder, leaving all their camp equipage in our possession. In this charge, my company had to cross a bayou over which we all attempted to leap, but only a little more than half our number got over with dry feet. Capt. Patrick Garvey and some of the men were compelled to climb the bank, while I and the other members of our company, who had cleared the stream, were in advance. Capt. Garvey shouted to me: 'Keep them at it!' So we rushed on and were the first to reach the rebel camp. I rushed to the deserted headquarters, and upon a table found the following dispatch: [See foregoing]. * * * I gave this dispatch to Col. Cahill in presence of Dr. Charles A. Gallagher and our chaplain, Father Mullen. The Colonel delivered it to Major Strong, who reported it to Gen. Butler. While we were attacking the left wing of the enemy, Capt. William Wright charged on their right and captured a new flag which had been presented the Third Mississippi the day before. This was one of the first flags captured by the Union troops during the war, and was sent North to become one of the attractions at the big Sanitary Fair held in New York city. I never saw such enthusiasm as that displayed in this charge on the rebel camp, every officer and man endeavoring to distin-

guish himself. All the prizes we could not carry away from the captured place, we burned. * * * We secured a quantity of note paper at the post office, with Confederate printed headlines. This was sent to our friends in the North and prized by them as souvenirs. We returned to Ship Island loaded down with trophies of war. All the troops rushed down to the landing and gave us a most welcome reception back home to the island."

Col. Cahill afterwards wrote concerning these events at Biloxi and Pass Christian: "While at this place, [Biloxi], we received reliable information that the enemy were encamped in some force, (two regiments, a battery and two companies of cavalry), at Pass Christian, some twenty miles distant. * * * Accordingly, on the night of the second day, we left Biloxi, and with the gunboats [*New London* and *Jackson*], sailed down the sound. A storm came up suddenly, and it being impossible to navigate in those waters, having no good pilots, we were obliged to come to anchor below Mississippi City, where, at an hour before daylight the next morning we were attacked by three rebel gunboats, the *Pamlico, Oregon,* and *Carondelet,* bringing eleven heavy guns into action. The *New London* and *Jackson,* however, came gallantly up to their work. * * * The anchors of the *Lewis* had got fouled in some way, and we experienced great difficulty in getting under way, being all the time under a very heavy fire. Accompanying us were two guns of the Sixth Massachusetts battery,—3-inch steel rifles—with which we kept up a rapid and accurate fire, damaging the enemy considerably.

"The enemy finding he was getting the worst of the fight, made for the shoals off Cat Island, where our gunboats could not follow, and escaped. All this occupied considerable time, and it was late in the afternoon before we could land the men and the two small guns. We got them all ashore by 6 p. m., and immediately moved on the enemy, whom we ascertained to be about three or four

miles from the landing. We found the enemy advancing in column, with artillery in front. We received the fire from his two pieces of artillery. I ordered a charge, and the enemy broke, and ran for a bridge across a creek in his rear, tearing up the bridge. After a short delay, we crossed and followed in pursuit, but being obliged to drag our guns by hand, we could not overtake him. We followed him to his camp, and destroyed and carried away all his camp and garrison equipage, remaining on the ground until 9 p. m."

In view of the results attained, Gen. Butler issued the following:

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF,
April 12, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 10.

The Major-General commanding desires publicly to testify his appreciation of the gallant courage and good conduct of the Ninth Connecticut Volunteers, Colonel Cahill commanding, and a section of the Sixth Massachusetts Battery, on a recent expedition to Biloxi and Pass Christian * * * .

Of their bravery in the field he felt assured, but another quality, more trying to the soldier, claims his admiration. After having been for months subjected to the privations necessarily incident to camp life upon this island, these well-disciplined soldiers, although for many hours in full possession of two rebel villages filled with what to them were most desirable luxuries, abstained from the least unauthorized interference with private property and all molestation of peaceful citizens. This behavior is worthy of all praise * * * .

The General commanding commends the action of the men of this expedition to every soldier in this department. Let it be imitated by all in the towns and cities we shall occupy, a living witness that the United States soldier fights only for the Union, the Constitution, and the enforcement of the laws.

By command of MAJ.-GEN. BUTLER,
GEORGE C. STRONG, *A. A. General.*

In its issue of April 30, 1862, the New Haven *Palladium* notes the fact that: "A member of the Ninth Connecti-

cut regiment, writing home to his wife, mentions that after the rout of the rebels at Pass Christian, a party [of the Ninth] proceeded to a small house to ascertain if refreshments of some kind could be obtained. At the house they recognized a woman there as an old acquaintance, who formerly resided in New Haven. The family were utterly destitute, and all [the men] could obtain was a drink of buttermilk. They paid her ten cents apiece for the buttermilk, and then distributed the crackers in their knapsacks to the children."

In a letter to Col. Cahill, in 1862, after the events at Biloxi and Pass Christian, Governor Buckingham of Connecticut, wrote: "It is hardly necessary for me to say that the conduct of your men meets my cordial approval, and I am proud of both officers and their command."

A circular issued to the Ninth, April 10, 1862, by the Colonel, states that "Sergeant Walter Maloney, of Co. A, and Sergeant Patrick Ingoldsby, of Co. C, are appointed color sergeants of this regiment, and will be exempt from all guard duty."

On April 10, 1862, Col. Cahill issued Regimental Order No. 20, from the camp of the Ninth on Ship Island. The order provided as follows:

First Lieutenant M. A. Williams, of Co. A, is hereby appointed to the office of captain, made vacant by the resignation of Captain John Duffy. Second Lieutenant John Cogan is appointed First Lieutenant, [vice] Williams, promoted. First Sergeant Farrell H. Gallagher, of the same company, is also appointed a second lieutenant, vice Second Lieutenant Cogan, promoted.

The above appointments will take effect from the date of Captain Duffy's discharge (April 10), and are subject to the confirmation of His Excellency, the Governor of the State of Connecticut, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

The following non-commissioned officers are hereby appointed in Co. A, the date of their appointment to take

effect from April 1, 1862, and will hereafter be obeyed and respected as such: For

First Sergeant, Thomas Starkey,
Second Sergeant, Michael Kennedy.
Third Sergeant, Joseph Gahagan.
Fourth Sergeant, William Scully.
Fifth Sergeant, Walter Maloney.

Quartermaster-Sergeant Nathan I. Bennett is also promoted acting First Lieutenant and Quartermaster of the regiment, vice Lieutenant W. W. Harrall, Quartermaster of the same, resigned. Sergeant Wright, of Co. I, is promoted Quartermaster-Sergeant, vice Bennett, promoted, and both will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

Quartermaster Bennett, appointed, will be subject to the confirmation of His Excellency, the Governor of the State of Connecticut.

First Sergeant Henry McKenna, of Co. C, is hereby appointed Second Lieutenant of the same company, vice Second Lieutenant John Shaw, resigned. The date of appointment to take effect from April 1, 1862, and subject to the confirmation of His Excellency, the Governor of the State of Connecticut, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly. The following named Sergeants are also appointed, and will be obeyed and respected in the same order in which they stand: For

First Sergeant, Dennis Gately.
Second Sergeant, Patrick Ingoldsby.
Third Sergeant, Bryan Donohue.
Fourth Sergeant, Peter Donnelly.
Fifth Sergeant, James Mullen.

The above appointments of non-commissioned officers to date from April 1, 1862.

Second Sergeant [J. B.] Prescott, of Co. K, is appointed First Sergeant of Co. F, vice First Sergeant Ryan, resigned.

Second Sergeant, Timothy Ryan.
Third Sergeant, Fred Jervis. [Jewett?]
Fourth Sergeant, Daniel Leahy.

who will be obeyed and respected accordingly. The date of their appointments will take effect from April 1, 1862.

* * * Third Sergeant Tallmadge, Co. K, is also appointed Second Sergeant in the same company, vice Prescott, promoted [to be First Sergeant of Co. F].

Gen. Butler tells of an amusing incident that happened while the Ninth was on Ship Island. He says, in substance, that one day a detail from the regiment was sent to the upper portion of the island to relieve a party from the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts, which was engaged cutting wood. It was foggy when they came to the place of meeting, and as the two bodies of men approached each other the first thought was that they must be Confederates, each party seeming so to the other. Both began to get ready for a fight, when a quick-witted Irishman of the Ninth exclaimed:

"Be me soul, Captain, I believe that these are the Twenty-sixth's boys. Let me find out; I will give the countersign!"

"The countersign?" exclaimed the officer, "What countersign have you?"

"Oh, aisy, Captain!" and he stepped forth and cried out: "Connecticut over the fence!"

The men on both sides broke out into roars of laughter, and all danger of a collision was averted.

On the morning of April 9, 1862, Gen. Butler had issued orders for a grand review that day, of all the troops on the island. The review ground was located about two and a half miles from the fort, and "east of the line of camps of the army." Gen. Butler and staff occupied a knoll in front of the centre of the line. At 2 p. m. the troops began moving forward in review. The line was made up as follows, the Ninth having the place of honor:

FIRST BRIGADE.

BRIG.-GEN. JOHN W. PHELPS.

Ninth Connecticut, Col. Thomas W. Cahill.
Twelfth Connecticut, Col. Henry C. Deming.
Eighth New Hampshire, Col. Hawkes Fearing, Jr.
Fourth Massachusetts Battery, Capt. Charles H. Manning.

First Vermont Battery, Capt. G. W. Duncan.
Second Vermont Battery, Capt. P. E. Holcomb.
Third Company Massachusetts Cavalry, Capt. H. A. Durivage.

SECOND BRIGADE.

BRIG.-GEN. THOMAS WILLIAMS.

Twenty-first Indiana, Col. James W. McMillan.
Twenty-sixth Massachusetts, Col. Edward F. Jones.
Thirty-first Massachusetts, Col. Oliver P. Gooding.
Sixth Michigan, Col. Fred W. Curtenius.
Fourth Wisconsin, Col. H. E. Paine.
Sixth Massachusetts Battery, Capt. Charles Everett.
Second Company Massachusetts Cavalry, Capt. James Magee.

THIRD BRIGADE.

COL. GEORGE F. SHEPLEY (TWELFTH MAINE) COMMANDING.

Twelfth Maine, Lieut.-Col. W. K. Kimball.
Thirteenth Maine, Col. Neal Dow.
Fourteenth Maine, Col. F. S. Nickerson.
Fifteenth Maine, Col. J. McClusky.
Thirtieth Massachusetts, Col. N. A. M. Dudley.
First Maine Light Battery, Capt. E. P. Thompson.
First Company Massachusetts Cavalry, Capt. S. Tyler Reed.

The whole force, including parts of the Seventh and Eighth Vermont regiments, numbered about 12,000 men. The review was an unqualified success, and was over at 4 p. m. This review was considered by the men to indicate that an important movement of some kind was about to take place, and so it proved.

Gen. Butler issued, on April 10, 1862, "General Orders No. 9," providing for the embarkation of troops, for the movement against New Orleans. They were to embark the next day, in the following order:

On board ship *Great Republic:* the Twenty-first Indiana, Fourth Wisconsin, and Sixth Michigan, regiments.

On board steamer *Mississippi:* Twenty-sixth and Thirty-first Massachusetts regiments, Brown's Sappers and Miners and the Sixth Massachusetts battery.

On steamer *Matanzas:* the Ninth Connecticut regiment and the Second Vermont battery.

On the *North America:* the Thirtieth Massachusetts regiment, Reed and Durivage's Massachusetts Cavalry, and the Fourth Massachusetts battery.

On ship *E. Wilder Farley:* the Twelfth Connecticut regiment.

Each regiment was ordered to "take three tents, and the detached companies of cavalry, artillery, and pioneers, one tent each. The remaining tents will be left standing. The troops will carry their camp kettles, mess pans, cups, plates, knives and forks, and each soldier his knapsack, overcoat, blanket, one extra shirt, one extra pair of drawers, one extra pair of shoes, canteens, and in his haversack four days' cooked rations. They will also take all the axes, hatchets, picks, shovels, and spades, they may have in possession. Officers' baggage will be limited to bedding and one valise, bag or knapsack. No trunks in any case to be taken. The remaining baggage of officers and men will be properly secured, as compactly as possible, marked, and turned over to the division quartermaster. Captains of companies will be held responsible that every soldier has in his cartridge box 40 rounds of ammunition. The troops will be inspected at 6 p. m., to-day, to see that this order has been complied with, as far as may be necessary at that hour, to insure promptness in the embarkation to-morrow. One non-commissioned officer for each regiment will be left behind to turn over the baggage, tents, etc., to the chief quartermaster."

The next day, April 11, a storm prevailed, and the

troops did not embark. They did begin embarking, however, on Tuesday morning, April 15. "All our boys," writes a participant, "seem much pleased at the prospect of a change of scene, and active service. Still, sweet memories of the island, so barren and desolate, and our home for 132 days, will ever remain with us. Since the first troops landed on this island, Dec. 4, 1861, to April 9, last, fifty men have died, and are buried there."

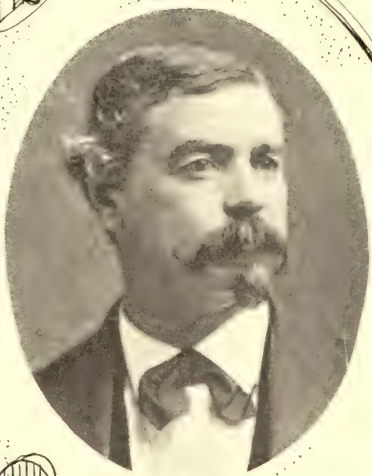
Shortly before the Ninth left Ship Island, Private Robert Walsh of Company E, was accidentally killed, being shot through the heart. He belonged in New Haven, and was a good soldier and comrade. His death was much regretted. The date of the fatality was April 14, 1862. Private Martin Burke, of Company B, was injured at Ship Island in February, 1862. He was of Cheshire, Ct. He recovered from his injury and was mustered out Oct. 26, 1864, his term of service having expired.

The embarkation of the troops was completed Wednesday forenoon. The transport fleet hauled out at 4 p. m., and anchored two miles off shore to await the darkness, so that further movements would be covered. The troops aboard—8,000 men—comprised the brigades of Generals Phelps and Williams. Quarters were provided aboard the *Mississippi* for Gen. Butler's family, and the steamer *Saxon* was headquarters ship for Butler and his staff. Gen. Phelps and staff had quarters aboard the *Matanzas* with the Ninth, while Gen. Williams and staff were quartered aboard the *Great Republic*. The Third Brigade remained on the island.

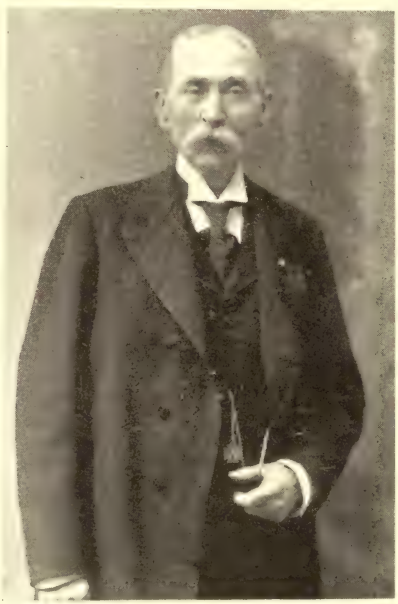
That night between 8 and 9 o'clock, the fleet weighed anchor and stood out to sea. The steamer *Matanzas*, with the Ninth aboard, was towing the *E. Wilder Farley;* the *Mississippi* had the *North America* in tow; and the gunboat *J. P. Jackson* had the *Great Republic*. The course taken was a little south of west.











STODDARD ENG. CO. NEW HAVEN. CONN.

Capt. Mch'l McCarten.
Capt. T. C. Coates.

Capt. Wm. Wright.
Capt. Patrick Garvey.

CHAPTER VII.

ARRIVAL OF THE NINTH AT THE SOUTH WEST PASS—UNDER FIRE AT THE ATTACK ON FORTS JACKSON AND ST. PHILIP—ENTERS THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS—PROCEEDS, LATER, TO CAMP PARAPET, UP THE RIVER—LEAVES THERE FOR THE CITY OF BATON ROUGE, THE CAPITAL OF LOUISIANA—ENGLAND'S ENMITY TO THE UNION.

THE trip of the *Matanzas*, with the Ninth on board, to the South West Pass, was devoid of special incident. The steamer continued towing the *E. Wilder Farley*, on which was the Twelfth Connecticut. Thursday morning, April 17, 1862, opened clear and warm. Officers and men of the Ninth were early on deck. At intervals, ships of the Union blockading squadron were sighted, while the coast line could be dimly seen just above the horizon.

As the *Matanzas* neared the Pass, the interest of those on board continued to increase. The gulf coast of Louisiana is not remarkable for attractiveness, but on this occasion every feature was noted with interest by the men aboard the ships. Arrived at the Pass, the Ninth had a view of the U. S. frigate *Colorado*, and the British frigate *Rinaldo*, anchored there. Entering the Mississippi, the great "Father of Waters," the Ninth beheld a desolate scene. The waters of the mighty river are of a yellowish hue which they assume after their confluence with the Missouri. This hue is caused by the mud brought down in such great volume that it tinges the fierce current of the river for several miles out into the Gulf. The bed of the Mississippi, near its mouth, is continually changing in character, forming new bars that puzzle and menace the pilots. It was these bars that so retarded Farragut in getting his big ships into the river,

and it was only after transferring the heavy batteries from the ships to lighters that he at length succeeded.

Crowded conditions prevailed aboard the *Matanzas.* Only 260 men could be accommodated below decks at a time and, therefore, the men had to sleep by reliefs, that is, a part at a time. On one occasion, the *Matanzas* took the *Great Republic* in tow, the latter being helpless owing to the loss of her rudder.

Sixty miles below New Orleans, then held by the rebels, and toward the mouth of the river, were Forts Jackson and St. Philip, strongly constructed and heavily armed by the Confederates, for the defence of the city. The rebels considered them impregnable, and believed they would prove an impassable barrier to any Union force attempting to come up the river from below. But in this they were mistaken, as the result proved. Some twenty-two miles below the forts, just mentioned, were the heads of the five passes of the Mississippi through which access could be had to the gulf. These passes were the South West, the South, the South East, the North East and Pass a la Outre. The largest and most utilized of these was the South West.

As the Ninth, aboard the steamer *Matanzas,* proceeded up the river, by way of the South West Pass, the men gazed upon the neighboring shores.

" Do you know of the dreary land,
  If land such region may seem,
Where 'tis neither sea nor strand,
Ocean, nor good, dry land,
  But the nightmare marsh of a dream?
Where the Mighty River his death-road takes,
'Mid pools and windings that coil like snakes,
A hundred leagues of bayous and lakes,
  To die in the great Gulf Stream?"

Pilot Town, a cluster of houses, was noted about two miles from the mouth of the river, and elicited much comment. The houses were all built on piles to keep them clear of the river. Here resided gulf and river pilots,

from whom the place derived its name. Nearby, stood a tower, 75 or 100 feet high, used by the pilots for keeping a watch on the river and gulf in search of vessels needing their services. A naval hospital was also located at this point. Anchored near Pilot Town were the barque *Almo* and the gunboat *Miami*. The Ninth continued up the river toward the head of the passes already mentioned. Not long after, could be heard the boom of the heavy guns of Farragut's fleet, including the mortars of Porter's flotilla, in their bombardment of Forts Jackson and St. Philip. A member of the Ninth, writing, after the war, of this period, says:

" * * * The facts, I believe, are these: Gen. Phelps being on board the *Matanzas* with the Ninth was extremely anxious to witness the bombardment of the forts and, pushing by Gen. Butler, moved up in their direction. Soon a solid shot came skipping across the bow of the *Matanzas*.

" 'Col. Cahill, what do you suppose they're firing for?' facetiously inquired the General.

" 'I don't know, sir!' replied the Colonel in the same vein.

" 'Nor I, either!' rejoined the General. 'Go on!'

"Butler is reported to have been very much offended at this action, but Phelps witnessed the fighting and enjoyed it like the veteran soldier that he was."

Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, of the Ninth, writes: "While we were on board the *Matanzas*, the latter was employed in towing many of the sailing vessels close up to the fleet. Two of Porter's mortar schooners were taken in tow by us after they had been disabled by the guns of the forts. The *Matanzas* was twice under the fire of both forts, and while we were making fast to the disabled mortar schooners, shots from the forts passed clear over the deck of our steamer. A large heavy chain which had been stretched across the river between the forts was cut in two by sailors of the fleet, and on April 23 Farragut

was all ready to run his fleet past the forts. As each vessel passed us, we knew that the great and final effort was about to take place. Darkness came on, but there was no sleep for soldier or sailor that eventful night. A red light had been hoisted at the masthead of the *Hartford*, Farragut's flagship. The forts commenced firing after midnight, and continued for some time. We, of the Ninth, could see the answering flames of fire from the sides of our fleet, the whole making an almost continuous blaze of light. We knew when our friends were past the forts by the flash and noise from above. In the morning, we were ordered to sail with the transports around to the rear of Fort St. Philip, and one regiment,—the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts—reached the river bank above. We were preparing to attack the forts when the latter surrendered. * * * We were then ordered to return on board our vessels, and sailed up to New Orleans."

So confident were the Confederates in the strength of the two forts that a New Orleans paper declared: "We have made such extensive preparations to receive them, [the Union forces], that it were vexatious if their invincible armada escapes the fate we have in store for it." Farragut's force comprised 47 armed vessels. The mortar boats, under Porter, took the lead, and on April 18, began the attack on Fort Jackson, and were supported by the gunboats. The forts were not at first much affected by this attack, and it was decided to run by them on the night of the 23d. It was a perilous undertaking. The night was an intensely dark one, and at 2 o'clock in the morning the daring passage began.

"Right abreast of the Fort
In an awful shroud they lay,
Broadsides thundering away,
And lightning from every port;
Scene of glory and dread!
A storm-cloud all aglow
With flashes of fiery red,
The thunder raging below,
And the forest of flags overhead!"



FARRAGUT PASSING FORTS JACKSON AND ST. PHILIP.

In addition to the opposition of the forts, Farragut also had to contend with a Confederate naval force, but was victorious against every odd. While the movement was in progress, Butler landed his troops and got them around to the rear of Fort St. Philip, thus bringing about a prompt surrender of that stronghold.

As soon as the news of the Confederate disaster reached New Orleans, a great panic ensued there. People fled from the city, cotton was got ready to be set on fire, some $4,000,000 in specie was removed from the banks, and other steps hastily taken. Upon the approach, April 25, of Farragut, Gen. Lovell, the rebel commander, and his forces deserted the city, the torch was applied to cotton on the levee and 15,000 bales were burned; also a large number of steamers, uncompleted gunboats and other vessels. Farragut kept the city under the guns of his fleet until May 1, when Gen. Butler took possession. The loss of New Orleans was a staggering blow to the rebels. Fort St. Philip had a record as a place of defence, previous to the construction of Fort Jackson. It was Fort St. Philip that, in the war of 1812-15, held an English naval force at bay for over a week and at last obliged it to retire down the river.

An exciting incident took place early on the morning of April 27. A spectator thus describes it: "At 3 a. m. everybody on board was aroused from his sleep, in a hurry, and rushed on deck to ascertain the cause. Looking up the river, we saw a large raft loaded with all sorts of combustible material coming down, whirling and twisting with the current. It had been sent down by the rebels and was only about three miles above us, and the glare sent up by this mass of burning stuff lighted up the surrounding country with the brightness of day. As it swept swiftly down, we could see that the raft was about 200 feet long by about 50 in width. It was piled high with what seemed to be pitch pine, and sent up smoke and flame to a height of about 40 feet. When the

raft was less than a mile from the line of gunboats, the *Jackson* slipped out and, under a full head of steam, dashed at the raft, striking it amidships and scattering the fire in all directions into the river. Lines were then hitched to the raft and, being towed to the west bank, it was grounded and allowed to burn itself out."

Passing up the river toward New Orleans, a soldier thus records what he saw: "Some time after leaving Quarantine, the scenery on both banks of the river began to change. In place of low, swampy lands, beautiful plantations began to appear. We saw people working in the fields, riding in carriages on the roads behind the levee, beautiful villas nestling in groves of fine trees. * * * Some of the plantations that we passed seemed deserted, as nobody could be seen. At one plantation, we saw about 50 negroes at work on what seemed to be sugar cane. All hands, even the overseer, stopped in their work to gaze at the Yankees. At intervals we passed a house upon which the white flag appeared. Again, we would pass a house which displayed a small flag—the Stars and Stripes—at door or window. Whenever this happened, there was tremendous cheering on board. About 4 p. m. we were up with a fine plantation, located on the east bank. The owner's residence, a beautiful white house with broad verandas about it, and embowered in a fine grove of trees, was thrown open and the verandas were occupied by the family. As we passed it, we were greeted with handkerchief waving, and, suddenly, out of the front door, appeared the Stars and Stripes. Our troops yelled, their delight was so great at this incident." At Chalmette, some miles below New Orleans, the rebels had constructed two batteries, one on each side of the river, but the guns of Farragut's ships easily knocked them to pieces. Another battery about a mile above Chalmette experienced a like fate.

Upon taking possession of New Orleans, Gen. Butler established his headquarters at the St. Charles Hotel.

Nearby was posted the Sixth Massachusetts battery and other troops. The populace was in an ugly mood and soon after his arrival, Butler decided to parade a regiment through the city as an object lesson. He selected the Ninth Connecticut, then quartered at the Reading Cotton Press, for this purpose, an honor the regiment duly appreciated. The command made a fine showing, and the effect on the belligerent populace was a salutary one.

While the Ninth was in New Orleans, at this time, Private Mark O'Neil, of Company D, while taking a walk in the city on the evening of May 4, 1862, was attacked and assassinated by thugs. He was in uniform at the time, and alone. When information of the murderous happening reached the quarters of the Ninth, the men of the latter became furious and evinced a desire to rush out and wreak vengeance for the loss of their comrade. They were finally quieted, however, by their officers. Private O'Neil belonged in New Haven and had enlisted Sept. 27, 1861.

When Butler took possession of the city he was confronted by many serious difficulties. The populace was sullen and, though not openly hostile, found many ways in which to show their dislike for the new-comers. Butler, however, was fully equal to the situation, as he abundantly demonstrated. Among the Confederate organizations in the city had been one known as the "Foreign Legion," which was promptly put out of service upon Butler's arrival.

England's enmity to the Union was well known, having been frequently displayed during the war. The Croffut-Morris work, speaking of the organization of the Thirteenth Connecticut, recalls that "England was just beginning to take sides with the Confederates; so the mustering-officer, in addition to the usual oath, bound the men to serve 'against England or any foreign power that may wage war against us.'"

In New Orleans at the time of Butler's advent was a

Confederate military company, composed of Englishmen. Parton, the historian, speaking of this company, says: "The British Guard consisted of fifty or sixty Englishmen, old residents of New Orleans, many of them men of large property and extensive business. On returning to their armory, late in the evening, after the disbanding of the Foreign Legion, they had held a formal meeting, at which it was voted to send their arms, accoutrements, and uniforms to the camp of General Beauregard. On learning this, a few days after the occupation of the city, General Butler sent for Captain Burrows, the commander of the company, who confessed the fact. The general then directed him to order his company to leave New Orleans within twenty-four hours; and declared his intention to arrest and confine in Fort Jackson any who should fail to obey the order. The violation of the law of neutrality had been clear and indefensible. These men had enjoyed for many years the protection of the United States government, under which they acquired wealth and distinction, and then embraced the first opportunity that had offered to give material aid to its enemies."

This action by Gen. Butler, as might be expected, called forth an exhibition of brazen effrontery from the acting British consul, who unblushingly declared that the enforcement of the order would "infringe the rights of British subjects residing in New Orleans."

But Butler replied: "I intend this order to be strictly enforced. I am content for the present to suffer open enemies to remain in the city of their nativity; but law-defying and treacherous alien enemies shall not."

The order was enforced. Every member of the English company got out of New Orleans, except the Captain and another, who soon found themselves incarcerated in Fort Jackson.

On another occasion an Englishman had boasted that he had challenged a Union officer to a duel, but that the latter had cowardly avoided the encounter. Butler heard

of the Englishman's boast and sent for him. After getting him to admit that he had lied when he made the boast, and that the latter had no basis in fact, Butler requested him to sign a paper to that effect. But the Englishman refused, saying in substance:

"You may fill my head with bullets, but I will never sign that paper!"

"Very well," nonchalantly replied Butler, and, turning to an officer, remarked: "Arrange to have the prisoner executed at sunrise. I am going to dinner."

And forthwith, the General left the apartment. He was gone but a short time, when a messenger came running up to him with the information that the Englishman had signed. So the latter's life was spared.

Speaking of the Trent case, and the Slidell-Mason affair, Boynton's *History of the Navy During the Rebellion* remarks that: "Almost as simultaneously as the telegraph could flash the account over the Kingdom, Great Britain blazed with excitement, and the real spirit of England was fully revealed. The feelings of hostility toward the North, which had been partially held in check for decency's sake, had now found an occasion and an excuse, if not a proper cause. It showed, in a manner that American statesmen would be wise to remember, even when it is forgiven, how, beneath all the friendly manifestations which lie on the surface, the old feeling of dislike and even animosity toward our country remains in the heart of England, so that a very slight cause will kindle it into a flame that will burn with all its former intensity of passion. England may respect us, may desire and seek our friendship; but while she remains as she now is, a country of *classes*, she cannot be a sincere and hearty friend."

Gen. Butler once expressed his opinion that we made a mistake in not accepting England's challenge at that time, even with civil war on our hand. "England of her own soldiers," said he, "has never had more than twenty-

five thousand men on any one battle-field. The time has gone past for buying Germans to fight her battles. We had more soldiers starve at Andersonville than England had men at Waterloo—and a large part of those at Waterloo were commanded by an Irishman. * * * Ninety days would have enlisted Irishmen enough to take Canada. * * * When patriotic Irishmen began to learn that there was a chance for war with England, they came to me in squads. And if I had said to them: 'Yes, I want you to march to Canada and take that first, and then for the western coast of Ireland, or against any Englishmen we can find against us down South,' I could have filled up not only one or two regiments in Massachusetts, but eight or ten."

Lossing, referring to England's sympathy for the South, observes that "The Confederates organized a navy department, and gave places to the officers who had deserted the National flag; but their means for the creation of a marine force were insignificant. So they looked to Europe for aid, and, in the greed of England for the 'supremacy of the seas,' they found a steadfast friend and a helper. The first formidable pirate ship put afloat was the *Sumter,* Capt. Semmes, whose destructive career was ended at the close of 1861. Meanwhile, arrangements were made by the Confederates with Laird, a member of the British Parliament and a ship-builder, at Liverpool, to construct several powerful steamships for their use. The *Oreto* (afterward *Florida*) was soon at sea, and, in September, 1862, she ran the blockade at Mobile under English colors. She went to sea again in December, and made havoc among American merchantmen. She was never again in a Confederate port, but always found a welcome in British colonial harbors.

"Semmes was soon in command of a powerful vessel, built by Laird, called the *Alabama.* She was essentially a British pirate ship, with a Confederate commander and flag; and she fulfilled the expectations of the British ship-

ping interest, by frightening American commerce into British vessels, and giving them a monopoly of the carrying trade. She always avoided our national vessels sent after her. She was finally blockaded in the French port of Cherbourg, by the *Kearsarge*, Captain Winslow. The French Government ordered the pirate to leave their waters. She went out on the 15th of June, 1864, met the *Kearsarge*, and, after a short conflict, was sent to the bottom of the sea. Her commander and others were picked up by an English vessel in attendance, which carried them to England to save them from their conqueror."

The *Alabama*, says Lossing, "was built, armed, and furnished in England, and almost wholly manned by British subjects, several of them from the Royal navy. She sailed out of England under a British flag, and was always welcomed into British ports. And before she went into battle with the *Kearsarge*, her commander, in a little speech to her officers and crew, repeated the words of Lord Nelson, '*England* expects every man to do his duty!' She was not allowed to carry her prizes into British ports, and so her commander generally plundered and burnt them at sea. The *Alabama* captured and destroyed 64 American vessels." The estimated value of property destroyed by the pirate was $10,000,000.

The Rev. Frederic Denison, in his *History of The Third Rhode Island*, states that: "However others may, we certainly never shall forget how, through English sympathy and English capital, the slaveholders' Rebellion was encouraged and strengthened and prolonged. * * * We were obliged to contend with English sentiments and English guns. After due consideration we have credited the toil, treasure and blood of the last two years of the war to England—a heavy account certainly. * * * As John Bull selfishly, if not madly, gored us in the hour of our calamity and affliction, we shall claim the right of remembering our wounds in the years of our prosperity."

The Ninth remained in New Orleans but a few days,

at this time, being then transferred to Camp Parapet, about seven miles above the city. This fortified camp had constituted one of the defences of New Orleans, and comprised fine earthworks, some two and a half miles in length. The rebels had mounted twenty-nine guns in the place.

During the stay of the Ninth in New Orleans, it was thus referred to, May 3, 1862, by the *Evening Delta* of that city: "A regiment of soldiers this morning took up their line of march, apparently towards the Jackson Railroad station. The crowd that followed them was much larger than any we have yet seen upon the streets upon any similar occasion. We think that this idle curiosity displayed by our citizens has had sufficient vent, and it is high time that orderly people were betaking themselves to indoor amusements. If they have nothing to do, let them stay at home, avoid the sun, and preserve their health." From which, the temper of the *Delta* could be readily judged.

Corporal Peabody of the Fourth Massachusetts battery, already quoted, writes in his diary, under date of May 5, 1862: "Monday. Weather clear and hot. * * * After dinner an up-river movement began. The Ninth and Twelfth Connecticut, except one company of the Ninth, embarked on the steamship *Mississippi*, and, about 2 p. m., sailed for Carrollton, some miles north of the city. Shortly after the departure of the big steamship, the river steamer *Diana* hauled into Pier 17 [New Orleans], and taking on the baggage and guard of the troops just gone, cast loose about 4 p. m., and proceeded up-river. About 4.30 o'clock, the river steamer *Ceres* hauled into Pier 17 to take on board our battery. Depositing knapsacks, haversacks and canteens on the middle deck, we returned to the pier and began loading battery; this work we completed about 6 p. m. At 6.15, lines were cast loose and we started up-river. We had a fine view of the river up and down for several miles.

* * * All along the levee in the city, were river steamers, some partially burned and many others burned to the water's edge. * * * About 7 p. m., we passed the beautiful town of Carrollton, on the east bank of the river, and about five miles above New Orleans. Fifteen or twenty minutes later, we reached Camp Parapet, two miles above Carrollton. * * * Here we found the *Mississippi*, anchored out in the river, and the *Diana* at the levee and tied up. The *Ceres* also hauled into the levee at the stern of the *Diana* and made fast for the night."

The next morning, May 6, 1862, the *Diana* was busily engaged transferring the Ninth and Twelfth Connecticut regiments from the *Mississippi* to the shore. The Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery landed from the *Ceres*. By noon, nearly all the property of the Ninth regiment was on shore. The troops, numbering about 2,000 men, went into camp, the line being made up as follows, from right to left: The Ninth Connecticut on the extreme right on the low ground toward the Matarie Ridge road. Then came, in line, the Third section of the Massachusetts battery, under Lieut. Taylor; the Second section, under Lieut. Davidson; the Twelfth Connecticut regiment; and then the First section of the battery. This section was located in a charming orange grove. The entire force was commanded by Gen. Phelps, who had established his headquarters in the rear of the Twelfth Connecticut. Gen. Phelps' staff was made up as follows: First Lieut. Alfred G. Hall, Ninth Connecticut, A. D. C., and acting assistant adjutant-general; Surgeon William B. Brownell, Twelfth Connecticut, medical director; First Lieut. Erwin U. N. Hitchcock, Seventh Vermont, A. D. C.; First Lieut. Frank Wells, Thirteenth Connecticut, quartermaster and commissary; First Lieut. George W. Potter, Twelfth Connecticut, provost marshal.

The fortifications of Camp Parapet extended from the river to a point in the swamps between Matarie Ridge

road and Lake Ponchartrain. The rebel garrison had consisted of Louisiana troops. Across the river on the west bank the enemy had also constructed a redoubt, mounting six guns. Previous to vacating Camp Parapet, they had dismounted and spiked the guns and thrown fifteen of them into the river. The gun carriages had been set on fire, and the platforms and traverses smashed. A huge raft had previously been constructed, and stretched across the river as an adjunct to the fortifications to prevent Davis' fleet and Halleck's troops from getting by from above. But the Federal forces had attacked the rebels in the rear and compelled them to abandon the works.

The location of the Ninth at Camp Parapet was less desirable than the ground occupied by the other organizations, but the men made the best of their surroundings and improved their quarters as much as circumstances would permit. The water of the Mississippi was generally used for washing and cooking purposes, and though yellow in hue, it was found to be clean and quite cold. The Ninth had a good view of vessels going up or down the river, and this added variety to the scene. On the afternoon of May 7, the steamer *Diana*, which had gone down to New Orleans, returned, bringing Weitzel's company of Pioneers to camp. There was already considerable sickness at Camp Parapet, and the chief trouble being diarrhœa, attributed largely to the river water. On Sunday afternoon, May 18, Gen. Butler and his staff passed through the camp.

Capt. Michael McCarten, of Co. C, of the Ninth, had resigned April 15, 1862. He was one of the most popular officers in the regiment, and his departure was very generally regretted. He resigned on account of the serious illness of his wife, her physician expressing the opinion that if the captain did not soon return home she would not live. Capt. McCarten felt very badly over this piece of information, and received much sympathy from

his brother officers. He wrote out his resignation and tendered it. After some difficulty, it was accepted, and he made preparations to leave. This was shortly before the Ninth left Ship Island for the South West Pass.

Lieut. John G. Healy, of the Ninth, had been promoted in April, and succeeded Capt. McCarten, as captain of Co. C, of the regiment. While at Camp Parapet, in May, Capt. Healy was ordered to take a detail and proceed to the Court House in Carrollton. Information had been received that some boxes of arms and ammunition had been stored in the Court House, by the enemy, and Capt. Healy was directed to get possession of these. He accordingly selected fourteen men and marched to the place, entered the village, and, followed by a large crowd, proceeded to the building just mentioned. Arriving at the Court House, he posted a guard to keep back the crowd, and then entered the building. A thorough search was made, but nothing in the line of war material was found, save a number of empty musket boxes. Capt. Healy next visited the jail to ascertain the number of prisoners. He found twenty-three confined there, but as none had been locked up for political offences, he did not release any. Capt. Healy discovered two men in the village with loaded muskets. He took these muskets away from them, and let the two men go.

Corporal Michael P. Coen, of Company F, of the Ninth, writing home to Waterbury, from Camp Parapet, May 24, 1862, informs his relatives that "We have got a full suit of new clothes here now, of a style similar to those of Gen. Thomas Francis Meagher's Irish Brigade, —sky blue overcoats, dark blue or black dresscoats, blue trousers with a green stripe, high black dress hats with a pair of green tassels, a green scarf of silk around the waist, besides our belts," etc.

On May 21, 1862, Adjutant Alfred G. Hall, of the Ninth, who was then acting assistant adjutant-general on the staff of Gen. Phelps, started for Lake Ponchar-

train, accompanied by Corporal W. M. Peabody of the Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery. They set out on horseback at 7 a. m., and reached the lake about two hours later. The scenery at this point was beautiful, and the place had been a popular Summer resort. Lake Ponchartrain is some forty miles long by twenty-five miles in width, forming a magnificent sheet of water. Here Adjutant Hall and Corporal Peabody separated, the former embarking for Ship Island, and the Corporal returning to Camp Parapet with the horses. The Fifteenth Maine regiment landed at Camp Parapet May 31.

The same day, the Ninth Connecticut began embarking at 10 a. m., enroute to Baton Rouge. The regiment and its camp equipage was all aboard about 4 p. m., lines were cast off and the two steamers conveying the Ninth and its appurtenances headed up the river.

Baton Rouge is about 123 miles above where Camp Parapet was located. A good idea of the scenes along the route is given by a soldier, who went up the river some weeks after the Ninth. He says: "About 6 a. m., passed Kenner, a small town on the east bank of the river, eleven miles above Camp Parapet. About 2 p. m., we were up with the beautiful town of Donaldsonville, on the west bank, fifty-four miles by river from Camp Parapet. All the way to this point we had seen fine plantations, but about this vicinity the scenery was magnificent, surpassing anything we had heretofore witnessed on the river. All nature is smiling on magnificent fields of cotton and sugar cane, while the white villas of the planters, snugly ensconced among fine and cool-looking groves, and the plantation hands, working in the fields, would almost lead one to believe that profound peace reigned in the land. But after a glance inboard, the sight of a 12-pounder cannon looking you in the face changes your thoughts." Baton Rouge is located on the east bank of the river, and was then a place of some 7,000 people, and the capital of the State of Louisiana. It is built mainly

on a bluff, the latter extending from a point about ten miles below the city to Port Hudson, many miles above. The capitol building, or State House, was quite an imposing structure, with handsome grounds. The building had been set on fire by the enemy, on the approach of the Union forces, and badly damaged. Brig.-Gen. Thomas Williams took possession of the city, for the Union, May 10, 1862. At the time the Ninth arrived in Baton Rouge, there were two churches there, a Catholic and a Presbyterian. The former was built of brick, in Gothic style. A rectory adjoined it, and, as was stated at the time, "the reverend father is at home to all visitors."

CHAPTER VIII.

THE NINTH'S HEAVY LOSSES NEAR VICKSBURG, MISS.—GREAT SUFFERING WHILE AT WORK ON THE "CUT-OFF" CANAL—THE BATTLE OF BATON ROUGE—COL. CAHILL OF THE NINTH ASSUMES COMMAND OF THE UNION FORCES ON THE DEATH OF GEN. WILLIAMS—HIS OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE ENGAGEMENT—THE REBELS ARE DEFEATED.

THE city of Vicksburg, Miss., located at a bend on the east side of the Mississippi, above Baton Rogue, La., had been strongly fortified by the rebels. It commanded the river at that point and blockaded navigation up and down. Heavy batteries had been erected on the bluffs overlooking the river.

The Union commanders decided to reopen navigation by cutting a canal across the peninsular at Vicksburg, thus changing the course of the river, isolating the city and enabling the Union forces to avoid the batteries of the enemy.

The Ninth Connecticut was a part of the expeditionary force, under Gen. Wiliams, for this purpose. Under date of Baton Rouge, June 17, 1862, Col. Cahill issued a regimental order to the Ninth, covering the embarkation of the command. This order provided that the latter should go aboard as follows:

On the steamer *Diana:* the Field and Staff; Band and Field Music; Company D, Company E, Company F, Company I.

On steamer *Burton:* Company B, Company C, Company G; Capt. Wright of Company G, to be in command.

On steamer *Sallie Robinson:* Company A, Company K, Company H; Capt. Sawyer of Company H, to be in command.

Says the Croffut-Morris work: "Coming in sight of batteries which the rebels had posted here and there to command the river, the infantry would go ashore and attack by land on the flank, driving the enemy from the position, and enabling the fleet to pass up. The Ninth was several times engaged in these operations, and rendered much service. The vessels went to the very guns of Vicksburg, when the brigade was landed on the west side of the river, and advanced to Young's Station, opposite the city.

"Here Commodore Farragut had already arrived, and had set large numbers of soldiers and negroes at work digging the famous canal for a new channel of the river; and the regiment of Williams' brigade at once joined enthusiastically in the excavation for the cut-off. Col. Cahill of the Ninth was the ranking colonel, and commanded in the absence of Gen. Williams.

"Here the Ninth again suffered greatly. There was nothing to eat for weeks but pork and hard-tack; no water to drink but the muddy water of the Mississippi. The swamp reeked with malaria, and the men slept upon the mud. The supply of quinine, that panacea for all the soldier's aches and ills, was exausted; there was little medicine of any sort. Requisitions were sent as far as New Orleans; but the medical Dogberry declined to honor them on the ground of 'irregularity.' Almost the whole of the Ninth regiment was at one time on the sick-list with fever caused by exposure and privation. The poor fellows died sometimes at the fearful rate of a score a week; and out of the * * * Connecticut members present, the state catalogue of troops shows that one hundred and fifty-three died during this season, —a mortality not equalled by any other of our regiments within a similar period.

"After a month of this deadly service, the engineers discovered that the water was falling and would not flow through their canal; and the work was abandoned.

Williams' brigade returned down the river again about the 1st of August; Breckinridge pursuing along the shore. On the boat *Algerine* left behind were three hundred sick, in charge of Surgeon Gallagher of the Ninth. * * * "

One of the Ninth's officers, in a brief sketch of the regiment some years ago, speaking of the period of which we are treating, states that "In June the Ninth joined the expeditionary corps under Gen. Thomas Williams, for the destruction of 'Camp Moore.' From this place the regiment went to a point on the Mississippi river opposite Vicksburg, and on June 25th was put to work, with other regiments, in cutting the famous canal which was expected to isolate Vicksburg by diverting the river away from its wharves and rendering them unapproachable to shipping. During the continuance of this work, a force of twenty picked men, under Capt. Healy and Lieutenant Patrick T. Claffee, [both of Co. C.], was crossed over the river under cover of darkness, and remained in the swamp under the guns of Vicksburg for eight days. The work was finally abandoned as not feasible, though not until the Ninth had suffered severe loss from the terrible exposure of the men."

Col. Cahill, of the Ninth, wrote: "When Gen. Williams prepared to go up the river, I was taken from Gen. J. W. Phelps' command, then at Camp Parapet, and ordered to report to Gen. Williams and with him occupied Baton Rogue; made the summer campaign of 1862 up the river, landing at Grand Gulf and other points, driving the enemy from his works, and went into position before Vicksburg, acting in connection with Admiral Farragut in the first siege of that place."

"Early in June," writes Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, "the Ninth went on an expedition to West Baton Rouge and spent two days on the plantation of Col. Allen (Confederate). We returned to Baton Rouge, and June 18, started on the expedition to Vicksburg. Our steamers



Capt. Lawrence O'Brien.

would travel by day, and put into shore for the night. On June 24, we landed below Ellis Cliffs, to attack a battery which annoyed our boats as they passed. On our approach, the enemy ran away and we went in pursuit, bent upon capturing the battery. The march in the heat was very distressing upon all engaged. Next day we went up Bayou Pierre and marched around to the rear of Grand Gulf, a place the enemy had fortified, but here, also, he decamped, going on a train. We got sight of the train and would have captured it, but for the over-caution of the General in halting more than an hour on the appearance of a small body of the enemy's cavalry. The latter had been surprised while foraging on a plantation which was well stocked. These cavalrymen quickly decamped.

"While we were waiting, Nims' battery furnished amusement, racing with the horses and mules of the plantation. The men had the most difficulty after mounting the mules to stay on their backs. It was midday and the sun was intensely hot, but the colored people were of great service to us, helping to get good drinking water. The march was a circuit of fifteen miles, the most part being through wild cane fields and we were very tired when we reached Grand Gulf. It was night, and when all our people were on board, the town was set on fire and as we left it, the blaze lighted up the country for miles."

Speaking of the Ninth's heavy loss by disease at Vicksburg, Capt. O'Brien states: "We could not give a funeral escort to the dead; the few who were able to do guard and picket duty could not attend to any extra duty. Gen. Williams was not in sympathy with his men. He exacted the most rigid discipline. Notwithstanding the great amount of sickness prevailing, he ordered the brigade to parade every day, in marching order, with knapsacks packed. I saw men drop out of the line exhausted, and when we returned many of them would

be dead. This drill and parading was done when the thermometer registered 110 to 115 in the shade."

The Ninth lost a valuable officer, July 21, 1862, by the death of First Lieut. Frederick M. Fairchild of Bridgeport. He belonged to Company K, and had enlisted into the regiment Feb. 18, 1862. He had previously been first sergeant of Company H, First Connecticut regiment.

The Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery did not accompany the Ninth regiment to Vicksburg, but remained with other organizations at Baton Rouge. We quote from the diary of Corporal Peabody. Writing under date of July 26, 1862, he says: "Saturday. At a very early hour this morning, the expedition commanded by Gen. Williams arrived from Vicksburg, Miss., on the steamers *Sallie Robinson, Diana, Louisiana Belle,* and *N. Burton.* The troops that came down on these steamers were the Seventh Vermont, Ninth Connecticut, Thirtieth Massachusetts and Fourth Wisconsin regiments, the Second Massachusetts battery and two sections of the Sixth Massachusetts battery. About 6 o'clock, these troops began disembarking and moved to their respective camps. Officers and men all look as if they had seen hard service, and many of them are sick from disease contracted while digging the cut-off on the point of land opposite Vicksburg. Between 11 and 12 a. m., Farragut's fleet arrived down from the same place and anchored in the river in front of the city. This strong reinforcement to this garrison, causes considerable excitement among the population of the city, who have been on the streets from an early hour this morning watching every move of our troops. Teams have been driving through the streets all day, conveying to the different camps the equipage of the troops just arrived. To-night our troops are distributed as follows: The Sixth Michigan, Fourth Wisconsin, Ninth Connecticut, and Fourteenth Maine regiments occupy the barracks. The Thirtieth Massachu-

setts regiment occupies the State Capitol. The Twenty-first Indiana and Seventh Vermont regiments, with the Second and Sixth Massachusetts batteries and Magee's Massachusetts cavalry, are encamped near Magnolia cemetery. Gen. Williams has re-occupied the commandant's house at the arsenal and has assumed command of the post.

"July 31, [1862], * * * The troops arrived promptly, [at the race course, Baton Rouge], and line being formed at once, at 7 a. m. we moved forward in review. The troops in line, from right to left, were the Sixth Michigan, Fourth Wisconsin, Twenty-first Indiana, Ninth Connecticut, Seventh Vermont, Fourteenth Maine, and Thirtieth Massachusetts regiments; the Second, Fourth, and Sixth Massachusetts batteries; also a section of small guns attached to the Twenty-first Indiana regiment, manned by their own men under the command of Second Lieut. James H. Brown, of Company F; and Magee's company of Massachusetts cavalry. Review ended, inspection followed, this duty being performed by Gen. Williams, most thoroughly. * * * "

"August 1, Friday. Day opened fine. At 5 a. m., battery harnessed and marched to the race-course for drill and inspection. The regiments turned out in small force this morning. Not a regiment of infantry present with over 200 men, the Fourth Wisconsin being the smallest, numbering 60 men. Two sections represent the Second Massachusetts, and one section the Sixth Massachusetts, battery. * * *

"August 2. Saturday. Morning came in pleasant. At 5 a. m., battery * * * marched to the race-course for inspection and drill. Passed the Fourth Wisconsin, Sixth Michigan and Ninth Connecticut marching out. These regiments turn out a small number of men this morning, owing to the prevalence of sickness. Arriving on the ground promptly on time, we found Gen. Williams and staff already there. Line was quickly formed, the

review was of short duration and then inspection was held. Inspection over, the troops were drilled in various evolutions under the eye of the General, until 7 a. m., when all were dismissed to camp. * * * Sickness among the troops here is very prevalent and several soldiers die each day. Nearly one-half of this garrison is in the hands of surgeons. Rumors fill the air that a force of rebels, from 7,000 to 10,000 strong, is advancing from Camp Moore, to attack this post. Should the rumors prove true and the 'Johnnies' capture us, they will not only get the troops, but $2,000,000 of government property. Gen. Williams is expecting something as he keeps out on all roads strong scouting parties. In order to be prepared for all emergencies, the Thirtieth Massachusetts regiment, 350 men, was ordered from the State House this p. m., to a camp in the suburbs. In the barracks, the troops are held in readiness to move in a moment. Such is the vigilance of our post commander.

"August 4. Monday. Troops called to arms at 1 o'clock this morning. * * * Under arms until sunrise, but no enemy appearing the line was dismissed. * * * At sunset a negro came in and reported to Gen. Williams that a force of the enemy, about 8,000 strong, was encamped at Corinth bridge, on the Clinton road, ten miles from the city, and would surely attack his troops in the morning. To-night the weather is fine. Everything is perfectly quiet about our lines and in the city. There is no excitement among our soldiers, although most all are expecting to be attacked, within a few hours, by a force almost three times our strength. Of about 5,000 troops here, nearly one-half are in the hospitals. To assist us in the coming battle we have three gunboats. * * * "

The Confederate force to attack Baton Rouge was commanded by Major Gen. John C. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, who had been vice-president of the United

States. His force was divided into two divisions, the first being commanded by Brig. Gen. Charles Clark, of Mississippi, and the second by Brig. Gen. Daniel Ruggles, "a renegade native of Massachusetts and an old army officer." The Confederate troops comprised regiments from Alabama, Mississippi, Kentucky, Tennessee and Louisiana. They left Camp Moore, eighty miles away, July 29, 1862, and advanced to the attack. Aug. 4, they arrived at Corinth bridge, ten miles away.

At daylight on the morning of Aug. 5, 1862, the battle of Baton Rouge began. Gen. Williams was killed during the engagement and the command of the Union forces thereupon devolved on Col. Cahill of the Ninth, Lieut. Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon commanding the regiment. The following is Col. Cahill's official report of the battle:

BATON ROUGE, August 9, 1862.

To Captain R. J. Davis, A. A. General, Department of the Gulf:—

SIR—Being called to the command of the force at Baton Rouge, on the occasion of the action August 5, by the unfortunate death of General Williams, it becomes my duty to report the circumstances of the glorious victory. Rumors of the advance of the enemy in heavy force had prevailed for some days. On the afternoon of August 4, General Williams called the attention of the commandants of regiments and batteries to the probability of an attack at an early hour in the morning. The Fourteenth Maine, Col. A. Nickerson; the Twenty-first Indiana, under Lieut. Col. Keith; the Sixth Michigan, under Acting Lieut. Col. Clark; and the Seventh Vermont, Col. Roberts, were encamped, the first with its right resting on the intersection of the Greenwell Springs road, and fronting on a road running to the intersection of the Bayou Sara and Clinton roads. These encampments were in heavy timber. The Twenty-first Indiana were encamped on about the same line front, and on the right of the Greenwell Springs road. On nearly the same line front, but still further to the right, at the intersection of the Clay Cut and Perkins roads, were the Sixth Michigan.

The Seventh Vermont were some distance to the rear, and between the Sixth Michigan and Twenty-first Indiana, with the camp fronting the city. Everett's battery, under Lieut. Carruth, was in bivouac, on the right of the Fourteenth Maine, and on the right of the Twenty-first Indiana. Still further to the right were the guns in charge of the Twenty-first Indiana. On the extreme right, the guns of Nims' battery, under Lieut. ———, were brought into position early in the action on the right. The Thirtieth Massachusetts, under Colonel Dudley, were brought up from their quarters in the Capitol on the night of the 4th, and took position on the left of the Sixth Michigan. On the extreme left, in advance of the left bank of the Bayou Gap, with an oblique front towards the intersection of the Bayou Sara and Clinton roads, with two pieces of Manning's battery, were the Ninth Connecticut and Fourth Wisconsin. The remaining guns of Manning's battery were in position on the right bank of the bed of Bayou Gap. This was the real line of defence for the left flank, covering the north and east of the arsenal grounds. General Williams, in his instructions to myself and Lieut. Col. Bean, commanding 4th Wisconsin Volunteers, was very clear and positive in his orders to hold this position at all hazards, as he anticipated the enemy would advance (under cover of the fire from the ram *Arkansas*, with the gunboats from the Red river), through the open grounds of the Sawmill and Dougherty's Plantation, and take possession of the Manae ground. The above mentioned advance on the left bank of the Bayou was only ordered by General Williams, after a lengthy consideration, on the evening of the 4th instant, with the intention of checking an advance on the same position by the Bayou Sara and Clinton roads; and for that reason we only brought forward the light howitzers of Manning's battery to the advance positions, leaving the heavy guns on the original line.

At early daylight on the morning of August 5, the enemy threw his whole force on the camps of the Fourteenth Maine, Twenty-first Indiana and Sixth Michigan, with the batteries attached to each regiment. These troops stood their ground nobly, meeting the tremendous force thrown upon them with unflinching bravery. On looking over the battle ground since the engagement, I cannot conceive how it was possible for so many men to

have been engaged in so small a space of ground. The attack was nearly simultaneous; but the first fire in line from the enemy's right was directed on the Fourteenth Maine, and was instantly answered by that regiment by a solid line volley, which must have done terrible execution. The companies of the Twenty-first Indiana, which were in the advance as pickets, had fallen back in order. The whole regiment advanced toward the Magnolia cemetery, and east of it. At this time Major Hayes was seriously wounded, and was taken from the field. The regiment worked, advancing and retiring, and changing front as the enemy showed himself through the smoke. At nearly the close of the action Lieutenant Colonel Keith, commanding the regiment, had to leave the field, badly wounded, leaving the regiment, without a field officer, in command of Capt. Grimsey. It was at this stage of the battle that General Williams fell, mortally wounded. He had just said to the men of the Twenty-first, "Boys, your field officers are all gone. I will lead you." The men answered with three cheers for the General. The sounds had scarcely died away when he fell. The General had previously issued an order for the line to fall back, and the artillery having done so the regiments retired in good order to the positions now occupied. For details of movements and conduct of the regiments and batteries, I would refer you to the accompanying reports. I will only trespass on the patience of the commanding General further to say what the officers commanding regiments and corps cannot say for themselves—that more undaunted bravery, coolness and skill, in the handling of their commands, has not been displayed on any battle field than on that of Baton Rouge and that, too, by officers who never before handled troops in a fight. From the 21st Indiana and 6th Michigan myself, in common with others, expected a great deal, and were not disappointed, but when I look back a few short months, and bring to my mind the arrival of the 14th Maine at Ship Island, and to-day consider the work done by that regiment in the action, the smoothness and steadiness of its evolutions on difficult ground and under fire from the veterans of the Confederate service, I can only say that, for his efforts in building up his regiment, the most serious task of a commander, and his conduct in the field, Col. Nickerson, of the 14th Maine, deserves

the highest praise. To the impetuous Lt. Col. Keith, of the 21st Indiana, no words of mine can do justice. He was everywhere, in every place, working his men through tents, trees and underbrush like a veteran, and when seriously wounded and [about to be] taken from the field he would not give up, but moved around among his officers and men, counselling and assisting in everything, to the injury and irritation of his wounds. Col. Roberts, of the 7th Vermont, fell mortally wounded, and has since died. He was a gentleman of a generous nature and of cultivated mind.

Col. Nickerson, of the 14th Maine, had his horse shot from under him by a discharge of grape. He sprang from under his dying steed, and waving his sword, called upon his men for one more charge. The men sprang forward, with three roaring cheers, and drove back the advancing foe. At this time the gallant Captain French, of Company K, 14th Maine, received his terrible wound. The charge was made in the presence of Gen. Williams, who complimented the men very highly. Captain French was placed on board the unfortunate steamer *Whitman*, and was lost when she went down. His name deserves special mention. The conduct of the officers and men of the several batteries was everything that could be looked for by the commanding General. The various batteries were very much reduced by sickness and deaths, and, even with the assistance of details from the infantry, were worked short-handed. Lieutenant Hall, in command of the second piece of Nims' battery, wishes special mention made of the successful rally by men of the Twenty-first Indiana and three men of the Ninth Connecticut, who, with the assistance of Private Tyler, who left his sick bed and acted as sergeant, gunner, etc., and Privates Shield and Clogston, as also Sergeant Cheever, who left the hospital sick to do his duty, rallied and brought off the gun, when every man and horse was shot down and the piece in the hands of the enemy. The names of the privates of infantry engaged in this gallant exploit will be forwarded as soon as ascertained. The Ninth Connecticut and Fourth Wisconsin Volunteers were brought up from their position early in the action, and were placed, by General Williams' order, in line across the grounds of the Orphan asylum, immediately in rear of the camps of the Twenty-first Indiana and Fourteenth Maine. The

regiments moved with alacrity and obeyed all orders promptly.

Captain Silas W. Sawyer, of Company H, Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, deserves mention for his bold reconnoissance on the morning of the 6th. Going out on the Bayou Sara road three miles, and finding no trace of the presence of the enemy, he took a cattle path through the woods, coming out on the Clinton road beyond the original line of our pickets. He scoured the country to Reed's plantation, in scouting around which he found one of the enemy's caissons, near by another, and in a short time he discovered all four. Crossing over to Bernard's plantation, he found another and a damaged ambulance. Returning to headquarters, he proceeded, by order of Colonel Paine, commanding a detachment of men and horses from Manning's battery, and a platoon of his own company, and brought them in. In conclusion I would beg leave to call the attention of the General commanding to the services of Lieut. Henry H. Elliott, Ninth New York Volunteers, lieutenant and acting assistant adjutant on General Williams' staff. Of his coolness and intrepidity in action every officer in the action can bear witness, as also to the still more trying duties of the details of his official business. I am under deep obligations to him for his cheerful and zealous services for the time I remained in command. I enclose copies of correspondence between myself and Lieut. Elliott. Colonel McMillan, of the Twenty-first Indiana, has been unwell for some time. His counsel and advice have been freely offered on every occasion. All of which is respectfully submitted.

THOMAS W. CAHILL,

Colonel Commanding at Baton Rouge.

The loss of the Ninth in this engagement was 1 killed, 9 wounded, and 4 missing—14. Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon, who commanded the Ninth during the conflict, made a report to Adjutant General J. D. Williams, of Connecticut, of the part taken by the regiment in the battle. This report is dated "Baton Rouge, La., Aug. 9th, 1862," and reads as follows:

"In accordance with General Orders No. 2, I herewith submit my report of the engagement of the 5th inst. About three o'clock on the morning of the 5th inst., the 9th Regiment Conn. Vols., according to previous instructions, marched under command of Col. Cahill, and took position on the left of the line of the defence, the 4th Wisconsin on the left, and two howitzers of Manning's 4th Massachusetts battery on the right of the 9th Connecticut.

"The position assigned was one admirably calculated for military movements, being situated on a hill overlooking the 'Bayou Gros,' and about half way between the river and 'Bayou Sara.' About four o'clock picket firing was heard on the right, followed immediately by heavy volleys of musketry and discharges of artillery. The position of the enemy could be determined only from the firing, owing to a heavy fog. As the centre was the principal point of attack, this regiment and the battery was moved to its support. To complete this manœuvre, this regiment marched along the 'North road' until it came within range of the enemy's guns, when it filed across the road in the midst of a shower of grape and canister, and formed in line of battle in a corn-field, the battery opening fire from the road. The enemy at this juncture appeared directly in front, yelling and firing volleys of musketry, which, however, did but little damage, the shot mostly going over us, owing to the proximity of the enemy, who on delivering his fire fell back. The left flank being exposed we were ordered to its defence, and the regiment resumed its first position, which it retained the remainder of the day and night.

"Major Frye, having been sent to the right for orders, returned with the sad intelligence of the death of General Williams, when Col. Cahill, being senior officer present, assumed command of the brigade. By his order, Col. Nickerson, of the 14th Maine, took command of the left wing, including this regiment. Receiving information

that our left was about to be attacked, Everett's battery was sent to its support, five men from this regiment being detailed as artillerists, in addition to fifty previously detailed to Nims' battery. The threatened attack, however, was not made, and the regiment retained its position. Throughout the day this regiment was ably supported by the 4th Wisconsin, Lt. Col. Bean commanding. On the morning of the 6th inst. Capt. S. W. Sawyer, of Co. H, with a detachment of his men, captured and brought in five caissons filled with ammunition.

"The officers and men of the regiment deserve credit for their good conduct, under the disadvantage of having but twelve line officers in the field, most of the others being on detached service, and some sick in hospital. Adjutant Kattenstroth and Sergeant-Major Curtis rendered efficient service. We took twenty-four prisoners, one a commissioned officer, belonging mostly to the 4th Louisiana Regiment, of whom fourteen were wounded.

"Our loss is small, owing mostly to the overshooting of the enemy. The casualties are:

"Killed 1
"Wounded 9
"Missing ..... 4."

Writes Capt. Lawrence O'Brien of the Ninth: "I was in command of the provost guard of the city, and when the battle opened I called in all the details and later marched out to the south side of the penitentiary. A little beyond, Gen. Williams' body was being removed to the rear. Lieut. Henry H. Elliott told me that the General being killed, Col. Thomas W. Cahill was in command, and asked me if I knew where he was? I pointed out the place."

Wrote Corporal Peabody of the Fourth Massachusetts battery: "Upon the death of Gen. Williams, Col. Cahill

of the Ninth Connecticut regiment assumed command of the troops. Col. Dudley remained in command of the right wing, while Col. Nickerson of the Fourteenth Maine succeeded Col. Cahill in command of the left wing. The enemy, after this last repulse, evincing little ambition for more slaughter, but contentedly keeping under cover of the forest beyond Magnolia cemetery, caused a lull in the fight. It was now about 9 o'clock, the troops were almost worn out after five hours' desperate fighting, our commanding General was dead on the field, the weather was intensely hot.

"In this condition of affairs, Col. Cahill ordered a new line to be formed 200 yards in rear of the first line. The enemy seeing this backward move, sprang from his cover, but all the batteries opening, he saw that we still intended to fight, and fell back again. About 10 a. m., Col. Cahill ordered another move rearward, the troops forming line about 350 yards from the enemy. This line extended across the city, the gunboats covering our flanks. * *

* As the Union line is now formed, our battery is on the left flank, supported by the Fourth Wisconsin regiment on the left, the Twenty-first Indiana regiment, grouped in our rear, and Lieut. Brown's section of mule battery extending the left of our line of guns. Stretching away to the right for a half mile, and occupying all the roads leading east, are the Second and Sixth Massachusetts batteries, supported by the Fourteenth Maine, Seventh Vermont, Sixth Michigan, Thirtieth Massachusetts and Ninth Connecticut regiments, while Magee's cavalry is in front closely watching the enemy. * * *

"Col. Cahill, at his headquarters in a house a few yards to the left rear of our battery, is kept well informed of the movements of the enemy by Private Ralph O. Rowley, of Magee's cavalry, a brave boy only 20 years old. * *

* Thus ended the battle of Baton Rouge. * * * With all of their superior force, all veterans of Shiloh, the enemy was unable to force our second line, but 350 yards

in rear of our first. The desperate resistance they met, their heavy loss of men, seemed to paralyze all further action and they were content to remain at a respectful distance, and at night burned the few camps they had captured, destroying very little of the vast amount of government property in the city."

The total loss of the Union forces in the battle was 84 killed, and 374 wounded,—458. The next day, Aug. 6, 1862, a force of negroes was put at work burying the dead of both sides.

The wounded of both armies were picked up and taken to hospitals in Baton Rouge.

CHAPTER IX.

GEN. BRECKENRIDGE, THE CONFEDERATE COMMANDER, SENDS A MESSAGE TO COL. CAHILL UNDER A FLAG OF TRUCE—NEW SERIES OF FORTIFICATIONS ERECTED AT BATON ROUGE—THE NINTH RETURNS TO CAMP PARAPET, AND LATER TO NEW ORLEANS—BRILLIANT EXPLOIT BY CAPT. JOHN G. HEALY, ON LAKE PONCHARTRAIN—NOTES AND INCIDENTS.

AMONG the Confederates who were captured in the battle, just described, were Brig.-Gen. Clark and his aide-de-camp, Lieut. Richard C. Yerger. Gen. Clark was suffering from a serious wound in the thigh. At 10.30 a. m., on the day after the engagement, two officers, with a flag of truce, came to the headquarters of Col. Cahill. They bore the following message from Major-Gen. Breckenridge, the Confederate commander:

HEADQUARTERS, CONFEDERATE FORCES,
IN THE FIELD NEAR
BATON ROUGE, August 6, 1862.

To the Commanding Officer of the United States Forces,
Baton Rouge, La:

I have sent Major De Bawer, with a flag of truce, with the request that he will be allowed to attend to the burial of our dead who may have been left in your lines. Major Haynes, accompanying, desires to communicate with Brigadier-General Charles Clark, that he may supply him with money and clothing, and such articles as may contribute to his comfort.

Respectfully, Sir,
Your Obedient Servant,
JOHN C. BRECKENRIDGE,
Major General Commanding.

To the foregoing, Col. Cahill thus replied:

HEADQUARTERS, UNITED STATES FORCES,
BATON ROUGE, August 6, 1862.

General: In reply to your communication of this morning, under a flag of truce, I have the honor to say that we are now engaged in the burial of your dead within our lines, and that we shall soon finish the now nearly accomplished work. General Clark and his aide-de-camp, Lieutenant Yerger, have surrendered themselves as prisoners of war and are now being cared for by our surgeons. A friend of General Clark, from this city, will attend to his pecuniary wants.

Respectfully,
Your Obedient Servant,
THOMAS W. CAHILL,
Colonel Commanding.

To Major General John C. Breckenridge.

The two Confederate officers, bearing this reply, thereupon returned to their lines. Gen. Breckenridge was so chagrined at his defeat in the battle that he threw away his sword, and the latter was among the trophies of the Union forces.

After the battle of Baton Rouge, Gen. Butler issued his "General Order No. 57," in which he makes special allusion to the Irish Ninth in the following paragraph:—

* * * Michigan stood by Maine, Massachusetts supported Indiana, Wisconsin aided Vermont, while Connecticut, represented by the sons of the ever green shamrock, fought as their fathers did at Boyne water.

Gen. Butler also said: "The Brigade at Baton Rouge has routed the enemy. He has lost three brigadier generals killed, wounded, and prisoners; many colonels and field officers. He has more than a thousand

killed and wounded. You have captured three pieces of artillery, six caissons, two stand of colors, and a large number of prisoners. You have buried his dead on the field of battle, and are caring for his wounded. You have convinced him that you are never so sick as not to fight your enemy if he desires the contest. You have shown him that if he cannot take an outpost after weeks of preparation what would be his fate with the main body. If your General should say he was proud of you it would only be to praise himself. But he will say he is proud to be one of you * * *."

Aug. 11, 1862, the Union forces in Baton Rouge began constructing breastworks in expectation of another attack from the enemy. The line was a half circle in form and extended from the river at Bayou Gros to the river at the foot of First street. The Fourth Wisconsin was on the right, the Ninth Connecticut on the left, and the Thirtieth Massachusetts, Fourteenth Maine, Seventh Vermont, Twenty-first Indiana and the Second and Fourth Massachusetts batteries between.

Col. Paine, of the Fourth Wisconsin, was in command of the whole force, with Colonels Dudley, Nickerson and Cahill in command of the right, center, and left, respectively. That evening the troops witnessed a great illumination caused by the burning of the mill and other structures on Dougherty's plantation, located on the Springfield Landing road, and opposite where the Ninth Connecticut was stationed.

Work on the fortifications was vigorously pushed, day and night. About 3 o'clock, on the morning of Aug. 13, the houses on First street were all set on fire, by order of Col. Paine, and were entirely consumed. The removal of these houses greatly improved the range for the Union fleet in the river At 12.30 p. m., or thereabouts, the long roll was sounded, causing the men to leave dinner and get in line for an expected attack. Over an hour passed and as no enemy appeared, the Ninth Connecticut and other

infantry commands stacked arms on the spot, the artillery placed their lanyards, sponges, etc., where they could be instantly reached, and the men resumed their interrupted repast. Most of the houses on First street that had been destroyed belonged to the wealthy class, and had been vacated by the latter upon leaving the city. Gen. Breckenridge sent word to Col. Paine, Aug. 13, to stop burning houses or he—Breckenridge—would attack with the "black flag." Col. Paine spiritedly replied that he could put in an appearance with his black flag whenever he was so disposed, and that the Union forces were ready to give him a hot reception. He didn't come.

In the meantime, Col. Paine had received orders from Gen. Butler to evacuate the city. The evacuation began about 2 o'clock on the morning of Aug. 18. Teams from the quartermaster's department drove into the camp of the Ninth and began loading such of the latter's property as could then be spared, for transportation to the levee from whence it was placed aboard a steamer. Next morning, orders were issued for each organization to get ready two days' cooked rations, this keeping the cooks of the Ninth and other commands very busy.

Wednesday noon, Aug. 20, the long roll was again sounded, the Ninth sprang to arms and quickly took its place beside the other organizations. An investigation showed that the Union pickets were being driven in by the Ninth Louisiana Partisan Rangers, a cavalry command. Two companies of the Twenty-first Indiana were sent out and, aided by the U. S. S. *Mississippi*, from the river, repulsed the enemy and caused him to retire. Thursday, Aug. 21, the troops began evacuating Baton Rouge, and embarking on the steamers. The troops were all aboard about 12.45 p. m., and the start down the river was made soon after. At daybreak, Aug. 22, the transport fleet reached Camp Parapet. The Ninth Connecticut and other infantry landed here, while the Second and Fourth Massachusetts batteries proceeded further down to Carrollton.

While the Ninth regiment was again located at Camp Parapet, it rendered important out-post duty, and picketed the shores both up and down the river. On Sept. 7, 1862, the Ninth, under command of Major Frye, took part, with three other regiments, in a movement across the river to the neighborhood of St. Charles' Court House, to disperse a Confederate camp of 2,000 men reported to be located there. At daylight on the morning of Sept. 8, the Ninth, with the Fourteenth Maine, landed and marched westward, the rest of the force proceeding half a dozen miles further up. Major Frye's official report of this affair states:

"The artillery shelled the woods; but, failing to dislodge the enemy, the Ninth Connecticut was thrown forward as skirmishers. After moving forward several miles through woods, swamps, bayous, and canebrakes, everywhere finding traces of a flying enemy—abandoned haversacks, blankets, bundles, papers, etc.—it was found that the enemy, mostly cavalry, attempting to break through in this direction, had been driven back, and, abandoning their horses, saddles, and equipments, had fled into an almost impenetrable swamp. But, being surrounded on all sides, our troops killed and wounded eight, taking about forty prisoners, and bringing in upwards of two hundred horses ready equipped. This was accomplished without loss on our side."

Stores and considerable other property were likewise taken, and the expedition then returned to camp. Soon after this, the Ninth was transferred to New Orleans and had its quarters in fashionable Lafayette square. Col. Cahill had become acting brigadier-general and was given command of the military defences of that city. A correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, in one of his contributions, states that "I may be allowed to acknowledge the services of one of our oldest and best disciplined regiments, the Ninth Connecticut, which was the second regiment debarked at Ship Island. Col. T. W. Cahill

has been for the past year an acting brigadier-general, and is still serving in that capacity."

"During 1863," says the Croffut-Morris work, "the Ninth had its headquarters at New Orleans; but the regiment was dismembered,—two companies guarding the Mexican-Gulf Railroad and mouth of the Mississippi; one company at Algiers, opposite New Orleans; four companies doing provost-guard duty at New Orleans; and three companies stationed at Pass Manchac, about thirty-eight miles above New Orleans, at the water communication between Lakes Ponchartrain and Maurepas, the outer limit of the defenses of New Orleans.

"Col. Thomas W. Cahill was placed in charge of the defenses, and in command of a brigade consisting of the Ninth, and three Massachusetts regiments. Lieut.-Col. R. Fitz Gibbons was in command of the regiment [the Ninth]. Major Frederick Frye commanded Pass Manchac, and the fort there, including a detachment of the 21st Indiana. Major Frye wrote at this time:

"Refugees come in daily,—sometimes as many as a dozen at a time,—men, women, and children; ragged, half-starved, and worn down with fatigue. What some of the mothers, with babes in their arms, suffer, is beyond imagination. Think of a mother and child alone two days and nights in a swamp knee-deep, with nothing to eat; where snakes, among them the deadly moccasin, abound; where in the daytime the heat is insufferable, and at night chilly; losing her way; struggling through; and, amid all, more afraid of falling again into the enemy's hands than of the surrounding dangers,—think of this, and you have but an everyday occurrence. And, oh! with what heartfelt joy she smiles, and nestles up her child, when she falls in with a Yankee picket. None of the blacks have had a suit of clothes since the war broke out; and what with living in the woods, traveling nights, escaping rebel pickets, they have but little of the manufactured article about them when they reach

our lines. Four have just come,—fair specimens in their get-up of a Carnival of Venice. They are the survivors of fifteen who started a week ago, and have been in woods and swamps, hunted by dogs and rebels; and, as they say, '*De balance done gone squandered.*' "

Capt. John G. Healy, of the Ninth, performed a dashing exploit on Lake Ponchartrain on the night of Feb. 3, 1863. The details are thus given in an account published in *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper*, Feb. 14, that year:

CAPTURE OF A CONTRABANDIST ON LAKE PONCHARTRAIN.

On the night of the 3d of February as Captain J. G. Healy, of the 9th Connecticut volunteers, with three privates was picketing the lake, he saw by the moonlight a sloop sailing towards Dixie, evidently having come from New Orleans. He immediately put off with his three men, in a boat, and soon pulled up to the strange sail, the crew of which fired several shots, some of which came in close proximity to Capt. Healy. Running alongside, Capt. Healy sprang on board the sloop, and presenting his revolver to the head of one of the smugglers, demanded their surrender. They complied with his demand. When the sloop was brought ashore it was found to contain a very valuable cargo of medicines and other useful articles.

When the Union boat was nearing the lugger one of the crew was observed to throw a parcel overboard; it was "fished in," and found to contain a number of letters from many of the prominent citizens of New Orleans to some of the chief rebels. The crew, which consisted of two Jews and a Creole, were immediately committed to jail, and will be held to give evidence against some of those whose letters have been thus captured. The cargo is valued at $50,000.

Another published account gives some additional details and reads:

IMPORTANT ARREST ON LAKE PONCHARTRAIN.

An important arrest was made on Lake Ponchartrain on Saturday night. Capt. John G. Healy, of Co. C, Ninth Connecticut Volunteers, commands the post at



Capt. John G. Healy and three men of the Ninth C. V., capturing a sloop, laden with supplies and correspondence for the Confederates, on Lake Ponchartrain, La., on the night of Feb. 3, 1863. (Reproduced from Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, New York, of March 14, '63.)

Hickock's Landing. His force consists of two companies. On the night in question, the captain, being on picket duty, got the wink of a party of men who were crossing the lake with the intention of running the blockade. He promptly had two boats manned, one of which he commanded in person; the other was in charge of his first lieutenant. About six miles from the shore a small speck was discovered from the captain's boat, which turned out to be the craft he was in pursuit of.

The stranger had sails set and vans out; but though Capt. Healy's boat had oars alone, he neared the other rapidly. There must have been some tall pulling among Uncle Samuel's children that night. On reaching hailing distance, the suspicious boat was hailed two or three times; but, as no answer was elicited, a rifle was fired to teach her crew good manners. The bullet, it was afterwards ascertained, took effect in the cap of one of the men belonging to the rebel boat. It had the effect intended; for the boat hove to, and the loyal craft went alongside, when there was found on board some $800 worth of quinine; about the same value in chloroform; thirteen boxes, containing each two dozen of cotton cards; three boxes of assorted medicines, together with a lot of miscellaneous articles, just what the rebels most need.

On one man $400 in money was found. But the best part of the prize was a mail-bag containing seventy letters. The bag was thrown overboard; but the action was seen by Capt. Healy, and, as the water was shallow, he had no difficulty in recovering it. The contents of the letters have not been made known, of course; but it is said they tend to implicate not only persons in New Orleans, but some of the leading men of the North.

During 1863, a reconnoissance was made of the country north of Pass Manchac, several companies of the Ninth participating. Two companies were stationed at the North Pass, dividing Jones Island from the swamp land and road leading to Ponchatoula, and two rifled guns were placed in position here, manned by men of the Ninth under Capt. John G. Healy. The expedition was a success. The enemy lost three killed and eleven wounded, and among the prisoners captured were twenty-

two Choctaw Indians, who were taken by a guard, commanded by Capt. Healy, to New Orleans. On Dec. 30th, the Ninth was assigned to the Second Brigade of General Grover's Division, of the Nineteenth Corps. The regiment was in the engagement at La Fourche Crossing, June, 1863.

At various periods during the Fall and Winter of 1863, detachments of the Ninth "were stationed upon the Gulf, along the shores of Lake Borgne, in the defenses at Lakeport, Proctorville, and Chalmette, or on the canal and railroad; while a portion was at the north, and a portion in Texas with the field signal-corps. * * * During this season, five companies, under Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon, had a skirmish with the enemy near Terrebonne. Company I, Capt. Elliot M. Curtis, was detached to watch the crossroads; while companies G, under Capt. William Wright; C, under Lieut. A. E. Payne; E, under Lieut. T. Fitz Gibbon; D, under Capt. John G. Healy; K, Capt. Terence Sheridan, were sent out to skirmish through the swamp towards Chackahoola [Chattahoola] Station. There was a brisk engagement; but the enemy maintained possession. Capt. S. W. Sawyer also made several raids into the district to the southeast."

Lieut. Lawrence O'Brien was promoted to be captain of Company D, of the Ninth, Oct. 15, 1862. A month previously, he had been wounded in the left hip, while on an expedition against guerillas in the Parish of St. Charles, La. He was later detailed as provost marshal, by Gen Banks, for the Parish of St. James, La. Subsequently, he was appointed provost judge of the Parish of St. James, by order of Gen. George F. Shepley, military governor of Louisiana.

An order, dated New Orleans, Dec. 8, 1862, provided that "Sergt. Henry C. Wright, Ninth Connecticut, is hereby apointed first lieutenant and quartermaster of the Third regiment Native Guards (colored), * * * "

Capt. John Foley, of Company F, of the Ninth, and Second Lieut. William H. Carroll, of the same company, having tendered their resignations, the same were accepted and both officers were honorably discharged the service of the United States. The order for their discharge was issued from Department headquarters, New Orleans, Dec. 20, 1862.

The operations at La Fourche Crossing, La., June 20-21, 1863, were of a stirring nature. Our troops encountered the enemy and a severe fight ensued, resulting in the foe's discomfiture. The following relates to this affair:

HEADQUARTERS, SECOND BRIGADE, SECOND DIVISION,
BOUTTE STATION, June 21, 1863,—4 a. m.

LIEUT. COL. W. D. SMITH,

Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, Defenses of New Orleans:

COLONEL:

I have the honor to inform you that this command arrived here at 8.10 o'clock last night, and, in pursuance of instructions, I disembarked a portion of the troops, viz, 185 men, belonging to the Ninth Connecticut Volunteers. Of the remainder, three companies of the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts, under the command of Captain Annable, were left at Bayou Des Allemands, with instructions to guard the bridge and ascertain the character of approching trains, and, in case the troops in front were forced to fall back, to cover the retreat by obstructing the track, and, if necessary, burning the bridge. I have communicated with them once during the night by means of a hand-car. This neighborhood is all quiet. * * *

THOMAS W. CAHILL,
Colonel Commanding Second Brigade.

The following orders were issued:

HEADQUARTERS, DEFENSES OF NEW ORLEANS,

June 21, 1863.

COLONEL CAHILL:

You will go with your whole force immediately to support Colonel Stickney, who is engaged with the enemy at La Fourche Crossing.

The Texas cavalry will take your position, but you will not wait till they arrive. Secure Des Allemands as you pass.

By Command of

W. H. EMORY,
Brigadier General Commanding.

W. D. SMITH,
Lieut. Col. and A. A. A. Gen.

HEADQUARTERS, DEFENSES OF NEW ORLEANS,

June 21, 1863.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL STICKNEY:

Hold on bravely! I have ordered Colonel Cahill with all his forces to go to your support.

W. H. EMORY,
Brigadier-General Commanding.

Capt. John A. Grow, of the Twenty-fifth New York battery, in his report of operations June 20-25, 1863, including the engagement at La Fourche Crossing, states:

"On the 20th day of June I received orders to proceed at once to La Fourche Crossing. The order having been received at about 4 p. m., my battery, with all the baggage, was taken across the river and put on board the cars by 1 a. m. (night); the train left at 4 a. m. On reaching Boutte Station, I found Colonel Cahill stationed at that place with his [command]. He ordered me to leave

one section of my battery with him, and to proceed myself with the other section to the La Fourche Crossing. I reached that place about 10 a. m. of the 21st. My battery was soon unloaded and the pieces parked. * * * ."

Speaking of the engagement that ensued, Capt. Grow mentions the men who served one of his pieces of artillery and says they "behaved most gallantly—so much so, I have mentioned them in my report to Colonel Cahill." Capt. Grow continues: " * * * The next forenoon was occupied with a flag of truce, which the enemy sent up asking the privilege of burying his dead. While this was pending, Colonel Cahill arrived with his forces. We were then about 1,100 strong, and, through the strength of our position, we could effectually defend our position against 2,000 rebels. The arrival of Colonel Cahill was distinctly seen by the rebels, and that night they commenced to retreat."

Writing from Boutte Station, La., June 22, 1863, Capt. John G. Healy, of the Ninth, remarks: "As is well known in this department, a large portion of the forces of Gen. Banks are, at the present time, near the Confederate stronghold Port Hudson. The fact that Banks had sent nearly all the troops that had been stationed at the different villages and plantations, between New Orleans and Springfield Landing, to attack the rebel stronghold just mentioned soon became known to rebel sympathizers. A few thousand Confederates succeeded in making their way to some of the weakened points, and had destroyed four of our transports at a place called La Fourche Crossing. Most of the rebels being mounted, proved very troublesome to our small forces of infantry left to garrison those places.

"For some days rumors had been current in New Orleans that a large body of the enemy was in the rear of our forces at Brashear City, that it had captured two or three of our companies and was on its way to New

Orleans. This report caused much excitement in the latter place, especially among the soldiers. As a result of the report, an order was issued that all the officers, in and around the city, should hold themselves in readiness to move at a moment's notice. On Saturday the order came for us to move, and to take two days' cooked rations. Five companies of the Ninth, C, E, G, I, and K, were to go in addition to the Twenty-sixth Massachusetts regiment and a New York battery. We crossed the Mississippi river, on the ferry boat, to Algiers, and about dark went aboard the cars. Officers and men were in excellent spirits and eager to meet the foe.

"We fully expected to encounter him in a short time. We reached Boutte Station about 9.30 that night and were ordered to remain at the Station, while the Massachusetts regiment and the New York battery were sent a few miles further on. After disembarking from the cars, my company was sent out on picket duty, as was also Company G. About daylight the next morning, a train came down from La Fourche with some 500 negroes and a few prisoners. Soon after this, I advanced my company about two miles further on. We very soon discovered a body of cavalry approaching. When they came nearer, however, we found they were friends instead of foes. They proved to be one company of the First Texas cavalry coming to re-enforce us.

"Soon, I was ordered to advance my company to the levee, a distance of some four miles from the headquarters. It was now raining very hard. The rain came down in torrents and by the time we reached the river, we were drenched to the skin. We were fortunate, however, in getting comfortable quarters. About midnight an orderly came to me and reported that the rebels had been successful and were on their way to encounter our force. The men were aroused and were soon ready for whatever might happen. We remained up until daylight, expecting an attack every moment, but none came."

Writing under date of New Orleans, June 29, 1863, Capt. John G. Healy gives the following account of events that transpired about the time he wrote the foregoing: "About 5 o'clock on the morning of June 21, we received information that we were to proceed many miles up the railroad for the purpose of re-enforcing the troops at La Fourche Crossing. As soon as possible, we had all the darkeys on the plantation busy harnessing mules and hitching them to the large wagons which are always to be found on a plantation. The roads were very muddy, it having rained the day and night previously, and the distance from where my company was stationed to the Colonel's quarters was five miles. We, therefore, jumped into the wagons and started. When we arrived, however, we found the place deserted. All the soldiers and citizens had suddenly left, with the exception of two members of the New York battery who had been left at the Station, by Col. Cahill, with orders for me to put my command on the next train and join him at La Fourche. In a short time we were aboard the cars and speeding away.

"In two hours time, we arrived near La Fourche and upon our arrival, were received with cheers. All was excitement. Negroes were constructing breastworks, the cause of which I soon learned. There had been a fight the night before, and right before me lay dead and wounded. A flag of truce came in from the enemy for permission to bury their dead and carry off their wounded. I learned that our troops had been attacked the previous night by a largely superior force. In the afternoon of the day of my arrival, we formed line of battle twice, the enemy's cavalry being seen prowling around. It was expected they would make an attack, but they did not. We were up twice that night and, so, had very little rest. About 12 o'clock the same night, the enemy opened fire with artillery to which our gunners replied. The enemy's firing, as we afterward learned,

was only to cover their retreat. The next morning four companies of the Ninth were ordered to make a reconnoissance up the railroad and to ascertain, if possible, the position of the enemy.

"We started about noon, and after marching about six miles we entered the village of Terrebonne. We learned that a strong force of the enemy had passed through there early that morning. Company K, of our regiment, was stationed here while the three remaining companies, C, E, and I, proceeded. We had gone some four miles when the advance guard captured five rebels. Finding that the enemy was in force, a few miles further on, we returned. We were disturbed by a false alarm that night, and the next morning the five companies of our regiment were ordered on board the cars. We were instructed to proceed up the road as far as we could in order to protect the men while they were repairing the road. We, accordingly, went about two miles further than we had the previous day, and learned that the rebels had set fire to a bridge and that it would take some time to repair it. We sent out an advance guard which had proceeded but a short distance when the enemy opened fire. The day was intensely hot.

"I was ordered to take my company to the support of the advance guard. As we came in sight of the rebels they opened a brisk fire upon us. It was speedily returned by our men.[1] The enemy's bullets fell thick around us. The rebels had the advantage of us, as they were fighting from behind the cover of the houses, while our men were on the railroad track. Very soon after we entered the fight, one of my men was shot through the side, the ball entering the front, nearly under the arm, and coming out at the back. The wounded man was Ernest Dresher. A braver man never carried a musket. He loaded and fired twice after he was shot. In a few seconds, another of my men, George Robinson, was shot through the arm. The

[1] This was the engagement of Chattahoola Station, La.

poor fellow had fine courage, and walked two miles without assistance. Immediately after Robinson was hit, Frank Judge of my company was shot. He was standing near me, firing as fast as he could, when a ball struck him. It went through his left arm and entered his side where it now is. The poor fellow was in terrible pain. A member of Company E, of the Ninth, was also wounded. The order was now given for us to fall back, as the enemy was advancing with a large force. We boarded the cars and returned to La Fourche Crossing."

Under date of "New Orleans, La., June 27, 1863, Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon of the Ninth, makes the following report:

"General: I have the honor to submit the following report of the movements of Companies C, E, G, I, and K, of the Ninth Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, ordered to guard a train while repairing the track on the New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad:

"Left La Fourche Crossing at 8 a. m. on the 24th June, 1863. Arrived at Terrebonne Station, distance 4 miles; detached Company I, Capt. Elliot M. Curtis, commanding, to watch the crossroads leading into the place; repaired the track one mile beyond the last-named station; then proceeded toward Chattahoola Station; arrived at a point within one mile of the station, where we found a bridge burning; commenced rebuilding this bridge. Between the bridge and the station was a very heavy swamp, both sides of the track, thickly wooded.

"I immediately sent out Captain Wright, Company G, to skirmish up toward the station, together with Lieutenant Payne, Company C; Lieutenant McKeon, Company E; and Lieutenant Fitz Gibbon, with a sufficient force, to support him. On arriving within sight of the station, a very sharp fire was opened upon our forces, which was briskly returned. I then ordered up Company C, Capt. John G. Healy, and also Company E, Capt.

Terence Sheridan; Company K, Capt. Thomas Healy, and part of Company G, were kept in reserve. My forces being obliged to confine their operations to the railroad track, the enemy being posted in considerable force in an open country in front, under cover of some small buildings and fences, I considered it prudent to return after engaging him one hour; I also heard the gun fired from the La Fourche Crossing as a signal to return.

"Sergt. Peter Donnelly and Private Charles Reynolds, of Company C, were taken prisoners of war, and on the 26th of June, 1863, were paroled at La Fourche Crossing, La. Our loss was 3 wounded.

* * * * *

"We arrived at Raceland at daylight next morning, where we halted until the afternoon of the 25th instant, when we were ordered to take a train of cars for Algiers, and the same night reached Lafayette Square, our former quarters, where we now are."

Major Frye, of the Ninth, thus describes some of the drawbacks at Pass Manchac; "The moccasins and rattlesnakes are quite abundant, and apparently old settlers, as we killed one with nine rattles. They are quite a protection against a flank movement of the enemy through the swamp; and alligators actually stick their noses into the tents, in hopes of stealing a biscuit or a piece of pork. And then, all night long, the soldier is lulled to sleep by the most infernal croaking of tree toads, and kept asleep by the buzzing and biting of myriads of mosquitoes and yellow flies. One knows not how it is; but though every soldier has a mosquito-bar; still, daylight will find as many inside as out; and then innumerable green lizards about four inches long, harmless but sportive, gambol and catch flies and mosquitoes freely upon your face and body."

A staff officer tells the following amusing incident of the Ninth's stay in New Orleans: "The Ninth was quartered in Lafayette square; and a soldier whom we will call Phil McGilligan, an old timer, was on sentry on the Camp street side of the square, when a strange looking nondescript came sauntering along. He wore a stovepipe hat, a military coat with the insignia of a brigadier embroidered on the shoulder straps. His pantaloons of black cloth were some six inches too short, which displayed a well-worn stagy boot and was quite innocent of blacking. He carried a blue cotton umbrella which was carefully tucked under his left arm. I should say here that his coat was worn open with the collar turned down. In passing McGilligan, the brigadier noticed the sentinel paid no attention to him. The general passed and repassed; still receiving no attention, he confronted the sentinel in a mild manner, exclaiming proudly, 'Soldier, don't you know me?' McGilligan eyed him quizzically, and at once replied, 'No! Who are you anyway?'

"With this the general's face flushed with indignation and he yelled forth, 'Sentry, I am General ——— of the State of Maine.'"

"Thereupon McGilligan gave a prolonged whistle and replied: 'The devil ye are. I think I've heard of ye before. So ye are the rale Maine man. Gineral, if ye are a gineral, take my advice and get away for the Ninth C. V.'

"The general, believing the man to be a lunatic, bolted away, highly indignant, and turned on his heel with a firm determination of reporting the entire transaction to the commanding general. However, on his way to headquarters he met the major of the Ninth, who by the way knew how to enjoy a joke as well as any man.

"The general button-holed the major and repeated the entire transaction. The major was somewhat of a wag; slipping his arm under the irate brigadier, he led him away, saying, 'Never mind, General, let us go over to the

Park House and take a good cocktail. We will try and forget the unfortunate occurrence, and as there is but one man living who can do anything with them, that is General B. F. Butler, I would not say anything further about it.'

"When the major proposed the cocktail the general's eyes fairly snapped—flashing fire as it were. Breaking loose from the major, he exclaimed, 'What, sir, add insult on insult; do you fail to remember that I am an advocate of the Maine liquor law and for sixty years of my life I am been fighting the devil? Yes sir, I believe the Ninth are all devils, from the colonel down to McGilligan.'

"The case was reported to the commanding general, but as nothing was ever heard of it afterward the major and McGilligan kept quiet about the Maine law advocate."

Special Order, No. 304, Department of the Gulf, issued at New Orleans, Aug. 26, 1862, read as follows: "The resignation of Rev. Daniel Mullen, chaplain of the Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, is hereby accepted, to take effect from this date, and he is honorably discharged from the service." (By order of Major-Gen. Butler). Chaplain Mullen resigned because of poor health.

Special Order, No. 351, Department of the Gulf, dated at New Orleans, Sept. 5, 1862, provided that "Acting Brigadier-General Thos. W. Cahill will detail one or two mounted orderlies, as may be necessary, to be stationed at the telegraph office at Carrollton to take messages when they arrive." (By order of Major-Gen. Butler).

Special Order, No. 387, New Orleans, Sept. 18, 1862, read: "Brig.-Gen. T. W. Sherman, U. S. Volunteers, having reported for duty, is assigned to the command of the force near Carrollton. Acting Brig.-Generals Dudley, Paine and Cahill will report to him."

An order issued at New Orleans, Oct. 21, 1862, announced that "First Lieut. Alfred G. Hall, Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, having been commis-



LIEUT. WM. O'KEEFE.

LIEUT. JNO. MCCUSKER.

LIEUT. CHRISTIAN STREIT.

Q. M. NATHAN I. BENNETT.

LIEUT. JNO. SHAW.

sioned lieutenant-colonel of the Second Regiment Native Guards, free colored, Louisiana volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty in the Ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, and ordered to report to Col. N. W. Daniels for duty." (By command of Major-Gen. Butler).

Oct. 25, 1862, an order was issued to the effect that, "The resignation of Captain James P. Hennessey, 9th regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, is hereby accepted to take effect from this date." (By command of Major-Gen. Butler).

The Lieutenant-Colonel of the Ninth, under date of Sept. 26, 1862, issued Regimental Order, No. 24, providing that: "In accordance with orders from brigade headquarters, this regiment will appear in heavy marching order, for inspection and review by Brig.-Gen. Sherman, Saturday morning, Sept. 27. The regimental line will be promptly formed at 8 o'clock a. m. * * * "

The following budget of Regimental Orders issued to the Ninth, during 1862, and dated New Orleans, will be found of interest. Each was issued "By order of Thomas W. Cahill," colonel, and is signed by "Henry Kattenstroth, adjutant:"

Oct. 26, 1862, "First Lieut. Lawrence O'Brien, Company B, Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty in that company and will, until further orders, assume command of Company D, of this regiment, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly."

Oct. 26, 1862. "First Lieut. Charles S. Palmer of Company I, Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, is hereby relieved from duty in that company, and will until further orders, assume command of Company G, of this regiment, * * * "

Oct. 29, 1862. "Sergeant Evarts of Company E, is hereby detailed to take charge of the guard stationed at the Jackson Railroad depot. He will report to Lieut. James immediately."

Oct. 30, 1862. "The Colonel commanding will muster

this regiment for pay, in accordance with the regulations. The review preceding muster will be dispensed with. The regimental line will be formed at 8½ o'clock a. m. Soldiers sick in quarters will fall in, in rear of their companies. Commissioned officers will see that all the men of their respective commands, not in the general hospital, are present at the muster. First sergeant of companies will have a list of all whose names appear on the rolls who are absent, and as their names [are] called he will answer, stating the cause of absence."

Nov. 7, 1862, "First Lieut. John Carroll, Company F, Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, is relieved from duty in that company and assigned to duty as first lieutenant of Company B, of this regiment."

Nov. 17, 1862. "Lieut. O'Brien, commanding Company D, Sir: You will detail one corporal and eight privates of your command with arms, and six without arms, to attend the funeral of the late Private Thomas O'Brien, of your company, as a funeral escort. They will report to the St. James Hospital at 4 o'clock p. m.

* * * "

Nov. 20, 1862, "First Lieut. Charles S. Palmer, heretofore assigned to command of Company G of this regiment, having been detailed for special service by Special Order No. 519, Department of the Gulf, will be relieved from command of Company G, by Lieut. Fitz Gibbons, who is relieved from duty in Company D; he will report to Lieut. Palmer who will turn over the books and papers of Company G, taking receipt for the same."

Nov. 21, 1862. "Regimental line will be formed Sunday morning at 8 o'clock, when all companies will appear in their best possible order. Commandants of companies will see that their commands have their shoes, cartridge boxes, cap pouches, belts, and waist plates neatly polished, and that the clothing and knapsacks are thoroughly washed, muskets cleaned, cartridge boxes filled with ammunition. Commandants of companies will

have a list of absentees, stating the reason of their absence, by what authority, etc. Extra and daily duty men fall in with their companies. All enlisted men sick in quarters will fall in, in rear of their companies, without arms. The knapsacks will be properly packed, containing greatcoat and blanket, and all clothing belonging to the soldier to be in his knapsack or on his person."

Dec. 27, 1862. "The following promotions are hereby made in the Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers: Second Lieutenant A. E. Payne to be first lieutenant, with rank from October 31, 1862; he is assigned to duty as first lieutenant, Company C. Second Lieutenant D. O'Sullivan to be first lieutenant, with rank [from] Nov. 12, 1862; he is assigned to duty as first lieutenant, Company K. Sergeant-Major John C. Curtis to be second lieutenant, with rank from Sept. 24, 1862; he is assigned as second lieutenant, Company G. Sergeant Mullin of Company E, to be sergeant-major vice John C. Curtis. Garry T. Scott, after faithfully serving with his regiment for a period of over fourteen months as hospital steward, has resigned that post and is appointed first sergeant, Company F."

Dec. 30, 1862. "First Sergt. Garry T. Scott of Company F, Ninth Connecticut Volunteers, is hereby appointed second lieutenant of that company, subject to the approval of His Excellency Governor Buckingham." Lieut. Scott was subsequently captain of Company A, of the Ninth Battalion, C. V.

CHAPTER IX.

HEAVY LOSSES BY THE NINTH IN 1862—LIST OF THE OFFICERS AND MEN WHO DIED THAT YEAR—THREE LIEUTENANTS AMONG THOSE WHO PASSED AWAY—EXTRACTS FROM REGIMENTAL AND GENERAL ORDERS DURING THE EARLY HALF OF 1863—COL. CAHILL IN COMMAND OF THE DEFENCES OF NEW ORLEANS.

BULLET and shell, bayonet thrust and sabre cut are not the only perils with which a soldier in active service has to contend. There are many others, including that fruitful source of death in a regiment—disease. Thousands of officers and men in the Civil war went through battle unscathed, only to perish of sickness contracted in camp or on the march.

The Ninth lost heavily in this respect. The terrible conditions prevailing in the swamps at Vicksburg, Miss., and other places cost the regiment sorely. Many brave fellows who left Connecticut in excellent health and spirits never came back, but perished of disease in camp or hospital, and their bones now lie in Chalmette, La., or other places in the South. But they died for their country just as truly as if they had fallen in the forefront of battle.

The following is a list of the officers and men of the Ninth who died[1] in the single year, 1862. The list does not include those killed in that year. Those are referred to elsewhere. The greater portion of the following list[2] perished of disease contracted in the service, a few of wounds.

NAMES AND RESIDENCES OF THE OFFICERS AND MEN OF THE NINTH WHO DIED IN 1862.

THE REGIMENTAL BAND.

Lewis St. V. Hallauer, New Haven.
Henry E. Coxall, East Haven.

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[1] The date of each death will be found in the roll toward the close of this volume.

[2] A few in this list, at one time held higher rank than that here given but were reduced, owing to illness, consolidation of commands, or for other causes.

COMPANY A.

Sergeant Joseph Gahagan, Derby.
Sergeant William Scully, Hartford.
Corporal Joseph Kennedy, New Haven.
Corporal James W. B. Robinson, New Haven.
Private John Abbott, New Haven.
Private John Coyle, New Haven.
Private William Fitzgerald, Baton Rouge, La.[1]
Private Thomas Lynch, New Haven.
Private Morris Colbert, New Haven.
Private Patrick Lane, New Haven.
Private Patrick Larkins, Derby.
Private Patrick Mahoney, New Haven.
Private Jesse Hall, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private Paul Bohan, New Haven.
Private Thomas McGrath, New Haven.
Private John O'Berne, New Haven.
Private John Walch, New Haven.
Private Patrick Reynolds, New Haven.
Private Charles Boyle, New Haven.
Private Michael Kain, New Haven.
Private John Meredith, Hartford.
Private James McDonald, Waterbury.
Private Matthew Ennis, New Haven.
Private John Dillon, New Haven.

COMPANY B.

Private Thomas Waldron, Meriden.
Private Charles Mulvey, Cheshire.
Private Andrew Carlin, Meriden.
Private Michael Reynolds, 2d, Cheshire.
Private William W. Carey, Portland.
Private John Ferris, Meriden.
Private John Martin, Hartford.
Private Patrick Cain, Meriden.
Private Patrick Woods, New Haven.
Private Thomas Harvey, Meriden.

[1] Place of muster in.

Private Michael Molloy, Meriden.
Private Michael Healey, New Haven.
Private James Donohue, Meriden.
Private Joseph Harrington, Meriden.
Private James Doran, Meriden.

COMPANY C.

Lieutenant Patrick T. Claffee, Waterbury.
Lieutenant Henry McKenna, New Haven.
Corporal Edward Keegan, New Haven.
Corporal Thomas McCormick, New Haven.
Private George O'Connor, New Haven.
Private James Monighan, Norwich.
Private George Barker, New Haven.
Private James Brodderick, New Orleans.[1]
Private John Marlow, New Haven.
Private Michael Keaveney, New Haven.
Private Richard Lauffin, New Haven.
Private James Murphey, Norwich.
Private John Rowley, New Haven.
Private Arthur Hughes, New Haven.
Private John Clark, New Haven.
Private Thomas Kearns, New Haven.
Private James Woods, New Haven.
Private Philip Galligan, New Haven.
Private Paul Charbouel, ———.
Private Peter Doyle, New Haven.
Private John Meany, Norwich.
Private John Eagan, New Haven.

COMPANY D.

Corporal Charles B. Burton, Bridgeport.
Corporal James Henderson, Bridgeport.
Corporal Luke C. Lackey, New Orleans, La.[1]
Corporal John Ennes, Bridgeport.
Private John B. Green, Plymouth.
Private Michael Fagan, Bridgeport.
Private John Baggs, Bridgeport.

[1] Place of muster in.

Private Peter Smith, Bridgeport.
Private Henry Hill, Hartford.
Private Michael Moore, Bridgeport.
Private Martin Smith, New Haven.
Private Almon Blakeslee, Plymouth.
Private James C. Dimon, Bridgeport.
Private William Funt, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private Michael McGrath, Bridgeport.
Private Thomas O'Brien, Bridgeport.

COMPANY E.

Corporal James McMahon, New Haven.
Musician John Burns, New Orleans, La.[1]
Wagoner Timothy Ryan, New Haven.
Private James Bush, New Haven.
Private James Ryan, Derby.
Private Richard Burke, New Haven.
Private Michael Scott, New York.
Private William Clark, New Haven.
Private Ambrose Carney, New Haven.
Private John Maher, Derby.
Private John Hartigan, New Haven.
Private Michael O'Burns, New Haven.
Private John Crowley, Derby.
Private James Kehoe, New Haven.
Private Patrick Walsh, New Haven.
Private William Grace, Camp Parapet, La.[1]
Private John Ryan, New Haven.
Private John R. Burgess, New Haven.

COMPANY F.

Sergeant Timothy Ryan, Waterbury.
Corporal James Tobin, Waterbury.
Private Richard Claxton, Waterbury.
Private John Green, Waterbury.
Private John McLaughlin, Waterbury.
Private Patrick Morrissey, Waterbury.
Private Thomas White, Waterbury.
Private John McPherson, New Orleans, La.[1]

[1] Place of muster in.

COMPANY G.

Corporal Constantine McGuire, Hartford.
Wagoner Patrick Dailey, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private John A. Horton, Hartford.
Private Thomas Conner, Manchester.
Private Bartholomew Daley, Hartford.
Private William Eagan, Southington.
Private John Cruise, Hartford.
Private Patrick McAlloon, Wethersfield.
Private James Tackett, Hartford.
Private John Maher, East Windsor.
Private Frank Sutter, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private George Frazier, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private Fred Helen, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private Christian Irvine, New Orleans, La.[1]

COMPANY H.

Corporal John Simpson, Norwich.
Corporal Charles H. Potter, Norwich.
Private Patrick Weldon, Norwich.
Private Roger Tyghe, New London.
Private Daniel H. Brown, Norwich.
Private Daniel Sullivan, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private Peter Shaughness, Danbury.
Private Walter Hussey, Griswold.
Private Daniel Kennedy, Danbury.
Private Stephen Sanford, Portland.
Private John Brown, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private John Kelley, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private John Kerley, Norwich.
Private Frederick Potter, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private Patrick Reynolds, New Haven.

COMPANY I.

Corporal Edward Hawley, Monroe.
Corporal Lewis H. Johnson, Burlington.
Private Albert Alaby, Bridgeport.
Private Seth Robertson, Bridgeport.
Private Abram A. Warner, Woodbury.
Private John Smith, New Hartford.

[1] Place of muster in.

Private William Sullivan, Lowell, Mass.
Private John F. Roberts, New Hartford.
Private Legrand Todd, Plymouth.
Private Leverett Gladding, Berlin.
Private Henry Hudson, Hartford.
Private Peter Finkle, Salisbury.
Private Thomas O'Brien, Bridgeport.
Private Martin Kilgariff, Derby.
Private Jesse L. Calkins, Monroe.
Private Joseph L. Calkins, Monroe.
Private Elias Hayes, Hartford.
Private John Coyne, Bridgeport.
Private George W. Horton, Berlin.
Private Peter Fenton, Lowell, Mass.
Private George Hillyer, Sheffield, Mass.
Private James Hillyer, Sheffield, Mass.

COMPANY K.

Lieutenant Frederick M. Fairchild, Bridgeport.
Sergeant Thomas B. Tallmadge, Simsbury.
Corporal Peter McFarland, Fairfield.
Corporal Edward Lyon, Greenfield.
Corporal Edward P. Prime, Stafford.
Musician Charles T. Patchen, Danbury.
Private David A. Slawson, Stratford.
Private Joseph Schwenter, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private Michael Downey, Derby.
Private John A. Stafford, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private Jeremiah Sullivan, Hartford.
Private Jeremiah Wells, Bridgeport.
Private John J. Lane, Bethel.
Private George S. Dikeman, Danbury.
Private David Stillson, New Haven.
Private James McClune, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private Herman Rowland, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private William J. McCame, New Haven.[1]
Private Peter Flamandey, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private Robert Read, Waterbury.

[1] Place of muster in.

Of the foregoing we may say, in the words of Theodore O'Hara:

"The muffled drum's sad roll has beat
The soldier's last tattoo;
No more on life's parade shall meet
That brave and fallen few.
On fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread,
And glory guards, with solemn round,
The bivouac of the dead.

"No rumor of the foe's advance,
Now swells upon the wind;
No troubled thoughts at midnight haunts
Of loved ones left behind;
No vision of the morrow's strife
The warrior's dream alarms;
No braying horn nor screaming fife
At dawn shall call to arms.

* * * *

"The neighing troop, the flashing blade,
The bugle's stirring blast;
The charge, the dreadful cannonade,
The din and shout are passed;
Nor war's wild note nor glory's peal
Shall thrill with fierce delight
Those breasts that nevermore may feel
The rapture of the fight."

As will be seen from the foregoing list, the Ninth lost three lieutenants, by death, in 1862, namely: Lieut. Frederick M. Fairchild, of Company K, who died July 21; Lieut. Henry McKenna, of Company C, Sept. 24; and Lieut. Patrick T. Claffee, of Company C, Oct. 5. Lieut. Claffee was of Waterbury. His body was brought home and was honored with a military funeral, a great concourse following the remains to the place of interment,—St. Joseph's cemetery. The body of Lieut. McKenna was brought home to New Haven and also interred with impressive exercises.

Regimental Order No. 49 was issued to the Ninth, Jan. 5, 1863, by Lieutenant Colonel Fitz Gibbon, then in command of the regiment. It provided that "In consequence of Adjutant Kattenstroth being detailed as acting assistant adjutant of the brigade commanded by Col. Cahill, Second Lieutenant John C. Curtis, of Company G, is therefore appointed acting adjutant of the Ninth regiment. He will be obeyed and respected as such." In Regimental Order No. 58, issued Jan. 22, 1863, it was provided that "Church call, on Sunday" was to be at 11 a. m.

Regimental Order No. 59, issued at New Orleans, Jan. 26, 1863, mentions a number of appointments, to wit: "Sergeant Thomas Corbin, of Company F, Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, is hereby appointed quartermaster of said regiment, vice Lieutenant N. P. Bennett, resigned. The above appointment will take effect from the * * * date of Lieutenant N. P. Bennett's resignation. The regiment being deficient in officers, the following sergeants are hereby appointed as acting second lieutenants to take place from Feb. 1, 1863: First Sergeant William O'Keefe, Company B, vice Lieutenant John McCusker discharged Oct. 29. 1862; First Sergeant Patrick Ingoldsby, of Company C, vice Lieutenant Henry McKenna deceased * * * ; First Sergeant Joseph H. Lawler, of Company F, vice Lieutenant Addis E. Payne promoted; First Sergeant Andrew Cole, of Company K, vice Acting Second Lieutenant Samuel Davison reduced to the ranks. Private Robert Kerr is appointed quartermaster sergeant, vice Quartermaster Sergeant Henry C. Wright promoted in Third Louisiana Native Guards, appointment to take effect from 20th January, 1863. All the above acting appointments for companies are subject to the approval of His Excellency Governor Buckingham, also [to that of] the Colonel of the regiment." This was issued by the Lieut. Colonel of the Ninth.

Jan. 31, 1863, it was ordered that "Private Joseph McGiff, of Company H, is hereby transferred to Company F; he will report to Lieutenant G. T. Scott for duty. Acting Lieutenant J. H. Lawler will furnish Lieutenant Scott with Private McGiff's descriptive list."

Among the other orders issued at New Orleans, in 1863, were the following:

Jan. 1, 1863. "So much of Special Orders, No. 593, Paragraph 11, from these headquarters, as directs Major Frederick Frye, Ninth Connecticut volunteers, to report for duty to Colonel S. B. Holabird, Chief Quartermaster, is revoked." (By command of Major Gen. Banks).

Jan. 19, 1863. "Leave of absence of twenty days, with permission to apply to the Adjutant General's office for an extension of two months, is granted Colonel Thomas W. Cahill, Ninth Connecticut Volunteers." (By command of Major Gen. Banks).

Jan. 30, 1863. "Private Charles Montague, Company E, Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, will report for duty to Col. E. J. Beckwith, Chief Commissary, Department of the Gulf." (By command of Major Gen. Banks).

Feb. 1, 1863. "The order assigning the Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, to Emory's Division is rescinded, and the regiment is hereby assigned to the Second Brigade of Sherman's Division." (By command of Major Gen. Banks).

Special Order No. 29, from Gen. T. W. Sherman, read as follows:

HEADQUARTERS, DEFENCES OF NEW ORLEANS,
NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 3, 1863.

Special Order
No. 29.

The detachment of Company H, Ninth Connecticut Volunteers, now on duty in the city, will rejoin their company and be replaced by the troops commanded by Colonel Farr. An additional company of the Ninth Connecti-

cut will be detailed to Captain Sawyer. The company will take post at the batteries on the Mexican Gulf railroad. They will take charge of the batteries and picquet at the Lake shore of Proctorville.

By order of

BRIG. GENERAL T. W. SHERMAN.

WICKHAM HOFFMAN,
A. A. Gen.

May 2, 1863. "Captain L. O'Brien, Provost Marshal of Parish of Saint James, is hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths of office required by law." (By order of Brig. Gen. G. F. Shepley, Military Governor of Louisiana).

July 28, 1863. "Captain O'Brien: You will proceed to Ship Island with the paroled U. S. soldiers in your charge to-morrow by steamer * * * and turn them over to the officer in command, with a roll of the names of the soldiers."

July 29, 1863. "Captain O'Brien: You will bring on your return to this city [New Orleans], from Ship Island, such paroled prisoners as may be attached to the 28th Maine Volunteers in order that they may join their regiment."

The following orders were issued at New Orleans by Lieut. Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon of the Ninth:

Feb. 3, 1863. "All drummers belonging to the regiment report on receipt of this order to John Healy, drum major, Lafayette Square, New Orleans, for instruction."

Feb. 21, 1863. "Drummer Thomas McGuire, of Company E, Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, is hereby transferred from that company to Company A of this regiment to take effect Feb. 21, 1863. Lieut. Sheridan will furnish Capt. Williams with McGuire's descriptive list, and account of pay and clothing."

Feb. 24, 1863. "Drummer John Healy, of Company B, is hereby appointed principal musician of the regiment to take rank from the 12th of January, 1863."

March 2, 1863. "In pursuance of Special Order No. 26, the commanding officers of Companies C and D, Ninth Connecticut Volunteers, will forward to these headquarters, description of all men who have enlisted into Company C, Second U. S. Artillery; to be in by 10 o'clock a. m., 3d inst."

March 5, 1863. "In accordance with orders from Headquarters, Second Brigade, Second Division, the companies of this regiment will have on hand at once: one hundred rounds of ammunition per man and be ready to move at the shortest notice. It is also ordered that every man have on hand at once the following articles: one cap, one blanket, one pair of shoes, two pairs of drawers, one haversack, one greatcoat, two flannel shirts, one blouse, one knapsack, one canteen." Such of these articles as were not worn or carried upon the person were to be "packed in the knapsack."

March 15, 1863. "In pursuance of Special Order No. 26, Captain Patrick Garvey, of Company B, Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, will detail from his command: One (1) lieutenant, one (1) sergeant, one (1) corporal, and twelve (12) privates to relieve the guards at the Mechanics' Institution; one (1) sergeant, one (1) corporal, and six (6) privates to the United States Mint; one (1) sergeant, one (1) corporal, and six (6) privates at Marine Hospital; one (1) sergeant, one (1) corporal, and seven (7) privates at St. James' Hospital." He will occupy house 58 Barr——— street, and make it the headquarters of the company."

March 18, 1863. "In compliance with Special Order, * * * Defences of New Orleans, March 18, 1863, Company B. Ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, will immediately report to Major Frye at Hickock's Landing. The Quartermaster will furnish the necessary transportation."

April 4, 1863. "In compliance with Special Orders No. 46, Headquarters, Second Brigade, Second Division, April 4, 1863, Companies E and G [of the Ninth C. V.] will be relieved from Bayou St. John, and Lake Point, by Companies A and F, Forty-second Massachusetts Volunteers. The Companies E and G will take post at the U. S. Barracks. The quartermaster will furnish the necessary transportation. Captain Wright on being relieved will turn over all orders and property to Captain Cogswell. This order will be complied with immediately."

April 7, 1863. "The following named enlisted men of this regiment are hereby detailed as hospital attendants: August Rahl,[1] Company A; Peter Corcoran, Company A; James McKeon, Company C; John Riley, Company E. John Gillis, of Company D, [is] detailed as clerk at regimental headquarters; and F. Smedel, Company I, as assistant, commissary department."

April 12, 1863. " * * * Corporal James Gibbons, of Company I, Ninth regiment, Conn. Vols., is hereby detailed for extra duty as expressman between these headquarters and those of the commanding officer at or near Manchac Pass. He will report immediately to Capt. L. W. Perce, A. Q. M., at these headquarters."

April 27, 1863. "Private August Rahl, of Company H, is appointed hospital steward of this regiment, vice Garry T. Scott promoted. The above appointment will take effect from Dec. 20, 1862. * * * "

April 27, 1863. "In compliance with orders received from Headquarters, Second Brigade, Second Division, the usual muster and inspection of this regiment will take place on Friday, May 1, instead of April 30. The President of the United States having appointed the 30th of April as a day of fasting and prayer, the regiment will be mustered under the following order: Troops at the U. S. Barracks by Major E. S. Clark; the portion of the regiment in Lafayette Square, Algiers and [at the] Mexi-

[1] Appears elsewhere as Ruhl.

can Gulf railroad, by Capt. E. M. Curtis; the three companies at and near Manchac Pass will be mustered by order of Col. Clark, Sixth Michigan Volunteers."

April 29, 1863. "In compliance with Special Orders No. 59, State department, Ira C. Winsor reported to the headquarters of the Ninth Regiment, Conn. Vols., at New Orleans, La., on or about the 7th day of April, 1863, as second assistant surgeon, duly commissioned by His Excellency, Governor Buckingham, as first lieutenant, to take rank from the 2d day of March, 1863. He will, therefore, be respected accordingly, and report to Doctor Gallagher, Surgeon of the Ninth regiment, Conn. Vols."

April 29, 1863. " * * * Lewis H. Goodman, Twelfth Conn. Vols., Private, Company A, reported to the headquarters of the Ninth regiment, Conn. Vols., on or about the 29th day of April, 1863, duly commissioned by His Excellency Governor Buckingham, as second lieutenant of Company K, Ninth regiment, Conn. Vols. The said company having its full complement of officers, Lieut. Goodman is, therefore, assigned to Company A.

May 5, 1863. "The following officers [have] been promoted and assigned as follows: Second Lieutenant James W. Graham, Company I, to [be] first lieutenant same company, vice Lieutenant Charles S. Palmer promoted Captain[1] [of] Company F; Sergeant David C. Warner, Company I, to be acting second lieutenant of said company, vice Lieutenant Graham promoted; Sergeant Major Michael Mullins promoted second lieutenant and assigned to Company E; Sergeant Thomas Wilson of Company K, is appointed Sergeant Major, vice Mullins promoted. * * * "

May 10, 1863. "Lieut. John C. Curtis, of Company G, Ninth regiment, Conn. Vols., is hereby appointed acting adjutant, in consequence of Adjutant Kattenstroth being detailed. Lieut. Michael Mullins of Company E, is hereby assigned to Company G, and will report to Capt. William Wright for duty."

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[1] Not mustered as such.

May 11, 1863. " * * * Lieut. James Cahill, commanding Company D, on being relieved by a company of [the] Twenty-sixth Mass. Vols., will at once concentrate his company and move via Jackson R. R., to Manchac Pass and there report to Major Frye, Ninth Conn. Vols."

June 25, 1863. "Sergt. Charles W. Alcott, of Company I, is hereby detailed to take charge of all detached parties of convalescent troops, and Confederate soldiers who have taken the oath of allegiance to the United States. He will see to their quarters and rations."

July 2, 1863. "Second Lieut. John C. Curtis, of Company G, is hereby relieved as acting adjutant of the regiment, and will report to his company. First Lieut. James W. Graham, of Company I, is hereby appointed acting adjutant, vice Second Lieut. John C. Curtis relieved."

July 3, 1863. "Robert Kerr, of Company F, is hereby detailed as clerk at regimental headquarters."

July 9, 1863. "In consequence of the increased number of patients in [the] Regimental hospital, Privates James S. Olmstead, of Company I, and Patrick Campbell, of Company A, are hereby detailed as hospital attendants."

July 20, 1863. "Corporal William Andrews, of Company K, is hereby appointed clerk at regimental headquarters, vice John Gillis promoted."

On May 31, 1863, the organization of the Second Brigade of the Second Division of the Nineteenth Army Corps, was as follows, (Defences of New Orleans):

SECOND BRIGADE.

Col. Thomas W. Cahill, (Ninth Connecticut Infantry), commanding.

Ninth Connecticut.
Twenty-eighth Maine (four companies).
Twenty-sixth Massachusetts.
Forty-second Massachusetts.
Forty-seventh Massachusetts.

CHAPTER X.

THE NINTH RECEIVES MANY SOLDIERS WHO HAD SERVED UNDER GEN. TWIGGS—A HIGH TRIBUTE TO THE REGIMENT FROM GEN. BUTLER—IMPORTANT MOVEMENTS IN WHICH OFFICERS AND MEN OF THE NINTH PARTICIPATE—DEATH OF CORPORAL JOHN P. COEN OF WATERBURY—A CAPTURE BY SERGEANT PHILIP REILLY—VARIOUS ORDERS TO THE REGIMENT.

THE NINTH had received a number of accessions to its ranks in New Orleans, mainly in 1862. Many of those thus enlisting had served in the old Regular army under Gen. David E. Twiggs. The latter was a native of Georgia, and entered the service as captain in 1812. He became a major of infantry in the year 1814, and in 1836 was a colonel of dragoons.

He commanded a brigade in the war with Mexico and rendered distinguished service at the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma. On June 30, 1846, he became a brigadier general and for gallantry at Monterey was breveted major general. He had command of a division, under Scott, in 1847 and the next year he was made civil and military governor of Vera Cruz. Early in 1861, Twiggs was in command of the U. S. troops in the Department of Texas, and betrayed his trust, thus blighting his long and honorable military career. On Feb. 16, 1861, he treacherously surrendered to the Confederate authorities in Texas, all the U. S. troops in that State, numbering about 2,500, together with the stores and munitions of war valued at $1,200,000. He also surrendered the forts in his Department. He was forthwith dismissed "from the Army of the United States for treachery to the flag of his country."

He was given a position of prominence in the Confederate army and was, for a time, in command of the rebel forces in New Orleans. He resigned this place late in 1861. The U. S. troops whom he had betrayed into the hands of the Confederates in Texas remained loyal to the Union, as did most of their officers. They were allowed to leave Texas. Some of them subsequently enlisted into the Ninth Connecticut and were the accessions referred to above.

Gen. Butler pays the following tribute to the Ninth:

"When I occupied New Orleans I wanted to encamp a regiment in Lafayette Square, a small park in the centre of the city. The streets around it were inhabited by the best families. I chose the Ninth Connecticut. They remained in camp about three months, and so well did they conduct themselves that when I was about to move them elsewhere and put another regiment in their stead, * * * I had a very large petition presented to me of all the neighbors of their camp to have them remain. Their conduct was so exemplary, their care of the children who went to play in the park so tender and kind, that the inhabitants hoped that I would allow them to stay, as they did not think I could send them another regiment that would please them so well."

In another place, referring to this incident, Gen. Butler says: "I told them I had none better, but I thought I had one as good, so the order was executed. But the Irishmen of the Ninth Connecticut were like the Irishmen in all armies in all countries, very excellent soldiers."

Corporal John P. Coen, of Company F, was accidentally killed May 27, 1863, at Kennerville, La. His death cast a gloom over the company by every member of which he was highly esteemed. He belonged in Waterbury, Ct., and had enlisted Sept. 16, 1861. The circumstances attending his death were as follows: He and his company were ordered to proceed into New Orleans.

On May 26, 1863, with a detachment of ten men he went to the city, the rest of the company expecting to go the day following. In the meantime, however, the order was countermanded and the detachment in the city was ordered to return. They accordingly left New Orleans May 27. The train stopped for a short time at Kennerville and Corporal Coen and a number of others got off for a little exercise and to rest themselves. Suddenly, the train started and while the Corporal was attempting to get aboard, he slipped and fell outside the track, striking on his head. Death resulted. When his brother, Corporal Michael P. Coen, of the same company, received information of the fatality, he was twenty-seven miles away, but immediately started for the scene and took charge of the body. The latter was conveyed to New Orleans and given a soldier's burial at Chalmette. A braver, truer defender of the Union never lived than Corporal John P. Coen.

An officer of Company C, of the Ninth, kept a memorandum of the company's movements during the war. A few extracts therefrom are here given:

"Oct. 31, 1862, to Dec. 31, 1862. The company has been constantly with its regiment since last muster until Dec. 4, '62, when the company was ordered on detached service to Lake End, La. On Dec. 13, one sergeant and twelve privates went aboard the U. S. gunboat *New London* and proceeded to Furnier and Madisonville on an expedition against guerrillas. Returned Dec. 15, after driving in the pickets of the enemy.

"Dec. 31, 1862, to Feb. 28, 1863. The company has been on detached service since last muster at Lake End; made several important captures of parties attempting to run the blockade.

"April 30, 1863, to June 30, 1863. On May 26 this company was sent to New Orleans for special duty; remained there till June; thence proceeded, with four other



Corporal John P. Coen.
(A good type of the Union soldier in active service).

companies of the Ninth, on an expedition to Bonita Station, La.; remained there until June 22; proceeded thence to Bayou La Fourche where the company had a brisk engagement with the enemy; three men wounded. The expedition then returned to New Orleans.

"Aug. 31, 1863, to Oct. 31, 1863. The company in Lafayette Square, New Orleans, since last muster. One sergeant and eight men were detailed to serve on Signal Corps by Special Order No. 181, Headquarters, Department of the Gulf. One sergeant, two corporals and eight men sent North as guard to prisoners, by Orders 193-203, Headquarters, Second Brigade, Fourth Division. Lieut. Payne on detached service."

Sergt. Philip Reilly, of Company E, modestly narrates an incident in which he participated. In the winter of 1863, he was in command of a detachment of his company, stationed at Bay St. John. One evening while out reconnoitering with Corporal Ryan, the two heard an unusual sound. Listening intently, they became satisfied that it was caused by heavy wagons. Sergt. Ryan and his companion concealed themselves until the wagons had reached a point opposite, when they sprang from their hiding place and sternly called to the drivers to "Halt and surrender!" The demand was promptly complied with. An investigation disclosed the fact, that the Sergeant and his friend had captured two heavily laden wagons with three able-bodied men in charge. "The next step," writes Sergt. Reilly, "was to decide what to do with our prisoners. We reached a decision promptly, and took them to Lakeport, a distance of about three miles over a lonely road. As we had nothing but our side arms, we had to be very watchful. After reaching Lakeport, we awoke Capt. Sheridan, and turned over to him our prisoners and the wagons. The contents of the latter proved to be quite valuable and consisted of medicine, clothing and whiskey intended for the Confederates across the Lake."

Sergt. Reilly, just mentioned, while in command, in March, 1863, of an outpost at Bayou St. John, participated in the capture of a blockade runner. She had aboard a large quantity of goods, including over $2,000,000 in Confederate paper money which was being taken to Richmond for the signature of the Confederate treasurer. The bills had been made in Europe and brought to New Orleans by rebel sympathizers.

When Gen. Beauregard's wife died in New Orleans, her brother and some other relatives called upon Gen. Banks. They spoke to him concerning the funeral arrangements, and explained that if a sympathetic demonstration took place, they would not be responsible in case of a clash with U. S. troops. Gen. Banks referred the callers to the provost marshal, Gen. James Bowen. The latter called in Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, of the Ninth, and introducing him to the delegation, left them to complete the arrangements for the funeral. It was decided that the presence of troops would not be necessary. On the day of the funeral, Capt. O'Brien, in full uniform, rode in an open carriage with a relative of Mrs. Beauregard, from the house to the cathedral. A requiem High Mass was celebrated at the latter place. Every seat in the cathedral was occupied, and the vast concourse inside and out, evidenced by their presence the esteem in which the deceased lady was held. Capt. O'Brien also accompanied the funeral cortege from the cathedral to the steamboat and so on to where the interment took place.

An officer of the Ninth, writing in March, 1863, from Pass Manchac, Lake Maurepas, La., gives the following interesting accounts of some events then transpiring: "For several days past arrangements had been made for an expedition across Lake Maurepas. This was, as far as I am able to ascertain, to annoy the enemy by making an attack on whatever Confederate forces might be stationed at the different villages along the neighboring rivers. By so doing, the rebels would be obliged to send

re-enforcements from Port Hudson to the several stations, thus weakening that point. By this means, the capture of Port Hudson, by Farragut's fleet and Banks' forces, would be assisted. At 9 o'clock on the morning of March 22, the Second New York zouaves, numbering about 400 men, arrived at the Lake and were immediately ordered to embark on board several schooners that were in waiting. A 12-pounder rifled gun was placed aboard one of the schooners, and a similar gun on a steamer present. These guns were manned by men of Companies C and F, of the Ninth, all under the charge of Lieut. Payne. A U. S. yacht and the gunboat *Baritaria*, being short of men, a call was made for some from our regiment which call was complied with, and the order was given to start.

"I asked permission to accompany the expedition, the same was granted and by invitation of Capt. Spear I went aboard the yacht just mentioned. About noon, the gunboat got under way and started for a station where the captain had been ordered to communicate with Col. Clark of the Sixth Michigan regiment who was to march up the Jackson railroad to Pass Manchac. The remainder of the fleet followed. We had a very rough passage across the lake. The schooners rolled and tossed and even the steamer mentioned had a hard time of it. One of her smokestacks was blown down. The boys seemed to enjoy the trip, however, the zouaves rendering their favorite war songs during the passage. We arrived off Pass Manchac about 5 p. m., and there found Col. Clark with detachments of the Sixth Michigan, Twenty-fourth Maine, Fourteenth Maine and one company of the 177th New York. The fleet anchored for the night.

"The N. Y. Zouaves commenced landing on the morning of March 23, and marched up the railroad. Soon there was an encounter with rebel pickets and one man was killed at this point. The rebels fled. Our troops found two schooners, loaded with cotton, and took a

number of prisoners. About 4 o'clock March 23, the remainder of our troops were conveyed up the river and landed at Wadesboro that evening. Skirmishers were thrown out and soon discovered the rebel pickets. There was sharp firing on both sides, the rebels falling back. Our forces occupied Wadesboro and Ponchatoula, La., March 24, secured the telegraph station, postoffice and commissary house, burned the rebel camp, and secured a number of rifles, swords, etc. Two companies were sent out to destroy the bridge between Ponchatoula and Camp Moore.

"During the engagement with the enemy, there were wounded on our side Capt. Dodge and three men of the 177th New York and three of the New York Zouaves. On the rebel side, their commander and about a dozen men were wounded and one man killed."

On Dec. 6, 1863, Capt. John G. Healy and Lieut. John Carroll, with Company C, of the Ninth, were sent to Company Canal, La., where was stationed a battalion of cavalry, comprising 250 negro soldiers and ten white officers. The negro soldiers were committing depredations and terrorizing the whites in and about that section of country. Their officers had no control over them. Company C, of the Ninth, was kept under cover while Capt. Healy reported to the commanding officer of the cavalry battalion and agreed with him upon a plan of action. This understanding reached, Capt. Healy was introduced to the negro troops as an "inspecting officer." The ceremony was forthwith begun. During the inspection of quarters, the negroes were ordered to place their sabres in their tents, and then to parade for inspection of uniforms. At a signal to Lieut. Carroll, Company C was quietly brought to the rear of the tents, unperceived by the negroes. Suddenly, the company, with bayonets fixed and guns loaded, was moved to a position in front of the tents, thus rendering it impossible for the negroes to re-

gain possession of their sabres. The rebellious cavalry thus disarmed and foiled were marched to Fort Banks and kept there till next day when a steamer arrived and the prisoners, by order of Gen. Reynolds, were placed on board. The spirit of ugliness was completely taken out of them. Capt. Healy remained in command of Fort Banks several days. On Dec. 22, Company C returned to New Orleans.

Following is another budget of orders issued, at New Orleans, to the Ninth, by Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon:

July 6, 1863. "Commandants of companies will immediately take steps to have their unserviceable tents condemned by proper authority."

July 9, 1863. "In compliance with Special Order No. 118, Headquarters Second Brigade, Second Division, I hereby assume command of all convalescents now in Lafayette Square, and all others who may hereafter be ordered to report. First Lieutenant Addis E. Payne, of Company C, and Second Lieutenant Andrew Cole, of Company K, are hereby ordered to take charge of said convalescents. They will be immediately organized into companies, at the maximum strength, and will, until further orders, be considered as part of the regiment. Such of them as are without arms and accoutrements will be immediately supplied with such by Lieutenant Corbin * * * The officers detailed to command these men will be held responsible for their good conduct and discipline."

July 11, 1863. "First Sergeant Charles W. Alcott, of Company I, is hereby relieved of the command of paroled Confederate prisoners, stationed at Lafayette Square, and also of that of the negroes there employed. Second Sergeant J. T. Platt, of Company K, is hereby appointed to command paroled Confederate prisoners, stationed in Lafayette Square, and also to take charge of the negroes

there employed. He will be particular in attending to the wants of the prisoners, and pay great attention to keeping the Square clean and in a healthy condition."

July 30, 1863. "William H. Andrews, Corporal, Company K, is detailed as clerk at Brigade headquarters. Private Michael King, of Company K, this regiment, is detailed as orderly at Regimental headquarters. * * "

Aug. 25, 1863. "Sergeant Eben B. Evarts, of Company E, is hereby transferred to Company F and appointed first sergeant of said company. Private John Hurlbert [Hulbert], of Company C, is hereby transferred to Company F and appointed second sergeant of said company. They will be obeyed and respected accordingly. The commandants of Companies E and C will furnish the above named sergeants with their descriptive lists, and account of pay and clothing, immediately."

Aug. 25, 1863. "The Ninth regiment will be mustered for pay on Monday, August 31. Commandants of companies will see that every man is present, in full marching order, and able to undergo a very strict inspection. The companies at present stationed in Lafayette Square will form in line at 6 o'clock a. m. Company G will be mustered at 10 o'clock in the rear of U. S. Barracks. Companies A and H, stationed on the Mexican Gulf railroad, will be mustered on the arrival of the 10 o'clock train from New Orleans."

Sept. 17, 1863. "The regular monthly inspection of this regiment will commence on the 25th inst. The regiment will be inspected by Lieut. H. K. Oliver, A. A. Inspector-General of the brigade. The inspection will commence and proceed in the following order: Companies B, C, D, E, F, I, and K, at Lafayette Square, on Friday morning, Sept. 25, 1863, at 6 o'clock; Company A, at Proctorville, on Saturday the 26th of September, 1863; Company H, at Camp Chalmette, and G, at U. S. Barracks, on Monday, 28th September, 1863. Commandants

of companies will see that all company books are signed and posted up to date and ready for a strict inspection; that the men of their commands have everything in accordance with army regulations; that quarters and kitchens are clean and neat, and, in fact, that everything pertaining to their commands is in perfect order."

Oct. 8, 1863. "Hereafter, on the old guard being relieved, it will, under command of its officer, constitute a police guard whose duty it shall be to keep the camp in a clean and neat condition. The officer in charge will be held responsible that the policing of the camp is completed each day before 10 o'clock a. m.

Oct. 10, 1863. "The regular monthly inspection of the companies comprising the Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, by the Acting Assistant Inspector General of the Second Brigade, Fourth Division, Nineteenth Army Corps, will take place in the following order: Companies B, C, D, E, F, and K, stationed at Lafayette Square, New Orleans, on Thursday next, the 15th inst. Companies G and H, stationed at U. S. Barracks, New Orleans, and Chalmette, La., on Friday, 16th inst. Company A, stationed at Proctorville, La., on Saturday, 17th inst. Company commanders will see that everything pertaining to their commands is in good order. * * * It not being known at what hour the inspection will take place, all companies will be in readiness to form on the color line by 6 o'clock a. m. Each company commander will instruct his men who are on outpost duty to report to him at the time specified, leaving only those who are stationed as sentries at that time. Immediately after inspection, each company commander will hand to the adjutant an inspection report of his company, giving the number of men present, and absent and where, the number of guns in his possession, kind and calibre; the amount of ammunition on hand and, in short, a report of the company and all that pertains thereto. * * * "

Oct. 14, 1863. " * * * Company commanders are authorized to enlist, as cooks, two men of color for each thirty men of their commands. Commandants of companies will, therefore, select good men for this purpose prior to the 20th inst., at which time they will be mustered into the United States service. * * * "

Oct. 21, 1863. "The following named persons of this regiment have been commissioned by His Excellency, Governor Buckingham of Connecticut, as follows: First Lieutenant Thomas Fitz Gibbon, Company G, as quartermaster, vice Quartermaster Thomas Corbin * * *; Second Lieutenant John C. Curtis, Company G, as first lieutenant same company, vice Lieutenant Thomas Fitz-Gibbon commissioned quartermaster; Second Lieutenant James Cahill, Company D, as first lieutenant same company, vice Lieutenant Richard A. Clancey * * *; Second Lieutenant Garry T. Scott, Company F, as first lieutenant same company, vice First Lieutenant John Carroll transferred to Company B; Commissary Sergeant James Lawler as second lieutenant, Company C, vice Second Lieutenant Patrick Ingoldsby."

Oct. 21, 1863. "Private Frederick Smedel, of Company I, is hereby appointed commissary sergeant, vice Commissary Sergeant Lawler promoted."

Nov. 14, 1863. " * * * Capt. John G. Healy, of Company C, with Second Lieutenant Michael Mullins, of Company E, and twenty (20) enlisted men of the former company, is hereby detailed to proceed to Company Canal, La., and assume command of that post."

Nov. 19, 1863. "Second Lieutenant Andrew Cole, of Company K, is, in addition to his other duties, hereby appointed regimental recruiting officer. No other officer is authorized to enlist men for the regiment."

Dec. 1, 1863. "A council of adminstration is hereby appointed, composed of the following named officers: Captain Patrick Garvey, of Company B; First Lieuten-

ant Francis McKeon, of Company E; First Lieutenant James Cahill, of Company D, whose duty shall be to dispose of the effects of deceased soldiers, in accordance with the seventeenth Article of the Revised Regulations."

Dec. 13, 1863. "Commanders of companies will at once proceed to close all accounts, of the enlisted men of their commands, for clothing, etc., with the United States for the year 1863. The amount due the United States, and due the soldier, will be entered in the column of 'Remarks,' on the muster and pay rolls of November and December, 1863."

CHAPTER XI.

CONFEDERATE PLOT TO RECAPTURE NEW ORLEANS—THE NINTH MENTIONED AS AMONG THE DEFENDERS OF THE CITY—THE ENGAGEMENTS AT PASS MANCHAC AND BAYOU DES ALLEMANDS—LIST OF DEATHS IN THE NINTH DURING 1863 AND 1864—VETERAN FURLOUGH OF THE REGIMENT—A GREAT RECEPTION IN NEW HAVEN.

EARLY in January, 1864, the Confederates were considering a plot to recapture New Orleans. A rebel officer, Co. T. J. Reid, Jr., of the Twelfth Arkansas, wrote to President Davis of the Confederacy, submitting a plan for the retaking of the city.

Reid had been a prisoner in the hands of the United States authorities since the fall of Port Hudson until Dec. 4, 1863, and had been kept in New Orleans. While thus a prisoner there, he had acquired information as to the strength and location of the Union forces within the city and much other information of value regarding the defences of the city. He mentions the Ninth Connecticut as among the defenders of the place. He unfolds his plans, in detail, to Davis and displays great confidence in the meditated undertaking. He mentions "six large regiments" of Confederates as have been organized "even under the presence of the enemy" and states that these would co-operate in the projected uprising. Thus, while New Orleans was being attacked by Confederates from the outside, these "six large regiments" of rebels would create a diversion inside the city by cutting the telegraph, seizing the arsenal, capturing the general officers, etc. But this plan so carefully considered was never carried out.

In the engagements at Pass Manchac and Bayou des Allemands, La., in 1864, additional glory was reflected

upon the Ninth by the gallantry displayed in conflicts with the enemy.

On Jan. 31, 1864, the Ninth formed part of a provisional brigade, in the Department of the Gulf, the other organizations in the brigade being the Twelfth Maine (four companies), and the One Hundred and Seventy-sixth New York, the whole being commanded by Col. William K. Kimball.

On Feb. 15, 1864, a reorganization of the Nineteenth Corps was announced by which the Ninth Connecticut and the Thirteenth Connecticut were assigned to the Second Division, by order of Gen. Banks.

Gen. Banks, who had succeeded Gen. Butler in command of the Department of the Gulf, was a native of Waltham, Mass., and was born Jan. 30, 1816. He became a lawyer, a prominent Democrat, and at one time edited a newspaper. During the administration of President Polk, Banks held a position in the Boston Custom house, and in 1849 was a member of the state legislature of Massachusetts, being speaker of the lower branch of that body in 1851-52. In 1853, he was president of the State Constitutional Convention. In 1853-57, he was a member of Congress, and separated from the Democratic party. He was speaker of the National House of Representatives in 1855, was elected governor of Massachuetts in 1858, and served until 1861. When the war broke out, he was president of the Illinois Central railroad. He offered his services to President Lincoln, was commissioned a major general of volunteers in May, 1861, and was given command of the Annapolis military district. He displayed great ability during the war, and in 1865 was again elected to Congress.

Gen. Thomas Williams, in whose forces the Ninth served at the battle of Baton Rouge, was born in New York, 1816. He graduated at West Point, in 1837, and became assistant professor of mathematics there. From 1844 to 1850, he was an aid to Gen. Scott, and rendered

gallant service in the war with Mexico. In Sept., 1861, he was commissioned brigadier general of volunteers and commanded, at one time, the forts at Hatteras.

While Capt. O'Brien was provost marshal and judge of the Parish of St. James, La., he administered affairs so judiciously that he became quite popular with the planters and their negro laborers. The sugar crop was saved, the profits were large and the help received wages in full. Previously the work had been done by slave labor, so that the reception of wages for their work on this occasion was an agreeable experience for the negroes. Capt. O'Brien administered affairs so well that when Gen. Richard Taylor (Confederate) came sweeping along to relieve the besieged garrison at Port Hudson, O'Brien was secretly warned by the planters so that he might escape death or capture.

The attention of Gen. Banks was specially called, in June, 1864, to the large number of U. S. soldiers confined in the Parish prison, New Orleans. He decided to investigate the matter and appointed a commission, consisting of four officers for that purpose. One of these officers was Capt. Lawrence O'Brien of the Ninth. They found that for trifling offences, soldiers would be arrested by the police and brought before a judge who would not fine them but would, instead, send them to prison. The commission also found, and so reported to Gen. Banks, that the judge was a secret enemy of the United States and was thus aiding his side by imprisoning these U. S. soldiers and thus keeping them away from their regiments. As a result of the investigation, the soldiers were liberated and the judge was arrested and locked up.

Lieut. Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon of the Ninth, issued the following circular from the headquarters of the regiment, Madisonville, La., early in 1864:

Feb. 16, 1864. "There being a number of men in the several companies of this regiment who manifested a de-

sire, previous to re-enlisting, to be transferred from one company to another, and they having been generally informed by the officers that this desire would be granted, I think it is for the interest of the captains and also the regiment that this should be carried out. In order that it may be done properly, the applications should come from the captains to the commanding officer of the regiment. It is desired that this may be done as soon as convenient."

Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon also issued the following order under date of Madisonville, La., Feb. 26, 1864:

"On the reorganization of this regiment as veteran volunteers, and at the request of company commanders, the following named enlisted men are transferred as follows: Private Patrick Bowen,[1] of Company A, to Company C; Private James Keegan, of Company A, to Com- C; Private Charles Dimon, of Company D, to Company I; Private Thomas Knablin, of Company D, to Company I; Corporal James Dolan, of Company E, to Company K; Private Michael Dolan, of Company E, to Company K; Private John O'Mara, of Company E, to Company K. All ordnance and ordnance stores, camp [and] garrison equipage in their possession will be dropped from the next quarterly returns of the companies, from which they are transferred, and taken up on the returns of the companies to which they are transferred. Their clothing and whatever other accounts they may have will be transferred in like manner. Their names will be dropped from the rolls of the several companies from which they are transferred, and will be borne on rolls of the companies to which they are assigned. This order to take effect from March 1, 1864."

In an order issued by Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon, at Madisonville, La., Feb. 29, 1864, it is provided that "The camp of this regiment will be removed to-morrow to the grounds formerly occupied by the Eleventh Indiana Volunteers. The tents will be struck at 5 o'clock a. m."

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[1] Also spelled Bohan.

In an order issued by the Lieutenant Colonel at Carrollton, La., March 17, 1864, he announces that "The following officers are hereby appointed an examining board to examine recruits, from the general depot of enlistment, for this regiment, viz: Surgeon Charles A. Gallagher, Ninth Connecticut; Capt. Michael A. Williams, Ninth Connecticut; Capt. John G. Healy, Ninth Connecticut."

The Ninth was now preparing for its furlough North. Col. Cahill issued the following:

HEADQUARTERS, NINTH REGIMENT, CONN. VOLS.
CARROLLTON, LA., March 25, 1864.

Regimental Order
No. 5.

I In compliance with Special Order No. 71, Headquarters Defences of New Orleans, the commanding officers of companies of this regiment will turn in to the regimental Quartermaster all quartermaster stores, camp and garrison equipage and all surplus ordnance stores for which they may be responsible.

II The regimental Quartermaster upon the receipt of the ordnance and quartermaster stores, will turn the above named over to the proper staff departments, * * * in accordance with Paragraph 3, Special Order No. 71, from Headquarters Defences of New Orleans.

III The regimental surgeon, Charles A. Gallagher, will turn over to the proper staff departments all surplus medical stores for which he is responsible.

IV Company commanders will make out and forward to these headquarters, at the earliest possible moment, descriptive lists * * * of all men of their commands who have not re-enlisted.

By order of
THOMAS W. CAHILL,
Colonel Commanding.

Henry Kattenstroth,
Adjutant.

According to an order issued at New Orleans, June 27, 1864, the Nineteenth Corps, as then made up, comprised three divisions, nine brigades, and fifty regiments. The Ninth Connecticut regiment, at that time, formed a part of the First Brigade of the Second Division. The brigade was commanded by Gen. H. W. Birge and the division by Gen. Cuvier Grover. The brigade was constituted as follows:

FIRST BRIGADE.

BRIG. GEN. H. W. BIRGE.

Fourteenth Maine, Col. Thomas W. Porter.
Twelfth Maine, Col. William K. Kimball.
Twenty-sixth Massachusetts, Col. A. B. Farr.
Ninth Connecticut, Col. Thomas W. Cahill.
Seventy-fifth New York, Col. R. B. Merritt.
Fourteenth New Hampshire, Col. Robert Wilson.

Gen. Henry W. Birge, commanding this brigade, was a native of Connecticut, and when the war broke out was a resident of Norwich. In May, 1861, he was commissioned as major of the Fourth Connecticut regiment, but resigned that position and in November, 1861, was made colonel of the Thirteenth Connecticut. He led the latter to Ship Island, Miss., and thence to New Orleans, later participating in operations throughout that section. In September, 1863, he was commissioned brigadier general. He took part in the Red River campaign and in Sheridan's operations in the Shenandoah Valley. In June, 1865, he was appointed to command the military district of Savannah, Ga.

The following order is self-explanatory:

Aug. 15, 1864. "Captain O'Brien, 9th Connecticut Volunteers, will take command of, and distribute to their regiments, all enlisted men now at Camp of Distribution in this city, whose regiments are serving in the Army of

the Potomac. All officers en route to their commands, junior in rank to Captain O'Brien, will render him such assistance in the discharge of this duty, as he may require. The Quartermaster's department will furnish the necessary transportation." (By command of Major Gen. J. J. Reynolds).

The following is a list of members of the Ninth who are recorded as having "Died" during 1863 and 1864, together with the place where each belonged. The list does not include those killed during that period:

COMPANY A.

Private Daniel Mullen, New Haven.
Private John Donohue, Branford.
Private James Foley, New Haven.[1]
Private Patrick Cullen,[2] New Haven.

COMPANY B.

Private Thomas Dunn, New Britain.
Private Patrick Green, Meriden.
Private James Lawler,[3] Middletown.
Private John Lynch, 1st, Cheshire.
Private Michael Magee, Meriden.
Private Alexander Merceir, Cheshire.
Private Thomas Minahan, New Haven.
Private William Casheen,[2] Meriden.

COMPANY C.

Private Timothy McLaughlin, New Haven.
Private John T. Barry, New Haven.
Private Roger Kelleher, New Haven.
Private Garrett Birmingham,[2] New Haven.
Private John Smith, 2d, New Haven.

COMPANY D.

Private Nicholas Doyle, Bridgeport.
Private Peter Keenan, Bridgeport.

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[1] Place of muster in.
[2] Died while a member of the Ninth Battalion, C. V.
[3] Drowned.

Private Peter O'Conner, Bridgeport.
Private Dennis Otis, Bridgeport.
Private Philip Pearson, New Orleans, La.[1]

COMPANY E.

Private Cornelius Ryan, Derby.
Private John McTague, Camp Parapet, La.[1]
Private Matthew Gallagher, New Haven.

COMPANY F.

Corporal Carl G. Bernhardt, Westbrook.
Private John Fanning, Waterbury.
Private John McCarthy, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private John McSorley, Norwich.

COMPANY G.

Musician Dennis Deegan, Middletown.
Private John Rynes, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private James Galvin, Hartford.
Private Peter Hackett, Hartford.
Private Cornelius Lehon, Portland.
Private Joseph Furnace, New Orleans, La.[1]
Private Otto Lefevre,[2] New Orleans, La.[1]
Private Thomas Spellesay, New Orleans, La.[1]

COMPANY H.

Corporal James O'Brine, Carrollton, La.[1]
Corporal Patrick Glynn,[3] Norwich.
Private John I. Cain, Danbury.
Private John Meldrum, Norwich.
Private Newman Bruisee, New Haven.
Private Henry F. Thompson, Portland.
Private James Carey, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private John Green, Carrollton, La.[1]
Private Patrick Gray, New Haven.

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[1] Place of muster in.

[2] Transferred to 1st Regt., Texas Cavalry, Nov. 1, 1862; died at Hempstead, Tex., Aug. 30, 1864.

[3] Died while a member of Company C, Ninth battalion, C. V.

NOTE.—To the above add the following: Company D, Wagoner Henry Dressendoffer, New Orleans, La.; Wagoner William Fibbs, Bridgeport. Company G, Private Heenan Greenhart, Hartford; Private James Cunningham, Hartford. Company H, Private Oliver Sanford, Portland.

COMPANY I.

Private John Cooney,[1] Lowell, Mass.
Private Martin Murphy, Northampton, Mass.
Private William Hollidi, Carrollton, La.[2]

COMPANY K.

Sergeant William Brown, Derby.
Private Charles Ross, Hartford.

By special order No. 19, issued by Col. Cahill, at Carrollton, La., April 4, 1864, the non re-enlisted men of the Ninth, and others not entitled to the furlough, were assigned to Capt. Wright of the regiment, during the absence of the latter at the North. Lieut. Joseph H. Lawler was, at his own request, relieved from duty with Company H, and was ordered to report for duty to Capt. Wright.

In the meantime, the U. S. transport *Continental* had been provided to convey the regiment North on its furlough. The *Continental* was moored to a wharf at the head of Jackson street, New Orleans. The Ninth was transported from Carrollton to New Orleans by rail and marched to the boat. A special guard of three men from each company was detailed for duty at the steamer. Embarking, the regiment was assigned quarters for the voyage, and soon after, lines were cast off and the *Continental* started on her journey. Officers and men were in excellent spirits, at the prospect of visiting home, and the passage proved very enjoyable. The *Continental*, which also had the Eighth Vermont regiment aboard, reached Long wharf, New Haven, at 5 p. m., Friday, April 15.

The city was en fete to welcome the returned veterans. The New Haven *Palladium* speaking of the event, in its issue of April 16, 1864, says: "New Haven honored the brave boys of the Ninth yesterday. Col. Cahill and about

[1] Drowned.
[2] Place of muster in.

400 of his re-enlisted men arrived at Long wharf on the transport *Continental*, yesterday afternoon, after a pleasant passage. * * * The veterans were landed, formed in line, and inspected at the end of Long wharf. They were then marched up to the head, where they were met by the imposing military escort which our patriotism had provided for them." Church bells were rung, cannon fired and other welcoming features displayed. The Eighth Vermont also landed and participated in the parade, receiving a cordial greeting. The line was made up as follows, as stated in the *Connecticut War Record*, a publication of the period:

Second Company, Governor's Horse Guards.
Band.
One Company of the Third Battalion, Veteran Reserve Corps, from the U. S. Rendezvous.
Detachment of the Second Battalion, Veteran Reserve Corps, from the Knight Hospital.
Detachment of 30 men on Recruiting Service, from the U. S. Rendezvous.
The New Haven Grays, Capt. Northrop.
The National Blues, Capt. Hollister.
The Governor's Foot Guard, Major Camp.
The City Guard, Capt. Richards.
The Emmet Guard, Capt. Wrinn.
Reception Committee in carriages.
Mayor Tyler, Maj. Gen. Russell, and the Rev. Father Hart of St. Patrick's church.
The Ninth Regiment,[1] Connecticut Volunteers, Col. Thomas W. Cahill.
Band.
The Eighth Vermont Regiment, Col. Dutton.

The Ninth received a tremendous welcome from the multitude lining the route of march. The veterans were escorted to the State House, in New Haven, where an address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Tyler. An eloquent address was also delivered by the Rev. Father Hart, in the course of which he said:

"We hoped for great things from you; and I proclaim before you that our hopes have not been disappointed,—

[1] The re-enlisted veterans.

no, not in a single instance. We have followed you from Ship Island to Pass Christian, your first encounter in war, when, after having conquered the fathers, you gave bread to the starving children. We followed you to New Orleans. We found you in the expedition bound for Vicksburg. There many of your noble brothers in arms laid down their lives upon their country's altar. Sacred be their memories to-night! Honored be the graves in which their patriotic dust is laid to rest! and may our country, for which they died, care for their widowed and orphaned ones. From Vicksburg, we watched your steps to Baton Rouge, now made famous by your exploits; where, after a most desperate contest, lasting for hours, your gallant colonel was placed in command, by whose efforts the day was won, and the enemy defeated, forced to retire, leaving their dead and wounded in your hands. You have done well. We are proud of you. Other regiments have fought more than you, because they had it to do. You have done all the fighting given you to do, and done it well. We honor you, therefore, and were proud of you when we heard of your congratulatory orders, and your compliments for discipline and bravery."

During the exercises, a dinner was served the veterans. The Ninth went into camp in New Haven, and the men were given opportunities to visit their homes and families, from whom they had been absent so long.



Serg't Philip Riley. Serg't J. T. Mullen.

Prin. Mus. John E. Healy.

CHAPTER XII.

DEPARTURE OF THE NINTH FROM NEW HAVEN FOR BERMUDA HUNDRED—THE COMMAND AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL—THE MARCH TO TENNALLYTOWN, D. C.—THENCE TO THE SHENANDOAH VALLEY—THE BATTLES OF WINCHESTER AND FISHER'S HILL—REENLISTED VETERANS ORGANIZED INTO THE NINTH BATTALION, COMMANDED BY LIEUT. COL. JOHN G. HEALY.

THE NINTH left New Haven for the front, again, July 18, 1864, and was given a cordial farewell. New Haven was aglow with enthusiasm and a great concourse witnessed the regiment's departure. The command departed on the steamer *Elm City* for New York and landed there. It was at first thought to retain the regiment in that city, owing to circumstances, but the command was finally embarked for New Orleans. This order was soon changed, however, and the Ninth was directed to proceed to the James river, where it disembarked at Bermuda Hundred, Va., and participated, "with its usual alacrity," in the important movements then taking place.

Gen. Butler, early in May, 1864, had entrenched the larger part of the Army of the James at Bermuda Hundred, at the junction of the James and Appomattox rivers. The object was to co-operate with the Army of the Potomac, which was approaching from the North. Butler's prime consideration, just then, was to prevent Lee receiving re-enforcements from Petersburg, Va., or the South. With this purpose in view, Butler undertook the destruction of the railway between Petersburg and Richmond so as to cut off direct communication between the capital of the Confederacy and the South.

Gen. Gillmore withdrew his forces from before Charleston to join Butler, whereupon Gen. Beauregard hurried

northward to confront and oppose the Army of the James. He reached Petersburg and was quickly reenforced. Under cover of a dense fog, on the morning of May 16, 1864, he attempted to turn Butler's right flank. After a spirited battle, Butler's troops retired to within their entrenchments. Some days later, Butler was ordered to forward nearly two-thirds of his effective force to the north side of the James river for the purpose of assisting the Army of the Potomac which was then engaged operating against Lee in northern Virginia. Deprived of so large a part of his troops, Butler was unable, for the time, to make any further aggressive movement. He accordingly expressed himself to the effect that "The necessities of the Army of the Potomac have bottled me up at Bermuda Hundred." This sentiment was subsequently used to his disadvantage.

The Ninth, under Col. Cahill, upon reaching Bermuda Hundred, in July, 1864, reported to Gen. W. S. Hancock commanding the Second Corps. Some days later the regiment proceeded to Deep Bottom, Va. In a short time it moved to Washington, D. C. It reported to Gen. C. C. Auger, commanding the Twenty-second Corps. One of the captains of the regiment writing home to Connecticut, under date of Tennallytown, D. C., Aug. 3, 1864, says:

"In the letter which I sent home on the 1st inst., I mentioned that we were in sight of the city of Washington. Well, we arrived there that evening, and in a few moments received orders to march to the Baltimore depot and there take the cars. All the knapsacks were stored in one of the Government buildings, the officers and men taking with them only what clothing they most needed. We marched through Washington to the depot. On arriving at the latter point, we learned that no cars would be ready for us until near morning. So we were ordered, with other regiments, to an open field where we laid ourselves down. The men had their blankets with

them, but the officers had no such comforts and were obliged to recline on the bare ground.

"We did not expect to have much of a sleep that night, as we expected to be ordered off at any moment. Still, we hoped this would not be and that we would be permitted to remain undisturbed for the night, as we were all tired out, not having changed our clothing since we left New Haven and having had but little sleep. In one hour after we had lain down, however, the order was given to 'Fall in!' without arms.

"'Fall in! Fall in! Fall in!
Every man in his place;
Fall in! Fall in! Fall in!
Each with a cheerful face.
Fall in! Fall in!
Fall in! Fall in!'

"We were marched to a large building, called the 'Soldiers' Rest,' where we were treated to plenty of cold ham, hot coffee and fresh bread. The boys ate with a relish. After this, we went back to the camp and again fixed ourselves for a good night's rest. But we were soon disturbed, and ordered to go aboard the cars. These were such as are used to carry horses. We lay down on the hard boards and tried to snatch a brief sleep. Before daylight, we were aroused and ordered to disembark, the train not having started, and be ready to immediately march.

"The line was formed on Pennsylvania Ave., in front of the National Capitol. Our regiment had the right of the line, and the march was soon begun. We soon learned that we were to march to the Tennallytown road and there join other troops on their way against the enemy. After we had marched about seven miles, we were ordered into camp. Our brigade formed in line at 10 o'clock that night and, half an hour later, we started for the front. The Ninth was in excellent spirits, notwithstanding what it had just been through, and we moved

forward in excellent shape. We marched until 2.30 o'clock the next morning, and by that time we were very tired.

"We were permitted to lie down and were soon fast asleep. The next morning, we commenced pitching our tents, which are nothing but a square piece of canvas for the officers and men; all fare alike. When we awoke that morning, the first thing that attracted our attention was the advance line of our fortifications within a short distance of us. There we were in the front and facing the enemy. The evening previously, a great many of the Ninth went up to the works, and when they came back they informed those who did not go that they had got a glimpse of the enemy. This information prompted a general rush of the boys to the place and from there, sure enough, could be seen our pickets and, beyond them, those of the Confederates. Friend and foe were only a short distance apart. In fact, the pickets were near enough to exchange words with each other. I went up to our works yesterday afternoon and, with the naked eye, could easily see the rebel pickets and, with the aid of a glass, could nearly discern their features. I heard their band play last night. There was also great cheering among the Confederates, but we have not yet learned the cause of it.

"I don't know how long we will remain here,—probably until the rest of our corps arrives from New Orleans. Lieutenants Kennedy, Connors and McKeon, and several of the men, who had been left behind, arrived here yesterday. The Sixth and Seventh regiments are close by us, on our right. There is very little firing going on in the daytime, but at night they go in. Last night there was very heavy firing over in the direction of Petersburg. There is also heavy firing in the direction of Fort Darling on the James river."

Writing, "In the woods, near the Leesburg Turnpike, about 15 miles from Washington, Aug. 14, 1864," the

captain of the Ninth, just quoted, says: "All the troops of the Ninteenth Corps, that were stationed at Tennallytown, struck their tents about 1 o'clock this morning. The air is cool and refreshing, caused by a splendid shower last night. At 3 o'clock this morning, the order was given to march, and we started in the following order: Gen. Grover, and staff, on the right; Gen. Birge, and staff, next; then our brigade and three other brigades in their respective order. Then followed the large train of ambulances, brigade, regimental and supply wagons. Forward we went over the rough roads, our equipments on our backs and three days' rations in our haversacks. We marched up hill and down vale, on the roads and through the woods. At times it was so dark we could see but a very short distance ahead of us. The roads were in bad shape, being covered with small stones. Upon daylight appearing, we halted for ten minutes, and then started again. At 5 a. m. we crossed the celebrated Chain Bridge, a beautiful structure. Our band played an air while we were crossing. In half an hour after, we passed through 'Fort Marcy.' You will recollect that our regiment is on the right of the line. The weather had now become very warm. We halted for about ten minutes every hour. We did not march over two miles an hour, owing to the condition of the route. During the march, we had to wade through two large streams. A rest was then ordered for the remainder of the day. I had some dry coffee in my haversack and soon had some of the refreshing beverage prepared. Our beds consisted of leaves, with pieces of shelter tents spread over them. Over us, we had another piece of tent, rigged on sticks. My bed was on the edge of a stream. We are to move again at 3 o'clock to-morrow morning."

Writing the next afternoon, the same officer says: "We were up at 2 o'clock this morning and after preparing and taking breakfast, we resumed our march at 3 a. m. We continued until noon when we halted at this place called

'Broad Run,' which is in Virginia. The day is very warm. I have returned from the 'Run' where I had a fine swim and feel much refreshed. I have not heard of any deaths to-day in the division. Yesterday there were three or four, due to the heat."

Under date of "Leesburg, Va., Aug. 18, 1864," the officer writes: "We left camp at 3.30 this morning, and after a tedious march reached the town of Leesburg, Va. It is a beautiful village. The houses are nearly all of brick. As the head of the line reached the village, the bands of the different regiments struck up appropriate airs, and with colors flying, we entered the place. There were a great many people in the streets,—no young men —but some young ladies and many elderly people; also crowds of negroes. The whites did not seem to be pleased with our visit. We saw several girls seated at the windows of their homes but they did not look at us. They are strong secessionists. The Ninth encamped just outside the place. I, and several other officers, went to the hotel this evening to get supper. There were several ladies at the table,—all of them well dressed. The hotel management charged us one dollar for a cup of tea or coffee, hot biscuit and johnnycake. After supper we took a walk about the place. It is one of the prettiest villages I have ever been in. The inhabitants are very cheerful. We expect to leave here in the morning."

The Ninth added to its fame, by the part taken by the regiment at Deep Bottom, Va., in July, 1864, and at the battle of Winchester, Va., Sept. 19, 1864. Gen. Philip H. Sheridan, who was of Irish parentage, took command of the middle division of the army on Aug. 7, that year. He had three army corps,—the Sixth, Eighth and Nineteenth, his forces including 10,000 cavalry. Of Connecticut regiments with Sheridan at this time "were the Second Artillery, still fighting as infantry in Wright's Sixth corps; the Eighteenth regiment in Crook's Eighth corps, the First Cavalry in Wilson's division, and the Ninth,

Twelfth and Thirteenth regiments, which had arrived from the Department of the Gulf, in the Nineteenth corps." Sheridan established his headquarters at Harper's Ferry. He carefully prepared for a vigorous campaign, and devoted a month to getting his forces well in hand. Gen. Early (Confederate), wishing to flank him, attempted to lure him up the Shenandoah Valley, but Sheridan was too sagacious to be drawn into the trap. Instead, he kept the entrance into Maryland vigilantly guarded against Confederate raids and went ahead with his preparations. Gen. Grant visited Sheridan, Aug. 16, 1864, to consider the situation. The rest of the narrative is thus told:[1]

"Sheridan was anxious to begin offensive operations. The lieutenant general (Grant) had confidence in him and, after deliberation, left him, with the laconic order, "Go in!" Sheridan and Early then confronted each other at Opequan Creek, a few miles east of Winchester. Sheridan watched his antagonist closely, and when, on Sept. 18, Early weakened his lines by sending half his army on a reconnoissance to Martinsburg (which Averill repulsed), Sheridan put his forces under arms, and, at 3 o'clock in the morning, Sept. 19, they were in motion towards Winchester, Wilson's cavalry leading, followed by Wright's and Emory's corps. Wilson crossed the Opequan at dawn, charging upon and sweeping away all opposers, and securing a place, within two miles of Winchester, for the deployment of the army. There they formed, with Wright's corps on the left, flanked by Wilson's cavalry, Emory in the centre, and Crook's Kanawha infantry in reserve in the rear. Early had turned back towards Winchester before Sheridan was ready for battle, and strongly posted his men in a fortified position on a series of detached hills. Averill had followed them closely from Bunker's Hill, and he and Merritt enveloped Winchester on the east and north with cavalry.

[1] In Lossing's *Cyclopædia of United States History.*

"Between the two armies lay a broken, wooded country. The Nationals attempted to reach Early's vulnerable left wing and centre, and, in so doing, encountered a terrible tempest of shells. They charged Early's centre furiously and carried his first line. His skillful general, Rodes, was killed. The assailing columns were quickly hurled back by two powerful divisions. It seemed, for a moment, as if the Nationals had lost the day. The Confederates eagerly sought to seize the only gorge in the mountains through which the Nationals might retreat, if compelled to. This was well defended by a few troops at first. Very soon the Confederates were pushed back to their lines. This was followed by the rapid rallying of the broken columns of the Nationals, and re-forming of their line, which speedily advanced. There was now a most sanguinary battle until 4 o'clock p. m., when a loud shout was heard from beyond the woods on the Union right. It was from Crook's (Eighth) corps * * * which, with Torbert's cavalry, pressed forward in the face of a murderous fire and fell heavily upon Early's left.

"At the same time there was a general charge upon the Confederate centre by the infantry, and by Wilson's cavalry on Early's right, driving the Confederates to the fortified heights. Before 5 o'clock the latter were carried, and Early's broken columns were flying through Winchester and up the valley towards Strasburg in full retreat. They left behind them 2,500 of their number as prisoners, with nine battle flags and five pieces of artillery. They were pursued until dark. The Confederates lost about 1,000 men besides the prisoners. Sheridan's loss was about 3,000. Besides the prisoners taken in battle there were about 3,000 wounded left in Winchester."

As the battle opened, the Ninth was thrown forward as skirmishers and to protect the right flank of the Nineteenth corps. The advance videttes of the regiment were the means of having a Confederate battery captured, as

they kept firing at the gunners and thus greatly aided a regiment of the Eighth corps which came up and took the battery. Some members of the Ninth were wounded during the engagement. They included Private Patrick Delaney, of Company F, and Private Augustus S. Smith, of Company I. The former belonged in Waterbury; and the latter in Plymouth, Ct.

Drum Major Healy, of the Ninth writes: "After the battle of Winchester, I was of a party looking in the woods and ravines for the dead and wounded. I came across an officer's horse with full accoutrements. The horse had been wounded in the fleshy part of the breast, not dangerously. He seemed glad he had been discovered. I brought him into camp, doctored up his wound and used him to carry the personal effects of my drum corps and also for foraging. One afternoon I, with six others, while near Harrisburg, Va., in the Shenandoah Valley, drove about nine miles, looking for food, to a deserted farm with plenty of goats, pigs, potatoes and apples. I got a pot of apple butter, a bag of apples and potatoes and half a hog and had them tied to the pomel of my saddle when Mosby's guerrillas were seen in the distance on a run for us. It was certain death from the enemy to any one caught foraging. I started my horse on a run towards camp, but they were firing at me and were gaining. I cut loose all my bags and that wounded horse fairly flew and saved me. George Lyon was caught. He had a $10 greenback in his pocket. He put it in his shoe and they did not find it. He had to walk to Richmond. When he got there the greenback was nothing but pulp."

It used to be humorously declared that the boys from Connecticut, on their march through Virginia, could chase a fat porker, kill him, cut him up, and put him in their haversacks, without losing step.

While the Ninth was thus on the march, by way of

Leesburg and Snicker's Gap, to Berryville to join Sheridan, a musician of the regiment died of sunstroke. In his delirium he had wandered into a field. The surgeon examined him and reported that there was no hope. Says



PENCIL SKETCH BY A SOLDIER OF THE NINTH.

a member of the Ninth: "The night we crossed Snicker's Gap we had already been on the march since 1 o'clock the night previous. Tired, hungry, barefooted, it seemed as though we should never hear the welcome order 'Halt!' Among the sick in ambulances were Surgeon

Gallagher and two other surgeons. The roads were in fearful condition. After joining Sheridan, Aug. 17, 1864, a week or so was spent by the Ninth in skirmishing, fortifying, changing position, etc. One night we moved hurriedly to Halltown, near Harper's Ferry—a few days there—then back again to Berryville. On the morning of Sept. 19, the army was in motion and before daylight we of the Ninth could hear the boom of the cannon in the distance. At 9.30 a. m., we left the road and moved to the right under cover of the hills. The shells were now screaming over us, and the rattle of musketry came to us directly from our left. We hurriedly formed in line of battle, pushed through the dense woods and in a few moments were in the roar of the conflict. At nightfall, after the defeat of the enemy, we marched over the field and bivouacked at Winchester. We continued the pursuit through the day and in the evening took up a position on the extreme left of our army. That evening, the Ninth made a reconnoissance. The next day, we were ordered to hold a ford at the foot of a mountain still further to the left. Crossing the railroad, the Ninth moved through an open field to the river several hundred yards distant. Two of our companies forded the stream, the rest forming along a fence on the bank. In a short time, we heard the 'Rebel yell' and a brigade swept down from the heights upon our boys who fell back under a terrible fire. The water of the river seemed to fairly boil with the splash of the bullets. Amid the confusion, eight companies of the Ninth fell back to the railroad, leaving the Colonel and two companies near the river, the enemy being in such proximity that retreat was impossible. Sharp firing was kept up all day, without much damage being done on either side. The rebels not knowing our weakness failed to cross and attack us. Our loss was two killed and five wounded. Under cover of the darkness we fell back to the main body, but in the morning returned to our old position in time for the battle of Fisher's Hill, Va."

Driven from Winchester, Early and his forces did not halt until they reached Fisher's Hill, the point just mentioned. This was beyond Strasburg and 20 miles from the Winchester battlefield. Fisher's Hill was strongly fortified. Sheridan had sent a despatch to the Secretary of War, stating that "We have just sent the enemy whirling through Winchester, and are after them tomorrow." And he kept his word. On Sept. 22, 1864, he appeared before Fisher's Hill where the Confederates under Early were entrenched. Sheridan ordered Crook's corps to gain the rear of the Confederate position, and with Wright's and Emory's corps advanced to the attack of the left and front. The assault was vigorously made and, notwithstanding a vigorous resistance, the Confederates were driven in great disorder up the valley, leaving behind over 1,000 prisoners and sixteen pieces of artillery. Sheridan pursued to Port Republic where he destroyed a Confederate train of 75 wagons. His cavalry continued the pursuit to Staunton, where Early had found shelter in the passes of the Blue Ridge. The Union cavalry destroyed a great amount of stores at Staunton, and then proceeded to Waynesborough and visited destruction upon the Virginia Central railroad. Sheridan's army then moved down the Shenandoah valley, inflicting great, but necessary, damage and leaving nothing that would "invite the enemy to return."

The Ninth's term of service as a regiment being about to expire, measures were taken to organize those who had reenlisted, into a battalion. The following was issued:

HEADQUARTERS, NINETEENTH ARMY CORPS,
NEAR CEDAR CREEK, VA.,
October 12, 1864.

Special Orders No. 59.

(Extract):

Pursuant to Special Orders No. 53, Ex. 3, Headquarters Middle Military Division, the recruits and re-enlisted



BATTLE AT OPEQUAN CREEK, (WINCHESTER), VA., SEPT. 19, 1864.

men of the Ninth Connecticut Volunteers will be consolidated into a Battalion of four companies to be commanded by senior Captain.

The companies will be designated respectively as A, B, C, D, and the following will be the assignment of officers retained by Special Orders No. 53, Headquarters Middle Military Division:

COMPANY A.

Captain, John G. Healy.
First Lieutenant, G. T. Scott.
Second Lieutenant, Thomas Connors.

COMPANY B.

Captain, T. Sheridan.
First Lieutenant, M. Mullins.
Second Lieutenant, C. Streit.

COMPANY C.

Captain, W. A. Lee.
First Lieutenant, D. C. Warner.
Second Lieutenant, J. H. Lincoln.

COMPANY D.

First Lieutenant, J. W. Graham.
Second Lieutenant, to be selected.

The men will be assigned as follows: 98 men to Company A, 98 men to Company B, 98 men to Company C, and 90 men to Company D, to be assigned by senior officer.

The Non-Commissioned Staff will be retained.

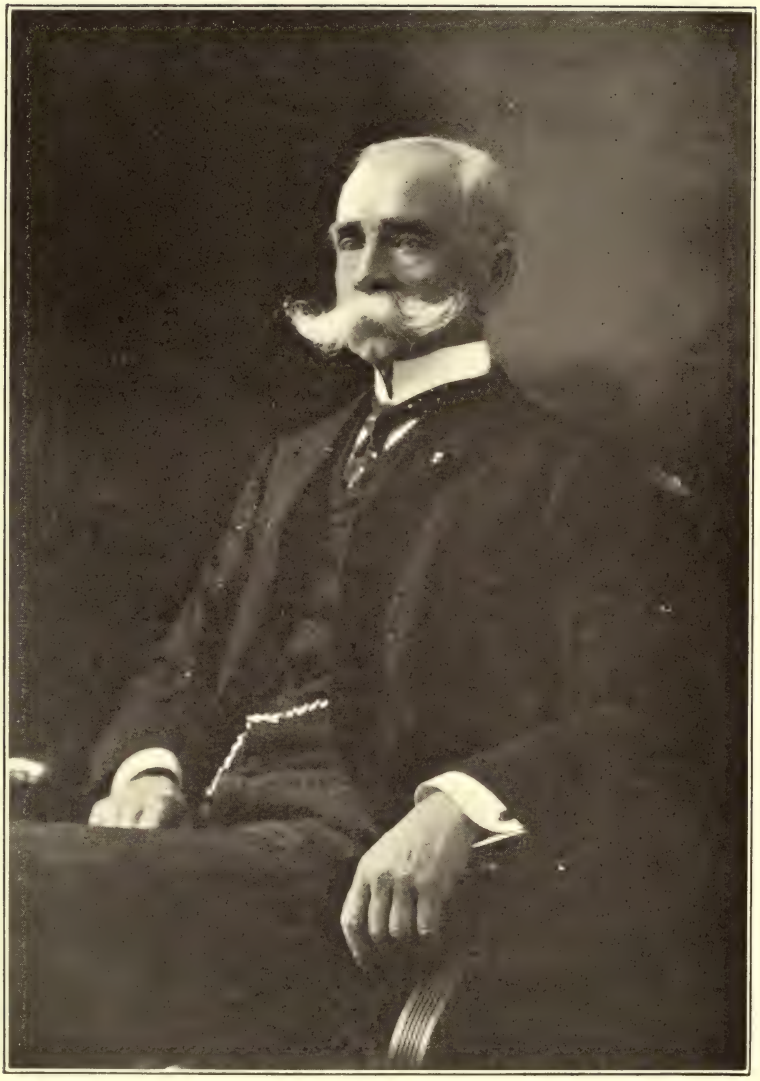
By order of

Brevet Major-General EMORY,

DUNCAN L. WALKER, A. A. G.

Under command of Captain Healy, the Ninth Battalion, thus organized, bore a very conspicuous part in the battle of Cedar Creek, October 19, 1864, its flag being the first planted on the recaptured works of the enemy. In this desperate action the Ninth lost thirty men in killed and wounded.

Col. Cahill, Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon, Major Frye, Adjutant Kattenstroth, Quartermaster Fitz Gibbon, Surgeon Gallagher and other officers of the regiment were honorably discharged Oct. 26, 1864, their term of service having expired.



Lieut. Col. John G. Healy.

CHAPTER XIII.

THE NINTH BATTALION AT THE BATTLE OF CEDAR CREEK, VA.—GREAT ENTHUSIASM GREETS SHERIDAN ON HIS ARRIVAL FROM WINCHESTER—PRAISE FOR THE COLOR BEARERS OF THE NINTH—GEN. BIRGE THANKS THE BATTALION FOR ITS GALLANT WORK—THE COMMAND AT SAVANNAH, GA.—THE MUSTER OUT AND RETURN HOME—CASUALTIES OF REGIMENT AND BATTALION DURING THE WAR.

CAPT. John G. Healy, senior captain of the Ninth Battalion, C. V., was made lieutenant colonel Dec. 1, 1864. He commanded the Battalion throughout its whole period of service, and was mustered out with the command, Aug. 3, 1865. The Battalion rendered valiant service and was one of the most efficient of the veteran organizations. It participated in the battle of Cedar Creek, Va., Oct. 19, 1864, and was among the commands to welcome Sheridan as he dashed along on his famous ride from Winchester.

After the battle of Fisher's Hill, in Virginia, fought in 1864, in which the Union forces achieved such a great victory, Sheridan went to Washington on official business, leaving Gen. Wright in command. His forces were strongly posted at Cedar Creek, and no attack from the enemy was expected. Nevertheless, it came. Early, the Confederate commander, keenly felt the defeat he had received and determined to strike a blow in an attempt to reverse the conditions. Reinforced by Kershaw's division, and 600 cavalry sent him by Lee, he decided on a bold and swift movement against the Federals. He accordingly secretly assembled his forces behind a mask of thick woods, at Fisher's Hill, and formed them in two columns. Soon after midnight, Oct. 19, 1864, he moved to make a simultaneous attack upon both flanks of the

Union army. His right column consisted of the divisions of Gordon, Ramseur, and Pegram; his left of those of Wharton and Kershaw. At dawn, he fell upon the Federals, striking them on the right, left and rear.

So furious and unexpected was the assault that the Federals were taken by surprise and thrown into great confusion. "In fifteen minutes," says an account of the fight, "Crook's corps, that held a position in front, and had heard mysterious sounds like the dull, heavy tramp of an army, was broken into fragments, and sent flying back in disorder upon the corps of Emory and Wright. Crook left 700 men as prisoners with many cannon, small arms, and munitions of war, in the hands of the Confederates. Emory tried in vain to stop the fugitives, but very soon his own corps gave way, leaving several guns behind. These, with Crook's, eighteen in all, were turned upon the fugitives with fearful effect."

Gen. Wright, recognizing the peril of the Union army, ordered a general retreat. This retreat was covered by the Sixth Corps, under Ricketts, which had maintained its organization. The army retreated five miles to the village of Middletown. Here Wright rallied his columns and fell back some distance further. It was now 10 a. m., and the Union army had lost since dawn 1,200 men who were taken prisoners, many killed and wounded, 24 cannon, and much other property. The Confederates having ceased their pursuit for the time, Wright re-formed his forces and took up a position where he could advance or retreat as circumstances might require.

It was at this critical juncture that Sheridan came rushing to the rescue. Returning from Washington, he passed the night at Winchester. In the early morn he had heard the sound of artillery, but concluded that nothing more than a reconnoissance was in progress. Mounted on a black horse, he leisurely moved out of Winchester. Before long, however, he met the first of the fugitives and learned of the disaster. Instantly

roused to vigorous action, he urged his horse forward at full speed and started on a ride that has now become historic. Shouting orders as he passed along, he waved his hat and cried to the retreating hosts: "Face the other way, boys! face the other way! We are going back to our camp! We are going to lick them out of their boots!"

His appearance and words aroused tremendous enthusiasm. Companies began to get in line, regiments to form and soon the headlong retreat was checked and the army was on its way back to meet the Confederates.

Among the organizations that cheered Sheridan as he passed, and turned and followed his lead was the Ninth Battalion, C. V., Lieut. Col. John G. Healy[1] commanding, which participated in the victory that ensued. The reformed Union army fell upon the Confederates with so much vigor that the latter were soon in full retreat. That night Sheridan's forces were in their old location at Cedar Creek.

When Early had unexpectedly attacked the Union army at dawn, the Ninth Battalion, C. V., promptly reported at the breastworks. Notwithstanding the great confusion prevailing, the Battalion presented a brave front and was kept well in hand by its commander and other officers. The Battalion was soon ordered down the hill. "As we reached the foot," says Col. Healy, "an aide of Gen. Birge ordered us back up the hill, and we returned in good order, and delivered another volley at the advancing enemy." So the Ninth fell back, bravely fighting.

When Sheridan arrived and the Union rout was checked and turned into an attack upon the Confederates, the Ninth Battalion was in the forefront of the fray. At one time during the charge, Col. Healy seized the colors and waving them aloft, shouted to his command: "Come on, boys, follow me!" He was answered with a tremendous cheer and the battalion rushed on. Lieut. Col.

[1] Then the senior captain.

Healy in his report says: "I desire to make particular mention of Sergeant W. Perry, and Private John T. Morrow, who, after the color-sergeant had been wounded, seized the colors and pushed forward. These men were always in the advance, few, if any, color-bearers being able to keep up with them. The colors of my battalion were the first on the recaptured works from where the corps had been driven in the morning. In less than five minutes, no less than a dozen stands of colors were around us."

The total loss to the Confederates was 2,000 killed and wounded, and 1,500 prisoners. It was practically the end of Early's operations in the Shenandoah Valley.

Capt. Garry T. Scott, of the Ninth, wrote the following letter about this time:

CAMP OF THE NINTH BATTALION, CONNECTICUT VETERAN VOLUNTEERS, ARMY OF THE VALLEY,

CEDAR CREEK, VA., Oct. 24, 1864.

DEAR ———:

We have had another big battle and another glorious victory. The battle lasted from before 5 in the morning until dark.

The rebels surprised the Eighth corps, and got inside the works, before they knew it. We were driven out of our fortifications and fell back several miles. But in the afternoon we, (the Ninteenth corps), succeeded in turning their right flank; when we charged them, driving them from our works, and up the valley, in confusion.

Gen. Grover, our division commander, was wounded in the arm, and his inspector general was killed. Our loss was heavy but not so great as that of the Johnnies. The Ninth was commanded by Capt. John G. Healy, who showed himself a brave officer, and the men acquitted themselves nobly.

We were complimented by Gen. Birge, our brigade commander. Our colors were the first planted on the



Capt. James W. Graham. Capt. David C. Warner. Lieut. William Gleeson. Lieut. Joseph H Lawler.
Capt. William A. Lee. Lieut. John Bolger. Lieut. Col. John G. Healy. Capt. Garry T. Scott. Surgeon Rollin McNeil.

recaptured works and were the first to advance in the charge. I wish to speak of the bearer of the U. S. colors, John T. Morrow, a private who enlisted while the regiment was home last summer. He took them early in the battle, when the color sergeant was wounded, and carried them the remainder of the day with credit to himself and to the Ninth.

The state colors were carried by Capt. Healy during the first part of the charge, but finding that he could not give orders freely while carrying the flag, he handed it to Sergt. Perry, of Company D, who bore it until it was planted beside the others on the works. The loss of our battalion was small, considering the time we were under fire and the exposed condition of our men during the whole day * * * .

G. T. Scott.

Capt. James W. Graham, of the Ninth, in mentioning, some years ago, his recollections of the war, stated: "To those of us who remained in the service, and carried the flag of the old Ninth till the end of the war, it seems as if some of its best work was done when reduced to a battalion of four companies. I know that at the battle of Cedar Creek, which was fought after the regimental organization had ceased to exist, the Ninth greatly distinguished itself. In the charge that broke the Confederate line in the afternoon, and turned the tide into a Union victory, the colors of the Battalion were in the van of all other flags on that field. I know that the man who carried the national flag was a private soldier, and I remember the two officers and one corporal who crossed the open field between the lines with him. These were the four daring spirits who led the Federal army in the victorious charge that finally overthrew Early and ended the valley campaign."

Private John McKenna of the Battalion, speaking of his own experiences states that "I was twice taken prisoner at Cedar Creek, but got away from them in time to be in the line when Sheridan rode up."

"When Gen. Sheridan came upon the field after his famous ride from Winchester," observes a writer, "the troops were ready for the valiant commander. As he approached the Ninth, Capt. Fisk, of Burgess' staff, pointed out that during that trying day the Battalion had not for a moment become demoralized. Sheridan glanced at the Ninth, and the soldiers cheered in a way that must have warmed the general's heart. He rode close to the command, and Private Morrow shouted: "Go in, General! We'll follow you!" "I'll lead you back to your old camp!" was the hoarse response. In the headlong charge which followed, the Ninth held the advance."

The headquarters of the Ninth were at Cedar Creek, Va., until Dec. 9, 1864, and were then removed to Camp Russell, Va., about ten miles from Cedar Creek. In this new location the Battalion remained until Dec. 30, when it moved to Stevenson Depot, Va. Its headquarters were next at Camp Sheridan, Va., and were then changed to Camp Kearney. The command embarked on the transport *Gen. Sedgwick*, Jan. 10, 1865. The latter at first proceeded to Fortress Monroe where Col. Healy went ashore and reported. The next morning the steamship *Ariel*, with three other regiments of the brigade, arrived. The whole force was then ordered to Newport News, Va., there to disembark, and send the steamers back to Fortress Monroe. Orders were also given to have fifteen days' rations put aboard. The Ninth and the other commands went into camp that night. At midnight, an order was received by the brigade commander to have the troops ready at 7 o'clock, the next morning, for embarkation as the steamers would then be ready. Col. Healy received sealed orders and, upon opening them at sea, found that the Ninth was to go to Savannah, Ga.

On the way, could be seen the masts of the blockading fleet off Charleston, S. C. In due time, the steamer with the Ninth aboard dropped anchor off Tybee Island light.



GEN. SHERIDAN PASSING ALONG THE LINES ON HIS RIDE FROM WINCHESTER.

Battalion was among the troops commanded by Gen. Q. A. Gillmore. It was mustered out during the first week in August, 1865, and thereupon returned to New Haven. It reached the latter city on Aug. 8, and was cordially received. It was escorted to the State House, welcomed by Mayor Scranton and a great concourse and hospitably entertained. Of Regiment and Battalion we may say, in the words of the poet Mary E. Blake:

"Home!
With silken folds of the banner torn
In gaps, with the sunlight streaming through,
The bayonets gleam from the muskets worn,
And stain and dust on the army blue;
Back from the battle-fields far away
Their medals of bronze on cheek and brow,
They came thro' the city streets to-day,—
Our Legion of Honor we call them now.

* * *

"Home!
Many had reached it long ago,
Not the place that our hearts had planned,—
The fireside rest that their feet should know,
Who came to us back from the direful land,—
But a sweeter rest—which never shall cease—
Than the deepest depth of our love could give,
Where God himself is the light of Peace,
And the ransomed soldiers of freedom live."

We have already given lists of officers and men of the Ninth who are recorded as having "died" during the years 1862, 1863 and 1864, the greater part of them of disease contracted in the service. Among those who died in 1865, (Battalion), were Corporal Charles Coote, of Haven, Private Michael Harrigan, of New Haven, and Private William Goodall of Derby.

The following is a list of members of the Regiment, and Battalion, who were killed, wounded, injured, or captured during the war:

A LIST OF THE KILLED.

Name.	Where Killed.
Sergt. Frederick Jewett	St. John's Parish, La.
Corporal John P. Coen[1]	Kennerville, La.
Corporal John Thrall	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Robert Walsh[1]	Ship Island, Miss.
Private Mark O'Neil[2]	New Orleans, La.
Private Patrick Lynch	Bona Casa, La.
Private John Ryan, 2d[3]	Place not shown.
Private William J. Thompson	Fisher's Hill, Va.
Private John Sullivan[4]	Place not shown.
Private William Finke[5]	Baton Rouge, La.
Private Matthew Hecker[5]	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Charles Redinger	Fisher's Hill,Va.
Private Edward Roe	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Charles Montague	Cedar Creek, Va.

A LIST OF THE WOUNDED.[6]

Name.	Where wounded.
Lieut. Lawrence O'Brien	Near Camp Parapet, La.
Lieut. Francis McKeon	Grand Gulf, Miss.
Sergt. Charles W. Alcott	Cedar Creek, Va.
Sergt. Nicholas Comiskey	Cedar Creek, Va.
Sergt. Philip Reilly	Cedar Creek, Va.
Corporal John Klitter	Baton Rouge, La.
Corporal William McGrane	Cedar Creek, Va.
Corporal James Dolan	Chattahoola Station, La.
Corporal James Orr	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private John Leonard	Pass Christian, Miss.
Private Herman Rowland	Place not shown.
Private Thomas Campbell	Baton Rouge, La.
Private Erin Burlingame	Baton Rouge, La.
Private John Fitz Gibbon	Carrollton, La.

[1] Accidentally.
[2] Assassinated.
[3] Killed after transfer to First Texas Cavalry.
[4] Fatally assaulted.
[5] Missing in action, probably killed.
[6] Some of these died of their wounds.

Private Michael Grogan.....Parish of St. James, La.
Private Bernard Shafty.....New Orleans, La.
Private Patrick Burke.....Bona Casa, La.
Private Ernest Dresher.....Chattahoola Station, La.
Private Francis Judge.....Chattahoola Station, La.
Private George Robinson.....Chattahoola Station, La.
Private James Leary.....Bay St. Louis, Miss.
Private Charles Decker.....St. John's Parish, La.
Private Thomas Kenney.....Bay St. Louis, Miss.
Private Peter Devlin.....Bay St. Louis, Miss.
Private James Lydon.....Bay St. Louis, Miss
Private David Almond.....St. John's Parish, La.
Private Patrick Cronan,
Baton Rouge, La.; Fisher's Hill, Va., and Cedar Creek, Va.
Private George Hoey.....Strasburg, Va.
Private Frank McGarr.....Strasburg, Va.
Private John H. Ward.....Berryville, Va.
Private Patrick Delaney.....Winchester, Va.
Private Joel L. Butler.....Strasburg, Va.
Private Augustus S. Smith.....Winchester, Va.
Private George F. Cooke.....Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Frederick Kline.....Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Terence McDonnell.....Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Matthias Scion.....Cedar Creek, Va.
Private John Fahy.....Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Heenan Greenhart.....Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Julius Sanders.....Cedar Creek, Va.

A LIST OF THE INJURED.[1]

Name.	Where Injured.
Musician Patrick Flanigan	Fisher's Hill, Va.
Private Martin Burke	Ship Island, Miss.
Private Stephen Hunter	Fort Jackson, La.
Private Charles Hurlburt, Jr.	Vicksburg, Miss.
Private Malachi Noonan	Bolivar Heights, Va.

[1] Distinguished from wounded.

A LIST OF THE CAPTURED.

Name.	Where Captured.
Lieut. Thomas Connors	Cedar Creek, Va.
Sergt. John Carney	Pass Manchac, La.
Sergt. Thomas Kennedy	Cedar Creek, Va.
Sergt. Peter Donnelly	Chattahoola Station, La.
Sergt. Edward Bolger	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private John L. McKay	Pass Manchac, La.
Private Charles Reynolds	Chattahoola Station, La.
Private Joseph Dronant	Bay St. Louis, Miss.
Private Patrick Gray[1]	Bay St. Louis, Miss.
Private John I. Cain[1]	Bay St. Louis, Miss.
Private Garrett Birmingham[2]	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Patrick Cullen	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Patrick Hickey	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private John Brown[2]	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Otto Lefevre[3]	Tickfaro Bridge, La.
Private Charles Michalk[3]	San Ruciso, Texas.
Private John McKenna	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private John J. Foley	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private William Casheen[2]	Cedar Creek, Va.
Private Joseph Anderson	Cedar Creek, Va.

While the Ninth did not have as many men killed in battle as some of the Connecticut regiments, the aggregate number of casualties of all kinds—killed, wounded, victims of disease, etc.—in the command, (Regiment and Battalion), reacher a heavy total, surpassed or equaled by few organizations in the service.

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[1] Died at Andersonville, Ga.
[2] Died at Salisbury, N. C.
[3] After transfer to First Texas Cavalry.

CHAPTER XIV.

REGIMENTAL REUNIONS BY SURVIVORS OF THE NINTH—ENTHUSIASM AROUSED BY THE OLD BATTLE FLAGS OF THE ORGANIZATION—MOVEMENT TO RESTORE THE CAPTURED COLORS OF THE THIRD MISSISSIPPI REGIMENT—THE PROJECT IS CARRIED TO FRUITION—THE CONNECTICUT DELEGATION WELCOMED TO NEW ORLEANS—RECEPTION BY EX-CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS.

THE Ninth has had several regimental reunions since the war, and these occasions have always been of great interest. A reunion was held at North Haven, Ct., in Aug., 1874, and we are indebted to one of the New Haven daily papers of the time for the following account of the event:

The Ninth's business meeting was held in a picnic building in the grove. It was called to order by Capt. Garry T. Scott, Hartford. Capt. Curtis, cashier of a bank in Tidioute, state of Pennsylvania, and formerly of Bridgeport, Ct., was made chairman of the meeting and president of the association for the year ensuing. Lieut. Wm. Gleeson, New Haven, was appointed corresponding secretary, and Lieut. O'Keefe, of New Haven, recording secretary. Col. J. G. Healy was nominated for vice-president but declined, and Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, of New Haven, was appointed. Father Daniel Mullen, of Norwich, who was the first chaplain of the regiment, was appointed chaplain.

Geo. Cook, of Bridgeport, treasurer, was reappointed as such. The following, on motion of Dr. Gallagher, were appointed the executive committee for the ensuing year, after some discussion in reference to the next reunion: Dr. Rollin McNeil, New Haven; Sergeant Hill, Bridgeport; Capt. Scott, Hartford. The committee was



A REUNION OF VETERANS OF THE NINTH, AT SAVIN ROCK, CT., YEARS AFTER THE WAR.

authorized to confer with a corresponding committee from the Twelfth, with reference to holding a joint reunion. Lieut. Gleeson read the minutes of last year's meeting in the absence of Lieut. Curtis, brother of the chairman. The subject of ascertaining the whereabouts of each and every survivor of the regiment was discussed and referred temporarily. Geo. Cook, of Bridgeport, treasurer, read the financial report, showing a small sum in the treasury.

On motion of Capt. O'Brien, it was voted to request the chaplain to ascertain the names of the dead of the regiment. It was agreed that the work would be quite a task for the reverend gentleman, but it was also agreed that each veteran lighten the labor by furnishing such information as was in his knowledge upon the subject. Letters were read by the secretary last year from Mr. Anderson, of Hamburg; George W. Avery, Hartford, former assistant surgeon of the regiment; Richard Fitz Gibbon, of Bridgeport, who was lieutenant colonel of the regiment; Nathan B. Hale, of Portland, Me.; Adjutant Henry Kattenstroth, of Brooklyn, N. Y. (detained by illness of his wife); and Captain Wright, of New Orleans. Capt. Wright wrote a long and interesting letter in which he said he had just returned from a trip to Madisonville, La., where the regiment was encamped eleven years before, and gave a description of the present appearance of the "old camp ground," and made humorous allusions to Captains Garvey, Williams, Scott, and others, which were hailed with merriment. The "skeletons of the orphan geese" at Camp Parapet were mentioned, and Capt. Coates was challenged to answer a conundrum in conection with that topic. Capt. Wright is now colonel and assistant inspector general of the Louisiana State Militia. The letter received from Gen. B. F. Butler last year was read, the same having been received too late to be read at the reunion last year. The history was then read by the historian, Dr. McNeil, of this

city, and was in his usual interesting, graphic and humorous style. We append the spicy letter of Captain Wright herewith:

NEW ORLEANS, La., Aug. 18th, 1874.

Lieut. W. GLEESON, Corresponding Secretary of the 9th Reg. C. V. Association:

Dear Comrade:—Your very kind favor of August 12th is just at hand, for which I am truly thankful. I only wish I could be with you on the 25th inst. I know I would spend a happy time. I never can forget the 9th Connecticut; no lighter hearted set of boys ever left home to battle for a great cause than those dear comrades, who are assembled after the circling of another year of peace. As you sit around talking of the past, permit me to try to interest you. I took a run over to Madisonville yesterday and again surveyed the ground whereon you were encamped in 1863.

To my utter surprise, I found everything in the same condition as when you were last there, not even a stone displaced. The village has not changed one particle. There is just the same number of houses with the same number of shingles thereon. There are the two old rusty boilers that were in the saw mill when burned down; there is not even a brick removed. It would seem that the ingenuity and hand of man was not destined to lift this section of our country out of its long, deep sleep. There are the identical old logs half burned, still lying around as of yore.

There is the modest little French chapel, with its clean white-draped altar precisely as it was eleven years ago, when the boys of the Ninth presented its worthy curate with a memento worthy of the regiment.

Closing my eyes, I took a seat on one of those old logs, and commenced to dream. There I see Captain Garvey mounted on a fine charger, showing the boys how to toss a fence. Again I see Capt. Williams. The captain has his trousers tucked into his military boots, and is followed by a crowd amongst whom I recognize Jerry and Johnnie Beatty, McDonough, of the Second Louisiana Cavalry, and a host of others. There is fun ahead and Capt. Williams is the boy to find it. I believe they mean to wake our quondam friend Garry Scott, and so they do.

Do any of you remember the wake? Well, it was all that a wake ought to be.

* * * I have just returned from Camp Parapet, where I saw the skeletons of those orphaned geese that Capt. Tom Coates had arrested for disloyalty. After their capture, Tom swore that they refused to take the oath of allegiance, and so he placed them in durance. I expect the spirits of those geese are haunting Coates to this day. How is that, Tom? You remember that after dinner you swore they were the identical geese that nibbled the grass from off Adam's grave. Frye, Kennedy, Lawler and Wright are well, and desire to be kindly remembered to the boys. What has that committee done about the "monument for Chalmette?" Come, comrades, don't sleep over that project; it is one well worthy your best efforts. Your comrades who are at rest on the banks of the Mississippi are worthy of a remembrance. You will please convey our kindest regards to the members of the 12th, who I see will be assembled with you on the 25th inst. Wishing you all health and happiness, I am, with profound respect, your comrade,

WM. WRIGHT,

Late Captain of the 9th Regiment, C. V., and now Colonel and Assistant Inspector-General of the S. N. Guard.

In Sept., 1879, the battle flags of the Connecticut regiments were transferred from the Arsenal in Hartford to the new State Capitol, that city. The occasion was named "Battle Flag Day." An observer, writing of the event, remarks: "There was a great military display. The survivors of the war regiments were the lions of the day. They marched in the line, and carried their old flags. The immense throng that had assembled at the State House applauded as the old regiments marched by. But when the remnant of the Old Ninth appeared the air was rent with cheers. The regiment halted; its color-bearers mounted the broad steps of the State House, and turning waved the Ninth's ragged, stained old battle flags, and up from ten thousand throats went a mighty cheer, a cheer that must have sent the blood bounding

through the veins of the veterans. Among the guests upon the State House steps who witnessed this thrilling scene was a Mr. Minor. A few years before the war he had been governor of Connecticut. An important act of his administration was to disarm and disband the Irish companies of the state. He must have entertained strange thoughts as he beheld the enthusiasm evoked by this gallant Irish regiment twenty odd years thereafter."

In Feb., 1885, an interesting event, under the auspices of the survivors of the Ninth, took place. This was the return of a captured Confederate battle flag to the survivors of the Third Mississippi regiment.

This was the flag that had been captured from the latter, by the Ninth, at Pass Christian, April 4, 1862. The war had been over for twenty years and the animosities engendered by the struggle had, in a great measure, passed away. It was decided, therefore, by the Ninth's survivors, to return the colors as an evidence of good will and a reunited country.

All these years, the flag had been in the custody of the State of Connecticut, but having been carelessly put away in a box had been greatly damaged. The silk—much of it —had fallen to pieces, only a remnant of the flag being left. It seemed at first, almost a hopeless task to attempt to restore it to any sort of shape. But it was decided to undertake the task.

Early in February, the legislature of Connecticut had unanimously passed a resolution permitting the return of the flag to the Third Mississippi. It was originally made for the latter regiment by the ladies of Pass Christian. They had requested, as a favor, that the flag be returned to them, after these long years, and the request was granted. The survivors of the Ninth asked the state authorities of Connecticut to repair the flag, as far as possible, so that it would be in condition to return. But this was declined. The following correspondence, at the time, sheds some light on the subject:

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE ON CITIES AND BOROUGHS, HON. FRANK D. JACKSON OF DERBY.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, STATE OF CONNECTICUT, HARTFORD, Feb. 6, 1885.

Col. John G. Healy:

Sir—At a meeting of ex-soldiers of the assembly it was voted, "That if the members of the Ninth Regiment association do not desire to contribute money to repair the flag of the Third Mississippi regiment the ex-soldiers of this body will do it."

Our object in taking this course was, that it was establishing a precedent that would take from the state treasury quite a sum of money, if we voted what you asked for. If you will write me at once about what you think it will cost we will call the ex-soldiers together and make arrangements to furnish the money.

Yours with respect,

F. D. JACKSON.

Col. Healy sent the following reply:

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 9, 1885.

Hon. F. D. Jackson:

Dear Sir—In answer to your favor of the 6th inst., we desire to say that while we appreciate the spirit in which our comrades in the general assembly tender us pecuniary aid for the repairs of the flag of the Third Mississippi regiment, we must beg leave to decline it in the same spirit in which it is tendered.

The Ninth Connecticut is not a pauper regiment, and is not in need of charity. Being simply ex-soldiers and not legislators, we can hardly be expected to appreciate the dangers that lurk in the establishment of the precedent that your honorable body so much dreads.

We remember that the state of Connecticut received the flag from our hands in perfect condition. We know that through the neglect of its custodians it was reduced to

rags. In our ignorance, we believed that it was the duty of the state to repair and restore it. As soldiers, we believed that such action would be honest, graceful and fitting. * * *

On behalf of the veterans of the Ninth, I am with respect,

Your Obedient Servant,

JOHN G. HEALY.

The veterans of the Ninth, accordingly, restored the flag at their own personal expense. Silk was procured, tassels and a staff provided, and appropriate lettering done. The accompanying illustration shows how the flag looked when repaired. The following correspondence then ensued:

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Feb. 14, 1885.

Hon. Henry B. Harrison, Governor State of Connecticut:

Governor: I have the honor, on behalf of the Ninth Regimental association, to inform your excellency that the flag of the Third Mississippi has been repaired. They will not soon forget your kindly offer, which they have the honor most respectfully to decline. They will remember you as the friend of the boys in Blue, and as one who believes that the boys who wore the Gray and live in Dixie are ready and willing to protect the Stars and Stripes.

Again thanking you, I am, Governor,

Your most obedient servant,

JOHN G. HEALY.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
NEW HAVEN, Feb. 14, 1885.

Colonel: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of this date informing me that the flag of the Third Mississippi regiment has been repaired, and

expressing toward myself sentiments which are highly appreciated. I share in your belief that the brave men from whom the flag was captured would be ready to unite with you in defending the Stars and Stripes against every foreign foe, and I trust they will accept the restoration of their flag as a proof of kindly and generous feeling towards them, not only upon the part of yourself and your gallant comrades of the Ninth, but also upon the part of all the soldiers of Connecticut who, in days now happily receding into the past, were arrayed in arms against them.

Very respectfully,

HENRY B. HARRISON.

COL. JOHN G. HEALY,
President of the Ninth Regiment Association.

The occasion selected for the restoration of the flag, to the representatives of the Third Mississippi, was "Connecticut day," at the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition, New Orleans, La., Feb. 26, 1885. The delegation having charge of the flag on its progress from New Haven to New Orleans comprised Col. John G. Healy, Capt. Lawrence O'Brien and Corporal M. P. Coen, formerly officers of the Ninth; also Mr. James Reynolds, town agent of New Haven, and Mr. Geo. A. Stevens, sheriff of New Haven county.

Each member of the delegation wore a light blue badge inscribed as follows:

THIRD MISSISSIPPI.
(Seal of Mississippi.)

NINTH CONNECTICUT.
(Seal of Connecticut.)

NEW ORLEANS, February 26, 1885.

Each veteran of the Southern regiment was presented one of these badges as a souvenir of the occasion of their first meeting after the war.

At New Orleans the delegation was met by Captain William Wright, Lieutenant Joseph H. Lawler and Lieutenant Michael Kennedy, veterans of the Ninth.

The following letter had previously been received by Col. Healy:

WILLARD'S HOTEL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 11, 1885.

Colonel John G. Healy:

DEAR SIR—Your letter of January 29 was forwarded to me from New Orleans. I am here as one of the committee appointed by the State and Territorial Commissioners to wait upon Congress, but expect to be in New Orleans before the date of your arrival. In the meantime, let me heartily thank you in behalf of my people and particularly the old soldiers whose fortunes I shared from first to last, for the noble sentiments that have prompted your words and actions in connection with the flag.

Yours truly,

S. A. JONAS,
Commissioner from Mississippi.

In connection with the visit of the delegation from Connecticut, the following advertisements, addressed to the "Veterans (Confederate) of the Army of Northern Virginia" appeared in the New Orleans papers:

Veterans A. N. Va., La. Div., B. A., Headquarters, No. 12 Exchange Alley, New Orleans, Feb. 24, 1885.—The officers and members of this association will attend a special meeting at these headquarters on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 25, at 8 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of extending courtesies to the delegation from the 9th Connecticut Volunteers (veterans), now visiting our city.

By order of the President:

FRED A. OBER, Rec. Sec'y.

Army of Northern Virginia (Veterans) Benevolent Association, Louisiana Division, headquarters 12 Exchange Alley, up stairs—New Orleans, Feb. 13, 1885—P. O. Box 1695.—The headquarters Army of Northern Virginia will be open daily, from 1 P. M. to 9 P. M., during the Carnival period for comrades and friends visiting the city.

By the Executive Committee:

FRED A. OBER,
Recording Secretary.

The New Orleans *Times-Democrat*, Feb. 26, 1885, states that

The Army of Northern Virginia tendered a reception to the committee of the Ninth Connecticut Regiment, who are here for the purpose of returning a flag to the Third Mississippi Regiment. These colors were captured in the early part of the late war by them from the Third Regiment in a charge on their camp near Pass Christian, Miss.

They were escorted last evening from their headquarters, No. 76 St. Charles street, to the hall of the A. N. V., where a large number of old veterans awaited their arrival. After a most cordial reception a large punch-bowl was emptied, and nearly all present indulged in some happy allusion to the fraternal feeling which now existed between the soldiers of the North and South. Col. Healy, chairman of the Ninth Regiment committee, spoke most feelingly on the subject, and recited the history of his regiment in the Southwest. Capt. O'Brien also spoke of his service in the South. He was the provost marshal in St. James parish for a long time, and made many warm friends, who have retained their friendship for him all these years.

Corporal Coen, responding to a call, said that he intended to go back to his people and tell them how the committee was received by the old soldiers who fought against them. He said, although he had lost his father and a brother in the late war, he had no feelings against the Southern boys. The war was over, and with it should be swept out all bitterness, and we should be friends again.

Col. Fenton, from Connecticut, being present, also delivered a most feeling address, in which he alluded to the many acts of kindness received from the people of this state.

L. H. Yeargan, from North Carolina, was called upon, and in response he claimed that to speak of battles and sieges before the Army of Northern Virginia was to gild refined gold, paint the lily, or add perfume to the rose; therefore he would conform to the spirit of the occasion, and that was that every Union soldier held an equal admiration with himself for the Leonidas of this era, Stonewall Jackson.

The meeting of these old soldiers last night awakened the memories of many incidents of the war which had almost faded from the mind. Reunions of this kind do much to foster the good feeling which is growing stronger and stronger every day between the two sections. To-day the presentation of the flag will take place in the Music Hall of the Exposition, between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m. * * *

All members of the Veteran Association are invited to attend, their badges being their passes through the gates of the Exposition. After the ceremony the committee will partake of the hospitalities of a number of old soldiers, who have provided a dinner for them at the headquarters of the Army of Northern Virginia. They leave for home on Friday.

The New Orleans *Sunday States*, in its issue of Feb. 22, 1885, stated that:

Col. John G. Healy, Capt. Lawrence O'Brien and Corporal M. P. Coen, * * * * , representing the Ninth Connecticut Regiment, arrived here over the Illinois Central yesterday and have taken quarters at No. 76 St. Charles street, where they will be glad to meet and receive their friends. As representatives of the Ninth Connecticut, these gentlemen will on Thursday the 26th inst., at the Exposition grounds, return to the survivors of the Third Mississippi Confederate Regiment, the tattered remnants of the glorious old flag which led them to battle in the late war. It will be a most pleasant event and one fraught with many interesting and important historical reminiscences. This flag was captured at Pass Christian in April, 1862, by the Federal regiment whose representatives now so generously donate it back to those who know and appreciate it best.

Col. Healy and his party left New Haven on Monday last accompanied by Mr. James Reynolds, a prominent official of that city, who will return with them from this city. They will remain here until Friday, and leaving, go by way of Washington, D. C., where they will attend the inaugural ceremonies of President-elect Cleveland. Last evening they were the recipients of many distinguished callers, among whom were Gen. Wm. Wright and Major Jos. H. Lawler, members of the old Connecticut regiment.

The majority of our old citizens still remember the old Connecticut regiment. It was stationed in and about New Orleans for fifteen months during the war, doing provost duty. Headquarters were on Lafayette square. At that time Col. Thomas W. Cahill was the commander, and for several months was military commandant of this city. John G. Healy, late commander, was a captain and stationed at Lake End for fully eight months, being in charge of that post. Capt. Lawrence O'Brien was provost marshal of St. James parish for more than a year, and Corp. Coen was stationed at the Lake, with Col. Healy.

These gentlemen, as they appear now, are all in excellent health, the best of spirits, and enjoy the reputation of being prosperous business men in the community in which they live.

Referring to the old flag, etc., Col. Healy said: "Gov. Henry B. Harrison, of our State, was very much in sympathy with the movement on our part to return the old flag, and seemed desirous to do everything in his power to accomplish the scheme as proposed by the survivors of the Ninth Connecticut Regiment."

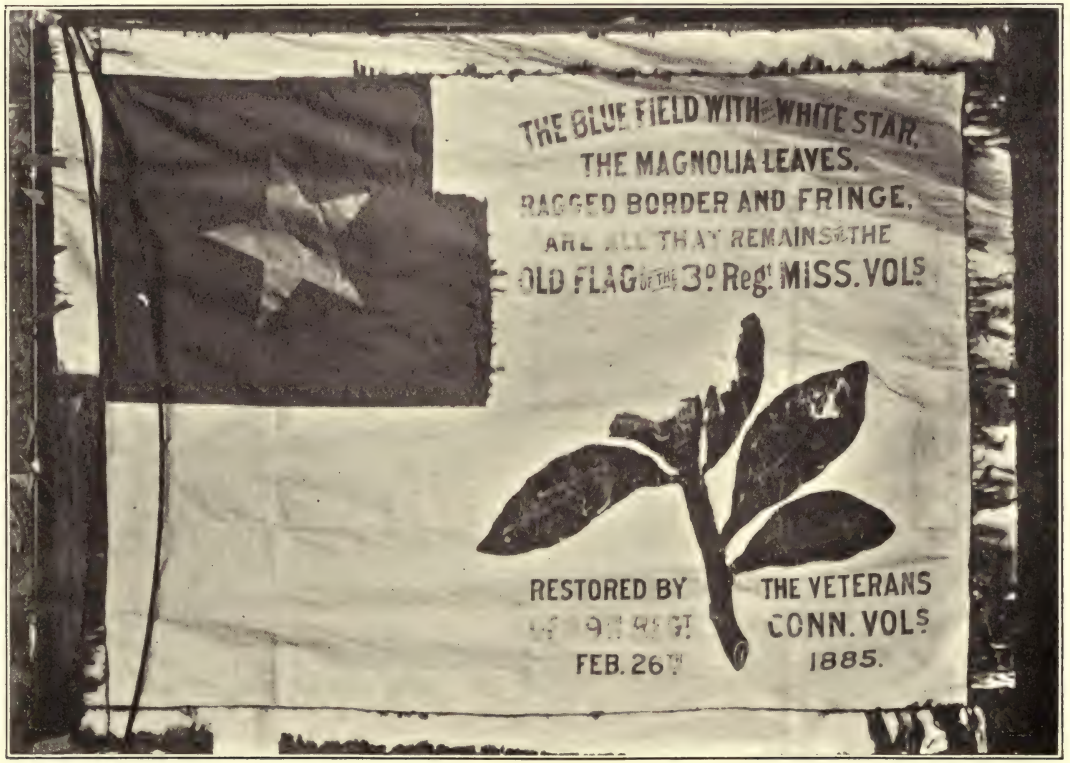
CHAPTER XV.

THE EXERCISES IN NEW ORLEANS ON THE RETURN OF THE CAPTURED FLAG—A DISTINGUISHED ASSEMBLAGE PARTICIPATES—THE PROGRAMME ONE OF UNUSUAL INTEREST—VETERANS OF BOTH ARMIES FRATERNIZE AND EXCHANGE PATRIOTIC SENTIMENTS—CAPT. DANIEL CURRAN OF THE THIRD MISSISSIPPI RECEIVES THE COLORS—ELOQUENT ADDRESSES ARE DELIVERED ON THE OCCASION.

THE day of the presentation finally arrived, and the exercises were thus described by the New Haven *Morning News*, Feb. 27: "The event of yesterday at the New Orleans exposition was the celebration of Connecticut day and the formal restoration to the original owners of the tattered battle flag captured by the Ninth Connecticut regiment at Pass Christian, Miss., in 1862. The colors up to the present time have been at the Capitol at Hartford, but both branches of the legislature sanctioned their return to the Ex-Confederates.

"Connecticut visitors are many at the great southern exhibition, and they were out in force. Long before the hour for the presentation, the streets were lined with people hurrying to see the sight. The guard of honor, which had accompanied the flag from New Haven, had been considerably increased in numbers since it left Chicago, and on its arrival in New Orleans had been treated with distinguished courtesy by the managers of the exhibition and the survivors of the regiment from which the flag had been captured 23 years before. Public interest in the presentation had been increased by the action of the press, which had devoted much space to the story of the flag's adventures.

"The ceremonies were held in Music hall, an enormous building, which was elaborately decorated for the occasion. On the raised and handsomely ornamented plat-



FLAG OF THE THIRD MISSISSIPPI.

form were all the United States and state commissioners to the exhibition, lady commissioners, a large number of representatives of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Army of Northern Virginia and the Army of Tennessee, the Ninth Connecticut veterans and a host of Federals and ex-Confederates of prominence. The best of feeling prevailed and it was evident that the return of the flag was deeply appreciated by the men who had worn the gray. As the old soldiers took their seats on the platform the vast audience which filled the hall cheered repeatedly, and when the speech of presentation was made the applause was deafening.

"The ceremonies were opened by Acting Commissioner of Connecticut T. R. Pickering, who introduced Col. John G. Healy, of the Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers. Colonel Healy in an eloquent address transferred the flag to Capt. Curran, of the Third Mississippi. He dwelt briefly on the events which led to the capture of the flag and of the circumstances which brought about its return. Acting as the spokesman of his regiment he returned the banner to its former owners with the best wishes of his comrades. He trusted, he said, that this would be but one of many similar restorations on both sides and would be at once a token of the good feeling which now exists and a means of bringing the two sections of the country into still closer relations. The chaplain of the Third Mississippi, the Rev. Thomas R. Markham, delivered an address of acceptance. He was followed in a speech by the Hon. J. R. G. Pitkin, of Louisiana."

The New Orleans *Times-Democrat*, Feb. 27, had the following report of the affair:

CONNECTICUT DAY.

THE OLD FLAG OF THE THIRD MISSISSIPPI RETURNED BY ITS CAPTORS.

A beautiful day, with the largest attendance of the week. All through the day the grounds were bathed in

bright, warm sunshine, and the sweet Southern air was fanned by a gentle breese, wafted up from the broad, deep waters of the majestic Mississippi. A day of surpassing beauty it seemed to the thousands of Northern visitors on the grounds, who gazed in wondering admiration, not less upon the glory of the heavens above them than upon the splendors of the grounds around them; splendors that increase day by day as the exquisite floral mantle of the great park approaches maturity.

Such a day rendered complete the beauty and brilliancy of the scene that was being enacted in the Main Building. It was Connecticut day, and the hundreds of visitors here from that most famous of all the famous old New England States determined that the day set apart for the celebration of the Nutmeg State should not lack in interest. And it did not, for it witnessed one of the most interesting and pleasing events that have yet occurred at the Exposition. It was a day that forged one more of those innumerable links that bind the North and South indissolubly together, a day to linger long in the memory of many thousands of people, a day to be remembered by historians in the future.

This event was the formal restoration to its original owners of a tattered battle flag captured by the Ninth Connecticut Regiment from the Third Mississippi Regiment at Pass Christian in 1862. The captured colors have rested until now in the State Capitol at Hartford, Conn., but both branches of the Legislature of that State having cordially sanctioned their return to the old owners of the flag, they were brought here and gave rise to the brilliant ceremonies of yesterday, in token of the mutual willingness of the people of both States, and of all the States, to utterly obliterate the memory of past disputes.

The exercises commenced in the Music Hall at 2 o'clock, but long ere the hour arrived the vast hall was filled to overflowing by an immense audience. When the Mexican Band arrived and took up its station on the

platform, a loud burst of applause went up from the great gathering, which knew the oft proved excellence of the musicians about to entertain them.

On the platform were nearly all the United States and States commissioners in town, a large number of lady commissioners, several ladies of the city, and also many representatives of the Army of Northern Virginia, the Army of Tennessee and the Grand Army of the Republic.

* * *

On the front of the platform stood a table draped with the Stars and Stripes. In front were suspended the two guidons of Mississippi and Connecticut, and on the table were a bronze equestrian statue of Gen. Robert E. Lee, a statue of a national standard bearer, and a bronze medallion of Gen. Washington. All these bronzes were made by the Ames Manufacturing Company of Chicopee, Mass., and belong to the Bay State exhibit, having been loaned to Connecticut for this occasion.

Several appropriate selections were rendered by the Mexican Band, and the exercises were then opened by Acting Commissioner T. R. Pickering, of Connecticut, who presided. He remarked: "The object of this meeting has been so well portrayed, by the press and otherwise, that I will not detain you by any remarks, but at once introduce to you Col. John G. Healy, of the Ninth Connecticut Volunteers."

Amid the applause of the audience Col. Healy stepped to the front. He said:

Boys of the Ninth Connecticut, of the Third Mississippi, and my friends: Twenty-three years ago the Ninth Connecticut Regiment, and a section of the Sixth Massachusetts battery visited Pass Christian, Miss. Twenty-three years ago you were the boys in gray, and we were the boys in blue. The war is over. The fires of the bivouac have been extinguished. May they never again be lighted, unless a foreign foe should interfere with this united country. [Applause.] There seem to

be but few of your boys left. There are fewer of mine. In a few years we will have passed away. There are none to take our places. Our ranks cannot be filled. In a few years we will have joined the army above, and before we go, before we answer the last roll-call, let us shake hands, and remember that though we have fought on different sides in the same field, we are all citizens of a common and a united country.

The speaker here advanced a step and took the extended hand of Col. Dyer, of the Third Mississippi. They shook hands cordially amid hearty cheers, and Col. Healy concluded his remarks as follows:

If in the restoration of this flag your thoughts go back to the days when you received it from the fair hands that made it, and the remembrance of those days makes you happy, then you certainly give happiness to the boys of Connecticut, who carried the harp and the shamrock.

Then, while the immense audience sent up a continuous cheer, and the Mexican Band rendered the stirring strains of the national air, the old flag, that had been twenty-three years in captivity, passed from the hands of Col. Healy into those of Capt. Curran, of the Third Mississippi. * * * Capt. Curran received the flag with the following remarks:

In behalf of the surviving members of our command, as captain of the Dahlgren Guards, of Pass Christian, Miss., it is with sincere pleasure that I receive the flag captured by you from them at Pass Christian on April 4, 1862. We were then Company H, of the Third Mississippi, performing guard service along the unprotected Gulf coast of our State. Afterwards we became attached to Featherstone's Brigade, in Loring's Division of the Army of Tennessee, and as such served through the war, laying down our arms under Gen. Joe Johnston in North Carolina.

This day, sir, recalls another day and another presentation. It was a proud day for us, when full of patriotic ardor, we first received this flag, the work and gift of the fair hands of the ladies of the Pass, our kindred,



Capt. Jas. Hennessy.



RETURN OF THE CAPTURED FLAG OF THE THIRD MISSISSIPPI, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA., 1885.

friends and neighbors. It spoke to us then and it speaks to us now of the spirit of our people and the courage of our soldiers. In returning it, you show a spirit which does you honor, and to which we heartily respond. Brave men respect the brave and, the war over, are ready to pursue the paths of peace.

In this return you show that you recognize our deeds in the past, and we accept it as a symbol of peace and good-will in the future. We fought you, as you know, long and well. You gained the day. We accept the issue and welcome you as citizens of a common country. And now, sir, I turn to the chaplain of our brigade, who knows how to speak, and who shared with us the fatigues of the march and the dangers of the field, and will ask him to give fit expression to the feelings that to-day move our hearts.

The flag was then by Capt. Curran placed in the hands of Mrs. M. D. Leonard, of Port Gibson, Miss., and Miss Maggie Kidd, of Aberdeen, Miss., who will act as its custodians in the Mississippi department of the Government Building. An eloquent speech was then delivered by the Rev. Thomas R. Markham, chaplain of the Third Mississippi.

He mentioned the pleasure it gave him to express the sentiments of the Third Mississippi, upon receiving their old flag back from the hands of its captors. It was especially pleasing to him, because he was a Mississippian born and bred, and he spoke for his State and for his comrades. He appreciated to the full the spirit of magnanimity shown by the people and the legislature of Connecticut, and the knightly courtesy that had induced these gentlemen from Connecticut who were gathered on the platform to undertake in this wintry season, a long journey for the sake of returning to the Third Mississippi a token that would henceforth be as well an emblem of the peace that is, as of the war that was. [Applause.]

The present was the most suitable time that could have been selected for such an event as had just occurred, "for," said the speaker, "last Sabbath was to the people of this country a day of days. It was the day that commemorated the birth of our first man. The national authorities of this land acted as became the representatives of a Sab-

bath-keeping people, recognizing the sanctity of a day devoted to one infinitely greater than George Washington. One day in advance, the Saturday preceding, commemorated both the birth of Washington and the completion of that monument rising upright in its sky-piercing height, higher than any ever before erected by man.

They met together to recall him and his days, and was it not symbolic, sirs, that on that day there were in the ranks of that monumental procession first, your Gen. Ayers, and second our Gen. Fitz Hugh Lee, and that side by side were Edmunds, of New Hampshire, and Carlisle, of Kentucky; Winthrop, of Massachusetts, and Daniel, of Virginia? The object of one and all was to contribute their respect to the memory of that man who had been pronounced first in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen—the greatest of good men, the first of best men." The speaker recalled reminiscences of the war, showing the bravery that had been evidenced on both sides, and ended by quoting the words of the immortal Webster, that the union of these States shall exist forever, and that liberty and union shall be one and inseparable now and for evermore.

Major Geo. Gowan, representing the ladies' department of the state of Mississippi, next spoke as follows:

No words of mine can express the emotions which swell my heart and the hearts of all Confederate soldiers on this occasion, nor language give utterance to the mingled joy and sadness which possess me as my eyes turn once again on these familiar colors.

This flag was mere bunting once—common merchandise on the merchant's shelf. Patriotic hands and patriotic hearts made it an emblem of Southern pride and Southern chivalry. It became the flag under which the Third Mississippi Regiment went out to battle:

> " The hopes, the fears, the prayers, the tears,
> The hopes triumphant o'er the fears"

of loved ones followed it. The sons of Mississippi rallied round it, to follow where it should go, to do and die in its defense. Thus going forth, its mission was to stir the hearts and nerve the hands of Southern soldiers, and

to find its place amid the scenes of carnage to which its presence would be an incitement. Grand flag it was then —the flag of the brave. How few survive who knew it in the pomp and circumstance of its early days.

A change came. In the fierce struggle its defenders went down. The fortune of war transferred it to enemies' hands. It was borne away from Southern soil, away from those who loved it, away from its baptism of fire and blood, to be a trophy of victory in the hands of foemen. Far from the land of the magnolia and the orange it found its new home. For twenty long years it has remained in its banishment. There it has borne witness to the valor of its captor. There it has told of a South land humiliated, down trodden and left desolate.

But another change comes. Once more that old flag is under a Southern sun, and once more Southern hearts beat around it. Once it was an emblem of the high hopes and the grand enthusiasm with which the young men of Mississippi rushed to battle for their much beloved state. Once again, it was an emblem in the hands of victorious sons of Connecticut, to tell how nobly they have performed the task which Connecticut assigned to them.

Now once again it is an emblem. Sons of Connecticut and sons of Mississippi are once more around it. It went down in its beauty and its pride amid scenes of fratricidal strife. With its stains and its battle scars it went among strangers, and has been treasured as a trophy won by brave men in fight. With its stains and battle scars it is here to-day. It does not look upon fields of blood. It does not lead and inspire to deeds of daring and death. It is an emblem now of peace restored, reconstruction complete, brotherhood re-established. It is an emblem now of mutual interest and mutual affection between the states of Connecticut and Mississippi. It is an emblem of a Union cemented afresh by Northern and Southern blood, a Union to endure forever.

We welcome the old flag for what it has been, and for what it is. We welcome our Connecticut brothers, who bring it as a token of kind feeling and reconciliation. Dear old flag! dear in the memories that cluster around it; dear in the association of which it reminds us; dearest of all in its present mission of love. Now it tells us that the struggle was not in vain; now it tells us that the rich blood of North and South that mingled upon our battle-

fields was not wasted, but has been the seed of a new nation which shall know no North, no South, because their blood has been so blended. We thank you, men of Connecticut, from our hearts we thank you for this consummation. We thank you that we see this old flag once more. Come, let us join hands around it, and take up the old anthem:

"Liberty and union, now and forever, one and inseparable."

HON. P. C LOUNSBURY.

Hon. Phineas C. Lounsbury, of Connecticut, then delivered the following address:

It is an unexpected privilege that has come to me at the eleventh hour, to speak on this occasion in behalf and for Connecticut, my native state. It affords me the greatest pleasure to be able to speak words of friendship, love and truth—breathing the same spirit of cordial fraternity that greets us from the North, as we join hands far across that forever closed-up chasm with our brethren at the South—a chasm that once threatened to divide this great American Republic, which is now the pride alike of every American heart, whether in the North, the South, the East, or the West.

In the formation of this great republic the state that is honored to-day performed well its part. How instinctively our thoughts go back, and with laudable pride, to the days of our forefathers, those noble men of God; men who, obedient to conscience, severed the dearest ties of country and of kindred, braved the perils of the ocean, and the worse perils of an inhospitable shore and an inclement clime to enjoy the rights of civil and religious liberty, to worship God according to the dictates of their own consciences, and when these dearly bought rights were imperiled by the despotism of the mother country, dared to raise the standard of independence and defy the powers of royalty and through long years of deprivation, peril and blood triumphantly vindicated and established that independence; men who, obedient to personal convictions, and for the achievement or in defence of civil and religious right, voluntarily exchanged the peaceful implements of industry for the cruel weapons of war.

To-day, as ever, we honor these manliest of men; we honor them for that spirit of liberty and their love of right

which so possessed their souls that it strengthened them to endure hardships and privations for years, in order that they and we, their posterity, might enjoy individual rights and constitutional liberties, and unto God do we ever render thanksgiving and praise for His guiding hand, leading them on through many a dark and dreary season in the righteousness of their cause, from a self-declared independence to one owned and acknowledged by the nations of the earth. No longer subjected to the mandates of the king of the isle across the sea, they became free to form a government that was destined to become grander and more glorious than they ever conceived—whose arches should span the continent from ocean to ocean and from the lakes to the Gulf, and beneath the dome of whose vast temple of liberty the oppressed of all nations might find a welcome and a home. * * *

While we can never forget the heroes of revolutionary fame, may we not come down a little later and remember the heroes of 1812, who so gallantly and gloriously preserved and maintained all those institutions of justice and the rights bequeathed them by their fathers? That was a conflict in which the then infant state of Louisana immortalized herself, and in which the beautiful city of New Orleans made herself forever known to fame, by that victory, so signal, so complete—at that battle that bears her name—that the British lion has never dared to put foot on, or claim, one acre of Uncle Sam's domains.

We of Connecticut honor the heroes of New Orleans. We honor the chieftain who won fair laurels that shall ever encircle his noble brow. We honor those brave men who on that battlefield builded a tower of fame reaching to the very heavens, around which has gathered a halo of glory outshining the brightness of the meridian day. We honor the city of New Orleans, which has honored the loyalty and bravery of Gen. Andrew Jackson by a square that bears a monument that glorifies his name.

We honor the spirit that caused those prophetic words of his to be inscribed in letters of granite, those words that have long been indelibly written on the tablet of every loyal heart, "The Union must and shall be preserved." I said those words of Andrew Jackson were prophetic words. They have again and again been verified in the history of the nation. England tested the strength of our Union, and, to her sorrow, proved its power.

You at the South had a long, strong pull and a pull all together, and it would not break; and it never will break, for it was welded, not in the sunlight of prosperity, but in the fire of battle. There were honest differences of opinion at the North and in the South, but they nevertheless did lead to dissensions that culminated in war; but in that war they were finally and forever settled, and the crowning glory is the happy issue in which you to-day at the South rejoice alike with us at the North in an undivided nation that is rapidly becoming an undivided people, for we to-day join hands and shout and sing, "The Union, now and forever, one and indivisible."

There may be, and no doubt there will be, minor differences of opinion, but are we not less selfish as a people and so respect each other's views? I can but believe that one of the greatest benefits to be derived from this Cotton Centennial Exposition will be the bringing together of the people from all over this vast country, giving us an opportunity, as never before, of knowing one another, wiping out all sectional lines, knowing no North, no South, no East, no West, simply a solid nation from the Canadas to the Gulf, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific over which shall float the stars and stripes, in fact and in very deed, "over the land of the free and the home of the brave."

As a token of the fraternal feeling that now exists our eyes have just witnessed a scene scarcely precedented in the annals of history. One year ago, indeed, a Grand Army Post of Connecticut, named after that gallant soldier, James E. Moore, under whom I had the honor to serve, returned to the Louisiana Guards of this city their colors.

Now, to-day, the state of Connecticut returns through the intrepid Col. Healy, of the gallant Ninth, the flag they captured from the equally brave and gallant men of the Third Mississippi. I doubt not that if there was a flag which you could return to a regiment of our state you would be quick to manifest a like kindly feeling with that which we exhibit to-day. Not with a spirit of boasting, but in recognition of a fact which does honor to the soldiers whose rifles you learned to respect, I may be permitted to say that though the Connecticut regiments were often in the thickest of the fight, and though their flags were pierced with shot and shell, they carried them back

to their native state, where they now encircle the statue of the Governor, who presented them, with not one left behind.

And now, soldiers of the two armies, but now citizens of the one common nation, recognizing the one flag and looking forward to the same destiny, let us address ourselves to the new duties of the hour. The cry of earth's wailing tribes is in our ear, the struggle of oppressed nationalities is before our eye; let us build stronger and broader this temple of freedom, that those who wail and those who struggle may here find a rest and a home, and then this mighty nation shall neither crumble nor fall until the great archangel shall stand one foot upon the sea and one upon the land and declare that time shall be no more.

Mr. J. R. G. Pitkin, of New Orleans, next spoke as follows:

I am summoned by the Board of Management of this Exposition to discharge a pleasant duty. A word of preface:

I feel wholly at home with men of Connecticut, not only because I was a school-boy and law student within her borders, and because I have since stood upon her platforms, but especially because I am descended from her tempestuous old governor, Wm. Pitkin, at whose council-board sat Jonathan Trumbull and Roger Sherman among other distinguished patriots. I am proud of my New England seasoning and of the rich vital contribution she has made to American civilization and to the nation.

With this obtrusion of self, let me say that no student of American growth can forget that Connecticut drafted in 1639 the first complete charter in the New World, in which was lodged all the material fibre of our present National and State constitutions—and that she projected her wise and efficient school system the ensuing year. She felt that to secure a stable political structure she must discreetly mould the man or brick with which to erect it.

To mature the man to his best competence for self-assertion, and to afford him so complete a representative plan that his government should be his ampler self, were the noble aims of the fathers of Connecticut; and I need not add that her enlightened career has been continuous testimony to their wisdom.

Nor need I recall her relation to the French and Indian wars and her sturdy temper toward Great Britain, against which she proportionately furnished more men and money than any other colony. These and other historic events of that past were simply expressions of her stout determination to compass a staunch and well-ordered commonwealth or to expand it to an American nation. She may have talked through her nose, but she spoke as well through her guns; she may have shown hard elbows, but it was to open a path for manhood and for a splendid civilization. She had loved the mother country, but when her sons found it needful to draw iron colons and periods from their shot-pouches to interpret the misread charter of justice to man, they did it and made wadding of British prescripts.

In that especially dramatic incident in her history, when the royal Governor Andros demanded her charter; when the candles upon the Assembly table where it lay were suddenly extinguished, and the bold Wadsworth bore it off and secreted it in an oak, it was perhaps a rude thing to leave his Excellency in the dark and for the rest of his term, as to the whereabouts of the precious patent,—and he doubtless twitched his ruffles and denounced the ill-mannered colonists, but they were for the very substance of things and had no obeisance nor courtesies to pay in which was a jot of surrender. In rendering unto Cæsar the things that were Cæsar's they recognized him as standing in their own shoes and not in Andros' red coat. The same peremptory moral breath that blew out the Hartford candles, blew later from the cannon's mouth patents, governors and Great Britain herself out of the colonies and across the Atlantic! [Applause.] There was a great beneficent purpose behind the stern visor of the colonist's frown. Connecticut wanted a genuine freedom. and this trait in her sons may explain the laxity of her divorce laws to-day. [Laughter.] It is a marvel that amid all her harsh early experiences she exhibited so little of the intolerant disposition that characterized Massachusetts and drove Roger Williams thence to Rhode Island; although I suspect that as good Roger wanted his Baptist followers to lead clean lives amid all the buffets of fortune, he had an orthodox eye upon Rhode Island's delightful bays, in which so many thousands of us, in grateful deference to his memory, seek total immersion every summer. [Laughter.]

There is certainly no record that Connecticut ever punished a witch—except by marriage—and I soberly remember that even during my sojourn there, her bewitching women were often visited with this penalty after having been subjected for a period to the custody of some attentive young man and to the severe conventional ordeal of singing schools and sleigh rides. [Laughter.] In fact, my chaotic admixture of experience and hearsay moves me to venture the somewhat confident statement that the custodian has been known to surrender the reins to the fair object of his charge and hold her with both arms in order to save her from the perilous consequences of her rash driving; and the slowness of the horse in no wise diminished the intense police power of his solicitude. [Laughter.]

Old Samuel Peters, a Tory chaplain, a copy of whose Ancient History of Connecticut I have inherited in the original edition,—and Appleton's reprint of five or six years ago is at the command of you all,—devised, it is clear, what were called the Blue Laws of Connecticut as a slander upon the State, and a man who ascribes them to her to-day by way of taunt, simply discloses his discharity and ignorance. The liberality of her people, even in Peter's time, is indeed a matter of wonder. Nor can we forget that Connecticut has been a nursery of men who have been noble factors in the growth of other States. Their name is legion,—so are her Yale men,—so are her insurance agents. [Laughter.] At every turn, all over the Union, we are reminded that an educated man is the best gift to a State and a policy the best honesty to a family. [Laughter.] With her colleges, her grand school system, her libraries, her numerous asylums, hospitals and factories,—with her affluent resources for brains and hands, and with her tons of manhood to the acre, Connecticut can hold her head erect amid her sisterhood of states with pride for her history, service and development, and for the fruitful distribution of her worthy sons throughout the Union.

Her return of these Confederate colors to-day imparts a spirit that merits our grateful notice. A peace enforces a grave duty upon the parties to it; it demands that each, victor and vanquished, shall maintain the unbroken stacks of its guns and forbear to re-awaken enmities concluded by the articles of peace. In view of the precious future

before us, and the sober relations and responsibility of each citizen to it, there is no dishonor to which an American citizen can debase himself so abject as that of fighting anew the old issues, whether in Connecticut or Louisiana —issues that remain in the tranquil hands of the dead and are registered in the ordinances of the nation. [Applause.]

In this regard I walk the soil of our republic as I enter a cathedral, with a reverent sense of the sacrifices and examples that emphasize the personal demand upon myself. Patriotism should be a religion. I do not study the device of the stole or the face of the ministrant who wears it, nor should I be swerved from my devout civic duty by the partisanship of any Executive. The national altar at all times claims my affection and support, and he who stands by it, mantled with the sanctity of popular will, is a priest in holy functions. We are not patriots by paroxysms, but independently of the quadrennial fortunes of party, if we be true to our civic trusts. To me, as doubtless to you, it is most touching to see these Union veterans bearing back these colors across the trenches and hushed plains of both armies with fraternal greeting. Surely the gray storm-clouds were a presage of this serener blue in our American skies. [Applause.] Heaven has its own plan and time. Like boys, we build our statues of snow and pelt each other with snowballs to assault or defend them, but God, with a grander motive, nourishes the vitality of our soul with it for the vernal sun. We often misconceive the winters of our moral and political experience until the benignant summer of our prosperity follows upon our spent statues, snowballs and red, pathetic stains and footprints. I believe the American Union was never so firmly entrenched as now in the fellowship of her people; never so fully assured as now in the warm, fraternal clasp to which the old, stern battle-clench has thawed open in pledge of great progressive ends.

It is not amiss that I should advert to a body that, in 1814, met at the capital of Connecticut—Hartford—where these captured colors have rested for a score of years. It was composed of delegates from New England (Roger Sherman, Harrison Gray Otis and George Cabot among the number), and was distinguished for such candor of purpose against the Federal government in its prosecu-

tion of the war with Great Britain that a Federal military officer was upon the ground to watch its proceedings. The rising murmurs of this war were the cradle-song of Louisiana as a State. It is not seemly for me at this late day to attempt an analysis of the motives that signalized that assemblage. I choose rather to remember that the tidings of Jackson's victory below this city, the patriotic service of Louisianians and others under him, and the peace concluded at Ghent, arrested the perilous purpose of the Hartford Convention; to know that throughout Connecticut and New England as throughout Louisiana there is to-day a common and fervid zeal to maintain this republic, and that never again will the states, whether of New England or of the South, refuse, as then, their militia as a wall between her and hazard. To-day Connecticut and Louisiana, the former visited at an earlier and the latter at a later stage of its history with a charge of treason, meet beneath this vast roof and challenge the faith of the Union as bulwarks, each of which a drum-tap will man with tens of eager thousands, and which the arts and education of a dearly bought peace will fortify to a surer maintenance of a jealous American brotherhood.

> "The old order changeth, yielding place to new,—
> And God fulfils Himself in many ways!"

In no place so fitting as this, where the American man is ennobled by industrial achievement and is bounteous in suggestion and incentive, could this challenge and pledge be given, and a declaration be made for the Union like Plato's for the world when he said: "All in the world is for the sake of the rest, and the places of the single parts are so ordered as to subserve to the preservation and excellency of the whole." Gentlemen of the Ninth Connecticut Regiment, which burst through our gates in 1862, report to your comrades upon your return that you have found in this old city no sullen hospitality, and that as every May her ex-Confederates devoutly visit the graves of your dead, so to your living she is always summer at heart. The soil whence she plucks her memorial blooms and the heaped arms in which she bears them to Chalmette, are always yours, come when you may. She will cherish your dead, and her pledge is the surer because she fosters her own. [Applause.]

The day has passed when these banners flared like torches in the grasp of hostile armies marching through the dark hours of civil conflict toward or in hope of victorious dawns. We all face the same way! The stern tramp of men has settled to the metre of a calm, strong American heart-beat, and, as Pythagoras, in passing a smithy, caught from a beaten anvil the musical scale by which nations sing their pæans in brass to-day, so the stern pound and buffet of civil war have disclosed to North and South the grand resources of prowess and the broad brows and fervent souls with which we all as fellow-countrymen may jointly command, under Providence, a destiny for History and Song to remember forever. [Applause.]

It is needless to say that you can wholly trust these fighting parsons (pointing to Dr. Markham) upon either side and their congregations of Old Ironsides in camp; it is only the men who, after the great struggle, have discovered their tardy gifts of valor and statesmanship; who insist that one's manhood, aspiration and civic service were grounded with one's gun, and who conceive that taunt is argument and embittered partisanship is patriotic expression: from such men alone can come menace to our common country! [Applause.]

In the name of the Board of Management, men of Connecticut and of Mississippi, I tender you an unstinted welcome. Over the heads of us all, as brethren from the Canadian to the Gulf line, one standard sways upon its staff as if pent with a mighty and generous passion, and God grant that the blood in its stripes may never, never, never soak into its stars!

The Mexican Band, with the grand organ accompaniment, then played "Marching Through Georgia," followed by "Dixie." Both were received with the greatest enthusiasm, which rose to a pitch of intensity when the two great military anthems were blended into one, as it were, and "The Star Spangled Banner" sprung from the union.

A special feature in the musical programme of the exercises was the use of the grand organ by Mr. Harvy P. Earle, of New Haven, Conn., whose skillful performance

seemed to lend additional beauty to the tones of the grand instrument as they resounded through the hall. The effect of the organ, when played in accompaniment to the Mexican Band, was magnificent, and the applause showered on the musicians testified to the enjoyment it afforded the audience.

Capt. Daniel Curran, of the Third Mississippi, who received the returned flag from Col. Healy, was born in New York City, but his parents removed to Pass Christian, Miss., when he was but six years of age. There they settled. When the war broke out young Curran was very zealous and active in aiding to organize the Dahlgren Guards, of Pass Christian, which became attached to the Third Regiment, Mississippi Volunteers, Featherstone's Brigade, Loring's Division. He joined the company as a private, took part in the engagements of the Tennessee campaign, as well as at Vicksburg and Jackson, Miss. He was promoted to the captaincy of his company for valor, and on July 24, 1864, was shot through the body at the battle of Peach Tree Creek, near Atlanta, Ga., from which wound he never fully recovered.

He was subsequently employed as bookkeeper, and later accepted a position in the Hibernia Bank, now the Hibernia National, New Orleans, where he gave such satisfaction that he was steadily promoted, and finally appointed to the responsible position of paying teller. Capt. Curran was a member of the Association of the Army of Tennessee, and was much beloved and esteemed by all who knew him.

Shortly after the Ninth's committee returned to Connecticut from New Orleans, the following letter was sent Capt. Curran:

NEW HAVEN, March —, 1885.

Dear Captain—During the brief visit to your city of the committee of the 9th Connecticut it was their pleasure

to be entertained in a marked degree by several gentlemen, to whom they will ever feel under the deepest obligations. So much sincere good feeling was exhibited that they are convinced that their mission was a fruitful one.

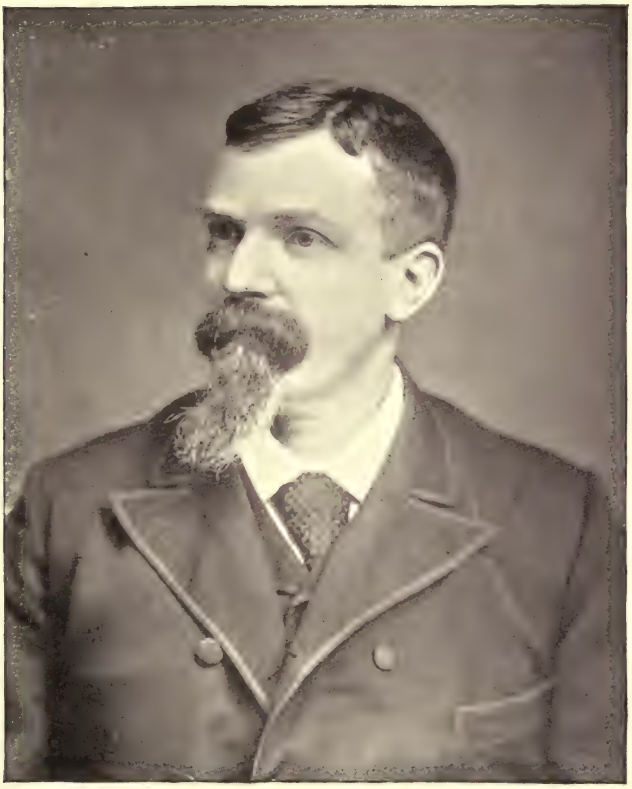
They wish to show their appreciation of your efforts toward the accomplishment of their desires by asking you to accept a cane, sent to you this day, as a memento of their esteem for you.

May you carry it for many a day, and when old age reaches you, and your steps become less active, lean on the cane, and remember the happy occasion that made us friends. Yours fraternally,

JAMES REYNOLDS,
LAWRENCE O'BRIEN,
MICHAEL P. COEN,
JOHN G. HEALY.

The cane just mentioned was a gold-headed one of artistic design. On one side of the head were engraved the words: "To Capt. Daniel Curran from His Friends, James Reynolds, Lawrence O'Brien, Michael P. Coen and John G. Healy." On the reverse the inscription was: "Connecticut Day, New Orleans, La., Feb. 26, 1885," and on the end, "9th C. V., 3d Mississippi."

The following pathetic news paragraph appeared in a New Orleans paper late in Jan., 1894: "Yesterday, while the laborers were at work digging the revetment levee at West End, they found the skeleton of a man between two pickets, and near the skeleton was found a brass button with the initials 'U. S.,' on it. The skeleton is supposed to be that of one of the United States soldiers belonging to the Ninth Connecticut Regiment, which was stationed at West End when General Butler was in command of the city. The skeleton was taken in charge by Mr. A. B. Messmer, the keeper of the city bridge, and will be given a Christian burial."



Corporal Michael P. Coen, Naugatuck.
(Chairman of the Publication Committee for this Volume).

ROSTER

OF THE

Ninth Regiment,

Connecticut Volunteer Infantry,

1861-1865.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

A. A. G.	Assistant Adjutant General.
A. D. C.	Aide-de-Camp.
Adj.	Adjutant.
A. G. O.	Adjutant General's Office.
Ap.	Appointed.
Art.	Artillery.
Asst.	Assistant.
Batt.	Battalion.
Batt'y	Battery.
Brig.	Brigade, Brigadier.
Bvt.	Brevet.
Cap'd	Captured.
Capt.	Captain.
Cav.	Cavalry.
Co.	Company.
Col.	Colonel.
Com.	Commodore, Commissary, Commission.
Com'd	Commissioned.
Cons'ldn	Consolidation
Corp.	Corporal.
C. S.	Commissary of Subsistence.
C. V.	Connecticut Volunteers.
Dept.	Department.
Dis.	Disability.
Disc.	Discharged.
En.	Enlisted.
Furl'd	Furloughed.
Gen.	General.
Hosp.	Hospital.
Ind.	Independent.
Inf.	Infantry.
Lt.	Lieutenant.
Maj.	Major.
M. o.	Mustered out.
Musc.	Musician.
Must.	Mustered.
N. f. r. A G. O.	No further record Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C.
Par.	Paroled.
Prin.	Principal.
Priv.	Private.
Pro.	Promoted.
Q. M.	Quartermaster.
Redc.	Reduced.
Re-en. Vet.	Re-enlisted Veteran.
Regt.	Regiment.
Regt'l	Regimental.
Resgd	Resigned.
Sergt.	Sergeant.
Surg.	Surgeon.
Tm. ex.	Term expired.
Trans.	Transfer, Transferred.
U. S. A.	United States Army.
U. S. C. I.	United States Colored Infantry.
U. S. N.	United States Navy.
U. S. S.	United States Steamer, Sloop, Ship
U. S. Sig. Corps	United States Signal Corps.
Vols.	Volunteers.
V. R. C.	Veteran Reserve Corps.
Wag.	Wagoner.
Wd.	Wounded.

NINTH REGIMENT C. V. INFANTRY.

Field and Staff.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
COLONEL.				
Thomas W. Cahill,	New Haven,	Sep. 3, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.				
Richard Fitz Gibbon,	Bridgeport,	Sep. 3, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	(See Capt. Co. H, 1st C. V.[1]) Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
MAJOR.				
Frederick Frye,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	(See Capt. Co. D, 3d C. V.[1]) Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
ADJUTANTS.				
Alfred G. Hall,	Portland,	Oct. 20, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Pro. Lt.-Col. 74th Reg. U. S. C. I. Oct. 12, '62.
Henry Kattenstroth,	Newton, N. Y.,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. from 1st Lt.-Col. Co. I, Oct. 12, '62. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
QUARTERMASTERS.				
William W. Harral,	Bridgeport,	Oct. 17, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. June 5, '62.
Nathan I. Bennett,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct 30, '61,	Pro. from Q. M.-Sergt. June 5, '62. Resgd. Jan. 23, '63.
Thomas Corbin,	†N. Orleans, La.	June 10, '62,	June 10, '62,	Pro. from Sergt. Co. F, Jan. 23, '63 (not must.).
Thomas Fitz Gibbon,	Bridgeport,	Feb. 12, '62,	Apr. 1, '62,	Pro. from 1st Lt. Co. G, Aug. 10, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.

†Place of muster in.

[1]Indicating that he had previously held rank in that company and regiment.

SURGEON.				
Charles A. Gallagher,	New Haven,	Oct. 4, '61,	Nov. 17, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS.				[1, '66.
George W. Avery,	Hampton,	Nov. 13, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Pro. Surg. 1st Reg. New Orleans Vols. Dec. 8, '63. Disc. June
Jairus F. Lines,	New Haven,	Feb. 25, '62,		Disc. Jan. 31, '63.
Ira C. Winsor,	Sterling,	Mar. 12, '63,	Mch. 12, '63,	Disc. Sept. 15, '63.
Rollin McNeil,	New Haven,	June 16, '64,	June 24, '64,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64. (Became Surg. 9th Batt. C. V.)
CHAPLAINS.				
Daniel Mullen,	Winchester,	Nov. 17, '61,		Resgd. Aug. 26, '62 (owing to poor health).
Leo Rizzo,	New Haven,	July 15, '64,	July 15, '64,	Disc. Oct. 26, 64.

Non-Commissioned Staff.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
SERGEANT-MAJORS.				
Patrick T. Claffee,	Waterbury,	Sep. 9, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Pro. 2d Lt. Co. C, Feb. 25, '62.
John C. Curtis,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. from Sergt. Co. I, May 31, '62; 2d Lt. Co. G, Sep. 24, '62.
Michael Mullins,	New Haven,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Pro. from Sergt. Co. E, Dec. 27, '62; 2d Lt. Co. E, May 27, '63,
Thomas L. Wilson,	Bridgeport,	Apr. 10, '62,	Apr. 10, '62,	Pro. from Sergt. Co. K, May 5, '63; 2d Lt. Co. D, Dec. 14, '63.
John Bolger,	†Carrollton, La.	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Pro. from 1st Sergt. Co. H, Dec. 18, '63. Re-en. Vet. June 9, '64. Trans. to 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Q. M.-SERGEANTS.				
Nathan I. Bennett,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. Q.M. June 5, '62. [C. I. Dec. 18, '62. Resgn. Aug. 29, '63.
Henry C. Wright,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 5, '61,	Pro. from Sergt. Co. I, April 12, '62. Ap. Q.M. 75th Regt. U. S.

Robert Kerr,	Norwich,	Oct. 22, '62,	Oct. 22, '62,	Pro. from. Priv. Co. H, Jan. 29, '63. Redc. to the ranks and trans. to Co. F, June 20, '63. Pro. from Sergt. Co. F, Feb. 18, '64. Trans. to 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
John Gillis,	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Pro. from. Priv. Co. D, June 20, '63; 2d Lt. Co. F, 75th Regt. U. S. C. I., Feb. 26, '64. Disc. Aug. 15, '64.
COM-SERGEANTS.				
James Lawler,	New Haven,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Pro. from Priv. Co. E, Oct. 12, '61; 2d Lt. Co. C, Oct. 19, '63.
Frederick Smedel,	Bridgeport,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Pro. from Priv. Co. I, Oct. 21, '63.
William Starkey,	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Pro. from Sergt. Co. A, Apr. 5, '64. Trans. to 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
HOSPITAL STEWARDS.				
Garry T. Scott,	Plymouth,	Aug. 18, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Pro. from Priv. Co. I, Oct. 30, '61; 1st Sergt. Co. F, Dec. 27, '62.
August Ruhl,	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Pro. from. Priv. Co. H, Dec. 20, '62. Re-en. Vet. June 9, '64. Trans. to 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [G, 10th C. V.)
PRIN. MUSICIANS.				
Henry S. Chandler,	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Pro. from Band Feb. 28, '62. Disc. Sep. 21, '62. (See Priv. Co.
Oliver B. Allen,	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Pro. from Band Feb. 28, '62. Disc. Sep. 21, '62.
John Healy,	New Haven,	Sep. 20, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Pro. from Musc. Co. B, Jan. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

† Place of muster in.

"Reduced to the ranks." This did not always imply unworthiness or inability. It sometimes happened that non-commissioned officers so reduced in various regiments were afterwards promoted to higher rank than they held before. Reductions were made for various causes: sometimes at the personal request of the parties themselves, sometimes owing to prolonged sickness, and frequently because of the consolidation of commands.

BAND.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
LEADER.				
Christian Streit,	New Haven,	Sep. 14, '61,	Oct. 4, '61;	Disc. Sep. 17, '62. (See 2d Lt. Co. F, 9th C. V.)
MUSICIANS.				
Allen, Edward	Brooklyn,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Allen, Oliver B.	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Ap. Princ. Musc. Feb. 28, '62.
Andle, Charles	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62
Boos, Frederick	New Haven,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Buell, William A.	Clinton,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Burwell, David C.	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Chandler, Henry S.	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Ap. Prin. Musc. Feb. 28, '62.
Coxall, Henry E.	East Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Sep. 9, '62.
Dadman, George W.	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Gehrig, Theodore	New Haven,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Green, Alvin C.	Meriden,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62. (See Priv. Co. K, 8th C. V.)
Hall, Charles E.	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Hallauer, Lewis St. V.	New Haven,	Sep. 14, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died July 19, '62.
Harvey, William E.	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Hausmann, Charles	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Kelsey, Evelyn	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Keyes, Henry F.	Naugatuck,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62. (See Sergt. Co. D, 17th C. V.)
Pfaunekuchen, Fred'k	Wallingford,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. B, 3d C. V.) Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Popp, Bruno	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Pratt, Eugene H.	Meriden,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.

Simon, William	New Haven,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Streit, Simon	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Waldner, Joseph	New Haven,	Sep. 3, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62.
Willmarth, John N.	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62. (See Corp. Co. B, 9th C. V.)

COMPANY A.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAINS.				
John Duffy,	New Haven,	Aug. 14, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. Apr. 9, '62.
Michael A. Williams,	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. 1st Lt. Pro. Apr. 10, '62. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
1ST LIEUTENANTS.				
John Cogan,	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. 2d Lt. Pro Apr. 10, '62. Resgd. Jan. 31, '63.
Michael Kennedy,	New Haven,	Sep. 8, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. 2d Lt. July 30, '62; 1st Lt. Feb. 1, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
2D LIEUTENANTS.				
Farrell H. Gallagher,	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. 1st Sergt. Pro. Apr. 10, '62. [Dec. 14, '63.
Lewis H. Goodman,	Hartford,	Oct. 19, '61,		Pro. from Priv. Co. A, 12th C. V. May 27, 63. Trans. to Co. F,
Thomas Connors,	Danbury,	Aug. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. 1st Sergt. Aug. 31, '62; 2d Lt. Dec. 14, '63. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
1ST SERGEANTS.				
Thomas Starkey,	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. Apr. 10, '62.
William Gleeson,	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. May 1, '62; Sergt. Sep. '62; 1st Sergt. Dec. 14, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
SERGEANTS.				
Callahan, Patrick	Hartford,	Aug. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Jan. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Dec. 31, '63. Pro. Sergt. Apr. 5, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

Coote, Charles	New Haven,	Aug. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Corp. Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Dec. 30, '63. Pro. Corp. Mch. 28, '64; Sergt. Aug. 15, '64. Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. Oct. 12, '64.
Comiskey, Nicholas	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. July 21, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Degnan, John	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, 61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Sep. 1, '62; Sergt. Jan. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Hayes, Michael	Danbury,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Jan. 1, '63; Sergt. Dec. 14, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Gahagan, Joseph	Derby,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	(See Priv. Co. D, 2d C. V.) Died Aug. 8, '62.
Maloney, Walter	†New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sergt. Apr. 10, '62. Redc. to ranks Sep. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Scully, William	Hartford,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. D, 2d C. V.) Died Aug. 9, '62.
Shanley, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sergt. Oct. 30, '61. Redc. to ranks (sick). Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Starkey, William	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Jan. 1, '63; Sergt. Sep. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Dec. 30, '63. Ap. Com.-Sergt. Apr. 5, '64.
CORPORALS.				
Bennett, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Colbert, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. F, 2d C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. May 1, '62. Redc. to ranks Oct. 31, '62.
DeForge, Francis	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64 Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, 64.
Eaton, William H.	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Gleeson, Dennis	New Haven,	Dec. 15, '63,	Dec. 15, '63,	Must. Priv. Pro. Aug. 15, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hagerty, Patrick	†New Orleans, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 14, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.

Hope, James	Guilford,	Feb. 20, '64,	Feb. 20, '64,	Must. Priv. Prom. Aug. 15, '64. Redc to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Keenan, Martin	Hartford,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Dec. 30, '63. Pro. Mch. 28, '64. Trans.
Kennedy, Joseph	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 11, '62. [to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Loudon, George	Danbury,	Aug. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	(See Priv. Co. C, 3d C. V.) Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Lynch, Charles	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet, Dec. 30, '63.
McKeon, John	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 14, '63. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 16, '64.
Muldoon, John	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 14, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Mullen, Daniel	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 14, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Robinson, JamesW.B.	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Oct. 5, '62. [12, '64.
Shanley, John	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 21, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. F, 2d C. V.) Disc Nov. 27, '62.
MUSICIANS.				
Doty, William H.	†Vicksburg, Miss.	June 1, '62,	June 1, '62,	Disc. Oct. 28, '62.
Flanigan, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Injured, Sep. 21, '64, Fisher's Hill, Va. Trans. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Kearne, Michael	†N. Orleans, La.	Jan. 30, '63,	Jan. 30, '63,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
McGuire, Thomas	Branford,	Apr. 24, '62,	Apr. 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. E as Priv. Feb. 28, '63. Detailed Musc. Apr. 27, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to ranks; trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, 64.
WAGONER.				
Lynch, Bernard	New Haven.	Aug. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
PRIVATES.				
Abbott, John	New Haven,	Oct. 27, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died May 12, '62.
Bohan, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, Mch. 1, '64.

† Place of muster in.

Bohan, Paul	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 21, '62.
Boyle, Charles	New Haven,	Sep. 7, 61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Sep. 29, '62.
Brown, John	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64,	Jan. 13, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Burns, John, 2d	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64,	Jan. 13, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [Oct. 12, '64.
Butler, Joel L.	Milford,	Dec. 14 '63.	Dec. 14, '63,	Wd. Sep. 21, '64, Strasburg, Va. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V.
Callahan, James	Danbury,	Sep 7, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Campbell, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Carey, Thomas	New Haven,	Aug. 24, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Carthy, Lawrence	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Mch. 29, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Clark, Robert	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Cody, James	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. En. as James Clark, May 20, '64, in U. S. Corps of Marines. Disc. Sep. 19, '68, tm. ex.
Colbert, Morris	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 15, '62. ['64.
Connell, Henry	Enfield,	Aug. 18, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12,
Conner, James, 1st	Hartford,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Conner, James, 2d	Hartford,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. by order of the Secretary of War, to date June 16, '65.
Cooper, George	New Haven,	May 12, '64,	May 12, '64,	No mention after June 24, '64. [12, '64.
Corcoran, Peter	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Coyle, John	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died July 22, '62.
Cullen, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 15, '64,	Aug. 15, '64,	Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Davis, Thomas	Waterbury,	Jan. 25, '64,	Jan. 25, '64,	No mention after April 6, '64.
Devlin, Peter	New Haven,	Sep. 17, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Nov. 17, '61.
Dillon, John	New Haven,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Dec. 1, '62.
Donohue, John	Branford,	Feb. 8, '64,	Feb. 8, '64,	Died Aug. 3, '64.
Dorherty, Robert	Branford,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. June 5, '65. [12, '64.
Doyle, Thomas	†New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Driscoll, John	†New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	(See Priv. Co. B, 1st C. V.) Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. U. S.
Dunn, John	Derby,	Aug. 29, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Nov. 27, '62. [Art. Nov. 18, '62. Disc. Nov. 18, '65.

Ellis, Thomas	New Haven,	Oct. 13, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Ennis, Matthew	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Nov. 17, '62.
Fitzgerald, William	Baton Rouge, La.,	June 20, '62,	June 20, '62,	Died July 23, '62.
Foley, James	†New Haven,	Aug. 24, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Died Sep. 7, '63. [12, '64.
Foley, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Ford, John	†New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Freil, John	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Jan. 10, '63. [12, '64.
Gilhooly, John	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Sep. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Graham, James	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Jan. 10, '63.
Hagerty, John	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64,	Jan. 26, '64,	Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hall, Jesse	†New Orleans, La.,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Died Aug. 19, '62.
Harrington, Jerry	Hartford,	Aug. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	No mention after Oct. 7, '61.
Hayes, Edward	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. [12, '64.
Hickey, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Hogerty, John	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. April 6, '64.
Horan, Michael	Danbury,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Sep. 26, '64, tm. ex. [12, '64.
Jackson, Robert,	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Jackson, Samuel S.	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Jan. 10, '63.
Kain, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died Sep. 30, '62.
Keegan, James	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. C, Mch. 1, '64. [12, '64.
Kline, Frederick	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Lane, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Aug. 15, '62.
Larkins, Patrick	Derby,	Sep. 1, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 21, '62.
Lee, Henry E.	New Haven,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	No mention after Nov. 18, '61. [12, '64.
Legrand, John	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Leonard, John	Hartford,	Aug. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Wd. April 4, '62, Pass Christian, Miss.
Lynch, Francis	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Nov. 27, '62.
Lynch, Michael	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 18, '62.
Lynch, Thomas	New Haven,	Aug 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 9, '62. [12, '64.

† Place of muster in.

Maguire, John	†New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, 64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Mahoney, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 20, '62.
Maloney, Michael	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61.	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 18, '62.
Maloy, John	†New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
McDonald, James	Waterbury,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Nov. 6, '62. [12, '64.
McDonald, Terence	Waterbury,	May 9, '64,	May 9, '64,	Trans to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McGrath, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 28, '62. [12, '64.
McNulty, Robert	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
McQuade, Bartholo'w	Farmington,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
McQuillan, Richard	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. [12, '64.
Meredith, John	Hartford,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Oct 27, '62.
Murphy, Thomas	New Haven,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	No mention after Nov. 18, '61. [12, 64.
Nagle, Garrett	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Nickodemas, Nich.	†New Orleans, La.	Oct. 26, '63,	Oct. 26, '63,	No mention after Aug. 13, '64.
Noonan, Malachi	†New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Injured Aug. 26, '64. Bolivar Heights, Va. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
O'Berne, John	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Sep. 6, '62.
O'Brien, John, 1st	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64,	Jan. 13, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
O'Brien John, 2d	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64,	Jan. 26, '64,	No mention after April 6, '64. [12, '64.
Pryor, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. March 29, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Raferty, Michael	Waterbury,	Jan. 25, '64,	Jan. 25, '64,	No mention after April 6, '64.
Reynolds, Garrett	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Nov. 17, '61.
Reynolds, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug 24, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died Sep. 27, '62.
Richmond, John W.	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64,	Jan. 26, '64,	No mention after April 6, '64.
Riley John, 1st	†New Orleans, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	No mention after Sep. 9, '62.
Riley, John, 2d	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64,	Jan. 26, '64,	No mention after April 6, '64.
Rodgers, Henry	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Nov. 27, '62.
Rosengrave, John	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Rourke, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Nov. 27, '62.

Sheridan, Kearn	New Haven,	Sep. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. to Co. F, March 1, '63.
Thompson, Wm. J.	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64,	Jan. 26, '64,	Killed Sep. 22, '64. Fisher's Hill, Va.
Trusler, Ephraim	Guilford,	May 9, '64,	May 9, '64,	No mention after May 25, '64.
Walch, John	New Haven,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Died Sep. 13, '62. [12, '64.
Whelan, John	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Winters, Charles	Groton,	Jan. 3, '64,	Jan. 3, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Wrinn, Martin	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.

COMPANY B.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAIN.				
Patrick Garvey,	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, 64.
1ST LIEUTENANTS.				
Lawrence O'Brien,	New Haven,	Aug. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. Capt. Co. D, Oct. 15, '62.
John Carroll,	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. F, Nov. 7, '62. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
2D LIEUTENANTS.				
Daniel Carroll,	New Haven,	Aug. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. May 25, '62.
John McCusker,	New Haven,	Oct. 16, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Must. 1st Sergt. Pro. June 1, '62 (not must.). Resgd. Oct. 29, '62.
William O'Keefe,	New Haven,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. 1st Sergt. June 1, '62; 2d Lt. Feb. 7, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
1ST SERGEANTS.				
Malachi Hackett,	Meriden,	Aug. 23, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Sergt. June 1, '62; 1st Sergt. Feb. 1, '63. Redc. to ranks Nov. 30, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Jeremiah McGrath,	Middletown,	Sep. 18, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. Dec. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Redc. to

† Place of muster in.

SERGEANTS.				Sergt. by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Boucher, John	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. June 1, '62; Sergt. March 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Carney, John	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Jan. 26, '63. Cap'd April 18, '63, Pass Manchac, La. Par. May 23, '63. Re-en. Vet. Feb 28, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Duffey, John	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Lynch, James	Windsor,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Redc. to ranks (sick) Jan. 25, '63. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McDonnell, Richard	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. June 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
O'Brien, Michael	Berlin,	Sep. 16, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. June 1, '62; Sergt. Jan. 1, '64. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 1, 64.
CORPORALS.				
Brannon, Farrell	Cheshire,	Sep. 2, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Disc. Sep. 25, '64, tm. ex.
Burke, John	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must Priv. Pro. June 1, '62. Redc. to ranks. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Butler, James	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Carey, James	Waterbury,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sep. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 1, '64.
Cunningham, John	New Haven,	Oct. 14, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Redc. to ranks. No mention after May 17, '63.
Early, James	Woodbridge,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Dec. 31, '63. Pro. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Milligan, John	Hamden,	Oct. 14, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McCluckie, John	Middletown,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 6, '64. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Morrissey, James	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62. [Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Reynolds, Michael	Meriden,	Sep. 14, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th

Rhatigan, Edward	Meriden,	Aug. 23, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 16, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Riley Edward	Meriden,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Streit, Simon	New Haven,	June 18, '64,	June 18, '64.	(See Band 9th C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. June 30, '64. Trans. to Co. A. 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
MUSICIANS.				['64.
Cassidy, John	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Detailed Musc. June 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 16,
Dillon, Edward	†New Orleans, La.	May 1, '63,	May 1, '63,	Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Healy, John	New Haven,	Sep. 20, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Ap. Prin. Musc. Jan. 1, '63.
PRIVATES.				
Anderson, Andrew	Meriden,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Disc. Jan. 1, '63. (See Priv. Co. K, 14th C. V.)
Anderson, Joseph	Bridgeport,	Feb. 2, '64,	Feb. 2, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Barker, Josiah	Farmington,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Bohen, Patrick Jr.	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep, 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 1, '64. [Oct. 12, '64.
Boyle, William	Greenwich,	Jan. 19, '64,	Jan. 19, '64,	(See Priv. Co. H, 28th C. V.) Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V.
Burke, Martin	Cheshire,	Sep. 14, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Injured Feb., '62, Ship Island, Miss. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Burke, Patrick	Meriden,	Sep. 3, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Wd. Oct. 20, '62, Bona Casa, La. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Cain, Bartholomew	Portland,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 2, '64.
Cain, Patrick	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. E, 3d C. V.) Died Aug. 12, '62.
Carey, William W.	Portland,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Aug. 25, '62.
Carlin, Andrew	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died July 23, '62. [12, '64.
Carroll, John	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64 Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Casheen, William	Meriden,	Jan. 5, '64,	Jan. 5, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Castello, James	†New Haven,	Oct. 19, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Colwell, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Nov. 27, '62.
Craig, Patrick	Meriden,	Nov. 24, '63,	Nov. 24, '63,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Crevy, James	Meriden,	Aug. 23, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62. [12, '64.
Cummins, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.

† Place of muster in.

Dawson, John	Cheshire,	Sep. 2, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Day, Patrick	Norfolk,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Donohue, James	Meriden,	Sep. 25, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Oct. 29, '62.
Doran, James	Meriden,	Oct 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Dec. 6, '62.
Dunn, Thomas	New Britain,	Sep. 16, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Nov. 12, '63.
Dunn, Patrick L.	New Brltain,	Sep. 23, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 1, '64.
Durning, Stephen	New Britain,	Jan. 1, '64,	Jan. 1, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Fahy, John	Waterbury,	Aug. 24, '64,	Aug. 24, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Farrell, Thomas	Meriden,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Dec. 15, '62.
Ferris, John	Meriden,	Sep. 25, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Aug. 28, '62. [Oct. 12, '64.
Fitzpatrick, Martin	Greenwich,	Feb. 23, '64,	Feb. 23, '64,	(See Priv. Co. H, 28th C. V.) Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V.
Frawley, John	Meriden,	Aug. 19, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Glassett, James	Bridgeport,	Jan. 18, '64,	Jan. 18, '64,	Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Gorman, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 6, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62.
Green, Patrick	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Aug. 12, '63. [Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Grogan, Michael,	†New Haven,	Oct. 30, '61.	Oct. 30, '61,	Wd. Oct., '62, Parish of St James, La. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Harrington, Joseph	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Nov. 3, '62.
Harvey, Thomas	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Sep. 11, '62.
Hayden, James	Hamden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Hazlett, John	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Healey, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died Oct. 6, '62. [V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hoey, Francis	Hamden,	Dec. 28, '63,	Dec. 28, '63,	Wd. Sep. 21, '64, Strasburg, Va. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt C.
Hoey, George	Cheshire,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hughes, Michael	Meriden,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Hughes, Patrick	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Joyce, Martin	Wallingford,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct 12, '64.
Kelley, James	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Lawler, James	Middletown,	Sep. 2, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Drowned April 19, '63, on passage from Lake End to Pass Man-
Lucy, Dennis	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Oct. 3, '64, tm. ex. [chac, La.

Lynch, John, 1st	Cheshire,	Sep. 24, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Sep. 7, '63.
Lynch, John, 2d	Middletown,	Oct. 14, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Lynch, Patrick	Wallingford,	Oct. 14, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Killed Oct. 20, '62, Bona Casa, La. [12, '64.
Mack, John	Middletown,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Mackey, Nicholas	New Haven,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Magee, Michael	Meriden,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Oct. 16, '63.
Mahon, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4. '64.
Martin, John	Hartford,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Sep. 10, '62.
McCaffrey, James	Cambridge, Mass.,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	No mention after Oct. 3, '61.
McCarty, Richard	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
McCormick, Thomas	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
McCormick, Nicholas	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64,	Jan. 26, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oc. 12, '64.
McKay, John L.	Meriden,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Cap'd April 18, '63, Pass Manchac, La. Par. May 23, '63.
Merceir, Alexander	Cheshire,	Sep. 14, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died May 9, '64.
Minahan, Thomas	New Haven,	Oct. 26, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died Sep. 2, '63.
Molloy, Michael	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Oct. 1, '62.
Moon, William	Cheshire,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Jan. 6, '66.
Moore, William J.	Cheshire,	Dec. 11, '63,	Dec. 11, '63,	Disc. Aug. 27, '64.
Morrissey, James	Meriden,	Dec. 29, '63,	Dec. 29, '63,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Mulvey, Charles	Cheshire,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 29, '61,	Died July 21, '62.
Mulvey, John	Cheshire,	Sep. 14, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Murphy, John	Meriden,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Nov. 17, '61.
Murray, Bernard	New Britain,	Jan. 4, '64,	Jan. 4, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Quinn, Luke	Meriden,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Died June 16, '64.
Reynolds, Michael, 2d	Cheshire,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Aug. 9, '62.
Roach, Thomas	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. May 19, '64.
Robinson, John	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64,	Jan. 13, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Russell, David	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Ryan, Daniel	Meriden,	Aug. 23, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.

† Place of muster in.

Ryan, John 1st	Weston,	Jan. 23, '64,	Jan. 23, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '65.
Sweetman, John	New Haven,	Oct. 9, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 11, '64, tm. ex.
Walsh, John, 2d	New Haven,	Jan. 11, '64,	Jan. 11, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Walsh, Peter	Southington,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Waldron, Thomas	Meriden,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died July 20, '62. [12, '64.
Whelan, James	New Haven,	Oct. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Woods, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 26, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Sep. 19, '62.

COMPANY C.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAINS.				
Michael McCarten,	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. April 15, '62.
John G. Healy,	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. 1st Lt. Pro. April 15, '62. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
1ST LIEUTENANTS.				
Patrick T. Claffee,	Waterbury,	Sep. 9, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Pro. from Sergt.-Maj. to 2d Lt. Feb. 25, '62 (not must.); 1st Lt. May 18, '62 (not must.). Died Oct. 5, '62.
Addis E. Payne,	Bridgeport,	Oct. 29, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. from 2d Lt. Co. H, Sep. 17, '62; Capt. Co. F, Dec. 21, '63.
David C. Warner,	Hartford,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Pro. from 2d Lt. Co. I, April 1, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
2D LIEUTENANTS.				
John Shaw,	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. Feb. 25, '62.
Henry McKenna,	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. 1st Sergt. Pro. April 10, '62 (not must.). Died Sep. 24, '62.
Patrick Ingoldsby,	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Sergt. April 10, '62; 1st Sergt. July 1, '62; 2d Lt. May 27, '63.
James Lawler,	New Haven,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Pro. from Com.-Sergt. Oct. 19, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.

1ST SERGEANTS.				
Dennis Gately,	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. April 10, '62. Redc. to ranks July 1, '62. Pro. Sergt. Dec. 27, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Bryan Donohue,	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. Jan. 26, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Richard Lilley,	New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Nov. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Pro. 1st. Sergt. July 20, '64. Redc. to Sergt. by consldn. Oct. 12, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
SERGEANTS.				
Donnelly, Peter	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Cap'd June 24, '63, Chattahoola Station, La. Par. June 26, '63. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 16, '64.
Doyle, William	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Corp. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Pro. July 20, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C V. Oct 12, '64.
Glynn, Dennis	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61.	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. July 1, '62. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Mullen, James T.	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Dec. 27, '62.
Murphy, Jeremiah	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Dec. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64 Pro. July 20, '64. Redc. to Corp. by consldn Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Sullivan, Daniel	Norwich,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. March 1, '62; Sergt. Jan. 26, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex. (See Priv. Co. I, 11th C. V.)
CORPORALS.				
Bohan, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. A, March 1, '64. Pro. July 20, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Brennan, Henry	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Oct. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 23, '63. Disc. Sep. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Brennan, Patrick	New Haven,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Pro. July 20, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Brown, James	New Haven,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. July 1, '62. Redc. to ranks Feb. 1, '63 Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Pro. July 20, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Connerty, Patrick	Waterbury,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. March 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64

Corcoran, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Doyle, Hugh	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Jan. 31, '62.
Flynn, Andrew	New Haven,	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks July 20, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Garvey, Edward B.	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Feb. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks July 20, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Gilhuly, Michael	New Haven,	Oct. 24, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 12, '61. Disc. Jan. 31, '62.
Keegan, Edward	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Oct. 11, '62.
Kelley, Hugh	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Pro. July 20, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Lynn, Edward	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 22, '62.
McCormick, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. July 1, '62. Died Sep. 19, '62.
McMurray, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Sep. 26, '64, tm. ex.
O'Connor, George	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Died Sep. 21, '62.
Ryan, James	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. July 1, '62. Trans. to Co. C, 2d Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 17, '62; trans. to Co. K, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Aug. 17, '65. Disc. Nov. 17, '65. [Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Thompson, William	†New Orleans, La.	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. July 1, '62. Redc. to ranks. Trans. to Co. A, 9th
Wier, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Nov. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Redc. to ranks Mch. 1, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
MUSICIANS.				
Brean, Charles	New Haven,	Nov. 1, '62,	Nov. 1, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Lawler, James	New Haven,	Oct. 12, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to
McCarten, Bartholo'w	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1. '62. [Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
WAGONERS.				
McKiernan, Patrick	New Haven,	Oct. 8, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Detailed Wag. Trans. to
Tiernan, John	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62. [Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64
Welch, John	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Detailed Nov. 25, '62. Trans. to ranks. Disc. Sep. 26, '64, tm. ex.

PRIVATES.

Avington, Edward	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62.
Barker, George	New Haven,	Oct. 16, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Died Aug. 4, '62.
Barry, John T.	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Nov. 28, '63. [12. '64.
Birmingham, Garrett	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Brennan, Dennis	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. May 12, '63.
Brodderick, James	†N. Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Died July 22, '62.
Butler, Nicholas	†N. Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	No mention after Dec. 28, '63. [12, '64.
Byrne, Thomas	New Haven,	Oct. 30, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Carroll, James	New Haven,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	(See Priv. Co. B, 1st C. V.) Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Charbouel, Paul	————	June 4, '62,	June 4, '62,	Died Oct. 25, '62.
Clark, John	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Aug. 21, '62. [12, '64.
Clements, John E.	New Haven,	May 1, '63,	May 1, '63,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Collins, John	New Haven,	May 14, '62,	May 14, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. ['63.
Curtis, Charles	†New Orleans, La.	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Trans. to Co. C, 2d Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 17, '62. Disc. Sep. 1,
Dearing, William	†New Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Dias, Joseph	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	No mention after Sep. 30, '61.
Doyle, James	Norwich,	Sep. 10, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Doyle, Peter	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Nov. 12, '62.
Dresher, Ernest	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Wd. June 24, '63, Chattahoola Station, La. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Dugging, Mark	Vernon,	Nov. 30, '63,	Nov. 30, '63,	Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Eagan, John	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. F, 2d C. V.) Died July 22, '62.
Glynn, Martin	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Nov. 18, '61.
Galligan, Philip	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Oct. 22, '62.
Hackett, James	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Disc. May 10, '65. [12, '64.
Hamilton, John	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Harrington, John	†New Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Trans. to Co. C, 2d Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 18, '62.

† Place of muster in.

Heavey, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Sep. 29, '65.
Hughes, Arthur	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 17, '62.
Hulbert, John	Waterbury,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Pro. Sergt. Co. F, Aug. 21, '63.
Johnson, William	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Disc. Nov. 18, '61.
Judge, Francis	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Wd. June 24, '63, Chattahoola Station, La. Disc. Dec. 30, '63.
Kearns, Thomas	New Haven,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Sep. 5, '62.
Keaveney, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 5, '62. [V. Oct. 12, '64.
Keegan, James	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, March 1, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C.
Kelleher, Roger	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died May 10, '64.
Kelley, Bartholomew	New Haven,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 12. '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62. (See Corp. Co. G, 1st C. V. Cav.) [12, '64.
Kelley, Dennis	New Haven,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Lauffin, Richard	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 9, '62.
Malone, Charles	New Haven,	Oct. 12, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62. (See Priv. Co. H, 1st C. V. Cav.)
Maloney, Thomas	New Haven,	Jan. 6, '64,	Jan. 6, '64,	Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Marlow, John	New Haven,	Oct. 12, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Died July 24, '62.
Martin, Peter	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Mason, Thomas	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McDonough, John	New Haven,	Oct. 9, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McDonough, Michael	New Haven,	Sep 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McKenna, Thomas	New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McKenney, John	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex. [12, '64.
McKeon, James	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
McLaughlin, James	New Haven,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 14 '61,	Re en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
McLaughlin, Timothy	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27. '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6. '64. Died May 24. '64.
McPartlin, Lawrence	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McSweggin, Francis	Norwich,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Meany, John	Norwich,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Nov. 12, '62.
Monighan, James	Norwich,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died July 21, '62.
Mooney, William	†N. Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Disc., date not shown.

Murphy, James	Norwich,	Sep. 29, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Aug. 16, '62.
O'Brien, James	New Haven,	Oct. 30, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	No mention after Nov. 18, '61.
Reardon, John	New Haven,	Oct. 7, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Reynolds, Charles	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Cap'd June 24, '63, Chattahoola Station, La
Reynolds, Peter	New Haven,	Oct. 30, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62. [Par. June 26, '63.
Robinson, George	†N. Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Wd. June 24, '63, Chattahoola Station, La.
Rowley, John	New Haven,	Sep. 21, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Aug. 16, '62
Ryan, Thomas	†N. Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Not present at M. o.
Schnabel, John	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Scully, John	†N. Orleans, La.	May 14, '62,	May 14, '62,	In confinement at M. o. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Shaw, James	New Haven,	Oct. 16, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Shaw, John	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Jan. 31, '62. (See 2d Lt. Co. H, 24th C. V.)
Sheehan, David D.	Norwich,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Sep. 26, '64.
Simmerman, William	†N. Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Smith, John, 1st	†N. Orleans, La.	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Smith, John 2d	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Re en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Died May 15, '64.
Woods, Bernard	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. dis. Jan. 31, '62.
Woods, Henry	New London,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. dis. Mch. 29, '62.
Woods, James	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Oct. 12, '62.

COMPANY D.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAINS.				
Thomas C. Coates,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 21, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. Oct. 15, '62. [Oct. 26, '64.
Lawrence O'Brien,	New Haven,	Aug. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Wd. Sep. 8, '62. Pro. from 1st Lt. Co. B, Oct. 15, '62. Disc.

† Place of muster in.

1st Lieutenants.				
Richard A. Clancey,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 21, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Oct. 20, '62. [May 29, '63. Disc. Oct. 2, '664.
James Cahill,	Bridgeport,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Sergt. Apr. 1, '62; 2d Lt. May 21, '62; 1st Lt.
2d Lieutenants.				
George N. Morehouse,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 21, '61,	Not must.	Resgd. Apr. 11, '62.
Thomas L. Wilson,	Bridgeport,	Apr. 10, '62,	Apr 10, '62,	Pro. from Sergt.-Maj. Dec. 14, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
1st Sergeants.				
Thomas S. White,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	(See Priv. Co. H, 1st C. V.) Redc. to Sergt. Jan. 1, '62. Redc. to ranks Mch. 31, '62. Pro. Sergt. Mch. 1, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
John Laurie,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. Jan. 1, '62. Redc. to Sergt. May 22, '62. Pro. 1st Sergt. Oct. 16, '62. Redc. to ranks Feb. 21, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. I, Mch. 1, '64. [Oct. 16, '62.
George Hill,	Bridgeport,	Sep. 25, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Apr. 1, '62; 1st Sergt. May 22, '62. Disc.
Richard Yates,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 26, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Redc. to Sergt. Dec. 1, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
John Gorman,	Bridgeport,	Oct. 31, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	(See Priv. Co. D , 3d C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Sep. 30, '62; Sergt. Feb. 21, '63; 1st Sergt. Dec. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Redc. to Sergt. by consldn. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12. '64.
Sergeants.				
Caffrey, James	Bridgeport,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Oct. 21, '62; Sergt. Sep. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [Co. I, Mch. 1, '64.
Knablin, Thomas	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Redc to ranks Aug. 21, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to
O'Connor, James	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. June 9, '62; Sergt. Oct. 18, '62. Redc. to ranks Aug. 21, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

Ritters, Leo	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Oct. 21, '62; Sergt. Sep, 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to Corp. Oct. 12, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Sloan, David	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	(See Priv. Co. E, 1st C. V.) Redc. to ranks Feb. 21, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
CORPORALS.				
Arnold, Christopher	Bridgeport,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Redc. to ranks June 8, '62. Disc. Oct. 22, '62. (See Priv. Co. E, 2d C. V. H. A.) [Cav. Nov. 1, '62. Disc. May 17, '65.
Baker, Ottoway G.	Bridgeport,	May 12, '62,	May 12, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 9, '62. Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. Texas
Bennett, Richard	Bridgeport,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. May 26, '62. Redc. to ranks Nov. 2, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Pro. Jan. 6, '64. Redc to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Burton, Charles B.	Bridgeport,	Nov. 18, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. May 3, '62. Died Sep. 12, '62.
Cronin, Patrick H.	†New Haven,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. I, Jan. 1, '62. Pro. Nov. 3, '62. Redc. to ranks June 28, '64. Disc. Oct. '64, tm. ex.
Dyer, James	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Oct. 12, '62. Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Ennes, John	Bridgeport,	Aug. 26, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Oct. 16, '62.
Foley, John J.	Bridgeport,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sep. 12, '62. Redc. to ranks Dec. 5, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Friel, Bernard	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 6, '62. Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Gerard, Martin	New Haven,	June 18, '64,	June 18, '64,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 26, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Gilday, Peter	Bridgeport,	Sep. 1, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Redc. to ranks June 12, '62. Pro. Sep. 25, '62. Redc. to ranks Oct. 20, '62. Pro. Mch. 10, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Green, John B.	Plymouth,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Redc. to ranks Jan 8, '62. Died Aug. 17, '62.
Henderson, James	Bridgeport,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Dec. 20, '62.
Hughes, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	No mention in Ninth after Nov. 1, '61. (See Corp. Co. K, 24th C. V.)

† Place of muster in.

Lackey, Luke C.	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 7, '62. Died Aug. 3, '62.
McCarty, Charles	Bridgeport,	Sep. 27, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sep. 3, '62. Disc. Jan. 21, '63.
McGrath, Michael	Bridgeport,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Redc. to ranks Apr. 3, '62. Died Aug. 3, '62.
Melvin, James	New Haven,	Oct. 27, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sep. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Mahoney, John O.	Norwalk,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 28, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [tm. ex.
O'Riley, Patrick	Bridgeport,	Oct. 7, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Feb. 27, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
Ryan, John, 2d	†New Orleans, La.	May 12, '62,	May 12, '62,	Must Priv. Pro. May 22, '62. Redc. to ranks Oct. 20, '62. Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. Texas Cav. Nov. 1, '62. Killed May, 15,
Schoen, Philip	New Haven,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sep 1, '63. ['64, trying to pass pickets.
Shulz, William	Hartford,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Feb. 12 '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Wilson, James, 2d	Bridgeport,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Detailed Wag. Oct. 31, '63. Returned to ranks Nov. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Pro. Corp. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks Feb. 29, '64. Pro. Corp. May 1, '64. Redc. Sep. 1, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
MUSICIANS.				
Green, Dennis	Bridgeport,	Nov. 24, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. to ranks April 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Lyon, George	Bridgeport,	Sep 28, '61,	Oct. 4 '61,	No mention after Dec. 29, '63.
McGuire, James	New Haven,	May 30, '64,	May 30, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Otis, Michael	Bridgeport,	May 9, '62,	May 9, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
WAGONERS.				
Dressendoffer, Henry	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Must. Priv. Detailed Wagoner. Died June 29, '63.
Fibbs, William	Bridgeport,	Sep. 5, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Must. Priv. Detailed Wagoner. Died July 11, '63.
PRIVATES.				
Anderson, John	Bridgeport,	Aug. 27, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. April 8, '62.
Baggs, John	Bridgeport,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Aug. 9, '62.

Blakeslee, Albert	Plymouth,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	No mention after Oct. 20, '61.
Blakeslee, Almon	Plymouth,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Sep. 22, '62.
Brandt, Balzar	†New Orleans, La.	May 10, '62,	May 10, '62,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Bulger, Anthony	Bridgeport,	Aug. 27, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 16, '64.
Burns, Bernard	Bridgeport,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Oct. 22, '62.
Burns, Dominick	Bridgeport,	Sep. 5, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Nov. 17, '61. [12, '64.
Burns, John	Bridgeport,	May 10, '62,	May 10, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64 Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Burns, Lawrence	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Burke, John	Bridgeport,	Sep. 5, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex. [12, '64.
Caten, Anthony	Saybrook,	Nov. 28, '64.	Nov. 28, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Clye, Martin	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Colligan, Matthew	Bridgeport,	Sep. 21, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Colemey, Patrick	Bridgeport,	Aug. 28, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64.
Conners, John, 1st	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	No mention after Nov. 30, '63.
Conners, John, 2d	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. Texas Cav. Nov. 1, '62. Disc. Nov. 5, '63. Re-en. Nov. 7, '63, in Co. A, 1st Reg. U. S. I.
Dimon, James C.	Bridgeport,	Nov. 18, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Died Sep. 30, '62.
Dimon, Charles	Bridgeport,	Sep. 27, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. I, March 1, '64.
Donohue, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Nov. 17, '61.
Doyle, Nicholas	Bridgeport,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Feb. 23, '63.
Duke, John	†New Orleans La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	No mention after Nov. 6, '62.
Fagan, Michael	Bridgeport,	Sep. 27, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died Jan. 30, '62.
Fullum, Patrick	Fairfield,	Oct. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	No mention after April 7, '64.
Funt, William	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Died Oct. 6, '62.
Gafney, John	Bridgeport,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Galager, James	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Oct. 22, '62. [12, '64.
Garagan, Patrick	Bridgeport,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Gibbons, John	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Gillis, John	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Ap. Q.M.-Sergt June 20, '63. [12, '64.

† Place of muster in.

Glancey, James	Bridgeport,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Oct 26, '64, tm ex.
Gregg, Dennis	Bridgeport,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	No mention after Nov. 30, '63.
Green, John	†New Orleans, La.	Oct. 1, '63,	Oct. 1, '63,	No mention after July, '64.
Haffoining, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	No mention after June 20, '64. [12, '64.
Hanlon, John	Bridgeport,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Hardgrave, John	New Haven,	Sep. 12, '61.	Sep. 26, '61,	No mention after Nov. 1, '61.
Hill, Henry	Hartford,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Aug. 10, '62
Hope, Edward	New Haven,	Sep. 15, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	No mention after Nov. 23, '61.
Hunter, Stephen	Bridgeport,	Sep. 12 '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Injured May, '62, Fort Jackson, La. Disc. Jan. 21, '63.
Hussey, Michael	Bridgeport,	Aug. 27, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Johnson, James	†New Orleans, La.	Oct. 1, '63,	Oct. 1, '63,	Absent since Aug. 2, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Kane, Patrick	Bridgeport,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Sep. 25, '64, tm. ex.
Keenan, Peter	Bridgeport,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died July 20, '63.
Kelley, Michael 1st	Bridgeport,	Aug. 27, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Kiel, August	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Klein, Jacob	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Lynch, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 13, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1 '62.
McCabe, Owen	Bridgeport,	Oct. 3, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
McClune, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	No mention after March 14, '63.
McDonnelly, Michael	†New Orleans, La.	Mch. 1, '63,	Mch. 1, '63,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McGee, Frank	Meriden,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. June 15, '65. [12, '64.
McNulty, Peter	†New Orleans, La	May 11, '62	May 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Moore, Michael	Bridgeport,	Sep. 20, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Died Aug. 19, '62.
Morris, Peter M.	Bridgeport,	Sep. 29, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. to Co. G, April 1, '62.
Murphy, John	Kent Plains, N. Y.	Oct. 28, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. dis. Aug. 27, '62.
O'Brien, Thomas	Bridgeport,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	(See Priv. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Died Nov. 16, '62.
O'Connor, Peter	Bridgeport,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Aug. 26, '63.
O'Neil, Mark	New Haven,	Sep. 27, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Assassinated by unknown persons May 4, '62, New Orleans, La.
Otis, Dennis	Bridgeport,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Nov. 22, '63.

Pearson, Philip	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Died Sep. 3, '63.
Phillips, Henry	Fairfield,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Apr. 8, '62.
Purpose, Claybourn	†New Orleans, La.	Oct. 1, '63,	Oct. 1, '63.	Absent since Aug. 2, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Ryan, John	New Haven,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Slaugh, Michael	Derby,	May 11, '62.	May 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Smith, Martin	New Haven,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Died Sep. 2, '62.
Smith, Peter	Bridgeport,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Died Aug. 26, '62.
Sona, Valentine	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64 Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Spaan, Bernard	New Haven,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Sullivan, George	Brookline, Mass.,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Stafford, James	Bridgeport,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Trout, George	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Verdan, Patrick	Bridgeport,	Nov. 7, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B. 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Verdon, Christopher	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. Texas Cav. Nov. 1, '62.
Victoria, Albert,	†New Orleans, La.	Oct. 1, '63,	Oct. 1, '63,	No mention after Apr. 7, '64.
Wallace, John	New Haven,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Welch, Patrick	Bridgeport,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Oct. 29, '64.
Wilson, James, 1st	Bridgeport,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Disc. Oct. 22, '62.

COMPANY E.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAINS.				
James P. Hennessey,	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. Oct. 25, '62.
Terence Sheridan,	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. 1st Lt. Pro. Oct. 26, '62. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
1ST. LIEUTENANT.				
Francis McKeon,	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. 2d Lt. Pro. Feb. 25, '63. Wd. June 26, '64, Grand Gulf, Miss. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.

† Place of muster in.

2d LIEUTENANT.				
Michael Mullins,	New Haven,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Sergt. Ap. Sergt.-Maj. Dec. 27, '62. Pro. from Sergt.-Maj. May 27, '63. Trans. to Co. K, Mch. 29, '64.
1st SERGEANTS.				
Thomas Healy,	Derby,	Sep. 5, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Pro. 2d Lt. Co. K, Mch. 7, '62.
Thomas Kennedy,	New Haven,	Aug. 29, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. Mch. 7, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
SERGEANTS.				
Debow, Michael,	New Haven,	Oct. 29, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Jan. 1, '62; Sergt. Dec. 28, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Dolan, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Mch. 7, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans to Co.
Evarts, Eben B.	Hartford,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Pro. 1st Sergt. Co. F, Aug. 21, '63. [B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hefferan, Daniel	New Haven,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Redc. to ranks Jan. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Feb 28, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Reilly, Philip	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Jan. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co.
Ryan, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Aug. 21, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
CORPORALS.				
Bowen, Michael	New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. July 1, '63. Re-en Vet. Jan 4, '64. Trans. to Co. B,
Burke, Richard	New Haven,	Sep. 14, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Died Aug. 13, '62.
Conroy, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks June 24, '64. [Oct. 12, '64.
Conway, Martin	Westbrook,	June 16, '64,	June 16, '64,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 25, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V.
Dolan, James	Derby,	Oct. 8, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Nov. 1, '62. Wd. June 24, '63., Chattahoola Station, La. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. K, Mch. 1, '64.
Dolan, Michael	Derby,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 16, '64. Trans. to Co. K, Mch 1, '64.
Galligan, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. [V. Oct. 12, '64.
Golden, Timothy	New Haven,	Nov. 13, '61,	Nov 25, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, 64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C.
Lawler, John	Derby,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Nov. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 16. '64. Trans. to Co. K, Mch. 1, '64.

McDonald, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Musc. Pro. Jan. 1, '62. Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6. '64. Pro. Apr. 15, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McMahon, James	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. May 1, '62. Died Aug. 7, '62.
McManus, John	New Haven,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Pro. Apr. 15, '64. Trans. to Co B, 9th Batt, C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McNally, James	Derby,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Aug.—,'63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Murley, Thomas	New Haven,	Aug. 22, 61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. July 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4 '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Naylor, Michael	Derby,	Nov. 13, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '62. Re en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
O'Brien, James	New Haven,	Sep. 25, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Nov. 1, '62. Disc. Oct. 26 '64, tm. ex.
O'Mara, John	New Britain,	Sep. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. May 1, '62. Redc to ranks May 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Wall, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 25, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Nov. 27, '62. (See Priv. Co. A, 1st C. V. Cav.)
MUSICIANS.				
Burns, John	†New Orleans, La.	Nov. 30, '62	Nov. 30, '62,	Died Jan. 2, '64 of wounds.
Hennessey, Richard	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
McDuff, John	Bridgeport,	June 17, '62,	June 17, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
WAGONERS.				
O'Connell, Stephen	New Haven,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Priv. Detailed Wagoner. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans.
Ryan, Timothy	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Oct. 31, '62.
PRIVATES.				
Agathe, Edward	New Haven,	Jan. 10, '63,	Jan. 10, '63,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. ['65, tm. ex.
Archard, Martin	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 21, '62. Disc. Nov. 21,
Barry, Garrett	Springfield, Mass.	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex. [12, '64.
Bartis, Samuel	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6. '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.

† Place of muster in.

Burgess, John R.	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	(See Priv. Co. C, 2d C. V.) Died Sep. 15, '62.
Bush, James	New Haven,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Aug. 5, '62.
Cahill, Edward	Wallingford,	Dec. 3, '63,	Dec. 3, '63,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Carney, Ambrose	New Haven,	Sep. 15, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug 19, '62. [12, '64.
Cavanagh, Patrick	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Christie, James	New Haven,	Oct. 24, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Nov. 18, '61.
Clark, William	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 17, '62.
Coleman, John	New Britain,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Nov. 27, '62. ['65, tm. ex.
Crowley, Cornelius	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 21, '62. Disc. Nov. 21,
Crowley, John	Derby,	Sep. 5, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Sep. 30, '62. [12, '64.
Crowley, Timothy	Derby,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Daley, Jeremiah	New Haven,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Devlin, John	New Haven,	Sep. 12, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Donnelly, Andrew J.	New Haven,	May 5, '64,	May 5, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Donnelly, Edward	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Dec. 20, '62.
Donnelly, Richard H.	New Haven,	May 27, '64,	May 27, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Doty, Charles	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Disc. Oct. 22, '62. [12,'64.
Dwyre, Martin	New Haven,	Sep. 6, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
English, James	New Haven,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 6th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Farrell, Daniel	Hamden,	Jan. 18, '64,	Jan. 18, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct 12, '64.
Fee, John	New Haven,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 4, '61 (minor), (See Priv. Co. H, 24th C. V.)
Flannagan, John	New Haven,	Oct. 22, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Gallagher, Matthew	New Haven,	Mch. 3, '64,	Mch. 3, '64,	Died July 29, '64.
Gilluk, John P.	Middletown,	Oct 21, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	No mention after Nov. 1, '61.
Grace, William	†Cape Parap't, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Died Oct. 17, '62.
Hartigan, John	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Died Aug. 20, '62.
Hays, James	New Haven,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 6, '61, (minor).
Healey, John	Derby,	Oct. 25, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hefferan, Edward	Derby,	Sep. 25, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Nov. 20, '62.

Kehoe, James	New Haven,	Oct. 10, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Sep. 19, '62. [12, '64
Kelleher, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Kelley, Thomas	New Haven,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Killoy, Michael	New Haven,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re en. Vet. Jan. 6. '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Lawler, James	New Haven,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Ap. Com.-Sergt. Oct. 12, '61. [12, '64.
Leyden, Patrick	New Haven,	Oct. 21, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V, Oct.
Lynch, Hugh	†New Orleans, La.	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Lynch, Patrick	New Haven,	Mch. 3, '64,	Mch. 3, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Maher, John	Derby,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Died Aug. 14, '62.
McCarthy, James	New Haven,	Sep. 6, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Pro. Sergt. Co. H, Nov. 1, '61.
McGee, Hugh	Middletown,	Oct. 21, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	No mention after Nov. 1, '61.
McGuire, Thomas	Branford,	Apr. 24, '62,	Apr. 24, '62,	Trans. to Co. A, Feb. 28, '63.
McTague, John	†Camp Parap't, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Died Nov. 26, '63.
Montague, Charles	New Haven,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Killed at Cedar Creek, Va.
Mooney, Edward	New Haven,	Oct. 21, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Nottingham, Augustus	New Haven,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Nov. 18, '61.
O'Brien, David	New Haven,	Sep. 25, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	(See Corp. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Disc. Nov. 27, '62.
O'Burns, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 11, '62. [12, '64.
O'Farrell, Peter	New Haven,	Oct. 25, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
O'Toole, Garrett	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Reily, John	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Ryan, Cornelius	Derby,	Sep. 12 '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Sep. 23, '63.
Ryan, James	Derby,	Sep. 18, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 20, '62.
Ryan, John	New Haven,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Oct. 18, '62.
Scott, Michael	New York,	Sep. 25, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 7, '62.
Shea, James	Derby,	Oct. 10, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex. [12, '64.
Sheridan, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re en. Vet. Mch. 29, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Smith, James	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Smyth, Patrick	New Haven,	June 25, '64,	June 25, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

† Place of muster in.

Sullivan, John	Hamden,	Sep. 5, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Murdered Sep. 30, '63.
Terrell, Franklin L.	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Thornton, John J.	Middletown,	Oct. 21, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	No mention after Nov. 1, '61.
Vanulton, Louis	New Haven,	Sep. 27, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	No mention after Nov. 3, '61.
Walsh, Jeffery	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Walsh, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Oct. 2, '62.
Walsh, Robert	New Haven,	Oct. 23, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Accidentally killed April 14, '62.
Whelan, Bernard	Derby,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Williams, George C.	New Haven,	May 11, '64,	May 11, '64,	No mention after July 16, '64.

COMPANY F.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAINS.				
John Foley,	Waterbury,	Sep. 3, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. Dec. 20, '62.
Addis E. Payne,	Bridgeport,	Oct. 29, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. from 1st Lt. Co. C, Dec. 21, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
1ST LIEUTENANTS.				
John Carroll,	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans to Co. B, Nov. 7, '62.
Garry T. Scott,	Plymouth,	Aug. 18, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Pro. from Hosp. Stewd. to 1st Sergt. Dec. 27, '62; 2d Lt. May 27, '63; 1st Lt. Oct. 19, '63. Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
2D LIEUTENANTS.				
William H. Carroll,	Waterbury,	Sep. 3, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. Dec. 20, '62.
Lewis H. Goodman,	Hartford,	Oct. 19, '61,	May 27, '63,	Trans. from Co. A, Dec. 14, '63. Trans. to Co. K, Aug.—, '64.
Christian Streit,	New Haven,	July 2, '64,	July 2, '64,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. A, 2d C. V.) (See Leader of Band 9th C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. 2d Lt. July 3, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

1ST SERGEANTS.				
Timothy Ryan,	Waterbury,	Sep. 10, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Redc. to Sergt. Apr. 1, '62. Died July 22, '62.
James B. Prescott,	Bridgeport,	Sep. 17, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Pro. from Sergt. Co. K, Apr. 1, '62.
Daniel Leahy,	Waterbury,	Sep. 12, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Redc. to ranks Aug. 21, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Eben B. Evarts.	Hartford,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Pro. from Sergt. Co. E, Aug. 21, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to Sergt. by consldn. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
SERGEANTS.				
Claxton, Richard	Waterbury,	Sep. 12, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Redc. to ranks Apr. 13, '62. Died Oct. 29, '62.
Corbin, Thomas	†New Orleans, La.	June 10, '62,	June 10, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sergt. Aug. 1, '62. Ap. Q. M. Jan. 23, '63.
Cronan, Michael	Waterbury,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Corp Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hulbert, John	Waterbury,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Pro. from Priv. Co. C, Aug. 21, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Jewett Frederick	Waterbury,	Sep. 29, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Killed on picket Oct. 19, '62, St. John's Parish, La.
Kerr, Robert	Norwich,	Oct. 22, '62,	Oct. 22, '62,	Trans. as Priv. from Q. M. Sergt. June 20, '63. Pro. Sergt. Sep. 25, '63. Redc. to ranks Oct. 22, '63. Pro. Sergt. Oct. 31, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Ap. Q. M. Sergt. Feb. 18, '64.
McGiff, Joseph	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. H, Feb. 2, '63. Pro. Sergt. Aug. 21, '63. Redc. to ranks. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Menholdt, Henry	Waterbury,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Corp. Redc. to ranks. Pro. Corp. date not shown. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Pro. Sergt., date not shown. Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Metzlee, Charles	Waterbury,	Oct. 11, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sergt. Aug. 31, '63. Disc. Oct., '64, tm. ex.
Wilson, George	Waterbury,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Dec. 8, '62.
CORPORALS.				
Alexander, John T.	Waterbury,	Sep. 14, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Dec. 8, '62.
Bernhardt, Carl G.	Westbrook,	June 16, '64,	June 16, '64,	Died Aug. 14, '64.
Blansfield, Patrick	Waterbury,	Sep. 13, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	No mention after Nov. 2, '61.
Coen, John P.	Waterbury,	Sep. 16, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Killed by railroad accident, May 27, '63.
Coen, Michael P.	Waterbury,	Sep. 12, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc, Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex

† Place of muster in.

Doyle, Peter	Waterbury,	Sep. 12, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Lacey, Joseph	Waterbury,	Jan. 2, '63,	Jan. 2, '63,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 29, '63.
Tobin, James	Waterbury,	Sep. 12, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Oct. 26, '62.
Worthers, George	Waterbury,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Pro. Aug.—, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
MUSICIANS.				
Cavanagh, Thomas	New Haven,	June 3, '64,	June 3, '64,	Must. Priv. Detailed Musc. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Delaney, Thomas	Waterbury,	Sep. 19, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. B, [9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McMullen, James	Waterbury,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
WAGONERS.				
Logan, Terence	Waterbury,	Oct. 12, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. May 12, '63.
York, William	Waterbury,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Must. Priv. Detailed Wag. June 1, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
PRIVATES.				
Allen, William	Norfolk,	May 7, '64,	May 7, '64,	Returned to Camp Distribution, Aug. 23, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Almond, David	Waterbury,	Sep. 29, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Wd. on picket Oct. 19, '62, St. John's Parish, La. Disc. Dec.
Baker, Thomas	†New Orleans, La.	Oct. 24, '63,	Oct. 24, '63,	No mention after April 23, '64. [26, '62.
Barry, David	Middletown,	June 6, '64,	June 6, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [tm. ex.
Bones, Robert	Westport,	Nov. 5, '62,	Jan. 13, '64,	Trans. from Co. C, 28th C. V. Jan. 13, '64. Disc. Oct. 26, '64,
Bowen, Thomas	New Haven,	Dec. 2, '63,	Dec. 2, '63,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Bova, Joseph	Hartford,	Apr. 19, '64,	Apr. 19, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Brown, William	Litchfield,	Apr. 28, '64,	Apr. 28, '64,	Absent since Aug.—, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Bryan, Samuel	Norfolk,	May 7, '64,	May 7, '64,	Absent since Aug.—, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Buggy, Patrick	Waterbury,	Sep. 16, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. June 10, '65.
Burlingame, Erin	†New Orleans, La.	May 2, '62,	May 2, '62,	Wd. Aug. 5, 62, Baton Rouge, La. Disc. Dec. 9, '62.
Burns, Thomas	Trumbull,	July 11, '64,	July 11, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Campbell, James	Waterbury,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	No mention after Nov. 2, '61.
Carney, Thomas	Trumbull,	July 11, '64,	July 11, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Cassidy, Joseph	Meriden,	June 21, '64,	June 21, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

Clark, Patrick	Vernon,	Mch. 14, '64,	Mch. 14, '64,	No mention after Sept. 13, '64.
Clifford, Charles	Huntington,	Mch. 31, '64,	Mch. 31, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Connelly, John	Stamford,	Apr. 25, '64,	Apr. 25, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Coyle, James	Simsbury,	Mch. 14, '64,	Mch. 14, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Curtis, Edward H.	Derby,	June 27, '64,	June 27, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Daley, Michael	Waterbury,	Oct. 18, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Re-en Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Darcy, Henry	New London,	Jan. 28, '64,	Jan. 28, '64,	(See Priv. Co. E, 26th C. V.) Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Davis, Thomas	Trumbull,	July 6, '64,	July 6, '64,	Absent since Aug. —, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Davis, Franklin T.	Trumbull,	July 13, '64,	July 13, '64,	Absent since Aug. —, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Decker, Charles	†New Orleans, La.	June 11, '62,	June 11, '62,	Wd. on picket Oct. 19, '62, St. John's Parish, La. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Delaney, Patrick	Waterbury,	Oct. 10, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Wd. Sep. 19, '64, Winchester, Va. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Delawn, John	Waterbury,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Devney, John	Trumbull,	July 11, '64,	July 11, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Dole, Peter	New Haven,	May 6, '64,	May 6, '64,	Absent since July —, '64, N. f. r. A. G. O.
Dougherty, William	New Haven,	May 6, '64,	May 6, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Falen, Peter	Hartford,	Apr. 26, '64,	Apr. 26, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Fanning, John	Waterbury,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Nov. 13, '63.
Feeny, Michael	Waterbury,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Dec. 8, '62. [N. f. r. A. G. O.
Finke, William	†New Orleans, La.	June 10, '62,	June 10, '62,	Missing in action Aug. 5, '62, Baton Rouge, La., probably killed.
Garretty, Edward	Waterbury,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Gleason, Edward	Morris,	Feb. 17, '64,	Feb. 17, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Green, John	Waterbury,	Sep. 21, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Aug. 15, '62.
Harrigan, Michael	New Haven,	Jan. 14, '64,	Jan. 14, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hayden, William	West Hartford,	June 14, '64,	June 14, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hogan, Thomas H.	Waterbury,	Sep. 20, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Howard, James	Huntington,	Mch. 31, '64,	Mch. 31, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

† Place of muster in.

Hubon, Martin	New Haven,	May 17, '64,	May 17, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hunt, James	Hartford,	Apr. 26, '64,	Apr. 26, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Irving, Thomas	Stamford,	Apr. 30, '64,	Apr. 30, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Jackson, Tona	†New Orleans, La.	Oct. 24, '63,	Oct. 24, '63,	No mention after Apr. 24, '64. [A. G. O.
Johnson, William	Norwich,	Jan. 12, '64,	Jan. 12, '64,	Sent to hosp. Sep. 22, '64. Trans. to Co. — Feb. 9, '65. N. f r.
Kane, Daniel	Trumbull,	July 11, '64,	July 11, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Kelley, Richard	New Haven,	June 6, '64,	June 6, '64,	Trans. to Co. A, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Kelleher, John	Waterbury,	Oct. 10, '61,	Oct. 12, '64,	Re-en Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Maher, James	†New Orleans, La.	Jan. 19, '63,	Jan. 19, '63,	No mention after Feb. 26, '63.
Martin, Charles	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Disc. Mch. 20, '63.
McAlier, John	Waterbury,	Oct. 3, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
McCarthy, John	†New Orleans, La.	Dec. 30, '62,	Dec. 30, '62,	Died Feb. 12, '64.
McCauley, John	Trumbull,	July 11, '64,	July 11, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
McCormick, Peter	Waterbury,	Sep. 27, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Dec. 8, '62. [12, '64.
McDermott, Patrick	Waterbury,	Sep. 12, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
McDonnell, Thomas	Norwich,	Jan. 17, '64,	Jan. 17, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McGuire, Frank	Trumbull,	July 9, '64,	July 9, '64,	Absent since Aug. —, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
McGuire, Philip	Redding,	Feb. 17, '64,	Feb. 17, '64,	Absent since Aug. —, '64. N. f. r. A. G O.
McLaughlin, John	Waterbury,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Sep. 17, '62.
McMenemy, Robert	Middletown,	June 7, '64,	June 7, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McPherson, John	†New Orleans, La.	June 10, '62,	June 10, '62,	Died Dec. 4, '62.
McSorley, John	Norwich,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died April 18, '63.
Merritt, James	Trumbull,	July 13, '64,	July 13, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Moore, Patrick	Hartford,	Apr. 26, '64,	Apr. 26, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Moriarty, Eugene	Waterbury,	Nov. 4, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Disc. Oct. 23, '63.
Morrissey, Patrick	Waterbury,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Oct. 9, '62.
Morrow, John T.	Waterford,	Jan. 9, '64,	Jan. 9, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Murray, James	Trumbull,	July 11, '64,	July 11, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Myres, Henry	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

Noyes, Allen	Waterbury,	Oct. 20, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Disc. Nov. 19, '61. [tm. ex.
Ostrander, Myron	Salisbury,	Sep. 3, '62,	Jan. 14, '64,	Trans. from Co. E, 28th C. V. Jan. 14, '64. Disc. Oct. 26, '64,
Peck, Edgar A.	Westport,	Dec. 30, '63,	Dec. 30, '63,	(See Priv. Co. I, 12th C. V.) Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Quinlin, Miles	Waterbury,	Sep. 21, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex. [12, '64.
Rabbit, William	Waterbury,	Sep. 14, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Dec. 8, '62.
Roach, Patrick	Waterbury,	Sep. 21, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Sep. 17, '62. [E, Dec. 7, '65. Disc. Dec. 31, '65.
Rousel, Francis	Hamden,	Apr. 26, '64,	Apr. 26, '64,	Pro. Sergt.-Maj. 76th Regt. U. S. C. I. Dec. 17, '63; 2d Lt. Co.
Rush, Christine	†New Orleans, La.	June 10, '62,	June 10, '62,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Ryan, Andrew	Hamden,	May 17, '64,	May 17, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12 '64.
Sanford, Daniel	Guilford,	Apr. 22, '64,	Apr. 22, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Saunders, William	Guilford,	Apr. 19, '64,	Apr. 19, '64,	Absent since July 16, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Sheridan, Kearn	New Haven,	Sep. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, Mch. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Dec. 31, '63.
Shield, Peter	Waterbury,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	No mention after Nov. 2, '61. [tm. ex.
Silvernail, John	Salisbury,	Sep. 15, '62,	Jan. 13, '64,	Trans. from Co. E, 28th C. V. Jan. 13, '64. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
Smith, Daniel	Waterbury,	Oct. 12, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Borne on Muster Roll, June, '62, as sent to hosp. to await disc.
Walsh, John 1st	Groton,	Jan. 7, '64,	Jan. 7, '64,	Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, 64.
Webber, William	Waterbury,	Sep. 29, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62. [Disc. Nov. 21, '65.
Welch, Luke	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. to Co. F, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 21, '62, as Luke Walsh.
Welch, John	Waterbury,	Oct. 24, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Whaland, John	Waterbury,	Sep. 27, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Dec. 9, '62.
White, Thomas	Waterbury,	Oct. 11, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Oct. 15, '62. [T. White.
White, Thomas C.	Lowell, Mass.,	Nov. 15, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. to Co. F, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 21, '62, as Christopher
Williams, John	Huntington,	Mch. 31, '64,	Mch. 31, '64,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64, as John Williams 2d.
Williams, George F.	Trumbull,	July 13, '64,	July 13, '64,	Absent since Aug. —, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.

† Place of muster in.

COMPANY G.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAIN.				
William Wright,	New Haven,	Sep. 9, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	(See 2d Lt. Rifle Co. E, 3d C. V.) Disc. Oct. 26 '64 tm. ex.
1ST LIEUTENANTS.				
John H. Clinton,	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Dis. Oct. 31, '62.
Thomas FitzGibbon,	Bridgeport,	Feb. 12, '62,	Apr. 1, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, Nov. 20, '62. Ap. Q. M. Aug. 10, '63.
John C. Curtis,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. from Sergt.-Maj. to 2d Lt. Sept. 24, '62; 1st Lt. Aug. 10, '63. Disc. Oct. 29, '64.
2D LIEUTENANT.				
Martin Burke,	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. Feb. 27, '62.
1ST SERGEANTS.				
Arthur Hedsey,	New Haven,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	No mention after Oct. 30, '61.
John Murray,	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp.; 1st Sergt. June 5, '62. Redc. to ranks Sep. 1, '62. Pro. Corp. Jan. 1, '63.
James McLaughlin,	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Redc. to ranks Oct. 26, '62.
Oswald Reed.	Stonington,	Sep. 14, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Sergt. Pro. Sep. 1, '62. Redc. to ranks Jan. 12, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Edward Bulger,	Hartford,	Sep. 14, '61,	Sep. 27, '61.	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. June 5, '62; Sergt. Aug. 1, '62; 1st Sergt. Jan. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Redc. to Sergt. by consldn. Trans. to Co. C. 9th Batt C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
SERGEANTS.				
Allan, Bart'olemew W.	Hartford,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Dec. 1, '61.
Cook, Frank	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Aug. 20, '62; Sergt. Jan. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64 Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co.
Haggerty, Hugh	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	No mention after Nov. 21, '62. [C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64

Leierzapf, Charles	New Haven,	June 20, '64,	June 20, '64,	Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McGregor, Thomas	Stonington,	Oct. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Dec. 1, '61.
McGuire, John	Hartford,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Must. Musc. Trans. to ranks Mch. 1, '62. Pro. Corp. June 5, '62; Sergt. Jan. 1, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Quinn, Thomas	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Nov. 20, '61.
Shanley, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Aug. 1, '62. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Thrall, John	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. June 5, '62; Sergt. Nov. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 2, '64. Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Killed Oct. 19, '64, at Cedar Creek, Va.
CORPORALS.				
Buckelman, Henry	†N. Orleans, La.,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Nov. 1, '63. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Callinan, Peter	Hartford,	May 24, '62,	May 24, 62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Aug. 20, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Condron, James	Hartford,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Redc. to ranks Nov. 19, '61. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [tm. ex.
Fox, Michael	Manchester,	Sep. 29, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Redc. to ranks June 5, '62. Pro. Nov. 1, '62. Disc. Oct. 26, '64,
Fred, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '63.
Hallinan, Michael	Wethersfield,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Nov. 1, '62. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hamilton, Samuel	Portland,	Oct. 2, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 5, '62. [Died Nov. 25, '62.
Horton, John A.	Hartford,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. D, 2d C. V.) Redc. to ranks April 6, '62.
Klitter, John	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Must. Priv. Wd. Aug., '62, Baton Rouge, La. Pro. Oct. 15, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Mack, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 22, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Redc. to ranks June 5, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64,
Manion, Thomas H.	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 1, '61. [Re-en Vet. Feb. 16, '64.
McEwen, Peter	Stonington,	Sep. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. B, 2d C. V.) Redc. to ranks Aug. —, '62.

† Place of muster in.

McGuire, Constantine	Hartford,	Oct. 15, '61,	Nov. 21, '61,	(See Priv. Co. B, 1st C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 1, '61. Died Sept. 27, '62. [2d Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 17, '62.
Mehan, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 5, '62. Redc. to ranks. Trans. to Co. C,
O'Brien, Robert	New Britain,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. April 30, '63. Redc. to ranks. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Orr, James	Manchester,	Oct. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Aug. 20, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Rynes, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Redc. to ranks. Died July 4, '64.
MUSICIANS.				
Deegan, Dennis	Middletown,	May 1, '63,	May 1, '63,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Died July 30, '64.
Gall, George	Middletown,	May 1, '62,	May 1, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 2, '64.
Lynch, James	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Must. Priv. Detailed Musc. April 20, '62. Trans. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Jan 4, '64.
WAGONERS.				
Dailey, Patrick	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Died Oct. 23, '62.
Rooney, Lawrence	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. April 8, '62.
PRIVATES.				
Barber, Joseph C.	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	No mention after June 1, '64.
Beer, Jaconett	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Boscher, August	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Buckley, Timothy	Boston, Mass,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Bungard, Nicholas	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Burke, John	Simsbury,	Oct. 7, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Disc. Aug. 26, '62.
Burke, William	Manchester,	Oct. 7, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Disc. Jan. 13, '63.
Coffee, Patrick	Hartford,	Oct. 17, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62.
Conner, Thomas	Manchester,	Oct. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died June 24, '62.
Conner, Patrick	Hartford,	Sep. 9 '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Cruise, John	Hartford,	Oct. 2, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Died Oct. 7, '62.

Cumings, James	Hartford,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Sep. 26, '64.
Cunningham, James	Hartford,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Died Aug. 15, '63.
Daley, Bartholemew	Hartford,	Sep. 20, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Died Aug. 13, '62.
Dillon, Michael	Redding,	Feb. 17, '64,	Feb. 17, '64,	No mention after June 1, '64.
Doyle, Peter	New Haven,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Sep. 27, '61.
Eagan, William	Southington,	Oct. 2, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Died Aug. 16, '62.
Frazier, George	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Died Aug. 22, '62.
Freech, Leopold	Hartford,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Furnace, Joseph	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Died April 23, '63.
Gaffey, Daniel	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6,'64, Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Gaffey, Keron	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62.
Galvin, James	Hartford,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Feb. 27, '63.
Goodwin, Hugh	Hartford,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62.
Gordon, William	†New Orleans, La.	Sep. 27, '62,	Sep. 27, '62,	No mention after Aug. 4, '64.
Gourd, Joshua	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 16, '64.
Greenhart, Heenan	Hartford,	Sep. 26 '62,	Sep. 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12,'64.
Hackett, Peter	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Died Jan. 12, '64.
Haffey, Patrick	Lowell, Mass.	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st U. S. Art. Nov. 22, '62, as Patrick Heaphy.
Hall, John	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27 '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Hannigan, Maurice	Hartford,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28,'64, Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct.12,'64.
Harrington, James	Hartford,	Oct. 2, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Disc. April 8, '62.
Hecker, Matthew	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6,'64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12,'64.
Helen, Fred	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Died Oct. 20, '62.
Irvine, Christian	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Died Aug. 11, '62.
Jocunda, Picolo	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	No mention after Dec. 28, '63.
Joram, Benjamin	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Kalthroff, Anton	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Re-en Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Kenna, Thomas	†New Haven,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	No mention after Oct 30, '61.
Krouse, Philip	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	No mention after Aug. 4, '64.

† Place of muster in.

Laughlin, Frank	Lowell, Mass.	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	No mention after Nov. 17, '61.
Leater, John	Hartford,	Oct. 2, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64.
Lefevre, Otto	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. Texas Cav. Nov. 1, '62. Cap'd May 16, '63, Tickfaro Bridge, La. Par. June 13, '63. Cap'd June 25, '64, Rancho Las Russias, Tex. Died Aug. 30, '64,
Lehon, Cornelius	Portland,	Sep. 20, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Died Sep. 27, '64. [Hempstead, Tex.
Lewis, Richard	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6,'64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12,'64.
Link, James	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	No mention after Oct. 20, '63.
Lunar, Marino	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12,'64.
Lyons, John	Hartford,	Sep. 19, '61,	Oct 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Subsequently enlisted under name of John Dinan, in 102d Regt. Pa. Vols. Honorably dis. with
Maher, John	East Windsor,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Oct. 21, '62. [Regt.
Mahoney, Daniel	Hartford,	Oct. 6, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en Vet. Jan. 3, '64.
Mailley, Charles	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McAlloon, Patrick	Wethersfield,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep• 27, '61,	Died Aug. 14, '62.
McCann, Peter	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McGarr, Frank	Hartford,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Wd. Sep. 21, '64, Strasburg, Va. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
McKenney, Terrence	New Haven,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	No mention after Oct. 30, '61.
McQuiggan, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	No mention after May 29, '63. [12, '64.
Miller, Martin	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Michalk, Charles	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. Texas Cav. Nov. 1, '62. Pro. Corp. July 31, '63; Sergt. Dec. 4, '63. Cap'd June 10, '64, San Ruciso, Tex. Par. Dec. 12, '64. Disc. June 3, '65.
Moran, James	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [Co. A, 1st C. V. H. A.)
Morris, Peter M.	Bridgeport,	Sep. 29, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, April 1, '62. Disc. May 12, '63. (Artificer,
Morrissey, Patrick	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Disc. June 27, '63.
Morton, Edward	Morris,	Feb. 17, '64,	Feb. 17, '64,	No mention after June 1, '64.
Myers, Lewis	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Dec. 31, '63.
Nagle, David	Hartford,	Oct. 15, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62.

Pasch, Henry	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Redinger, Charles	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Killed Sep. 22, '64, Fisher's Hill, Va.
Riley, Edward	Hartford,	Sep. 27, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Name borne only on muster-in roll. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Ryan, Joseph	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. Texas Cav. Nov. 1, '62.
Schneider, Herman	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. Texas Cav. Nov. 1, '62, as Herman Schneider. Disc. May 26, '65, as Herman Schrader.
Schnell, Fred.	†New Orleans, La.	May 26 '62,	May 26, '62,	No mention after Jan. 3, '64.
Scion, Matthias	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 9, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Scott, George F. S.	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Shafty, Bernard	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Wd. Aug. 3, '62, New Orleans, La. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Spellesay, Thomas	†New Orleans, La.	May 18, '62,	May 18, '62,	Died Aug. 22, '63.
Sutter, Frank	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Died Oct. 25, '62.
Tackett, James	Hartford,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Died Aug. 3, '62.
Tierney, Michael	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. [12, '64.
Wise, Frank	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	No mention after Aug 4, '64.
Yazier, Charles	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	No mention after Jan. 3, '64.

COMPANY H.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAINS.				
Silas W. Sawyer,	Norwich,	Sep. 10, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Resgd. Feb. 16, '64.
William A. Lee,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 15, '62,	Aug. 15, '62,	(See 2d Lt. Co. H, 1st C. V.) Trans. from Co. K, as 1st Lt. Aug. 15, '62. Pro. May 4, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
1ST LIEUTENANTS.				
Thomas C. Lawler,	Norwich,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	(See Sergt. Rifle Co. A, 2d C. V.) Resgd. Feb. 25, '62.
Thomas FitzGibbon,	Bridgeport,	Feb. 12. '62,	Apr. 1, '62,	Trans. to Co. G, Nov. 20, '62.

† Place of muster in.

2D LIEUTENANTS.				
Addis E. Payne,	Bridgeport,	Oct. 29, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. 1st Lt. Co. C, Sep. 17, '62.
Joseph H. Lawler,	Norwich,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Sergt. May 26, '62; 1st Sergt. Sept. 1, '62; 2d Lt. May 27, '63. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
1ST SERGEANTS.				
Daniel O'Sullivan,	Griswold,	Sep. 13, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. 2d Lt. Co.K, Aug. 15, '62.
John Bolger,	†Carrollton, La.	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Sep. 1, '62; Sergt. Nov. 1, '62; 1st Sergt. Feb. 1, '63. Ap. Sergt. Maj. Dec. 18, '63.
Edmund Downing,	Norwich,	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Nov. 1, '62; 1st Sergt. Dec. 22, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan 1, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
SERGEANTS.				
Burke, John	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Sep. 1, '62; Sergt. Feb. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 1, '64. [to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Johnson, Robert	Norwich,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. B, 2d C. V.) Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans.
Kenney, Thomas	New Haven,	Nov. 25, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Redc. to ranks May 15, '62. Wd. Oct. 5, '63, Bay St. Louis, Miss. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McCarthy, James	New Haven,	Sep. 6, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Pro. from Priv. Co. E, Nov. 1, '61. Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
McKenna, John	Norwich,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. Corp. Redc. to ranks May 1, '62. Pro. Corp. Sep. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 2, '64. Pro. Feb. 16, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Morrow, Joseph,	Norwich,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex. [Oct. 12, '64.
Parker, William	Bridgeport,	Oct. 15, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Redc. to ranks June 28, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V.
Simpson, John	Norwich,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Redc. to Corp. Died Oct. 8, '62. [Apr. 8, '64.
Thompson, Henry F.	Portland,	Nov. 18, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro Oct. 1, 62. Redc. to ranks Feb. 1, '64. Died
Weldon, Patrick	Norwich,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Redc. to ranks (sick). Died Aug. 14, '62.
CORPORALS.				
Bruisee, Newman	New Haven,	Sep. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. May 27, '62. Redc. to ranks. Died Sep. 28, '63.
Carrotte, William	†Carrollton, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sep. 1, '62. Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. U. S. Art.
Carter, Daniel	†Carrollton, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. [Nov. 14, '62.

Donahue, John	Norwich,	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Dec. 22, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64
Dudley, Lewis	Mystic,	Sep. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Farrell, James	Norwich,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex. [Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Fitzpatrick, William	Portland,	Nov. 10, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th
Glynn, Patrick	Norwich,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sep. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 1, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Grimme, Frederick	New Haven,	June 27, '64,	June 27, '64,	Must Priv. Pro. July 1, '64. Trans to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Hall, Nathaniel B.	Portland,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Re-en Vet. Jan 6, '64. Trans. to. Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hamilton, Francis T.	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 1, '64. Pro. Feb. 16, '64.
Lines, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to. Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McGarvey, Andrew	Norwich,	Sep. 16, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Redc. to ranks (sick). Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Meldrum, John	Norwich,	May 28, '62,	May 28, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sep. 1, '62. Redc. to ranks Nov. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Died Apr. 7, '64.
Mirabin, Louis	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sep. 1, '62. Redc. to ranks Feb. 16, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [14, '62.
Murphy, William	†Carrollton, La.	May 28, '62,	May 28, '62,	Redc. to ranks. Trans. to Co. A, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Nov.
O'Brine, James	†Carrollton, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Died Jan. 1, '64.
Perkins, Charles W.	Norwich,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Potter, Charles H.	Norwich,	Sep. 18, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Died Aug. 10, '62.
Powers, Richard	Norwich,	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Dec. 31, '63. Pro. Feb. 16, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Sheridan, David	Portland,	Nov. 5, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 2 '64, Pro. Feb. 16, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Trainor, Charles	Norwich,	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Mus. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Dec. 31, '63. Pro. Feb. 16, '64.
Tyghe, Roger	New London,	Sep. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Redc. to ranks. (sick). Died Sep. 27, '62.
Williams, John	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64, as John Williams 1st.

† Place of muster in.

MUSICIANS.				
Andre, Charles	†Carrollton, La.	Dec. 5, '63,	Dec. 5, '63,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [6, '64.
Dunton, William W.	Norwich,	Sep. 18, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	(See Musc. Rifle Co. A, 2d C. V.) Trans. to ranks. Re-en Vet. Jan.
Johnson, Samuel	Norwich,	Sep. 17, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
WAGONERS.				
Erwin, Edward	Norwich,	Sep. 17, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Mch. 9, '64.
Shaughness, Peter	Danbury,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died Aug. 14, '62.
PRIVATES.				
Bassett, Rial H.	Norwich,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Bond, John T.	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Boylan, Bernard	†New Orleans, La.	May 26 '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Brown, Daniel H.	Norwich,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died May 14, '62.
Brown, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Died Aug. 27, '62.
Byrnes, James	Norwich,	Nov. 10, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62. [sonville, Ga.
Cain, John I.	Danbury,	Oct. 30, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Cap'd Oct. 5, '63, Bay St. Louis, Miss. Died Apr. 2, '64, Ander-
Campbell, Thomas	Norwich,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Wd. '63, Baton Rouge, La. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Carey, James	†Carrollton, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Died May 9, '64.
Condon, Maurice	†Carrollton, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	No mention after Feb. 24, '63.
Dashwood, George	†Ducros Sta., La.	June 10, '63,	June 10, '63,	No mention after May 20, '64
Delaney, John	Norwich,	Sep. 28, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62. [C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Devlin, Peter	†New Orleans, La.	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Wd. Oct. 5, '63 Bay St. Louis, Miss. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt.
Diamond, John	Norwich,	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Donnick, Peter	†Carrollton, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	No mention after Sep. 1, '63.
Driscoll, Jeremiah	Jewett City,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Feb. 2, '63. [to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Dronant, Joseph	†New Orleans, La.	Jan. 16, '63,	Jan. 16, '63,	Cap'd Oct. 5, '63, Bay St. Louis, Miss. Par. Nov. —, '64. Trans.
Durant, Oscar	†New Orleans, La.	May 14, '63,	May 14, '63,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

Falvey, John	†Carrollton, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	No mention after Aug. 7, '64.
Gilmore, George W.	New Haven,	Oct. 5, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	No mention after Nov. 18, '61.
Gleason, John	Norwich,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Grady, James	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Gray, Patrick	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Cap'd Oct. 5, '63, Bay St. Louis, Miss. Died July 27, '64, Ander-
Green, John	†Carrollton, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Died June 5, '63. [sonville, Ga.
Guillaume, Louis	†New Orleans, La.	Jan. 21, '63,	Jan. 21, '63,	No mention after June 29, '63. [A. G. O.
Harmon, Daniel	Lowell, Mass.	Nov. 5, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Reported sent to Gen. Hosp., Lowell, Mass., Jan. 31, '62. N. f. r.
Haulton, Thomas	Lowell, Mass.	Nov. 10, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Re-ent. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Healey, Dennis	Portland,	Nov. 10, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Hickey, John	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hoffman, George	†Ducros Sta., La.	Dec. 5, '63,	Dec. 5, '63,	No mention after May 20, '64.
Hussey, Walter	Griswold,	Oct. 15, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Died Sep. 20, '62.
Hyland, John	Norwich,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Jaques, William	Norwich,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Re-en. Vet Mch. 29, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Johnson, John W.	Norwich,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	No mention after Nov. 18, '61.
Keane, Michael	Norwich,	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Kelley, John	†Carrollton, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Died Aug. 18, '62.
Kelly, Daniel	†Carrollton, La.	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	No mention after Aug. 3, '62.
Kennedy, Daniel	Danbury,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct 30, '61,	Died Aug. 14, '62. [21, '65.
Kenny, Joseph	†Carrollton, La	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. to Co. F, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 21, '62. Disc. Nov.
Kerr, Robert	Norwich,	Oct. 22, '62,	Oct. 22, '62,	Ap. Q.M.-Sergt. Jan. 29, '63.
Kerley, John	Norwich,	Oct. 15, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Died July 24, '62.
Leahy, Edward	Norwich,	May 5, '62,	May 5, '62,	Re en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Leary, James	Norwich,	Sep. 28, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Wd Oct. 5, '63, Bay St. Louis, Miss. Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Lovett, John	†Ducros Sta., La.	May 28, '63,	May 28, '63,	No mention after Oct 17, '63.
Lydon, James	Norwich,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Wd. Oct. 5, '63, Bay St. Louis, Miss. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Maguire, Patrick	Norwich,	Nov. 26, '62,	Nov. 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

† Place of muster in.

Marks, Michael	Norwich,	Oct. 20, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
McDonald, John	Norwich,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McGiff, Joseph	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. to Co. F, Feb. 2, '63.
McGovern, Thomas	Norwich,	Nov. 5, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Meehan, Peter	Norwich,	Sep. 20, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64.
Meehan, William	Norwich,	May 10, '62,	May 10, '62,	Re en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Murphy, Edward	Danbury,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, 64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Murphy, Jeremiah	New Haven,	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Re-en. Vet. June 9, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Murray, Edward	Danbury,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. April 8, '62.
Nicholson, Michael	Norwich,	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
O'Neil, James	Norwich,	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Pendergrast, James	Norwich,	Jan. 10, '63,	Jan. 10, '63,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Pessoon, Fletcher	Boston, Mass.	Nov. 25, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Feb. 2, '63.
Pitts, Philip H.	†New Orleans, La.	Oct 17, '63,	Oct. 17, '63,	Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Potter, Frederick	†Carrollton, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Died Oct. 22, '62.
Rawson, James	Griswold,	Sep. 26, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Reardon, Patrick	Norwich,	Sep. 26, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Reynolds, Charles	New Haven,	Sep. 26, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Reynolds, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 26, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Died Aug. 11, '62.
Riely, Bernard	Norwich,	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Re en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Riordan, David	†Carrollton, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Disc. May 20, '64.
Roe Edward	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Ruhl, August	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Ap. Hosp. Stewd. Dec. 20, '62.
Ryan, James	Norwich,	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Re en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt, C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Ryan, Michael	Norwich,	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Sanford, Oliver	Portland,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Dec. 31, '63. Died June 28, '64.
Sanford, Stephen	Portland,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Died Aug. 18, '62.
Short, Archibald B.	†New Orleans, La.	Oct. 17, '63.	Oct. 17, '63,	No mention after May 20, '64.
Silvia Joseph	†Ducros Sta., La.	Feb. 6, '63,	Feb. 6, '63,	No mention after June 24, '63.

Sullivan, Daniel	†Carrollton, La.	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Died Aug. 23, '62.
Tenney, Edward	Norwich,	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Tisdale, Edward F.	Norwich,	Oct. 18, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62. (See Priv. Co. L, 1st C. V. Cav.)
Tryon, Alvin	Portland,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Disc. Oct. 16, '62.
Warner, Alonzo	Portland,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. C, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Watson, Harry H.	Boston, Mass.,	Dec. 21, '61,	Dec. 21, '61,	Disc. Dec. 12, '62.

COMPANY I.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAIN.				
Elliot M. Curtis,	Bridgeport,	Apr. 17, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	(See 1st Lt. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Disc. Oct. 26, '64.
1ST LIEUTENANTS.				
Charles S. Palmer,	Stratford,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. Capt. Co. F, Dec. 20, '62 (not must.). Resgd. June 3, '63.
James W. Graham,	Berlin,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	(See Priv. Co. G, 1st C. V.) Must. Sergt. Pro. 1st Sergt. April 15, '62; 2d Lt. Sept. 15, '62; 1st Lt. May 18, '63. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Henry Kattenstroth,	Newton, N. Y.,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. 2d Lt. Pro. Sep. 17, '62. Ap. Adj. Oct. 12, '62.
2D LIEUTENANT.				
David C. Warner,	Hartford,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Sergt. June 1, '62; 1st Sergt. Sep. 15, '62; 2d Lt. June 16, '63; 1st Lt. Co. C, April 1, '64.
1ST SERGEANTS.				
Dennis O'Brien,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. [12, '64.
Daniel Scannel,	Lowell, Mass.,	Nov. 18, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Nov. 1, '62; Sergt. Feb. 15, '63; 1st Sergt. May 29, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to Sergt. by consldn. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct 12, '64.

† Place of muster in.

SERGEANTS.				
Alcott, Charles W.,	Plymouth,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. April 12, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Anderson, Frank W.	Lyme,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Feb. 11, '62; Sergt. Aug. 15, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Baylies, John C.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	(See Priv. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Redc. to ranks Jan. 8, '62, at own request. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Colburn, Pierce D.	Stratford,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	(See Priv. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Must. Corp. Pro. March 5, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Curtis, John C.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Jan. 8, '62. Ap. Sergt.-Maj. May 31, '62.
Finch, Samuel D.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	(See Priv. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Disc. Jan. 8, '63.
Gibbons, James	Castile, N. Y.,	Sep. 16, '61,	Apr. 14, '62,	Trans. from Priv. Co. D, 10th C. V. April 14, 62. Pro. Corp. Jan. 1, '63; Sergt. May 29, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan, 2, '64.
Murphy, John	Bridgewater,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. April 15, '62, Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Thorp, Charles O.	North Canaan,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. July 15, '62; Sergt. Jan. 31, '63; 1st Lt. Co. D, 86th Regt. U. S. C. I. Sep. 29, '63. Resgd. Aug. 19, 64.
Walsh, Peter L.	Hartford,	Sep. 25, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	Must Priv. Pro. Corp. May 29, '63; Sergt. Jan. 1, '64. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Wright, Henry C.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 5, '61,	Ap. Q.-M.-Sergt. April 12, '62.
CORPORALS.				
Allen, William H.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	(See Priv. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. April 15, '62. Re-en. Vet. Dec. 31, '63. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Bartlett, George H.	Lowell, Mass.,	Nov. 17, '61,	Nov, 24, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 1, '62. Redc. to ranks (sick) Oct. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

Bassett, Sylvester T.	Burlington,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 3, '61,	(See Priv. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Redc to ranks Feb. 11, '62. Pro. April 13, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Coburn, Andrew A.	Hartford,	Oct. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Pro. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to
Cowles, Dwight H.	Plymouth,	Aug. 30, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	Must Priv. Pro. Feb. 21, '63. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Gage, Edward B.	Westbrook,	June 25, '64,	June 25, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Graham, Andrew B.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 19, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64.
Hawley, Edward	Monroe,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 8, '62. Died Sep. 12, '62.
Johnson, Lewis H.	Burlington,	Sep. 12, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. March 6, '62. Died June 25, '62.
Mason, William	Norfolk,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. July 10, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C V. Oct. 12, '64.
O'Brien, Thomas	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Redc. to ranks. Died Dec. 5, '62.
Ring, Michael	Bridgeport,	Nov. 19, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Pro. March1, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Scamahorn, Jacob	North Canaan,	Aug. 30, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Oct. 1, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Swain, Jesse W.	Bloomfield,	Sep. 20, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 1, '63. Detailed Sep. 1, '63. Disc. Sep. 30, '64, tm. ex.
Thorp, Joel G.	North Canaan,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	(See Priv. Co. B, 2d C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. Jan. 31, '62; 2d Lt. Co. D, 86th Reg. U. S. C. I. Sep. 23, '63; 1st Lt. July 26,
Yale, Orlando F.	Bristol,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Disc. Aug. 15, '62. ['65. Disc. April 10, '66.
MUSICIANS.				
Hughes, John	New Haven,	Dec. 1, '62,	Dec. 1, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Lawler, Patrick	New Haven,	May 30, '64,	May 30, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Moulthrop, Sherman	Wolcott,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Disc. Sep. 4, '62.
Smith, Shelton	Plymouth,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Disc. May 14, '63.
WAGONER.				
Parker, Anson B.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 9, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

PRIVATES.

Alaby, Albert	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died Aug. 16, '62.
Allen, John	Plymouth,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62. (See Priv. Co. H, 1st C. V. Cav.)
Andrews, Albert A.	Wolcott,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Disc. Sep. 4, '62.
Bassett, Philo L.	New Haven,	Oct. 30, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Disc. Apr. 8, '62.
Breed, Albert T.	Salisbury,	Sep. 13, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Burlingame, Seymour	Holyoke, Mass.,	Sep. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Butler, John	Sheffield, Mass.,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Disc. Oct. 15, '62.
Byron, Dennis	Westport,	Sep. 22, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	No mention after Aug. 19, '64.
Calkins, Jesse I.	Monroe,	Sep. 1, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died July 27, '62.
Calkins, Joseph L.	Monroe,	Sep. 8, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	Died Oct. 24, '62.
Carley, David N.	Sheffield, Mass.,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Caul, George A.	Canaan,	Sep. 13, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Disc. July 26, '62. (See Priv. Co. B, 2d C. V. H. A.)
Chapel, Wilson M.	North Canaan,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Clark, Warren	North Canaan,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Clemens, Hiram	Norfolk,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Disc. Jan. 8, '63. (See Priv. Co. E, 11th C. V.)
Cooke, George F.	Stratford	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C.V. Oct. 12, '64.
Cooney, John	Lowell, Mass.,	Nov. 18, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Drowned Nov. 29, '63, Ft. Jefferson, Fla.
Coyne, John	Bridgeport,	Aug. 26, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died Aug. 13, '62.
Cronin, Patrick H.	†New Haven,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. to Co. D., Jan. 1, '62.
Dart, Levi	Bridgeport,	Aug. 19, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Disc. July 3, '62. [C. V. Oct. 12. '64.
Dimon, Charles	Bridgeport,	Sep. 27, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, Mch. 1, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt.
Drew, Levi S.	Bridgeport,	Sep. 21, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Duffy, Edward	New Hartford,	Oct. 8, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Disc. Oct. 15, '62.
Easland, John B.	Bridgeport,	Dec. 3, '63,	Dec. 3, '63,	Trans to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Fenton, Peter	Lowell, Mass.,	Nov. 19, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Died Aug. 11, '62.
Ferguson, Dennis	Bridgeport,	Jan. 1, '63,	Jan. 1, '63,	Re-en, Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Finkle, Martin	Sheffield, Mass.,	Nov. 4, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Disc. July 17, '62.
Finkle, Peter	Salisbury,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died July 14, '62. [Disc. July 12, '65.
Flannagan, Peter	Woodbury,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 9, '61,	En. as Peter Breene in Co. K, 1st Regt. La. Inf. July 21, '62.

Gavin, John	Hartford,	Sep. 19, '61,	Oct. 9, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Gladding, Leverett	Berlin,	Oct. 8, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Died Aug. 12, '62.
Goodall, William	Derby,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Feb. 28, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hall, Willis A.	Plainfield,	Oct. 20, '61,	Apr. 14, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 11th C. V. April 14, '62. Disc. July 17, '62.
Hawley, James	Newtown,	Sep. 14, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Hayes, Elias	Hartford,	Sep. 11, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died Sep. 26, '62,
Hendricks, Fred B.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	(See Priv. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Disc. Sep. 30, '64, tm. ex.
Hillyer, George	Sheffield, Mass.	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died June 3, '62.
Hillyer, James	Sheffield, Mass.	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died July 3, '62.
Hollidi, William	†Carrollton, La.	May 7, '62,	May 7, '62,	Died Mch. 8, '64.
Horton, George W.	Berlin,	Oct. 22, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died Oct. 6, '62.
Hudson, Henry	Hartford,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died Sep. 22, '62.
Johnson, Edward I.	Plymouth,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 9, '61,	Disc. July 3, '63. [Oct. 12, '64.
Knablin, Thomas	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, Mch. 1, '64; trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V.
Kilgariff, Martin	Derby,	Aug. 24, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died Oct. 16, '62. [Oct. 12, '64.
Laurie, John	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, Mch. 1, '64; trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V.
Lewis, Frank W.	Norfolk,	May 20, '64,	May 20, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Lovejoy, Edward	Hartford,	Oct. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Disc. Oct. 29, '64, tm. ex.
McQuirk, Philip	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 3, '61,	Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Miller, Timothy	Bridgeport,	Oct. 9, '61,	Oct. 9, '61,	No mention after Oct. 9, '61.
Mills, Moses	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Murphy, Martin	N'hampton, Mass.	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died Jan. 28, '64.
O'Donnell, Philip	Bridgeport,	Aug. 16, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Olmstead, James S.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 18, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
O'Neil, John	Lowell, Mass.	Nov. 19, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Disc. Apr. 8, '62.
Powell, John Lee	Monroe,	Aug. 20, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Roberts, John F.	New Hartford,	Oct. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Died Sep. 29, '62.
Robertson, Seth	Bridgeport,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Died July 8, '62.
Sawyer, John M.	Lyme,	Sep. 21, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62.

† Place of muster in.

Scott, Garry T.	Plymouth,	Aug. 18, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Ap. Hosp. Stewd. Oct. 30, '61. (See 9th Batt. C. V.)
Showers, William	†N. Orleans, La.	Apr. 10, '63,	Apr. 10, '63,	No mention after Apr. 26, '63.
Sly, Levi E.	Huntington,	Sep. 14, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. ['64. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Smedel, Frederick	Bridgeport,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Ap. Com.-Sergt. Oct. 21, '63. Trans. from Com.-Sergt. Apr. 3,
Smith, Augustus S.	Plymouth,	Oct. 11, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Wd. Sep. 19, '64, Winchester, Va. Trans.
Smith, John	New Hartford,	Oct. 8, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Died Sep. 7, '62. [to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Stanton, William R.	Hartford,	Sep. 14, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Sent to Gen. Hosp. by Ship "George Green," Jan. 31, '62. N. f.
Steiger, Simon	New York,	Sep. 6, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	Disc. Oct. 1, '64. [r. A. G. O.
Sullivan, William	Lowell, Mass.,	Nov. 17, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Died Sept. 13, '62.
Taggart, James	Boston, Mass.,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 14, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Taylor, David B.	Bridgeport,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 14, '61,	Disc. Nov. 1, '61.
Todd, Legrand	Plymouth,	Sep. 9, '61,	Oct. 9, '61,	Died Oct. 1, '62.
Tyler, Franklin	Salisbury,	Aug. 24, '61,	Oct. 3, '61,	Disc. Dec. 1, '62.
Ward, John H.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 24, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Wd. Sep. 5, '64, Berryville, Va. Disc. Oct. 26, '64, tm. ex.
Warner, Abram A.	Woodbury,	Oct. 29, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Died Aug. 12, '62. [Nov. 9, '64. Disc. Apr. 10, '66.
Weeks, David	Cold Spgs., N. Y.,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Pro. 2d Lt. Co. C, 86th Regt. U. S. C. I. Sep. 25, '63; 1st Lt.
Wheeler, John	Seymour,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.

COMPANY K.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER IN THIS ORGANIZATION.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAINS.				
John A. Nelson,	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Dec. 10, '61,	(See Capt. Rifle Co. E, 3d C. V.) Comd. Sep. 9, '61; muster canceled. Last mention Mch. 22, '62.
Thomas F. Healy,	Derby,	Sep. 5, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Pro. from 1st. Sergt. Co. E, to 2d Lt. Mch. 7, '62; Capt. Sep. 5, '62. Disc. Oct. 26, '64.

1ST LIEUTENANTS.				[Mass. Vols. Jan. 1, '62. Disc. Mch. 26, '62.
Henry Finnegas,	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 24, '61,	(See 1st Lt. Rifle Co. E, 3d C. V.) Trans. to Co. H, 30th Regt.
Fred'k M. Fairchild,	Bridgeport,	Feb. 18, '62,	Apr. 10, '62,	(See 1st Sergt. Co. H, 1st C. V.) Died July 21, '62.
William A. Lee,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 15, '62,	Aug. 15, '62,	Trans. to Co. H, Aug. 15, '62. [1, '62. Resgd. Dec. 2, '63.
Daniel O'Sullivan,	Griswold,	Sep. 13, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. from 1st. Sergt. Co. H, to 2d Lt. Aug. 15, '62; 1st Lt. Nov.
Michael Mullins,	New Haven,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, as 2d Lt. Mch. 29, '64. Pro. May 4, '64. Trans. to Co. B, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
2D LIEUTENANTS				
Thomas Millington,	Bridgeport,	Sep. 17, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Resgd. Jan. 1, '62. [Lt. May 27, '63. Resgd. Dec. 30, '63.
Andrew Cole,	Bethel,	Apr. 1, '62,	Apr. 1, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sergt. April 3, '62; 1st Sergt. Nov. 2, '62; 2d
Louis H. Goodman,	Hartford,	Oct. 19, '61,	May 27, '63,	Trans. from Co. F, Aug. —, '64; trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
1ST SERGEANTS.				[28, '63.
John Keefe,	Hartford,	Sep. 12, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Pro. 1st Lt. Co. E, 75th U. S. C. I. Nov. 25, '62. Resgd. Dec.
Samuel Davison,	†Carrollton, La.,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Sergt. June 1, '62; 1st Sergt. Aug. 18, '62
Benjamin Brandon,	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Oct. 19, '62; Sergt. Nov. 27, '62; 1st. Sergt. Jan. 27, '63.
Edson C. Jennings,	Bridgeport,	Apr. 3, '62,	Apr. 3, '62,	(See Priv. Co. H, 1st C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Nov. 1, '62; Sergt. Jan. 28, '63; 1st Sergt. Aug. 24, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
SERGEANTS.				
Begley, James	Bridgeport,	Oct. 9, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Nov. 2, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Brown, William	Derby,	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Nov. 1, '62; Sergt. Aug. 16, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Died May 11, '64.
Dolan, James	Derby,	Oct. 8, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. as Corp. from Co. E, Mch. 1, 64. Pro. May 21, '64. Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, 64.
Gallagher, Daniel	Westfield, Mass.,	Mch. 29, '62,	Mch. 29, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Jan. 1, '63; Sergt. May 6, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. [Pro. Feb. 1, '64.
McFarland, John	Easton,	Sep. 14, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Aug. 25, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 2, '64.

† Place of muster in.

McGrane, William	Winchester,	Sep. 13, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Dec. 22, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Pro. Sergt. July 1, '64. Redc. to Corp. by consldn. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Perry, William L.	Hartford,	Apr. 3, '62,	Apr. 3, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Nov. 1, '62; Sergt. Apr. 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt, C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Platt, John T.	Bridgeport,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	(See Corp. Co. D, 3d C. V.) Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Prescott, James B.	Bridgeport,	Sep. 17, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Pro. 1st Sergt. Co. F, Apr. 1, '62. [Apr. 7, '64.
Ross, Charles	Hartford,	Sep. 12, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Must. Corp. Pro. Nov. 15, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Died
Tallmadge, Thos. B.	Simsbury,	Oct. 12, '61,	Dec. 10, '61,	Died Nov. 13, '62.
Wilson, Thomas L.	Bridgeport,	Apr. 10, '62,	Apr. 10, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Corp. Nov. 1, '62; Sergt. Jan. 7, '63. Ap. Sergt.-Maj. May 5, '63.
CORPORALS.				
Andrews, Wm. H.	Bridgeport,	Apr. 8, '62,	Apr. 8, '62,	(See Priv. Co. H, 1st C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. April 8, '62; Q.-M.-Sergt. 74th Regt. U. S. C. I. Oct. 7, '63. Disc. Oct. 10, '64. Must. Capt. Co. K, 5th Regt. U. S. Vet. Vols. Sep. 8, '65. Disc. May 1, '66.
Bieker, Joseph W.	Bethel,	Mch. 29, '62,	Mch. 29, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Nov. 2, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Birmingham, Thomas	†New Orleans, La.	Nov. 28, '63,	Nov. 28, '63,	Must. Priv. Pro. Feb. 1, '64 Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Carey, George	Hartford,	Sep. 12, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	(See Priv. Rifle Co. E, 3d C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. Aug. 19, '62. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Cornor, Charles	Bridgeport,	Sep. 17, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 21, '62. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Fahlon, Gustave	†Carrollton, La.,	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. Feb. 1, '63. Disc. June 27, '64.
Flagler, George H.	Norwalk,	Apr. 12, '62,	Apr. 12, '62,	Must. Priv. Pro. June 26, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64 Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Giaer, Frederick	Westbrook,	June 16, '64,	June 16, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

Lawler, John	Derby,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, Mch. 1, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Lyon, Edward	Greenfield,	Apr. 10, '62,	Apr. 10, '62,	Died Aug. 11, '62.
McFarland, Peter	Fairfield,	Sep. 28, '61,	Dec. 10, '61,	Must. Priv. Pro. May 1, '62. Died Dec. 8, '62.
Prime, Edward P.	Stafford,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	Died Oct. 4, '62.
Ryan, Matthew	Hartford,	Sep. 11, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	(See Priv. Co. B, 1st C. V.) Must. Priv. Pro. Sep. 13, '62. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 2, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Sullivan, John, 1st	Jewett City,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	[Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Must. Priv. Pro. May 1, '63. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 4, '64. Trans. to
Wellington, Frank	†New Haven,	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Must. Priv. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Pro. Sergt. May 1, '64. Redc. to ranks by consldn. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
MUSICIANS.				[Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Dunn, John	Norwich,	Dec. 1, '62,	Dec. 1, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to ranks by consldn.; trans. to
Patchen, Charles T.	Danbury,	Apr. 1, '62,	Apr. 1, '62,	Died Sep. 10, '62.
Strall, Edward	†New Orleans, La.	July 1, '63,	July 1, '63,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Warren, James	Boston, Mass.	Oct. 21, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Disc. Oct. 20, '62.
WAGONER.				
Clark, Frank	Derby,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. to ranks. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
PRIVATES.				
Baker, Patrick	Hartford,	Nov. 7, '61,	Dec. 10, '61,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Benjamin, Cyrus M.	Ridgefield,	Apr. 1, '62,	Apr. 1, '62,	No mention after Apr. 25, '62.
Bentley, Henry	†New Orleans, La.	May 23, '62,	May 23, '62,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Burk, Andrew	Bridgeport,	Sep. 16, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Disc. Oct. 20, '62.
Burk, Thomas	†Carrollton, La.,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. to Co. F, 1st Regt. U. S. Art. Nov. 21, '62.
Bush, William	†New Orleans, La.	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Carey, John	Hartford,	Nov. 20, '61,	Dec. 10, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Carr, Robert R.,	Sterling,	May 11, '64,	May 11, '64,	Absent since Aug. —, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.

† Place of muster in.

Cronan, Patrick	Derby,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12,'64. Wd. Aug. 5, '62, Baton Rouge, La.; Sep. 22,'64, Fisher's Hill, Va.; Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va.
Cummins, Nicholas	†Carrollton, La.,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	No mention after Sep. 19, '63.
Curtiss, Thomas	Hartford,	Sep. 11, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Disc. Oct. 20, '62.
Dikeman, George S.	Danbury,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	Died Aug. 21, '62.
Dingwell, George W.	Bridgeport,	Apr. 8, '62,	Apr. 8, '62,	Disc. Oct. 25, '62. [Oct. 12, '64.
Dolan, Michael	Derby,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, Mch. 1, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V.
Donohue, Patrick	Hartford,	Sep. 6, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Re-en.Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Downs, George W.	Hartford,	Nov. 8, '61,	Dec. 10, '61,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Downey, Michael	Derby,	Apr. 8, '62,	Apr. 8, '62,	Died June 22, '62.
Durant, George B.	Bethel,	Apr. 8, '62,	Apr. 8, '62,	Disc. Oct. 27, '62.
Edwards, John	Easton,	Oct. 9, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
FitzGibbons, John	Bridgeport,	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Wd. June 5, '62, Carrollton, La. Disc. Sep. 1, '62.
Flamandey, Peter	†Carrollton, La.,	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Died Oct. 1, '62.
Flanagan, John	†Carrollton, La.,	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	No mention after June 24, '63.
Flynn, Thomas	New Haven,	May 23, '62,	May 23, '62,	Re-en.Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12,'64.
Foote, John G.	Newtown,	Sep. 20, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Gillespie, F. C.	New Haven,	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Gray, Patrick	†Carrollton, La.,	May 23, '62,	May 23, '62,	No mention after Sep. 21, '63.
Hart, Thomas	Danbury,	Dec. 2, '61,	Dec. 2, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12,'64.
Hoffman, Edward	†New Orleans, La.	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Hurlbutt, Charles, Jr.	Bridgeport,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	Injured June, '62, Vicksburg, Miss. Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Irvine, George W.	Fairfield,	Sep. 18, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12,'64.
Kalb, Louis	†New Orleans,La.	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Disc. Oct. 20, '62.
Kelley, John	Derby,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12,'64.
Lane, John J.	Bethel,	Mch. 29, '62,	Mch. 29, '62,	Died Aug. 12, '62.
Logue, William W.	Waterford,	Feb. 4, '64,	Feb. 4, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

McCame, William J.	†New Haven,	Apr. 7, '62,	Apr. 7, '62,	Died Sep. 1, '62.
McClune, James	†Carrollton, La.,	May 23, '62,	May 23, '62,	Died Aug. 19, '62.
McDermott, John	Hartford,	Oct. 19, '61,	Nov 24, '61,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
McFarland, Robert	Easton,	Sep. 14, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Disc. Jan. 6, '63. [12, '64.
McGonigal, Charles	Derby,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
McNamara, John	Norwich,	May 20, '62,	May 20, '62,	Re-en. Vet. June 9, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Murphy, James	†Carrollton, La.,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	No mention after Dec. 25, '63.
Read, Robert	Waterbury,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	Died Dec. 22, '62.
Reichel, Nicholas	†New Orleans, La.	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [12, '64.
Reilman, Jacob	Derby,	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct.
Reilly, James	New Haven,	June 19, '64,	June 19, '64,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Rohr, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Rost, Joachim	†New Orleans La.	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Rowland, Herman,	†Carrollton, La.,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Died of gun-shot wound Aug. 18, '62; date of action or wound not shown.
Russell, Isaac	Bridgeport,	Oct. 9, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Disc. Oct. 27, '62. [May 17, '65.
Ryan, Patrick	Westfield, Mass.	Mch. 29, '62,	Mch. 29, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Wd. Jan. 5, '64, Madisonville, La. Disc.
Sanders, Julius	Norwich,	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64. Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Seablitz, William	†New Orleans, La.	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Short, James	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Schwenter, Joseph	†Carrollton, La.,	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Died on steamer "Algerino," July 25, '62.
Slawson, David A.	Stratford,	Mch, 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	Died July 22, '62.
Stafford, John A.	†Carrollton, La.,	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Died Aug. 4, '62.
Stilson, David	New Haven,	Oct. 9, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Died Aug. 18, '62.
Sullivan, Jeremiah	Hartford,	Oct. 12, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Died Aug. 10, '62.
Sullivan, John, 2d	Derby,	June 11, '62,	June 11, '62,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.
Trueman, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 23, '62,	May 23, '62,	Trans. to Co. D, 9th Batt. C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Wells, Jeremiah	Bridgeport,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	Died Aug. 11, '62.
Whistler, John	Derby,	Mch. 9, '63,	Mch. 9, '63,	Re-en. Vet. Jan. 6, '64.

† Place of muster in.

RECRUITS UNASSIGNED TO COMPANIES.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF MUSTER.
Bell, Archibald	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64.
Blake, Henry	Essex,	Feb. 3, '64.
Bluecher, George	Litchfield,	Nov. 26, '64.
Brown, George	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64.
Buckley, John	Bethany,	Nov. 17, '64.
Burns, Edwin	Greenwich,	Feb. 22, '64.
Burns, James	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64.
Cain, Peter	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64.
Collins, James	Stamford,	Feb. 17, '64.
Coogan, John C.	Meriden,	Jan. 4, '64.
Donovan, Patrick	Essex,	Feb. 3, '64.
Harden, John	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64.
Higgins, George	Wilton,	Feb. 17, '64.
Johnson, John	Litchfield,	Nov. 25, '64.
Keller, James	Canaan,	Dec. 2, '64.
Kenney, Michael	New Haven,	June 3, '64.
McLaughlin, John	New Hartford,	Nov. 26, '64.
Nelson, George	Wilton,	Feb. 17, '64.
Noon, Henry	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64.
Parker, John	Colebrook,	Dec. 15, '64.
Parker, Richard	Greenwich,	Sep. 5, '64.
Russell, William	Torrington,	Dec. 9, '64.
Ryan, William	Bethany,	Nov. 17, '64.
Stevens, Joseph	Bethany,	Nov. 17, '64.
Stewart, Frank D.	New Hartford,	Nov. 25, '64.
Taylor, George	Canaan,	Mch. 7, '64.
Vernon, Richard	Watertown,	Feb. 17, '64.
White, Charles	Stamford,	July 16, '64.

NINTH BATTALION C. V. INFANTRY.

Field and Staff.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.				
John G. Healy,	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Pro. from Capt. Co. A, Dec. 1, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
SURGEON.				
Rollin McNeil,	New Haven,	Nov. 18, '64,	Jan. 10, '65,	(See Asst. Surg. 9th C. V.) M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

Non-Commissioned Staff.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
SERGEANT-MAJOR.				
John Bolger,	†Carrollton, La.,	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62.	Trans. from 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. 2d Lt. Co. D, Nov. 27, 64.
Q.M.-SERGEANT.				
Robert Kerr,	Norwich,	Oct. 22, '62,	Oct. 22, '62.	Trans. from 9th C. V. Oct. 12,'64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
COMMISSARY-SERGEANT.				
William Starkey,	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Nov. 18, '61.	Trans. from 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
HOSPITAL STEWARD.				
August Ruhl,	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62.	Trans. from 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
PRINCIPAL MUSICIAN.				
John E. Healy,	New Haven,	Sep. 20, '61,	Sep. 26, '61.	Trans. from 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

† Place of muster in.

COMPANY A.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAINS.				
John G. Healy,	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Lt.-Col. Dec. 1, '64.
Garry T. Scott,	Plymouth,	Aug. 18, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from 1st Lt. Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Dec. 15, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
2D LIEUTENANT.				
Thomas Connors,	Danbury,	Aug. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Cap'd Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Par. Mch. 1, '65. Disc. Mch. 3, '65.
1ST SERGEANTS.				[Dec. 17, '64.
William Gleeson,	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. 2d Lt. Co. C,
Richard Lilley,	New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. as Sergt. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Jan. 7, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Jeremiah McGrath,	Middletown,	Sep. 18, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. as Sergt. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Dec. 17, '64. Redc. to Sergt. Jan. 7, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
SERGEANTS.				
Comiskey, Nicholas	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Doyle, William	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McDonnell, Richard	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. as Corp. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Dec. 17, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65
CORPORALS.				[17, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Bohan, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Dec.
Boucher, John	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Brown, James	New Haven,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Coote, Charles	New Haven,	Aug. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Died Apr. 21, '65.

Flynn, Andrew	New Haven,	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Trans. from Priv. Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. May 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65. ['65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hope, James	Guilford,	Feb. 20, '64,	Feb. 20, '64,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Feb. 10,
Keenan, Martin	Hartford,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McKeon, John	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Priv. Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Feb. 10, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Murphy, Jeremiah	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64; trans. to Co. B, 10th Regt. V. R. C. Oct. 18, '64.
Rhatigan, Edward	Meriden,	Aug. 23, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Streit, Simon	New Haven,	June 18, '64,	June 18, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
MUSICIANS.				
Brean, Charles	New Haven,	Nov. 1, '62,	Nov. 1, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Dillon, Edward	†New Orleans, La.	May 1, '63,	May 1, '63,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Kelley, Richard	New Haven,	June 6, '64,	June 6, '64,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Detailed Musc. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
WAGONER.				
McKiernan, Patrick	New Haven,	Oct. 8, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
PRIVATES.				
Barker, Josiah	Farmington,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Birmingham, Garrett	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Cap'd Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Died Dec. 12, '64, Salisbury, N. C.
Brennan, Patrick	New Haven,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Byrne, Thomas	New Haven,	Oct. 30, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Sep. 2, '65.
Callahan, Patrick	Hartford,	Aug. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Carey, Thomas	New Haven,	Aug. 24, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Carroll, John	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Castello, James	†New Haven,	Oct. 19, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Clark, Robert	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

† Place of muster in.

Clements, John E.	New Haven,	May 1, '63,	May 1, '63,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Collins, John	New Haven,	May 14, '62,	May 14, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Died Feb. 16, '65.
Connell, Henry	Enfield,	Aug. 18, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Corcoran, Peter	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Cullen, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 15, '64,	Aug. 15, '64,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Cap'd Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Died Nov. 21, '64, Salisbury, N. C.
Cummings, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Dearing, William	†New Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 10, '65, tm. ex.
DeForge, Francis	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Donohue, Bryan	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Doyle, Thomas	†New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Trans. to 21st Co. 2d Batt. V. R. C. Oct. 24, '64.
Dresher, Ernest	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Duffey, John	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Dugging, Mark	Vernon,	Nov. 30, '63,	Nov. 30, '63,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Early, James	Woodbridge,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Flanigan, Patrick	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Foley, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Trans. to 23d Co. 2d Batt. V. R. C. Oct. 26, '64.
Ford, John	†New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Frawley, John	Meriden,	Aug. 19, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Garvey, Edward B.	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Gately, Dennis	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Glassett, James	Bridgeport,	Jan. 18, '64,	Jan. 18, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Gleeson, Dennis	New Haven,	Dec. 15, '63,	Dec. 15, '63,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Grogan, Michael	†New Haven,	Oct. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hackett, Malachi	Meriden,	Aug. 23, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hagerty, John	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64,	Jan. 26, '64,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

Hamilton, John	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hayden, James	Hamden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hayes, Michael	Danbury,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64; trans. to Co. C, May 15, '65.
Hazlett, John	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hickey, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64 Cap'd Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Par. Mch. 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hoey, George	Cheshire,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Jackson, Robert	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61.	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. (for disability) Dec. 15, '64.
Joyce, Martin	Wallingford,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Keegan James	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug 3, '65.
Kelley, Dennis	New Haven,	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Kelley, Hugh	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Kline, Frederick	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Lawler, James	New Haven,	Oct. 12, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Loudon, George	Danbury,	Aug. 24, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Lynch, James	Windsor,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Mack, John	Middletown,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Mackey, Nicholas	New Haven,	Oct. 6, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Maguire, John	†New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Maloney, John	Cromwell,	Sep. 27, '64,	Sep. 27, '64,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Maloney, Thomas	New Haven,	Jan. 6, '64,	Jan. 6, '64,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Maloney, Walter	†New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Maloy, John	†New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Martin, Peter	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. dis. July 17, '65.
Mason, Thomas	New Haven,	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McDonough, John	New Haven,	Oct. 9, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct, 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

† Place of muster in.

McDonough, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 10, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McDonald,[1] Terence	Waterbury,	May 9, '64,	May 9, '64,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va.
McGuire, Thomas	Branford,	Apr. 24, '62,	Apr. 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McKeon, James	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64; trans. from Camp Distribution, Va., to Co. Nov. 9, '64. N. f. r. A. G. O.
McKenna, Thomas	New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McNulty, Robert	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McPartlin, Lawrence	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McQuade, Bartholo'w	Farmington,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Milligan, John	Hamden,	Oct. 14, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Muldoon, John	New Haven,	Aug. 20, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Mullen, Daniel	New Haven,	Aug. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Died Oct. 20, '64.
Nagle, Garrett	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Pryor, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Reynolds, Michael	Meriden,	Sep. 14, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Riley, Edward	Meriden,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Rockford, Thomas	Cromwell,	Sep. 27, '64,	Sep. 27, '64,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Simmerman, William	†New Orleans, La.	June 14, '62,	June 14, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Smith, John, 1st	†New Orleans, La.	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Thompson, William	†New Orleans, La.	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 7, '65, tm. ex.
Wier, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Wrinn, Martin	New Haven,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

COMPANY B.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAINS.				
Terence Sheridan,	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 30, '61.	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Nov. 13, '64.
David C. Warner,	Hartford,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61.	Trans. as 1st Lt. from Co. C, Nov. 27, '64. Pro. July 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
1st LIEUTENANT.				
Michael Mullins,	New Haven,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61.	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Nov. 27, '64.
2d LIEUTENANT.				
Christian Streit,	New Haven,	July 2, '64,	July 2, '64.	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
1st SERGEANTS.				
Thomas Kennedy,	New Haven,	Aug. 29, '61,	Sep. 27, '61.	[Cedar Creek, Va. Par. Feb. 28, '65, Died Mch. 25, '65. Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Cap'd Oct. 19, '64,
Eben B. Evarts,	Hartford,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 27, '61.	Trans. from Sergt. Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Mch. 26, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
SERGEANTS.				
Dolan, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Gorman, John	Bridgeport,	Oct. 31, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Reilly, Philip	New Haven,	Sep. 4, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Disc. Feb. 14, '65.
Ritters, Leo	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Corp. Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. July 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
CORPORALS.				
Bowen, Michael	New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Conway, Martin	Westbrook,	June 16, '64,	June 16, '64,	Trans from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Gerard, Martin	New Haven,	June 18, '64,	June 18, '64,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McDonald, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 19, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

† Place of muster in.

[1] Name appears also as McDonell.

McManus, John	New Haven,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Menholdt, Henry	Waterbury,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Murley, Thomas	New Haven,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o Aug. 3, '65.
Shulz, William	Hartford,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '63,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. July 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
MUSICIANS.				
Cavanagh, Thomas	New Haven,	June 3, '64,	June 3, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Otis, Michael	Bridgeport,	May 9, '62,	May 9, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
WAGONER.				
O'Connell, Stephen	New Haven	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
PRIVATES.				
Agathe, Edward	New Haven,	Jan. 10, '63,	Jan. 10, '63,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Barry, David	Middletown,	June 6, '64,	June 6, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Bartis, Samuel	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Bennett, Richard	Bridgeport,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Bova, Joseph	Hartford,	Apr. 19, '64,	Apr. 19, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Brandt, Balzar	†New Orleans, La.	May 10, '62,	May 10, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 17, '65, tm. ex.
Brown, John	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64,	Jan 13, '64,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Cap'd Oct. 19 '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Died Jan. 25, '65, Salisbury, N. C.
Burns, John, 1st	Bridgeport,	May 10, '62,	May 10, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Burns, John, 2d	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64,	Jan. 13, '64,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Trans. to 114th Co. 2d Batt. V. R. C, Nov. 29, '64.
Burns, Lawrence	New Haven,	Sep. 11, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Butler, Joel L.	Milford,	Dec. 14, '63,	Dec. 14, '63,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Cahill, Edward	Wallingford,	Dec. 3, '63,	Dec. 3, '63,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Callery, Philip	New Haven,	Feb. 17, '65,	Feb. 17, '65,	(See Priv. Co. G, 6th C. V.) M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

Callahan, James	Danbury,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 4, '61.	Trans from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Carney, John	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans from Co B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Carthy, Lawrence	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64; trans. to 119th Co. 2d Batt. V. R. C. Jan. 19, '65. Disc. Sep 11, '66.
Cassidy, Joseph	Meriden,	June 21, '64,	June 21, '64,	Trans. from Co F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Cavanagh, Patrick	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Clye, Martin	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 17, '65, tm. ex.
Conway, William	New Haven,	Feb. 24, '65,	Feb. 24, '65,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Coyle, James	Simsbury,	Mch. 14, '64,	Mch. 14, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Crowley, Timothy	Derby,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Daley, Jeremiah	New Haven,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. May 4, '65.
Daley, Michael	Waterbury,	Oct. 18, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '62. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Delaney, Patrick	Waterbury,	Oct. 10, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V, Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Delaney, Thomas	Waterbury,	Sep. 19, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Devlin, John	New Haven,	Sep. 12, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Donnelly, Andrew J.	New Haven,	May 5, '64,	May 5, '64,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Donnelly, Richard H.	New Haven,	May 27, '64,	May 27, '64,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Dwyre, Martin	New Haven,	Sep. 6, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct., 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Dyer, James	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
English, James	New Haven,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Fahy, John	Waterbury,	Aug. 24, '64,	Aug. 24, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64, Wd. Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Farrell, Daniel	Hamden,	Jan. 18, '64,	Jan. 18, '64,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Flannagan, John	New Haven,	Oct. 22, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Foley, John J.	Bridgeport,	Sep. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64 Cap'd Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Par Mch. 1, '65. Disc. Aug. 3, '65.
Garagan, Patrick	Bridgeport,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Gibbons, John	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

† Place of muster in.

Gilday, Peter	Bridgeport,	Sep. 1, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65
Golden, Timothy	New Haven,	Nov 13, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Harrigan, Michael	New Haven,	Jan. 14, '64,	Jan. 14, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Died July 29, '65.
Hanlon, John	Bridgeport,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hayden, William	West Hartford,	June 14, '64,	June 14, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Healey, John	Derby,	Oct. 25, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hefferan, Daniel	New Haven,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hoey, Francis	Hamden,	Dec. 28, '63,	Dec. 28, '63,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Howard, James	Huntington,	Mch. 31, '64,	Mch. 31, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hubon, Martin	New Haven,	May 17, '64,	May 17, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hunt, James	Hartford,	Apr. 26, '64,	Apr. 26, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Kelleher, Michael	New Haven,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Kelley, James	Meriden,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Kelley, Thomas	New Haven,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Oct. 31, '64, tm. ex.
Killoy, Michael	New Haven,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Klein, Jacob	†New Orleans,La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 17, '65.
Leyden, Patrick	New Haven,	Oct. 21, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Lynch, Hugh	†New Orleans,La.	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Aug. 3, '65.
Lynch, Patrick	New Haven,	Mch. 3, '64,	Mch. 3, '64,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Des. Jan. 10, '65.
Mahoney, John O.	Norwalk,	Oct. 5, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McCluckie, John	Middletown,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McDonnelly, Michael	†New Orleans, La.	Mch. 1, '63,	Mch. 1, '63,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McDuff, John	Bridgeport,	June 17, '62,	June 17, '62,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McNulty, Peter	†New Orleans, La.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 2, '65.
Melvin, James	New Haven,	Oct. 27, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Mooney, Edward	New Haven,	Oct. 21, '61,	Oct. 21, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Morrissey, James	Meriden,	Dec. 29, '63,	Dec. 29, '63,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
O'Connor, James	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
O'Farrell, Peter	New Haven,	Oct. 25, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

O'Toole, Garrett	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Aug. 8, '65, tm. ex.
Robinson, John	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64,	Jan. 13, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Ryan, John, 1st	Weston,	Jan. 23, '64,	Jan. 23, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Ryan, James, 2d	New Haven,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Sheridan, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Slaugh, Michael	Derby,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Smith, James	New Haven,	Oct. 15, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Smith, Charles	Canaan,	Dec. 2, '64,	Dec. 2, '64,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Smyth, Patrick	New Haven,	June 25, '64,	June 25, '64,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Sona, Valentine	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Spaan, Bernard	New Haven,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Sullivan, George	Brookline, Mass.	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Died Jan. 11, '65.
Trout, George	Bridgeport,	May 11, '62,	May 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Verdan, Patrick	Bridgeport,	Nov. 7, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Walsh, John, 1st	Groton,	Jan. 7, '64,	Jan. 7, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Walsh, John, 2d	New Haven,	Jan. 11, '64,	Jan. 11, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Walsh, Peter	Southington,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Wilson, James, 2d	Bridgeport,	Sep. 8, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. dis. July 17, '65.
Worthers, George	Waterbury,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

COMPANY C.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAIN.				
William A. Lee,	Bridgeport,	Aug. 15, '62,	Aug. 15, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
1ST LIEUTENANTS.				
David C. Warner,	Hartford,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64; trans. to Co. B, Nov. 1, '64.
Joseph H. Lawler,	Norwich,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from 2d Lt. Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Dec. 16, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

† Place of muster in.

2D LIEUTENANTS.				[Jan. 1, '65
William Gleeson,	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Prom. from 1st Sergt. Co. A. Dec. 17, '64. Trans. to Co. D
Edmund Downing,	Norwich,	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Trans. as 1st Sergt. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro Jan. 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
1ST SERGEANT.				
Michael Debow,	New Haven,	Oct. 29, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. as Sergt. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Jan. 1, 65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
SERGEANTS.				[Cedar Creek, Va. Par. Mch. 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Bulger, Edward	Hartford,	Sep. 14, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Cap'd Oct. 19, '64,
Cook, Frank	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. as Corp. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Feb. 5, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Johnson, Robert	Norwich,	Sep. 15, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Ryan, Thomas	New Haven,	Sep. 16, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. E, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
CORPORALS.				
Caffrey, James	Bridgeport,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Cronan, Michael	Waterbury,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Glynn, Patrick	Norwich,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Died Nov. 25, '64.
Grimme, Frederick	New Haven,	June 27, '64,	June 27, '64,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hall, Nathaniel B.	Portland,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Jaques, William	Norwich,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Feb. 5, '65. M. o Aug. 3, '65. ['65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Klitter, John	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Feb. 5,
Leierzapf, Charles	New Haven,	June 20, '64,	June 20, '64,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Orr, James	Manchester,	Oct. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. as Priv. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Oct. 91, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Pro. Feb. 5, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Thrall, John	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Killed Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va.
MUSICIANS.				
Andre, Charles	†Carrollton, La.,	Dec. 5, '63,	Dec. 5, '63,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McGuire, James	New Haven,	May 30, '64,	May 30, '64,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

PRIVATES.

Adams, George A.	Bridgeport,	Jan. 6, '65,	Jan. 6, '65,	No mention after June 14, '65.
Bassett, Rial H.	Norwich,	Sep. 28, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug, 3, '65.
Beer, Jaconett	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M o. Aug. 3, '65.
Bond, John T.	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Boscher, August	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Bowen, Thomas	New Haven,	Dec. 2, '63,	Dec. 2, '63,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64; trans. to 44th Co. 2d Batt. V. R. C. Oct. 27, '64.
Boylan, Bernard	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. May 23, '65.
Buckleman, Henry	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct 12, '64. Disc. May 23, '65, tm. ex.
Buckley, Timothy	Boston, Mass.,	Sep. 17, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug 3, '65.
Campbell, Thomas	Norwich,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Carroll, Michael	Greenwich,	Feb. 3, '65,	Feb. 3, '65,	No mention after June 14, '65.
Condron, James	Hartford,	Sep. 22, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Connor, Patrick	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Curtis, Edward H.	Derby,	June 27, '64,	June 27, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Darcy, Henry	New London,	Jan. 28, '64,	Jan. 28, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3. '65.
Decker, Charles	†New Orleans, La.	June 11, '62,	June 11, '62,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 3, '65.
Dee, James	Salisbury,	Jan. 27, '65,	Jan. 27, '65,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Devlin, Peter	†New Orleans, La.	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Dougherty, William	New Haven,	May 6, '64,	May 6, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Dronant, Joseph	†New Orleans, La.	Jan. 16, '63,	Jan. 16, '63,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 29, '65
Durant, Oscar	†New Orleans, La.	May 14, '63,	May 14, '63,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, 64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Falen, Peter	Hartford,	Apr. 26, '64,	Apr. 26, '64,	Trans from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Fitzpatrick, William	Portland,	Nov. 10, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Freech, Leopold	Hartford,	May 24, '62,	May 24 '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug 3, '65.
Gaffey, Daniel	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Grady, James	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Oct. 3, '65.
Greenhart, Heenan	Hartford,	Sep. 26, '62,	Sep. 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12. '64. Wd. Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Died Oct. 31, '64. [tm. ex.
Hallinan, Michael	Wethersfield,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Nov. 25, '64,

† Place of muster in.

Hannigan, Maurice	Hartford,	Nov. 3, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hayes, Michael	Danbury,	Aug. 21, '61,	Sep 27, 61,	Trans. from Co. A, May 15, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hecker, Matthew	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, 62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Missing in action Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va.; probably killed. N. f. r. A. G. O.
Hickey, John	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hyland, John	Norwich,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 25, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Johnson, Samuel	Norwich,	Sep. 17, '61,	Oct. 17, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Joram, Benjamin	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. May 23, '65.
Kelleher, John	Waterbury,	Oct. 10, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Kennedy, Robert	Bridgeport,	Jan. 30, '64,	Jan. 30, '64,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65. [R. C. Jan. 2, '65. Disc. Sep. 5, '65.
Kenney, Thomas	New Haven,	Nov. 25, '61,	Nov. 25. '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64; trans. to Co. I, 19th V.
Leary, James	Norwich,	Sep. 28, '61,	Nov. 25. '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Lewis, Richard	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Lines, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Lloyd, Thomas	Bridgeport,	Jan. 6, '65,	Jan. 6, '65,	No mention after June 14, '65.
Lunar, Marino,	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Mack, Patrick	New Haven,	Sep. 22, '61,	Oct. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Maguire, Patrick	Norwich,	Nov. 26, '62,	Nov. 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Mailley, Charles	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. May 23, '65.
Meehan, William	Norwich,	May 10, '62,	May 10, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Merritt, James	Trumbull,	July 13, '64,	July 13, '64,	Trans from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McCann, Peter	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. May 23, '65.
McDermott, Patrick	Waterbury,	Sep. 12, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McDonald, John	Norwich,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Died May 2, '65.
McDonnell, Thomas	Norwich,	Jan. 17, '64,	Jan. 17, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. [tm. ex.
McGiff, Joseph	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. May 23, '65,
McKenna, John	Norwich,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McMenemy, Robert	Middletown,	June 7, '64,	June 7, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Miller, Martin	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

Mirabin, Louis	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C.V. Oct. 12,'64. Disc. May 23, '65, tm. ex.
Moore, Patrick	Hartford,	Apr. 26, '64,	Apr. 26, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Moran, James	Hartford,	Sep. 9, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Morrow, John T.	Waterford,	Jan. 9, '64,	Jan. 9, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Murphy, Edward	Danbury,	Oct. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Murphy Jeremiah	New Haven,	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Myres, Henry	†New Orleans, La.	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. May 23, '65.
Ney, Michael	Newtown,	Jan. 27, '65,	Jan. 27, '65,	No mention after Mch. 21, '65.
O'Neil, James	Norwich,	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Parker, William	Bridgeport,	Oct. 15, '61,	Nov. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C.V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Oct. 31, 64, tm. ex.
Pasch, Henry	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. May 23, '65.
Peck, Edgar A.	Westport,	Dec. 30, '63,	Dec. 30, '63,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Pitts, Philip H.	†New Orleans, La.	Oct. 17, '63,	Oct. 17, '63,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. dis. May 26, '65.
Powers, Richard	Norwich,	May 21, '62,	May 21, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Reynolds, Charles	New Haven,	Sep. 26, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Riely, Bernard	Norwich,	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Roe, Edward	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Killed Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va.
Rousel, Francis	Hamden,	Apr. 26, '64,	Apr. 26, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 2, '65.
Ryan, Andrew	Hamden,	May 17, '64,	May 17, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Ryan, James	Norwich,	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Ryan, Michael	Norwich,	May 22, '62,	May 22, '62,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Sanford, Daniel	Guilford,	Apr. 22, '64,	Apr. 22, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Scion, Matthias	†New Orleans, La.	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Oct. 19,'64 Cedar Creek, Va. Disc. Aug. 21, '65.
Scott, George F. S.	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64 M. o. Aug 3, '65.
Senor, James	†Bridgeport,	Feb. 3, '65,	Feb. 3, '65,	No mention after Mch. 21, '65.
Shafty, Bernard	Hartford,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Sheridan, David	Portland,	Nov. 5, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

† Place of muster in.

Tierney, Michael	Hartford,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. G, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Voorhees, James H.	Greenwich,	Jan. 18, '65,	Jan. 18, '65,	No mention after June 14, '65.
Warner, Alonzo	Portland,	Nov. 1, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Trans. from Co. H, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o Aug. 3, '65.
White, James	†Bridgeport,	Nov. 25, '64,	Nov. 25, '64,	No mention after Mch. 2, '65.
White, Thomas	†New Haven,	Sep. 24, '64,	Sep. 24, '64,	Disc. June 3, '65.
Williams, John, 1st	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans from Co. H, 9th C V. Oct. 12, '64.
Williams, John, 2d	Huntington,	Mch. 31, '64,	Mch. 31, '64,	Trans. from Co. F, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.

COMPANY D.

NAME AND RANK.	RESIDENCE.	DATE OF ENLISTMENT.	DATE OF MUSTER.	INCIDENTS OF NOTE.
CAPTAIN.				
James W. Graham,	Berlin,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. as 1st Lt. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Dec. 15, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
1ST LIEUTENANT.				
John Bolger,	†Carrollton, La.,	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Pro. from Sergt.-Maj. to 2d Lt. Nov. 27, '64; 1st Lt. Jan. 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
2D LIEUTENANTS.				
Louis H. Goodman,	Hartford,	Oct. 19, '61,	May 27, '63,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Nov. 26, '64.
William Gleeson,	New Haven,	Sep. 1, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. C, Jan. 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
1ST SERGEANTS.				
Edson C. Jennings,	Bridgeport,	Apr. 3, '62,	Apr. 3, '62,	Trans from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Daniel Scannel,	Lowell, Mass.	Nov. 18, '61,	Nov. 18, '61,	Trans. from Sergt. Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Mch. 1, '65 2d Lt. July 19, '65 (not must.). M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
SERGEANTS.				
Alcott, Charles W.	Plymouth,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Cedar Creek Va. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

Colburn, Pierce D.	Stratford,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Perry, William L.	Hartford,	Apr. 3, '62,	Apr. 3, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Walsh, Peter L.	Hartford,	Sep. 25, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	Trans. as Corp. from Co. I, 9th C. V, Oct. 12, '64. Pro. Mch. 1, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
CORPORALS.				
Coburn, Andrew A.	Hartford,	Oct. 20, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Dolan, James	Derby,	Oct. 8, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Gage, Edward B.	Westbrook,	June 25, '64.	June 25, '64,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Giaer, Frederick	Westbrook,	June 16, '64,	June 16, '64,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McGrane, William	Winchester,	Sep. 13, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Ring, Michael	Bridgeport,	Nov. 19, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Sullivan, John, 1st	Jewett City,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M o. Aug. 3, '65.
MUSICIANS.				
Lawler, Patrick	New Haven,	May 30, '64,	May 30, '64,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Strall, Edward	†New Orleans, La.	July 1, '63,	July 1, '63,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
PRIVATES.				
Allen, William H.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Anderson, Frank W.	Lyme,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I. 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Anderson, Joseph	Bridgeport,	Feb. 2, '64,	Feb. 2, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Cap'd Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Escaped from Charleston, S. C., May 5, '65. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Baker, Patrick	Hartford,	Nov. 7, '61,	Dec. 10, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Nov. 24, '64.
Bartlett, George H.	Lowell, Mass.	Nov. 17, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64 M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Bassett, Sylvester T.	Burlington,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 3, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Baylies, John C.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct 2, '61,	Trans from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3. '65.
Begley, James	Bridgeport,	Oct. 9, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M o. Aug. 3, '65.
Bentley, Henry	†New Orleans, La.	May 23, '62,	May 23, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 5, '65.

† Place of muster in.

Bieker, Joseph W.	Bethel,	Mch. 29, '62,	Mch. 29, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Boyle, William	Greenwich,	Jan. 19, '64,	Jan. 19, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o Aug. 3, '65.
Birmingham, Thomas	†New Orleans, La.	Nov. 28, '63,	Nov. 28, '63,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Brandon, Benjamin	Norwich,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Burlingame, Seymour	Holyoke, Mass.	Sep. 17, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Bush, William	†New Orleans, La.	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 5, '65.
Cahill, Dennis	East Windsor,	Oct. 26, '64,	Oct. 26, '64,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Carey, George	Hartford,	Sep. 12, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Nov. 24, '64 tm. ex.
Carley, David N.	Sheffield, Mass.,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Casheen, William	Meriden,	Jan. 5, '64,	Jan. 5, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Cap'd Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Died Dec. 9, '64, Salisbury, N C.
Caten, Anthony	†Saybrook,	Nov. 28, '64,	Nov. 28, '64,	Trans. from Co. D, 9th C. V, Oct. 12 '64.
Chapel, Wilson M.	North Canaan,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Clark, Frank	Derby,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Cornor, Charles	Bridgeport,	Sep. 17, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Cooke, George F.	Stratford,	Sep. 18, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Craig, Patrick	Meriden,	Nov. 24, '63,	Nov. 24, '63,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Cronan, Patrick	Derby,	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Dimon, Charles	Bridgeport,	Sep. 27, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Dolan, Michael	Derby,	Sep. 12, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Donohue, Patrick	Hartford,	Sep. 6, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Downs, George W.	Hartford,	Nov. 8, '61,	Dec. 10, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Nov. 23, '64, tm. ex.
Dunn, John	Norwich,	Dec. 1, '62,	Dec. 1, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Durning, Stephen	New Britain,	Jan. 1, '64,	Jan. 1, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Easland, John B.	Bridgeport,	Dec. 3, '63,	Dec. 3, '63,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Edwards, John	Easton,	Oct. 9, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc Nov. 24, '64 tm. ex.

Fitzgerald, James	Bridgeport,	Dec. 19, '64,	Dec. 19, '64,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Fitzpatrick, Martin	Greenwich,	Feb. 23, '64,	Feb. 23, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Flagler, George H.	Norwalk,	Apr. 12, '62,	Apr. 12, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Flynn, Thomas	New Haven,	May 23, '62,	May 23, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Foote, John G.	Newtown,	Sep. 20, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Nov. 23, '64, tm. ex.
Goodall, William	Derby,	Aug. 15, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Died Mch. 8, '65.
Hamilton, James	Greenwich,	Dec. 22, '64,	Dec. 22, '64,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hart, Thomas	Danbury,	Dec. 2, '61,	Dec. 2, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Hoffman, Edward	†New Orleans, La.	May 31, '62,	May 31, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 5, '65.
Hurlbut, Charles, Jr.	Bridgeport,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Irvine, George W.	Fairfield,	Sep. 18, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Jones, Thomas	Seymour,	Jan. 10, '65,	Jan. 10, '65.	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Kelly, John	Derby,	May 26, '62,	May 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Knablin, Thomas	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Laurie, John	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Sep. 26, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Lawler, John	Derby,	Sep. 30, '61,	Oct. 4, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Legrand, John	New Haven,	Sep. 7, '61,	Sep. 27, '61,	Trans. from Co. A. 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
Lewis, Frank W.	Norfolk,	May 20, '64,	May 20, '64,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug 3, '65.
Logue, William W.	Waterford,	Feb. 4, '64,	Feb. 4, '64,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12 '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Mason, William	Norfolk,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McCormick, Nicholas	Waterbury,	Jan. 26, '64,	Jan. 26, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, 64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McDermott, John	Hartford,	Oct. 19, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. May 4, '65.
McGonigal, Charles	Derby,	May 27, '62,	May 27, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
McNamara, John	Norwich,	May 20, '62,	May 20, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Mills, Moses	Bridgeport,	Aug. 22, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Murray, Bernard	New Britain,	Jan. 4. '64,	Jan. 4, '64,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Murray, Burnett	Hamden,	Dec. 3, '64,	Dec. 3, '64,	No mention after Jan 9, '65.
Noonan, Malachi	†New Haven,	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. dis. Aug. 14, '65.

† Place of muster in.

O'Brien, Dennis	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 2, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
O'Brien, John, 1st	Groton,	Jan. 13, '64,	Jan. 13, '64,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64.
O'Donnell, Philip	Bridgeport,	Aug. 16, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Olmsted, James S.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 18, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Parker, Anson B.	Bridgeport,	Aug. 17, '61,	Oct. 9, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Platt, John T.	Bridgeport,	Mch. 26, '62,	Mch. 26, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Mch. 25, '65.
Powell, John Lee	Monroe,	Aug. 20, '61,	Oct. 1, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Reichel, Nicholas	†New Orleans, La.	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 1, '65, tm ex.
Reilly, James	New Haven,	June 19, '64,	June 19, '64,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Reilman, Jacob	Derby,	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Rohr, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 5, '65.
Rost, Joachim	†New Orleans, La.	May 30, '62,	May 30, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Ryan, Matthew	Hartford,	Sep. 11, '61,	Nov. 24, '61,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Sanders, Julius	Norwich,	June 2, '62,	June 2, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Wd. Oct. 19, '64, Cedar Creek, Va. Disc. dis. July 31, '65.
Scamahorn, Jacob	North Canaan,	Aug. 30, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Seablitz, William	†New Orleans, La.	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 5, '65.
Short, James	†New Orleans, La.	May 24, '62,	May 24, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. June 5, '65.
Smith, Augustus S.	Plymouth,	Oct. 11, '61,	Oct. 16, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Taggart, James	Boston, Mass.	Oct. 4, '61,	Oct. 14, '61,	Trans. from Co. I, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Trueman, John	†New Orleans, La.	May 23, '62,	May 23, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. dis. Dec. 15, '64.
Wellington, Frank	†New Haven,	May 29, '62,	May 29, '62,	Trans. from Co. K, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Whelan, James	New Haven,	Oct. 30, '61,	Oct. 30, '61,	Trans. from Co. B, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, 65.
Whelan, John	New Haven,	Sep. 24, '61,	Oct. 12, '61,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. Disc. Mch. 3, '65.
Williams, Joseph	Huntington,	Mch. 31, '64,	Mch. 31, '64,	M. o. Aug. 3, '65.
Winters, Charles	Groton,	Jan. 3, '64,	Jan. 3, '64,	Trans. from Co. A, 9th C. V. Oct. 12, '64. M. o. Aug. 3, '65.

† Place of muster in.

SOME BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

IT was the author's original intention to give a detailed biographical sketch of every officer and man in the regiment. This idea, however, was finally abandoned for various reasons. It was found that in hundreds of cases, owing to the deaths of so many officers and men, during and since the war, material for many sketches could not be obtained. Even if such material could be secured, the use of it would increase the size of the present volume far beyond that contemplated by the committee on publication.

A few salient points, however, concerning every officer and man who enlisted in the Ninth are given in this work. They are contained in the roster herewith published. So that every commissioned and non-commissioned officer, every private, every drummer boy and every member of the band is, in some manner, noticed. The design has been to include all.

The following sketches—mainly of commissioned officers—are compiled from such material as could be obtained at this distance of time from the close of the war. They will, it is believed, be found of much interest:

AVERY, ASS'T SURG. GEORGE W., resided in Hampton, Ct.; enlisted in the Ninth, Nov. 13, 1861; mustered, Nov. 25, 1861; promoted surgeon of the First regiment, New Orleans Volunteers, Dec. 8, 1863; discharged, June 1, 1866.

BENNETT, Q. M. NATHAN I., a native of Bethel, Ct. His father was a graduate of Yale, and commenced the practice of medicine at Bethel, removing to Bridgeport, Ct., in 1852. Nathan I., previous to the war, had been a clerk in the Bridgeport post office. He

enlisted in the Ninth regiment, Aug. 17, 1861, and was mustered, Oct. 30, that year, as quartermaster-sergeant of the regiment. On June 5, 1862, he was promoted regimental quartermaster, succeeding Quartermaster William W. Harral. who had been honorably discharged, June 5, 1862. Quartermaster Bennett resigned Jan. 23, 1863, and was honorably discharged.

BOLGER, LIEUT. JOHN, of Company D of the battalion. (See roster).

BURKE, LIEUT. MARTIN, of Company G of the regiment. (See roster).

CAHILL, COL. THOMAS W., born in Charlestown, (now a part of Boston), Mass., Aug. 12, 1826; son of Lawrence and Mary Ann (Young) Cahill. The family removed to New Haven, Ct., when Thomas was a child, and settled there. The boy grew up to manhood, learned the trade of ornamental plasterer, and in 1851, formed a partnership, the firm engaging in the masonry business. During Father Mathew's visit to New Haven, in 1849, the future colonel was among those who took the pledge from that great total abstinence reformer. Cahill was one of the founders, in 1849, of the Washington-Erina Guards, of New Haven, and served, successively, as lieutenant and captain of the organization, holding the latter rank at the time the company was disbanded, in 1855, by the Know Nothing administration. He was also, subsequently, captain of the Emmet Guard, of New Haven. He was elected to the Common Council in 1857, and re-elected in 1858; was elected Alderman in 1859, and re-elected in 1860 and 1861. He was also chosen street commissioner, but resigned the latter office in Nov., 1861, upon being mustered in as colonel of the Ninth regiment. He had been very active in the interests of the latter, and it was largely due to his exertions that the State authorized the formation of the command. Owing to his efforts, and those of a splendid set of officers, the regiment was

brought to a high degree of efficiency, as narrated in the foregoing pages. Col. Cahill was very highly esteemed by Gen. Butler, Gen. Phelps, Gen. Banks and other great commanders who bore testimony to his ability, courage and fidelity. He was appointed to command the defences of New Orleans, was acting brigadier-general for a considerable period, and acquitted himself in a manner creditable alike to himself, the regiment, the state and the nation. Much of his military career is told elsewhere in this volume. It need not, therefore, be dwelt upon here. In addition to holding the municipal offices above mentioned, in New Haven, he also served as a member of the board of education. Col. Cahill was married in New Haven, Oct. 15, 1856, to Margaret A. Lanin. She was a native of New York city. Their children were: (1) Mary A.; (2) Edward L.; (3) Thomas M.; (4) Ellen J. L.; (5) Charles J. Colonel Cahill died in New Haven, Aug. 31, 1869. His wife died there, July 25, 1870.

CAHILL, LIEUT. JAMES, belonged in Bridgeport, Ct. He enlisted in Company D, of the Ninth, Sept. 7, 1861, and was mustered as corporal, the same month. He was promoted sergeant, April 1, 1862; second lieutenant, May 21, 1862, and first lieutenant, May 29, 1863. He was honorably discharged Oct. 26, 1864. Subsequently, for several years, he was a captain in the National Guard. He is now engaged in business in Oakland, Cal.

CARROLL, LIEUT. DANIEL, of Company B. (See roster).

CARROLL, LIEUT. JOHN, of Company F, and Company B. (See roster).

CARROLL, LIEUT. WILLIAM H., enlisted into the Ninth regiment, C. V., Sept. 3, 1861, and was mustered in, as second lieutenant of Company F, Oct. 30, 1861. He belonged in Waterbury, Conn. He resigned, and was honorably discharged from the regiment Dec. 20, 1862.

On Aug. 24, 1864, he married Mary Murphy, of Waterbury. Three children were born, viz: William H., Mary A., and John. Lieutenant Carroll died, and was buried with military honors, in Waterbury, some twenty years ago.

CLAFFEE, LIEUT. PATRICK T., born in Kings County, Ireland, March 13, 1832; son of Thomas and Ellen Claffee. He was brought to this country at the age of five years. He enlisted into the Ninth, Sept. 9, 1861, and was mustered, Nov. 1; was sergeant-major of the regiment; was promoted to be second lieutenant of Company C, Feb. 25, 1862; was promoted to be first lieutenant of the same company, May 18, 1862; died at New Orleans, La., Oct. 2, 1862. His body was brought home to the residence of his parents in Waterbury, and was given a military funeral.

CLANCEY, LIEUT. RICHARD A., of Company D. (See roster).

COATES, CAPT. THOMAS C., a native of Limerick, Ireland, born March 8, 1805; came to this country in early manhood and finally settled in Bridgeport, Ct. He enlisted in the Fourth U. S. Artillery, Sept., 1833, and participated in operations in Alabama, and against the Seminole Indians. He was honorably discharged in Sept., 1836. In 1847, he enlisted in the Twenty-fourth regiment, N. Y. Volunteers, and served in the Mexican war, being wounded at the battle of Pueblo. Subsequently, he was one of the organizers of the Montgomery Guards, Bridgeport, Ct., the company being among those disbanded by the Know Nothing administration in 1855. He enlisted in the Ninth regiment, C. V., Aug. 21, 1861, and was mustered as captain of Company D, Oct. 30, the same year. Before leaving for the front with the Ninth, he was presented a sword and sash by the ladies of Bridgeport. He resigned Oct. 15, 1862, and was honorably discharged. Capt. Coates died Feb. 15, 1887, much and deservedly regretted.

COEN, CORPORAL MICHAEL P., born in Ireland, 1843; son of Michael and Catherine (McCaffrey) Coen; located in Waterbury, Ct., with his parents, 1849, and was educated there. When Fort Sumter was fired upon, the Rev. Thomas F. Hendricken, then pastor of the Immaculate Conception church, Waterbury, in a patriotic address called a meeting of the young men of the parish in the basement of the church, at which meeting a company for three months was organized with the principal of the school as captain and Mr. Coen as a corporal, and its service tendered Gov. Buckingham.

As the short time regiments were full, the company waited several weeks and was then mustered as Company F into the Ninth Connecticut. Mr. Coen was the youngest member of Company F. His father died while a member of the Twentieth Connecticut regiment and an elder brother, John P. Coen, was killed while a member of Company F of the Ninth. Mr. Coen, the subject of this sketch, also saw nine months' service in the United States Signal Corps to which men of a high grade were transferred. Both Michael P., and John P. Coen, the brothers, were corporals in the Ninth.

After four years' service Michael P. returned to Waterbury and soon became interested in the Fenian movement, being the chief mustering officer of Connecticut. Waterbury played an important part in furnishing men and money for the invasion of Canada, being the state military headquarters with Major Bannon commanding and Judge A. H. Fenn, aide on the staff of Gen. Sweeney. Mr. Coen is now one of the prominent residents and business men of Naugatuck, Ct. He is a public spirited citizen, active in all measures for the general welfare, and is very highly esteemed. His connection with the G. A. R. is a most honorable one. He has served as aide on the staff of the department Commander and also as aide on the staff of Commander-in-chief Veazey. He was a delegate from Connecticut to the National encamp-

ment and a visitor to the soldiers' home at Noroton. "As a citizen and business man," states a writer, "Mr. Coen has taken a high rank in Naugatuck; being connected with many of its public enterprises, a section of the borough and a street being named after him. He is an active member of St. Francis' church, aiding it materially, having purchased the location of the present church and new cemetery. His entire time is now given to managing the affairs of the Salem Spring Ice Company, of which he is the principal owner." He was married at Naugatuck, Ct., in 1866, to Catherine Mulvey. Corporal John P. Coen, Michael's brother, was accidentally killed by the cars on the New Orleans & Jackson railroad, May 27, 1863, while serving in the Department of the Gulf. He had been a teacher in a National School, at Mount Rath, Queen's County, Ireland.

COOGAN, LIEUT. JOHN (also written Cogan), a native of Kilkenny, Ireland, born in 1826. He came to this country when quite young, with his parents, and settled in New Haven, Ct. He married Ellen Shannahan and became the father of nine children,—three daughters and six sons. Their names: Mary, Nellie L., Julia, James J., Richard T., John F., William H., Edward R., and Henry F. Lieut. Coogan enlisted from New Haven, in the Ninth, Aug. 16, 1861, and was mustered second lieutenant Oct. 30, that year. He was promoted first lieutenant, April 10, 1862, and resigned Jan. 31, 1863.

COLE, LIEUT. ANDREW, of Company K. (See roster).

CONNORS, LIEUT. THOMAS, a native of Wexford, Ireland; born in 1838; became a resident of Danbury, Ct. He enlisted, Aug. 24, 1861, in Company A, of the Ninth, and was mustered, as corporal, Sept. 27, that year. He was promoted first sergeant of his company Aug. 31, 1862, and second lieutenant Dec. 14, 1863.

On Oct. 12, 1864, he was transferred to Company A, of the Ninth battalion, C. V.; was captured at Cedar Creek, Va., Oct. 19, 1864, and was paroled March 1, 1865. He was honorably discharged March 3, 1865.

CRONAN, SERGT. MICHAEL, born in County Mayo, Ireland, Jan. 5, 1824; came to America, in 1848; resided in the state of New Jersey four years, and for over fifty years past has been a resident of Naugatuck, Ct. He married Annie McNally. Of their eight children, five are living, viz: Stephen A., captain in the Fourth regiment, C. N. G.; Edward O., a detective in Bridgeport, Ct.; and daughters Catharine, Jennie and Tessie. Sergt. Cronan enlisted in the Ninth regiment, Sept. 28, 1861, and was mustered as a corporal of Company F, Oct. 12, that year. He was promoted to sergeant, Jan. 1, 1863, and was at one period color sergeant.

CURTIS, CAPT. ELLIOT M., born in Bridgeport, Ct., of Pilgrim stock; was educated in the public schools. At the breaking out of the Civil War, he assisted in recruiting the Third regiment, C. V., for three months service. He was appointed second lieutenant in Company D, and was mustered April 25, 1861. He participated in the battle of Bull Run, July 21, that year. After being mustered out, he was made first lieutenant of Company C, Tenth regiment, C. V., and was mustered, Sept. 25, 1861. Transferred to Company I, of the Ninth regiment, C. V., he was mustered as captain of the latter company. He was a splendid officer and one of the most popular captains in the regiment. During his service with the Ninth he was, at one time, assistant provost marshal at New Orleans, La., and later provost marshal at Madison, La. He was mustered out, Oct. 26, 1864. Subsequently, he became major in the Fourth U. S. Veteran Volunteers (Hancock's), and was mustered, Dec. 29, 1864. He was on duty as superintendent of the recruiting service, in Connecticut, for the Veteran Corps, Jan.

1 to April 16, 1865; organized the Fourth Veteran regiment; left Washington, D. C., April, 1865; marched to Winchester, Va.; returned to Washington in May. He did guard duty over the prisoners charged with the assassination of President Lincoln, and at the scaffold during their execution. He was mustered out, March 16, 1866. Major Curtis died at Los Angeles, Cal., about nine years ago.

CURTIS, LIEUT. JOHN C., a native of Bridgeport, Ct., born April 17, 1845. He enlisted from Bridgeport, in the Ninth, Aug. 17, 1861, and was mustered a corporal of Company I, Oct. 30, the same year. He was promoted sergeant in the company Jan. 8, 1862, and was appointed sergeant-major of the regiment, May 31, 1862. He was promoted second lieutenant Sept. 24, 1862, and first lieutenant of Company G, August 10, 1863. Lieut. Curtis was honorably discharged in Oct., 1864. He is now superintendent of the New England division of the Adams Express Co., with headquarters in Boston, Mass. He was married, Nov. 8, 1870, to Adeleine Stuart. They have had nine children, viz: Victor S., Clapp S., Gladys H., Henry S., John K., Sarah G., Adeleine M., Vera C., and Eliot R. Lieut. Curtis and Capt. (afterwards Major) E. M. Curtis, mentioned above, were brothers. Another brother, Frederick, served four years as sergeant in the First Connecticut cavalry, and was captured by Col. Mosby in the Shenandoah valley, but escaped within a few hours and got back safely to camp instead of being taken a prisoner to Libby.

DOWNING, LIEUT. EDMUND, of Company C, of the battalion. (See roster).

DUFFY, CAPT. JOHN, born in Edinburgh, Scotland, March 6, 1825; came to this country with his parents at the age of seven years; eventually settled in New Haven, Ct.; was one of the founders, in 1849, of the Washington-Erina Guards of the latter place. He was the first captain

of the company. Early in the Civil War, he was given a government contract, but relinquished it to assist in organizing the Ninth regiment. He was mustered as captain of Company A, and served with fidelity and courage until his resignation in April, 1862, when he was honorably discharged. He died June 8, 1874, leaving a wife, a daughter and two sons.

FAIRCHILD, LIEUT. FREDERICK M., born in Newtown, Ct., Dec. 23, 1838; son of Josiah B., and Eliza (Dibble) Fairchild. He received his early education in the public schools and was, later, graduated from the Newtown Academy. At the age of 16 years, he became bookkeeper at the Crescent foundry in Bridgeport, Ct., and retained that position up to the time of his enlistment, 1861, into the First Connecticut Infantry. He was first sergeant in Company H, of that regiment, and was at the first battle of Bull Run. After three months' service, he returned to Bridgeport and assisted in recruiting a company for the Ninth regiment. He enlisted into the Ninth, Feb. 18, 1862; was mustered, April 10, the same year; became first lieutenant of Company K, and died of sickness at Vicksburg, Miss., July 21, 1862, much regretted. He was a very efficient officer, of pleasant demeanor, and was greatly liked in company and regiment.

FINNEGAS, LIEUT. HENRY, of Company K. (See roster).

FITZ GIBBON, LIEUT. COL. RICHARD, born, Oct. 6, 1836, in Montreal, Can.; is now a resident of Bridgeport, Ct. His parents were Edmond and Johanna, who, in 1832, emigrated from Ireland to Canada, later removing to Albany, N. Y., New York city and Bridgeport, Ct. Edmond, Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon's father, was born in 1810, at Youghal, County Cork, Ireland, where he wedded Johanna Lockhart of the same county. They had six children. The mother died in 1885 and the father in 1893, both at Bridgeport, Ct. Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon,

the subject of this sketch, was the eldest of the six children. He was apprenticed to the firm of Harral & Calhoun, Bridgeport, to learn the saddler's trade. After serving some time in this business, he abandoned it to fill a position as storekeeper on the *North Star* and *Ariel*, of the Vanderbilt line of steamers, plying between New York, and Havre, France, and touching at Southampton, England. He remained with the line nearly three years and crossed the ocean many times. In 1860, he accepted a position, as messenger, with the Adams Express Co., his "run" being between Bridgeport, Ct., and Great Barrington, Mass. He was thus engaged when the Civil War broke out. He had long been interested in the Connecticut State militia, having served in the same for some years. He had commanded the famous Washington Light Guard, of Bridgeport, and was commissioned Lieutenant Colonel of the Eighth Regiment of militia of the State. When President Lincoln's first call came for volunteers to defend the Union, Col. Fitz Gibbon promptly responded, and recruited Company H for the First Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers. He was commissioned captain of this company April 20, 1861. The regiment served in Tyler's department, of Northwestern Virginia, from May, 1861. It participated in the engagement June 17 and at Bull Run, July 21. It was mustered out of service at New Haven, Ct., July 31, 1861. On his return home, Fitz Gibbon assisted in organizing a second company, and was assigned to the Sixth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, as a captain. About this time, steps were under way to organize the Ninth, an Irish regiment. Fitz Gibbon decided to join this regiment and was mustered in as lieutenant colonel. He was in command of the Ninth from June 24, 1863, to Oct. 26, 1864, the colonel of the regiment, Thomas W. Cahill, serving on detached duty as commander of the defences of New Orleans and acting brigadier-general. Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon was, at one time during the war, honored by an ap-

pointment to the staff of Gen. Reynolds. He reported to the latter, but it having been shown to Gen. Reynolds that he could not very well be spared from the Ninth, he was relieved and reported back to the regiment. Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon was mustered out in Oct., 1864, his term of service having expired. He immediately took steps to join a corps of veterans, which was being recruited by Gen. Hancock, and sent in his application, but the matter was finally dropped owing to the approaching close of the war. Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon married Miss Nellie A. Barnum. She died July 12, 1889. He was an officer of great ability. Possessing excellent judgment and a splendid military training, he was always quick to plan and prompt to act. He was a popular officer, fearless in the face of danger, and a credit to his ancestry, to Connecticut, and to the Union. Two of his brothers, Thomas and John, also served the cause of the Union, in the Ninth Connecticut. The former, LIEUT. THOMAS FITZ GIBBON, also of Bridgeport, Ct., became regimental quartermaster and was an excellent officer. He rendered splendid service, especially in the Shenandoah campaign, in bringing up the stores. Sheridan's army was always on the move and that fact, together with the presence in the region of Mosby's Cavalry and other Confederate forces, made this duty of transporting stores a matter, at times, of great difficulty. But Quartermaster Fitz Gibbon was equal to the task. He was mustered out in 1864. JOHN FITZ GIBBON, another brother, of Lieut. Col Fitz Gibbon, was likewise of Bridgeport, Ct. He served as a private in Company K, of the Ninth, enlisting May 29, 1862. As a result of the Baton Rouge and Vicksburg campaigns, his health suffered and he was sent to St. James Hospital, New Orleans. In 1863, he was honorably discharged from the service by reason of disability.

FOLEY, CAPT. JOHN, a native of Queen's County, Ireland; served on the constabulary or police force in that

country. He came to Waterbury, Ct., a few years before the Civil War broke out. On Sept. 3, 1861, he enlisted into the Ninth regiment, and was mustered, Oct. 30, that year. He became captain of Company F of the regiment. He resigned, and was honorably discharged Dec. 20, 1862. He returned home to Waterbury, died shortly afterwards, and was buried with military honors.

WRIGHT, CAPT. WILLIAM, a graduate of Trinity College, Dublin; became a lieutenant in rifle Company E, Third regiment, C. V. Enlisted in the Ninth regiment, Sept. 9, 1861, and was mustered, Oct. 30, becoming captain of Company G. A biographical sketch states that he participated in the affair at Blackburn's Ford, July 18, 1861. He commanded a company of sappers and miners under Capt. Barton G. Alexander, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A. On July 21, 1861, Wright made a successful reconnoisance at Stone Bridge, during the heat of the engagement, for which he received the thanks of Gov. Buckingham, of Connecticut. He was promoted to a captaincy in the Ninth Regiment, C. V., and landed on Ship Island, Mississippi Sound, with the Ninth, in December, 1861. He also served with the expedition under Major Gen. B. F. Butler at the capture of New Orleans; was in the expedition to Vicksburg, under the command of Gen. Thomas Williams, in 1862; participated in the affair at Chattahoola Station, La., June 24, 1863; commanded the outpost at Proctorville, La., from April, 1864, to August, the same year; crossed the Potomac at Chain Bridge, with the Ninth, marched via Leesburg and Snicker's Gap to Berryville, Va., and served, with his regiment, in the army under Gen. P. H. Sheridan in the Shenandoah Valley. He participated in the battles of Winchester and Fisher's Hill; was mustered out Oct. 26, 1864. In 1872, Capt. Wright was appointed U. S. Shipping Commissioner for the port of New Orleans and held the position many years. He was State Registrar of Voters (Louisiana) from 1874 to 1876. In 1873, he also

occupied the position of Assistant Recorder for the Fourth District, and superintended the taking and compiling of the census of Louisiana in 1875. In October, 1844, Judge Don A. Pardee appointed him a U. S. Commissioner of the Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana.

FRYE, MAJOR FREDERICK, a native of Montgomery, N. Y.; was descended from a long line of soldiers. He was son of Daniel M. Frye of New York city; grandson of Capt. Frederick Frye of the Regular army; and great-grandson of Col. James Frye of Andover, Mass., who was an aide on Pepperell's staff at the taking of Louisburg (1745), and who was in command of a regiment of colonial troops at the battle of Bunker Hill (1775). Major Frye, the subject of this sketch, was educated in New York city, whither he had removed, when a boy, with his family. He was graduated from Columbia College, and began the practice of law in New York. In 1848, he was an alderman of that city, and the same year he married Matilda, daughter of Benjamin Brooks of Bridgeport, Ct. In 1849 Major Frye with his brother-in-law, B. S. Brooks, and others, fitted out the ship *Balance* and sailed for California. He subsequently returned to New York, and afterwards formed a law partnership with William H. Noble, of Bridgeport, Ct., where they practiced their profession. On the breaking out of the Civil War, both partners enlisted. Major Frye went out first as a captain in the Third Connecticut regiment and rendered splendid service. Later, he enlisted in the Ninth regiment, and was mustered as major of the command, Nov. 1, 1861. He was honorably discharged, Oct. 26, 1864. At the close of the war, he settled in New Orleans, La., where he continued the practice of his profession. He was at one time Judge of the Sixth District, that city. Subsequently, he engaged in railroad promotion in Texas, but the climate disagreed with his already failing health and compelled him to give up the business. He accepted a

position in the New Orleans custom house, which position he held at the time of his death, June 22, 1881. Major Frye was a member of the Society of the Cincinnati and of other patriotic organizations. His only son, Frederick Frye, Jr., died of yellow fever at New Orleans, Nov. 3, 1867, aged eleven years. The Major was survived by his wife and two daughters, the latter being Mrs. George Curtis-Waldo, of Bridgeport, Ct., and Mrs. John Wesley Hillman, of Hope Villa, East Baton Rouge Parish, La. Mrs. Frye, widow of the Major, died at Bridgeport, Ct., in Nov., 1895.

GALLAGHER, SURG. CHARLES A., was born in New York city, 1836; educated in the public schools; was graduated from Bellevue Medical College, 1857; was subsequently stationed at Blackwell's Island hospital, N. Y., 1858. He came to New Haven, Ct., in 1860; enlisted into the Ninth, Oct. 4, 1861, as surgeon; was mustered, Nov. 17, 1861, and served until the expiration of his term, Oct., 1864. He was, for a number of years, registrar of vital statistics, New Haven. He died at New Haven in 1873, as the result of a fall from a cherry tree. He married, about 1860, Winifred Brady of Philadelphia, Pa., who died at New Haven late in 1890. Their children were: Catherine, Julia, Mary (deceased), Winifred, Ellen, and Charles A. (deceased).

GARVEY, CAPT. PATRICK, a native of the County Clare, Ireland, born in 1824. He came to the United States in 1828, resided in Clinton County, New York, about two years and removed to New Haven, Ct., in 1830, where he remained until 1854, when he settled in Meriden, Ct. Under date of Dec. 27, 1852, he was commissioned captain of Company D, Second regiment, by Governor Seymour of Connecticut. This company was known as the "Jackson Guards," of New Haven, and was one of the companies disbanded by the Know Nothing administration in 1855. Capt. Garvey had resigned his commission in 1854. He enlisted in the Ninth regiment,

C. V., Aug. 22, 1861, was mustered as captain of Company B, Oct. 31, that year, and served until honorably discharged, Oct. 26, 1864.

GLEESON, LIEUT. WILLIAM, born in New Haven, Ct., July 16, 1841; son of Denis and Margaret (O'Meara) Gleeson. He enlisted in the Ninth, and was mustered as a private of Company A, Oct. 30, 1861. He was promoted successively, to be corporal, sergeant and first sergeant in the company. He re-enlisted, and became second lieutenant of Company C, Ninth battalion, C. V., being later transferred to Company D. He was mustered out Aug. 3, 1865. In 1861, when recruiting began for the regiment, he went into camp on the arsenal grounds at Hartford with the first squad recruited and was among the last of the battalion to be mustered out. His wife was born in New York city, her maiden name being Sinnott. Of the children of Lieut. and Mrs. Gleeson, James J., graduated from Manhattan College, New York; and later, with the degree of M. D., from the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania; Margaret M., is a graduate of Mount St. Joseph's Seminary, Hartford; William F., graduated from the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven, and is now associated with his father in business; Mary C., is a graduate of the Hillhouse High School, New Haven, and of the State Normal School, and is a teacher; Catherine V., and Teresa E., the two other children, are attending the Hillhouse High School. Lieut. Gleeson had a brother Dennis J., who also served with the Ninth regiment and battalion and was mustered out Aug. 3, 1865. Another brother, is rector of St. Joseph's Church, Willimantic, Ct.

GOODMAN, LIEUT. LEWIS H., of Company A, Company F, and Company K of the regiment, and Company D of the battalion. (See roster).

GRAHAM, CAPT. JAMES W., born in the Province of Quebec, Can., April 25, 1842; removed with his mother

to Connecticut in Dec., 1852, his father having died when James was but two years of age. The boy had attended school in Canada and continued his studies after becoming a resident of Connecticut. He enlisted into Company G, First Connecticut Volunteers, April 23, 1861, and participated in the first battle of Bull Run. His term of service having expired in that regiment, he enlisted into the Tenth Connecticut Volunteers and joined the company commanded by Capt. Fred. Frye. He was transferred with that company to the Ninth regiment, C. V., Capt. Frye becoming major of the Ninth. The company became Company I of the Ninth, and Elliot M. Curtis being made captain of the same. Graham was mustered as a sergeant and was made first sergeant in April, 1862. He was commissioned second lieutenant of Company I, subsequently became first lieutenant of the company and was, for a period, acting adjutant of the regiment. He was commissioned captain of Company D, Ninth battalion, C. V., in Dec. 1864. In May, 1865, Capt. Graham was appointed, on the staff of Gen. M. S. Littlefield, as provost marshal of Hilton Head, S. C., and served in that capacity until relieved to be mustered out. He became a lawyer and was admitted to the bar, in Massachusetts, Oct. 16, 1873. For many years past, he has been engaged in journalism and is now editor and principal owner of the *Evening Mail,* Malden, Mass.

HARRAL, Q. M. WILLIAM W., a resident of Bridgeport, Ct., and was a member of a prominent family there. He enlisted in the Ninth regiment, Oct. 17, 1861, and was mustered as quartermaster, Nov. 25, 1861. He was honorably discharged June 5, 1862, being succeeded as quartermaster by Nathan I. Bennett. Quartermaster Harral's father was mayor of Bridgeport, Ct., for three terms.

HEALY, CAPT. THOMAS F., born at Fern Hill, County Clare, Ireland; came to America in 1848; settled

in Derby, Ct., where he married, Mary Monaghan, a native of the County Cavan, Ireland, and successfully engaged in the grocery business until 1857. He then went to California, and spent three years in the gold fields, meeting much success. He returned to Derby, and soon after the war broke out. He enlisted into the Ninth regiment, Sept. 5, 1861, being mustered, the same month, He was first sergeant of Company E, and was promoted to be first lieutenant of Company K, March 7, 1862. He was promoted to be captain of the latter company, Sept. 5, 1862. He served until the expiration, in Oct., 1864, of his term of service. He then returned to Derby, again engaged in the grocery business and so continued until his death. Capt. and Mrs. Healy had five children, viz: Mrs. John T. Holian, of Springfield, Mass.; Margaret (who died in infancy); Mary (who died at the age of three years), James T. of Derby, Conn., and Dr. Thomas F., of Bridgeport, Conn.

HEALY, COL. JOHN G., born in New Haven, Ct., Feb. 12, 1841; son of Thomas and Mary (Gray) Healy. He was the oldest of eight children, the others being: (2), Mary A.; (3), James; (4), Bridget; (5), Elizabeth M; (6), Thomas F.; (7), Bartholomew T.; (8), Margaret T. Of these, Elizabeth M. is principal of the Davenport school, New Haven. Thomas F. became a priest, and died at Windsor Locks, Ct. John G., the subject of this sketch, attended the schools of Rose Toole, Patrick Morrisey and Amos Smith, in New Haven, and subsequently learned the trade of marble cutter. Early acquiring a taste for military knowledge, he became a member of the famous Emmet Guard, of New Haven, an organization that furnished many officers to the army of the Union. He enlisted in Company C, Ninth regiment, Aug. 20, 1861; was mustered as first lieutenant, Oct. 30, that year, and was promoted captain of the company, April 15, 1862. Upon the consolidation of the regiment into the Ninth battalion, in Oct., 1864, he being the senior captain was

given command of the latter. He was promoted lieutenant-colonel, Dec. 1, 1864, and was mustered out with the battalion in Aug., 1865. He participated with the Ninth in many important events of the Civil war, and proved himself a very superior officer. Since the war, he has been vice-president of the Nineteenth Army Corps Association and was selected by the executive committee to present the testimonials of the Association, on the demise of Gen. Phil. Sheridan and Gen. W. H. Emory, to their widows. In 1866, Col. Healy, in company with Capt. Lawrence O'Brien and Lieut. Joseph H. Lawler, of the Ninth, C. V., went to Ireland, in connection with the Fenian movement, in which many other veteran officers of the Union army participated. Col. Healy was arrested in the city of Limerick and was a prisoner in the hands of the British for six months. On his return to New Haven, he was given a great ovation. He was subsequently Assistant Adjutant-General, with the rank of Colonel, on the staff of Gov. Luzon B. Morris, of Connecticut, and has always enjoyed a high degree of popularity in the state. Col. Healy is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, of the Army and Navy Club of Connecticut, of Admiral Foote Post, G. A. R., New Haven, and of the Second Company of the Governor's Foot Guard. Since the Civil War closed, he has been a member of the New Haven board of aldermen, for two years, and superintendent of gas and lamps, in that city, for six years. He resigned this latter position to become superintendent of the folding department of the U. S. House of Representatives, occupying the position four years. He is at present engaged in the insurance business. Still vigorous and active, he undertook, upon the outbreak of our recent war with Spain, to organize an Irish regiment. He communicated with the Governor of Connecticut and received much encouragement. The New Haven *Leader*, May 3, 1898, stated that "As the result of a visit to Governor Cooke at Hartford last week

Colonel John G. Healy is accepting applications from men who want to enlist in a regiment which the colonel intends to organize. Within a day or two Colonel Healy expects to receive from Adjutant-General Haven authority to enlist men for his regiment. Already, it is stated, that, without the receipt of authority from the Governor, nearly fifty men have applied to the colonel to be numbered among the volunteers which the colonel will turn over to the service of the state if they are needed. When the war preparations begun Colonel Healy formally offered his services to the governor and promised to raise a regiment of volunteers to be composed of Irish-Americans or men of Irish extraction. Until last week the colonel has had no further communication with the Governor about the proposed Irishmen's regiment. Last Wednesday he went to Hartford and had a long talk with the Governor and with Colonel Landers, the assistant adjutant-general. Adjutant General Haven was in Washington on that day and it was impossible for Colonel Healy to see him. When Colonel Healy explained his purpose to the Governor the latter expressed pleasure at the proposition and gave his unqualified approval of it. The situation with regard to the proposed organization was gone over with both the Governor and Colonel Landers, the latter also approving of the plan. Colonel Healy's idea was to have the proposed regiment organized and in readiness to respond to a call when its turn came after the National Guard had been given its chance. He told Colonel Landers that he could furnish a fighting regiment and have it ready to take the field when the call came. The Governor practically told him to go ahead and get ready for it. So much assurance was given him that his plan was approved that Colonel Healy is confident that he will receive authority to proceed with the enlistment within a short time. Yesterday he wrote to Colonel Landers asking for the desired authority and expects to hear favorably from the assistant adjutant gen-

eral shortly. Upon receipt of it he will detail men with authority to enlist men and have them constantly on hand for that purpose. At present applications are being made personally to him. A number of men have offered their services to take applications for enlistment. Colonel Healy said this morning that his design was to recruit three companies in New Haven and have the other companies from different cities. He has already been in communication with prominent Irish-Americans in Waterbury, Bridgeport, Naugatuck, Middletown and other places, who want to enlist companies in their respective cities to join Colonel Healy's proposed regiment. As soon as the desired authority is received Colonel Healy will notify the men to proceed to accept enlistments. He says men in all parts of the state will be given an opportunity to enlist." Later, a recruiting office was opened at 99 Congress Ave., New Haven, with Capt. J. H. McGovern in charge, and another at 240 Hamilton st., in charge of James H. Cannon. At one time, five companies were in process of being recruited. The unexpectedly brief duration of the war, however, rendered the projected regiment unnecessary. Speaking of his services in the Civil war, Dr. Rollin McNeil, of New Haven, pays the following tribute to Col. Healy: "As surgeon of the Ninth Connecticut Veteran Volunteers, I was thrown into most intimate relations with him, and the friendship that resulted has continued during all the long years since the Civil War. His bravery in the field is a matter of record. The day Sheridan made his famous ride, Col. Healy was in the forefront, the colors in his hand. I don't think he ever knew the meaning of the word 'fear.' He led his men in battle; he cared for them in camp, and on the march, with a solicitude that won their affection. A thorough disciplinarian, when discipline was necessary, he stood always for the rights of his men, and the honor of the command. I can recall nothing but pleasant memories of the days when

we marched and camped together. We were boys then; we are gray-haired veterans now, yet we still touch elbows with the few old comrades—noble fellows all of them—who are still this side of the great divide, proud of our regiment, proud of its record, drawing closer to each other as our ranks grow thinner, keeping alive the old friendship and the old enthusiasms. And so may it be to the end."

HEALY, PRIN. MUS. JOHN E., a native of New Haven, Ct., born Aug. 16, 1847; son of Patrick and Julia Healy who were from Dundalk, County Louth, Ireland. John E., enlisted in the Ninth, Sept. 20, 1861, as a drummer boy of Company B, became drum major in 1862, and was promoted to be principal musician of the regiment, Jan. 1, 1863. His entire period of service, with regiment and battalion, covered three years and eleven months. He was mustered out Aug. 3, 1865. After the war, he entered a commercial college from which, in due time, he graduated and engaged in business pursuits. He interested himself in medicines, traveling and lecturing in that connection for a number of years. He also organized "Healy's Mirror of Ireland" and toured the country, with the same, four years. He subsequently organized the Hibernian Minstrels and for six years visited the principal cities with his troupe. He married Belle Tracy of Rockland, Me. Mr. and Mrs. Healy have had five children,—four sons and one daughter. He is now engaged in the real estate business in New Haven.

HENNESSEY, CAPT. JAMES P., born in County Cork, Ireland, 1827. He came to this country about 1847, and settled in New Haven, where he wedded Miss Catherine Walsh. He enlisted into the Ninth, Sept. 5, 1861, and was mustered captain of Company E, Oct. 30, that year. He resigned Oct. 25, 1862, and was honorably discharged. One of his sons, Richard Hennessey, was a drummer boy in the company, enlisting Sept. 4, 1861,

when aged but 11 years, and 10 months. This was under the age prescribed, but the matter was satisfactorily arranged. Richard, like his father, served with fidelity and courage. Capt. Hennessey, was survived by his widow and six children, the latter being Richard, already mentioned, John, Charlotte, James, Andrew, and Theresa. James was, for a number of years, brigade chief trumpeter in the National Guard of Connecticut. The Rev. F. J. Hennessey, a grandson of Capt. Hennessey, is a priest of the Catholic diocese of Hartford.

KATTENSTROTH, ADJUTANT HENRY. (See roster).

KENNEDY, LIEUT. MICHAEL, of Company A. (See roster).

LAWLER, LIEUT. JAMES, had been a member of the Emmet Guard, New Haven; enlisted in Company E, of the Ninth, as a private, Oct. 4, 1861; was mustered Oct. 12, 1861; appointed commissary-sergeant of the regiment, Oct. 12, 1861; promoted second lieutenant of Company C, Oct. 19, 1863; was discharged, Oct. 26, 1864, his term of service having expired.

LAWLER, LIEUT. JOSEPH H., born in Ireland. He enlisted from Norwich, Ct., in the Ninth regiment, C. V., Sept. 18, 1861, and was mustered, as a corporal of Company H, Oct. 30, that year. He was promoted sergeant, May 26, 1862; first sergeant, Sept. 1, the same year, and second lieutenant, May 27, 1863. On Oct. 12, 1864, he was transferred to Company C, Ninth Battalion, C. V., and was promoted first lieutenant, Dec. 16, 1864. He was mustered out, Aug. 3, 1865. After the war, he became a captain of police in New Orleans, La. Like other veteran officers of the Ninth, he went to Ireland in connection with the Fenian movement, and was captured by the British in Limerick. He subsequently returned to the United States, and died at New Orleans in 1893.

LAWLER, LIEUT. THOMAS C., a native of Ireland. He was of Norwich, Ct., and early in the Civil War enlisted in Rifle Company A, Second regiment, C. V., becoming sergeant. Subsequently, he enlisted in Company H, Ninth regiment, and was commissioned first lieutenant of the same. He resigned, Feb. 25, 1862, and was honorably discharged. After the war, he located in Lynn, Mass., where he died. He was married and had six children.

LEE, CAPT. WILLIAM A., of Company H of the regiment, and Company C of the battalion. (See roster).

LINES, ASS'T SURG. JAIRUS F. (See roster).

McCARTEN, CAPT. MICHAEL, a native of the County Leitrim, Ireland. He came to America in 1848, and settled in New Haven, Ct. He enlisted into the Ninth regiment on Aug. 20, 1861, and was mustered as captain of Company C, Oct. 30. He resigned in April, 1862, owing to the serious illness of his wife, and was honorably discharged from the service. He was an able officer and his resignation was much regretted by the regiment.

McCUSKER, LIEUT. JOHN, born within a few miles of Enniskillen, Ireland, 1823; arrived in this country about 1849. He became a member of the Emmet Guard, New Haven. On Oct. 16, 1861, he enlisted in Company B, of the Ninth, was mustered the next day as first sergeant of the company, and was promoted to a lieutenancy June 1, 1862. He resigned Oct. 29, 1862. Lieut. McCusker died in May, 1885.

McKENNA, LIEUT. HENRY, born in County Cavan, Ireland, 1831; came to this country, 1846; was a dentist by profession. He enlisted into the Ninth, Sept. 4, 1861, and was mustered first sergeant, Sept. 27, the same year. He was promoted to be second lieutenant of Company C, April 10, 1862. He died on Sept. 24, of the latter year at Camp Parapet, La. His body was brought home to New Haven, interment taking place at St. Bernard's cemetery with due military honors.

McKEON, LIEUT. FRANCIS, a native of the County Cavan, Ireland, born Dec. 28, 1834; came to this country about 1852. He enlisted in the Ninth, Sept. 5, 1861, was second lieutenant of Company E, and was promoted to first lieutenant Feb. 25, 1863. He was honorably discharged Oct. 26, 1864. His wife's maiden name was Mary Reilly. He died in Branford, Ct., July, 1888.

McNEIL, SURG. ROLLIN, was born in New Haven, Ct., July 8, 1837; son of Henry and Augusta Caroline (English) McNeil. He graduated from the medical department of Yale University in 1862; enlisted as assistant surgeon in the Ninth, June 16, 1864; was mustered, June 24, that year, and was honorably discharged Oct. 26, 1864. He enlisted in the Ninth battalion, C. V., Nov. 18, 1864, as surgeon of the same and was mustered Jan. 10, 1865. During this latter term of service, he was sanitary inspector of the city of Savannah, Ga., 1865; surgeon at Camp Distribution, Savannah, and post surgeon at Hilton Head, S. C. He was mustered out, Aug. 3, 1865. After his muster out, he practiced his profession at Cross River, N. Y., until 1869, and since that time has practiced in New Haven, Ct. Dr. McNeil is a companion of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, of the United States, commandery of the State of New York; and is also a member of Admiral Foote Post, No. 17, G. A. R., of the State of Connecticut. His wife's maiden name was Esther Mary Keeler. Their children were Archibald, Mary and Henry. Of these, Mary died in 1872, and Henry in 1883. Archibald is living and is practicing medicine in New Haven.

MILLINGTON, LIEUT. THOMAS, of Company K. (See roster).

MOREHOUSE, LIEUT. GEORGE N., of Company D. (See roster).

MULLEN, CHAPLAIN DANIEL, born in Ballymena, County Antrim, Ireland, 1837; died in Hartford,

Ct., 1878. He attended school in his native town, and came to the United States at the age of 17 years. He entered St. Charles College, Maryland, where he continued his studies. In 1859, he was ordained to the priesthood. He became a curate at St. Peter's church, Hartford, and later in Waterbury, Ct., where he was assistant to the Rev. Thomas F. Hendricken, who was afterwards bishop of the diocese of Providence, R. I. Father Mullen was made pastor of St. Joseph's, Winsted, Ct., in 1860. Actuated by a patriotic spirit, he was devoted to the preservation of the Union, and was made chaplain of the Ninth. He enlisted as such, Nov. 17, 1861, and was greatly esteemed by the regiment. It is recalled that while the Ninth was at Baton Rouge, La., in June, 1862, Chaplain Mullen distributed copies of *The Soldier's Manual,* or prayer book, to officers and men. The work contained spiritual instructions for soldiers. The *Annals of Winchester,* Ct., state that "Father Mullen was a man of literary culture and earnest patriotism." Owing to ill-health contracted in the service, he was obliged to resign the chaplaincy of the regiment, Aug. 26, 1862, and was succeeded as chaplain by the Rev. Father Leo (Rizzo) da Saracena, O.S.F. Upon improving in health after his return from the front, Father Mullen had charge of the Catholic church at Valley Falls, R. I. He subsequently became, in 1868, pastor at Norwich, Ct. His obsequies took place in St. Patrick's church, Hartford, the celebrant of the Mass being the Very Rev. James Hughes. The eulogy was delivered by Bishop O'Reilly of Springfield, Mass., and the absolution was pronounced by Bishop Galberry, of Hartford.

MULLEN, SERGT. JAMES T., a native of New Haven, Ct. He enlisted in Company C, of the Ninth, Sept. 11, 1861, and was a sergeant in the company. He was honorably discharged, Dec. 27, 1862, owing to sickness. Subsequently, he became a lieutenant of police in New Haven, and later engaged in business pursuits. He was

a fire commissioner of New Haven for thirteen years; president of that board for several years; and was also a member of the board of aldermen. He married a sister of the Hon. James P. Pigott of New Haven. He was one of the founders of the Knights of Columbus, was the first supreme knight; and had also belonged to the Sarsfield Guards and to the Knights of St. Patrick. He died a few years ago.

MULLINS, LIEUT. MICHAEL, a native of Limerick, Ireland, born April 20, 1835; came to America in 1856, and located in New Haven, Ct. He enlisted in Company E, of the Ninth, Sept. 22, 1861, and was mustered as sergeant. He was appointed sergeant-major of the regiment, Dec. 27, 1862, and was promoted to be second lieutenant of Company E, May, 1863, and to be first lieutenant of Company K, May, 1864. On Oct. 12, 1864, he was transferred to Company B, of the Ninth Battalion, and was honorably discharged, Nov. 27, that year. In Feb., 1860, he was married at New Haven to Miss Bridget Russell. Three children were born to them, viz: John, Ellen, and James, all of whom are dead. His widow resides in New Haven.

O'BRIEN, CAPT. LAWRENCE, born in Cahir, County Tipperary, Ireland, April 7, 1842; son of Edward and Elizabeth (Hammel) O'Brien. When ten years of age, he was brought to this country by his parents. They finally settled in New Haven, Ct., where Lawrence attended St. Patrick's parochial school. He learned the trade of bricklayer and was employed thereat when the Civil War broke out. He had long been interested in military matters and was an active member of the Emmet Guard, of New Haven. He enlisted in the Ninth regiment Aug. 30, 1861, assisted Capt. Patrick Garvey in organizing Company B, and was commissioned first lieutenant of the company. He was a splendid officer, and was promoted captain of Company D, Oct. 15, 1862.

He participated with his regiment in all the movements of the latter, and possessed rare tact, judgment and ability. He was honorably discharged Oct. 26, 1864, his term of service having expired. He was prominently identified with the Fenian movement and in 1867, went to Ireland, like many other gallant Union officers, in furtherance of the cause of Irish freedom. He was captured by the enemy, confined in Clonmel prison and, later, astonished the British by escaping therefrom. The Croffut-Morris work speaks of Capt. O'Brien as "a brave and efficient officer, and fertile in expedients." He was married in Norwich, Ct., Feb., 1869, to Catherine Devine, a native of that place. They had six children. Mrs. O'Brien died in 1890.

O'KEEFE, LIEUT. WILLIAM, born in Rathcormac, County Cork, Ireland, May 22, 1839; attended the national schools in his native land; came to the United States in 1853, and settled in New Haven, Ct., where he continued his studies. He enlisted in the Ninth regiment, C. V., Sept. 15, 1861, and was mustered as a sergeant of Company B, Oct. 4, that year. He was promoted first sergeant at Baton Rouge, La., June 1, 1862, and was made second lieutenant of his company, Feb. 7, 1863, at New Orleans, La. He served as such until mustered out in Oct., 1864. He identified himself with the Fenian movement, and went to Ireland in connection with that movement to assist in establishing the independence of Ireland. But the time had not yet come. He returned to the United States. In 1869, he was married to a sister of Capt. O'Brien of New Haven. Lieut. and Mrs. O'Keefe have had 14 children, six of whom are now living. They were given an excellent education and two of them graduated from Yale. In 1872, Lieut. O'Keefe was appointed a patrolman on the New Haven police force and served in that capacity for nine years. He was then promoted to roundsman and, in 1882, was made a lieutenant of police. In 1891, he was promoted

to a police captaincy in which position he is at present serving.

O'SULLIVAN, LIEUT. DANIEL, born in Kenmare, County Kerry, Ireland, June 14, 1836; came to the United States in 1856; resided in Jewett City, Ct., (Griswold), from the time of his arrival until he enlisted in the Ninth, Sept. 13, 1861. He was mustered as first sergeant of Company H, was promoted to be second lieutenant of Company K, Aug. 15, 1862, and was promoted to be first lieutenant shortly after. He resigned, Dec. 2, 1863, and was honorably discharged. Immediately after leaving the service, he was appointed inspector of the bureau of plantations and abandoned lands, with headquarters in New Orleans, La., and later had charge of ocean and river transportation, in the quartermaster's department. He then joined a battalion of engineers and remained with the same until it was mustered out, at Brownsville, Texas, in June, 1866. During his term with the engineers, he served under Gen. A. J. Smith in Arkansas, Missouri, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, and Texas. After being mustered out, at Brownsville, he went to Galveston, Texas, where he became clerk in the revenue and quartermaster's departments. He was afterwards sent to Fort Stockton to superintend the construction of military works. Lieut. O'Sullivan went to Kansas, left there in 1869 and went to San Antonio, Texas, where with four others he purchased a four-mule team, hired a Mexican driver, and started on the most perilous trip he had yet undertaken. It was no less than a ride through Texas, New Mexico, Arizona and California. The Comanches were out in Texas, the Apaches in New Mexico and Arizona, and the party underwent many hardships. They had to be ever on the alert, for the Indians were on the war path. They got to San Barnadino, Cal., minus the four mules and wagon, but still had their riding horses and arms, but very little money. Lieut. O'Sullivan went to San Francisco and

was immediately employed in the Mare Island Navy Yard, where he remained one year. He then went to Oregon and Washington and then back to Nevada where he did some mining work. He returned to Texas and remained there until 1875, being occupied while there as a U. S. marshal and sheriff. He went to Colorado in 1876 and was employed in the engineering department of the A. T. & S. F. Railroad. Was in Leadville in 1878, went to New Mexico and from there to Arizona again; was in Tombstone in its most turbulent time. From Arizona he again went to California, and was employed by a mining firm to report on mining property in Mexico; lived in Mexico about two years, proceeded to Central America and from there to Chili and Peru. He returned to Arizona and worked for the government in the construction of military posts, for several years, a portion of the time in the Interior Department, and another portion in the Quartermaster's Department. He was at the San Carlos agency when the Apaches broke out. He became well acquainted with the canons of the Colorado, and served as guide for exploring parties in that region. He made some money from the sale of mining claims, took two voyages to the Sandwich Islands, and made one trip to Sitka, Alaska. He also journeyed to Venezuela and stayed in Caracas several months. He returned to Connecticut, in 1893, after an absence of thirty-two years.

PALMER, LIEUT. CHARLES S., of Company I. (See roster).

PAYNE, CAPT. ADDIS E., of Company F. (See roster).

REILLY, SERGT. PHILIP, born in County Cavan, Ireland, March 25, 1841; came to the United States, 1851. He enlisted from New Haven, in Company E, of the Ninth, Sept. 4, 1861, and was mustered corporal. He was promoted to sergeant, Jan. 1, 1862, was color ser-

geant in March, 1863, and was transferred to Company B, Ninth Battalion, Oct. 12, 1864. At the battle of Cedar Creek, Va., Oct. 19, 1864, he was wounded, and was honorably discharged Feb. 14, 1865.

RIZZO, CHAPLAIN LEO, born in Calabria, Italy, about 1832; succeeded the Rev. Daniel Mullen as chaplain of the Ninth; enlisted, July 15, 1864; mustered, the same day; honorably discharged, Oct. 26, 1864. His family name was Rizzo. He became a Catholic priest of the Franciscan Order and was known in religion as the Very Rev. Leo da Saracena, O. S. F. By the officers and men of the Ninth he was popularly known as "Father Leo." Upon his arrival in this country, he was assigned to the diocese of Hartford, Ct., and was made a curate of St. Mary's church, New Haven, by Bishop McFarland. "Many will remember," says an obituary notice, "the enthusiastic and heartfelt welcome which the remnant of the regiment tendered the chaplain who came to Hartford on Battle Flag Day not to ride in a carriage, an honor to which his station entitled him, but to stand, where he always stood, among the men, to march with them through the streets of the city as he had marched with them through the fields of battle" Upon his return from the war, Father Leo was sent to build up the Winsted, Ct., parish and did his work very thoroughly. His obsequies were of a very impressive nature and took place at St. Joseph's church, Winsted, Nov. 6, 1897. The services began at 10 a. m., with a solemn Pontifical Mass. The office of the dead was chanted by the Rev. Father Murphy of Manchester, assisted by the Rev. Fathers McElroy of Derby, Quinn of Collinsville and Lynch of Waterbury. Bishop Tierney, of Hartford, celebrated Mass and was assisted by deacons of honor, Rev. T. W. Broderick of Hartford, and Rev. Father Kennedy of Norwich; deacon of the Mass, Rev. W. J. Slocum of Waterbury; sub deacon of the Mass, Rev. Luke Fitzsimmons, of New Hartford; master of ceremonies, Rev.

Father McGurk, Hartford, and Rev. T. J. Finn of Birmingham as censor bearer. In compliance with the wish of Father Leo there was no funeral sermon. Bishop Bevins of Springfield, Mass., administered absolution in the church and the Very Rev. Father Anacletus of New York gave absolution at the grave. The honorary pall bearers representing the Ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, of which Father Leo was chaplain, were Col. Fitz Gibbon of Bridgeport, Col. John G. Healy, Capt. Michael McCarten and Lieut. William O'Keefe of New Haven, Sergt. Michael Cronan and Corp. M. P. Coen of Naugatuck, and Color Bearer Frank Lynch of Meriden. Instead of bringing flowers and other decorations as a tribute, the Ninth Regiment association brought a beautiful silk flag of regulation size, with the inscription printed thereon in golden letters, "Veterans of the Ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers." The flag was mounted upon a sectional pole of oak surmounted by an eagle and tassels and was presented with a touching address by Col. John G. Healy of New Haven in behalf of the regiment. It was accepted in behalf of the Franciscan order by Father Anacletus, ex-provincial of the order, in words very fitting to the occasion and which expressed great feeling. The honorary pall bearers from the Franciscans were the Very Rev. Father Anacletus, Rev. Father Julius, Rev. Father McCabe, Rev. Father Daniel, of New York city, Rev. Father Pamphilus, guardian of the Mother House in Allegany, N. Y., and Rev. Father Cyprian of Allegany, N. Y. Governor Cooke of Connecticut walked with the honorary pall bearers. At the grave, Bugler James F. McCann, of Naugatuck, sounded "taps" in honor of the deceased regimental chaplain.

RYAN, SERGT. TIMOTHY, born in Ireland; came with his parents to this country at the age of six years; located in Torrington, Ct., where he received his early education. At the age of 19, he began the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in 1859. When the Civil

War broke out, he enlisted in the Second regiment, C. V., and served in that command until it was mustered out. He then enlisted from Waterbury, in the Ninth and was mustered as first sergeant, Oct. 12, 1861, of Company F. He died July 22, 1862.

SAWYER, CAPT. SILAS W., of Company H. (See roster).

SCOTT, CAPT. GARRY T., a native of Middlebury, Ct., born Nov. 8, 1837. He resided on a farm until 12 years of age when he entered a country store, remaining in that employment for about four years. At the breaking out of the Civil War, he was a merchant in Plymouth (Terryville), Ct. He joined the Ninth, was made hospital steward of the regiment, Oct. 30, 1861, and held the office until the fall of 1862. He was made first lieutenant of Company F, Oct. 19, 1863, and succeeded John G. Healy as captain of Company A, Ninth battalion, C. V., being promoted to that rank, Dec. 15, 1864. He was mustered out, Aug. 3, 1865. He wedded Sarah M. McNeil of New Haven. They had five children; three boys and two girls. Capt. Scott went to Nebraska in 1878, where he is successfully conducting a cattle ranch.

SHAW, LIEUT. JOHN, of Company C. (See roster).

SHERIDAN, CAPT. TERENCE, born in County Cavan, Ireland, 1838; son of James and Nancy (Galligan) Sheridan. He came to America when twelve years of age. Eventually becoming a resident of New Haven, Ct., he early took an interest in military affairs, became a member of the Emmet Guard and acquired great proficiency in drill and general military tactics. He enlisted in Company E, of the Ninth regiment, Sept. 5, 1861, and was mustered, Oct. 30, as first lieutenant. He succeeded James P. Hennessey as captain of the company, and was transferred, Oct. 12, 1864, to the Ninth Battalion, as captain of Company B, of the latter. Capt. Sheridan was

twice married. His first wife was Annie McCaffrey, a native of New Haven; and his second Annie Reilly, a native of Ireland.

STREIT, LIEUT. CHRISTIAN, born in Germany, May 21, 1822; served in the German army; came to the United States, and finally settled in New Haven. He was an accomplished musician, was a member of the New Haven City Band and of other organizations of the kind. He served with the Second Connecticut regiment early in the war, and when that regiment's period of service had expired, he organized a band for the Ninth regiment. He enlisted in the Ninth as leader of the band, Sept. 14, 1861, and was mustered Oct. 4. He was promoted to be second lieutenant of Company F, July 3, 1864, and was transferred to Company B, of the Ninth battalion, Oct. 12, that year. He was mustered out Aug. 3, 1865. Lieut. Streit died Nov. 12, 1880, leaving a wife and seven children. His brother, Simon Streit, also served with the band of the Ninth, being honorably discharged Sept. 17, 1862. He reenlisted as a private of Company B., June, 1864, was promoted to corporal that month, and was transferred to Company A, Ninth battalion Oct. 12, 1864. He was mustered out Aug. 3, 1865. After the war, Simon enlisted, Aug., 1866, in the regular army and was assigned to Company K, Seventeenth U. S. Infantry, which became, in Dec., 1866, Company K, of the Twenty-sixth Infantry. He was appointed principal musician of the regiment, Feb. 1, 1869, was transferred to the non-commissioned staff of the Tenth U. S. Infantry, March 3, 1869, and was honorably discharged Aug. 18, that year. He is now a member of the New Haven police force.

WARNER, CAPT. DAVID C., of Company B, of the battalion. (See roster).

WILLIAMS, CAPT. MICHAEL A., born in County Waterford, Ireland; became a carriagesmith. He mar-

ried Bridget E. McGowan. Their children were Teresa B., and William. Capt. Williams was an ardent friend of the Union, and early took steps to organize a company in New Haven for the projected Colt's regiment. He enlisted into the Ninth, Aug. 16, 1861; and was mustered as first lieutenant Oct. 30, that year. He was promoted to be captain of Company A, April 10, 1862, and served until the expiration of the regiment's period of service. He was a good officer and highly esteemed. At one period, he was a representative from New Haven in the General Assembly of Connecticut.

WILSON, LIEUT. THOMAS L., of Company D. (See roster).

WINSOR, ASS'T SURG. IRA C. (See roster).

MONUMENT

TO THE

NINTH REGIMENT, C. V.,

BAY VIEW PARK, NEW HAVEN.

Dedicatory Exercises, Wednesday, Aug. 5, 1903.

THE NINTH'S MONUMENT.

DESCRIPTION OF THE MEMORIAL IN BAY VIEW PARK, NEW HAVEN—PREPARATIONS FOR DEDICATING THE SAME—THE EXERCISES ON THE OCCASION—FIELD DAY OF THE AMERICAN-IRISH HISTORICAL SOCIETY—LETTER FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES—LIST OF THE PRESENT SURVIVORS OF THE NINTH.

A MONUMENT to the Ninth regiment stands in Bay View Park, New Haven. It was unveiled and dedicated on Wednesday, Aug. 5, 1903. The exercises were of a most impressive nature. The structure is a noble memorial, and is located on the site of the first encampment of the regiment,—the rendezvous of the Ninth before the latter's departure for the front.

The monument is over eighteen feet in height and is constructed of granite quarried at Barre, Vt. On the faces are bronze tablets bearing the names of the officers and men of the command who lost their lives in the service. The figure of a soldier surmounts the pedestal, the whole effect being eminently appropriate. On the base of the monument are displayed the names of leading engagements in which the command took part. Four Dahlgren brass guns, fastened to bed plates, surround the memorial, and were donated by the United States government. The builder of this imposing monument was J. R. Maxwell of New Haven. The entire cost was in the neighborhood of $4,500, of which amount $1,000 was given by the State of Connecticut, the rest being realized by popular subscription.

The monument was erected under the auspices of the Veteran Association of the Ninth, the committee having charge of the work being:



THE NINTH'S MONUMENT,

IN BAY VIEW PARK, NEW HAVEN.

Col. John G. Healy, New Haven, President.
Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon, Bridgeport, Chairman.
Corp. Michael P. Coen, Naugatuck, Secretary-Treasurer.
Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, New Haven.
Lieut. William Gleeson, New Haven.
Prin. Mus. John E. Healy, New Haven.

The committee performed its work in the most thorough manner. It was splendidly assisted by the other surviving veterans of the Ninth and by an appreciative public. The committee decided to have the dedicatory exercises take place Aug. 5, 1903, the anniversary of the battle of Baton Rouge, in which the Ninth participated.

The dedicatory programme, as arranged, provided for a great military and civic parade in which some 6,000 or 8,000 men were to take part, and other appropriate features. The following civilian, or citizens, committee of New Haven gentlemen, was appointed to assist in carrying out the programme:

Hon. James P. Pigott, Chairman.
Thomas M. Cahill, M.D., Vice-Chairman.
Hon. James P. Bree, Secretary.
James F. Brennan, Treasurer.
James E. McGann.
M. F. Sullivan.
James J. Lawton.
Edward Dillon.
John E. McPartland.
Thomas I. Kinney.
Francis W. Foley.
David E. FitzGerald.
John J. Hogan.
Bernard E. Lynch.
Matthew W. Leahy.

There was also an aldermanic committee appointed, consisting of Messrs. Thomas C. Bracken, Phelps Mont-

gomery, Charles C. Spryer, James R. Maxwell and James E. Wheeler. The G. A. R. committee consisted of Willis B. Isbell, Daniel B. Horton and Philip Ryan.

Major John Q. Tilson, of New Haven, was appointed chief marshal of the procession, the selection being a most excellent one.

The New Haven *Register*, in its issue of Sunday, July 19, 1903, stated that: "The monument is now in place, draped in canvas, and will remain hidden from the public eye until it is unveiled the day set for the dedication, Wednesday, August 5. It stands 18 feet, eight inches high. The base is eight feet square, 18 inches high, upon which rests another smaller base upon which are cut on the four sides the words, New Orleans, Cedar Creek, Fisher's Hill and Baton Rouge, in each of which places the regiment distinguished itself during the war of the Rebellion. Then there is a third, still smaller base. Then on the die is cut the coat-of-arms of the State of Connecticut and surmounting the monument is a life-size figure of a soldier resting upon his gun. The entire work is well executed and is highly creditable to the contractor, who is a rising young local business man.

"The preparations for the exercises and ceremonies planned in connection with the dedication are now nearing completion, but the program in all its details is not yet ready and will not be for several days. Several important features, however, have been decided upon. After the unveiling of the monument it will be formally turned over to the city of New Haven by some one not yet designated, in a short formal speech. Mayor Studley, on behalf of the city, will accept the trust. The opening dedicatory prayer will be said by the Rev. J. J. Gleeson, the successor of the late Father Florence de Bruycker in Willimantic, and whose two brothers, Lieut. William Gleeson of this city, and another served with the Ninth through the war.

"The orator, as has been already stated, will be the Rev. William J. Slocum, pastor of the Immaculate Conception church of Waterbury. The Rev. Watson L. Phillips, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer, of this city, will deliver the closing prayer. While in this city Father Slocum will be the guest of the Rev. P. M. Kennedy. * * * "

"Major John Q. Tilson, who is to be the grand marshal of the day, has not yet appointed his aides, but will do so in a few days. Former Governor Morgan G. Bulkeley, commander of the Grand Army of Connecticut, will command the veterans in the parade and has postponed his trip to California to attend the national encampment of the G. A. R. at San Francisco from August 3, when it was planned to start, until August 8, so as to attend the dedication of the monument to the Ninth. The speaking at the dedication will be confined to the formal transfer and acceptance of the monument and the oration of Father Slocum. So many distinguished men will be present, among them United States Senator Platt, Governor Chamberlain and staff, ex-Governor Bulkeley, Congressmen Sperry, Lilley and others, that it would be impossible to hear addresses from all of them.

"A few days ago Colonel Healy ordered of J. B. Cunningham a silk American flag for use of the headquarters staff on the occasion of the parade. It was delivered yesterday, and when the price was asked, Mr. Cunningham generously said he wished to donate it as a gift. It is a rich, heavy, beautiful flag and a fine work of art. The gift is much appreciated by the Monument Association. Professor Benjamin Jepson yesterday sent a letter to Colonel Healy requesting the publication of the fact that a rehearsal by the 600 schoolboys who will sing at the dedication, will be held in the new High School auditorium on Monday, August 2, at 9 o'clock a. m. After the rehearsal the silk flags presented by Colonel Cheney for the occasion will be distributed among the boys. The

contribution during the week of $500 to the monument fund assures the success of the committee in the collection of sufficient funds, but a considerable sum is still needed."

Wishing to give additional eclat to the occasion, the American-Irish Historical Society decided to have its annual field day in New Haven on the date mentioned. The following notice was sent to each member of the Society:

AMERICAN-IRISH HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

(Founded, 1897. First President-General, Rear Admiral R. W. Meade, U. S. N.)

NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL FIELD DAY.

DEAR SIR AND BROTHER:

The annual Field Day of our Society will take place on Wednesday, August 5, 1903, in New Haven, Conn.

Headquarters will be established at the Tontine Hotel, which faces the Yale University campus and the city green. A reception committee of New Haven members of the Society will be in attendance during the day and evening. The city is well supplied with hotels, and members of our organization who do not engage rooms at the Tontine can be accommodated at the Oneco and other excellent places.

The occasion will be one of great interest and enjoyment. On the same day and in the same city a battle monument overlooking Long Island sound, will be unveiled and dedicated by the Ninth Veteran Association, Connecticut Volunteer Infantry. The Field Day of the Historical Society will form a very important part of the exercises attending the dedication of this monument.

The Ninth Connecticut was an Irish regiment, organized in 1861, and served for three years. It comprised ten companies, was commanded by Col. Thomas W. Cahill, and was attached to the Nineteenth Army Corps. At the expiration of its period of service the re-enlisted veterans of the regiment were organized into the Ninth battalion, C. V., and were commanded by Lieut. Col. John G. Healy, being mustered out in August, 1865.

The number of enlistments into the Ninth, from first to last, was 1,606 officers and men. The command participated with Farragut and Butler in the capture of New Orleans, was at the battle of Baton Rouge, served under Sheridan in the Shenandoah valley, was present at the battles of Winchester and Fisher's Hill, and in other engagements.

The American-Irish Historical Society, wishing to honor the survivors of this gallant regiment, has decided to hold the annual field day of the organization at the time and place above mentioned. The Regimental Association has very kindly assigned us a prominent position in the dedicatory programme and has appointed a reception committee to act in conjunction with a similar committee from our Society.

The New Haven committee of our organization consists of Col. John G. Healy, Hon. James P. Bree, state auditor of Connecticut; Hon. C. T. Driscoll, Dr. Stephen J. Maher, Frank W. Foley, James A. Fogarty, Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, John P. Farrell, and several other prominent gentlemen.

It is believed that the exercises of the day will attract from 25,000 to 50,000 visitors to New Haven. The Secretary of the Navy may assign a battleship to take part in the monument programme. The exercises will include a civic, military, and naval parade, with the sailors and marines from the battleship among those in line. There will be singing by 600 children of the New Haven schools, public and private, and many other features of interest.

Among the military organizations in line will be the Second Company, Governor's Foot Guard; the Second Regiment, C. N. G.; the Hibernian Rifle Regiment, and other organizations. One division will include the Grand Army posts of Connecticut and another the Connecticut Knights of Columbus. The Governor of Connecticut has accepted an invitation to be present, accom-

panied by his staff, and among the other guests will be the president of Yale University, U. S. senators and congressmen, state officials, representatives of the Catholic and Protestant clergy, and other people of note.

In the evening, our Society and its guests will dine at the Tontine. There will be a reception beginning at 6.30 p. m. and lasting until 8 p. m., when dinner will be served.

Tickets for the dinner will be three dollars each, and are now ready for delivery.

Members of the Society are at liberty to bring personal guests. The number is not limited.

Kindly inform the secretary, upon receipt of this, whether you intend to participate with us in the forthcoming exercises. We hope to have the pleasure of your attendance.

Fraternally,

WILLIAM MCADOO,
President-General.

THOMAS HAMILTON MURRAY,
Secretary-General.
(Humarock Beach, Sea View,[1] Mass.)

June 10, 1903.

Among the special invitations sent out by the Society was one to the Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States. The following was his reply:

FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., June 29, 1903.

My Dear Mr. Murray: I wish I could be present with you on the occasion of the annual field day of the American-Irish Historical Society.

From early colonial days the Irish have been one of the great factors in our growth as a nation. Naturally, I take a particular interest in what they have contributed to our National history, inasmuch as I am myself of part

[1]Secretary Murray's Summer residence.

Irish blood. From the days of Sullivan in the Revolutionary War to those of Sheridan in the Civil War, the Irish element in our country, conspicuous everywhere, has been especially prominent in deeds of arms; and, therefore, it is peculiarly appropriate that the meeting of your society this year should be to commemorate the record of an Irish regiment in our great war.

Sincerely yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

MR. THOMAS HAMILTON MURRAY,
Secretary-General,
American-Irish Historical Society,
Humarock Beach, Sea View, Mass.

The following replies were also received:

FROM THE BARON SPECK VON STERNBURG, GERMAN AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES.

TERRACE HALL,
THE WEIRS, N. H.,
June 28, 1903.

THOMAS HAMILTON MURRAY,
Secretary-General,
SEA VIEW, MASS.

DEAR SIR: Your letter of June 26, in which you inform me that the American-Irish Historical Society will hold its annual field day in New Haven on Aug. 5, has just reached me.

Please express to the Society my hearty thanks for the courtesy shown to me by inviting me to be their guest on that occasion.

To my sincere regret, I shall not be able to accept the kind invitation as I am leaving on a tour to the west on Aug. 1.

It would have given me special pleasure to be with you, as the Veteran Association of the famous Ninth is to participate in the exercises. * * *

Thanking you for your expressions of good friendship,

I am

Yours Sincerely,

STERNBURG.

FROM M. JUSSERAND, FRENCH AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES.

AMBASSADE DE FRANCE,
A
WASHINGTON,

June 28, 1903.

DEAR SIR:

I am deeply touched at the very kind and flattering letter you wrote to me on behalf of the American-Irish Society, and I beg you to convey to the members of the same my best thanks for their invitation and for the feelings towards my country and myself they were so good as to express.

I am sorry to find that I must add to my thanks the expression of my regret for being unable, on account of other obligations, to be present at the celebration you are preparing for the 5th of August.

I remain

Very Sincerely Yours,

JUSSERAND.

To MR. THOMAS HAMILTON MURRAY,
HUMAROCK BEACH,
SEA VIEW, MASS.

The following order is self-explanatory:

HEADQUARTERS SECOND COMPANY GOVERNOR'S FOOT GUARD.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., July 27, 1903.

General Orders, No. 6.

I. Pursuant to a vote of this Company, you are hereby ordered to report at your Armory on Wednesday Morning, August 5th next, at Eight o'clock sharp, in full dress uniform (scarlet coat, white waistcoat and trousers, bearskin hat and black velvet leggins, with white gloves), for the purpose of escort duty to our Captain General, Abiram Chamberlain, Governor of the State of Connecticut, and to take part in the dedication ceremonies of the Ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers.

II. Staff, Non-Commissioned Staff and Band will report at the same hour and place.

III. After the ceremonies the Company will return to the Armory and take cars for Savin Rock, where dinner will be served at "Hills' Homestead."

IV. The Governor and his Staff, Major Bill of the First Company, G. F. G., Line and Staff, and invited guests will accompany us.

V. Transportation to and from Savin Rock will be arranged by the Q. M. Department.

By order of
ALBERT M. JOHNSON,
Major Commanding.

Official:

RUSSELL THOMPSON,
Adjutant.

Chief Marshal Tilson issued the following orders for the great parade:

General Orders, No. 1.

I. On the occasion of the dedication of the Ninth Regiment, C. V. Monument on the 5th of August, 1903,

the Headquarters of the Chief Marshal will be on Elm Street, corner of Temple Street, from 9.30 o'clock until the parade moves.

II. Those not otherwise assigned will report to the Chief Marshal at 9.30 o'clock at the above place on that date.

III. All Aides to the Chief Marshal will report mounted. The uniform will be black or dark coats, grey or white gloves, and soft felt or campaign hats. Batons will be furnished by the Committee on the day of parade.

By Order of
JOHN Q. TILSON,
Chief Marshal.

Official:
AMOS F. BARNES,
Chief of Staff.

General Orders, No. 2.

I. The parade on the occasion of the dedication of the Ninth regiment, C. V., monument will be divided into four divisions as follows:

First division, Col. Theodore H. Sucher, marshal; Second regiment infantry, C. N. G.; Second battalion, Fourth regiment infantry, C. N. G.; First Separate company infantry, C. N. G.; Machine gun battery, C. N. G.; Battery A, C. N. G.; First and Third divisions, Naval militia, C. N. G.; Second Company Governor's Foot guard; Gov. Abiram Chamberlain and staff.

Second division, Col. T. J. Murphy, marshal; Ancient Order of Hibernians; Sons of Veterans.

Third division, Commander Morgan G. Bulkeley, marshal; Grand Army of the Republic; Sons and Grandsons of the Ninth regiment, C. V.; Ninth veterans, C. V.

Fourth division, Bernard E. Lynch, marshal, and aides; Catholic Temperance Institute of America; T. A. and B. societies; detached civic organizations.

Fifth division, Col. T. F. Callahan, marshal; Knights of Columbus.

II. The first division will form in column of platoons on Temple street, south of Elm street, with right resting on Temple street, with the exception of the Second Company Governor's Foot Guard, which will form on Elm street, east of Temple street, the right resting on Temple street.

III. The second division will form on Temple street, north of Elm street, with right resting on Elm street.

IV. The third division will form on the green, east of Temple street, next to the fence on Elm street, with right resting on Temple street, with the exception of the Sons and Grandsons of the Ninth regiment, C. V., Ninth regiment, C. V., and general committee, who will form on walk from Elm and Temple streets to liberty pole.

V. The fourth division will form on College street, north of Elm street, with right resting on Elm street. The fifth division will form on Elm street, west of College street, with right resting on College street.

VI. Organization commanders will report to the marshal of their division as soon as they reach their places in line.

VII. Division marshals will report to the chief marshal as soon as the organizations in their division have reported.

VIII. Organizations are to be in their places in line not later than 10.30 o'clock, and the parade will move promptly at 10.45. The line of march will be through the following streets: Elm to College, College to Chapel, Chapel to Church, passing in review in front of the city hall, Church to Whitney avenue, Whitney avenue to Trumbull, Trumbull to Orange, Orange to Chapel, Chapel to Church, Church to Congress avenue, Congress avenue to Howard avenue, Howard avenue to Bay View park.

IX. Retired and active officers of the United States army and navy and the Connecticut National guard, acting as aides to the chief marshal, are authorized to wear the uniform of the rank on which they were retired.

By order of

JOHN Q. TILSON,
Chief Marshal.

Official:

AMOS F. BARNES,
Chief of Staff.

General orders, No. 3.

I. The line of march on the occasion of the dedication of the monument to the Ninth regiment, C. V., as published in general orders No. 2, is hereby changed as follows: Elm to College, College to Chapel, Chapel to Church, Church to Grove, Grove to Orange, Orange to Chapel, Chapel to Church, Church to Congress avenue, to Howard avenue, to Bay View park.

II. Organization commanders are requested to be in their places in line at 10.30 o'clock sharp, as the parade will start promptly at 10.45 o'clock.

By order of

JOHN Q. TILSON,
Chief Marshal.

Official:

AMOS F. BARNES,
Chief of Staff.

The make-up of the procession in detail, as finally decided upon, was as follows:

Mounted police.
Platoon of police.
Chief Marshal, Maj. John Q. Tilson.
Chief of staff, First Lieut. Amos F. Barnes.

Aides—James A. Howarth, New Haven; N. W. Kendall, New Haven; Fred B. Fallon, Bridgeport; Gen.

Henry S. Peck, New Haven; Maj. D. A. Blakeslee, New Haven; Col. Lucien F. Burpee, Waterbury; N. Burton Rogers, Danbury; Gen. E. E. Bradley, New Haven; Joseph E. Ahern, New Haven; Patrick L. Harkins, New Haven; Edward Finlan, Bridgeport; Dr. M. D. Slattery, New Haven; Joseph H. Scharff, New York; Major Ira E. Hicks, New Britain; Samuel B. Horne, Winsted; Albert E. Lavery, Bridgeport; David S. Walton, Jr., New Haven; A. Avery Bevin, East Hampton; M. J. Byrne, Waterbury; M. F. McCabe, Naugatuck; Major Henry S. Dorsey, New London; E. J. Duggan, New Haven; Seymour C. Loomis, New Haven; Thomas F. Foran, New London; Gen. Phelps Montgomery, New Haven; Capt. C. R. Bannon, Waterbury; Col. T. B. Warren, Bridgeport; Capt. James N. Coe, Noroton Heights; Capt. Alfred B. Beers, Bridgeport; James R. Maxwell, New Haven; Lieut. H. S. Hamilton, New Haven; Gen. A. H. Embler, New Haven; Col. Edward Schultz, Hartford; James M. Lawton, New Haven; Capt. W. H. Sears, New Haven; Denis Murphy, New Haven; T. J. Leddy, New Haven; Col. I. M. Ullman, New Haven; Capt. L. Ludington, New Haven; John J. Corr, Bridgeport; Edw. C. Mooney, New Haven; William F. Stahl, New Haven; Dr. William F. Allen, New Haven; L. F. Nealon, North Bridgeport; J. N. Williams, New Haven.

FIRST DIVISION.

Marshal, Col. Theodore H. Sucher.
Second regiment infantry, C. N. G.
Lieut. Colonel James Geddes, Waterbury.
Major Charles F. McCabe, New Haven.

Company C, New Haven—Capt. Jeremiah F. Donovan; First Lieut. William B. Spencer; Second Lieut. James A. Haggerty.

Company G, Waterbury—Capt. Daniel E. Fitzpatrick; First Lieut. Patrick Halpin; Second Lieut. Thomas F. Hallihan.

Company B, New Haven—Capt. Frank Pauley; First Lieut. J. Salerno; Second Lieut. W. Hedrich.

Company F, New Haven—Capt. Edward O. Gruener; First Lieut. Leroy Clark; Second Lieut. E. L. Fox.

Company D, New Haven—Capt. Ernest L. Isbell; First Lieut. Aaron A. Alling; Second Lieut. Henry A. Beebe.

Company E, New Haven—Capt. George E. Hall; First Lieut. Edgar Thomas; Second Lieut. John L. Graver.

Second battalion, Fourth regiment infantry, C. N. G.

Major James J. Hurley.
First Lieut. R. N. Burroughs, adjutant.

Company K, Capt. Stephen P. Cronan; First Lieut. Louis J. Harrmann; Second Lieut. Thomas J. Rooney.

Company E, Capt. John A. Leonard; First Lieut. James H. Havens; Second Lieut. Arthur Chambers.

Company B, Capt. James J. Halligan; First Lieut. John McBride; Second Lieut. Charles G. Burkhardt.

Company I, Winsted—Capt. George M. Crossman; First Lieut. Joseph L. Carroll; Second Lieut. Fred W. Schultz.

First Separate company, infantry, C. N. G.

Captain, John W. Ross, Jr.
First Lieut. William L. Jones.
Second Lieut. Perry Banta.

Battery A (light), C. N. G.

Captain commanding, William J. O'Brien.

First platoon, First Lieut. William H. Hotchkiss; Second Lieut. Frank M. White.

Second platoon, First Lieut. John F. Kinney; Second Lieut. George C. Walsh.

Second section, Machine Gun battery.

First Lieut. Robert G. Morley, commanding.

Naval militia.

Commander F. L. Averill and staff.

First division, Lieut. Charles A. Ingersoll, New Haven; Lieut. (J. G.) John K. Murphy, New Haven; Ensign, Clifford M. Peck, Milford; Ensign, Ambrose B. Jewett, New Haven.

Third division, Bridgeport—Lieut. Frederic A. Bartlett, Bridgeport; Lieut. (J. G.), William Edwards Waller, Plattsville; Ensign, William P. Downs, Bridgeport.

Second Company Governor's Foot Guard. Major Albert M. Johnson, commanding.

His Excellency, Gov. Abiram Chamberlain and staff, in carriages.

SECOND DIVISION.

Marshal, Col. T. J. Murphy.

Three companies of the First regiment, Hibernian Rifles.

Staff—Adjutant, Capt. Edward J. Joy, Bridgeport; quartermaster, Lieut. James H. Rooney, Bridgeport; paymaster, Lieut. William F. Dwyer, New Haven; sergeant major, Patrick Flynn, Bridgeport.

Company B, Hartford—Capt. Henry J. McInnis; First Lieut. John M. Seyer; Second Lieut. John P. Flanagan.

Company F, Bridgeport—Capt. James Carter; First Lieut. Thomas Brady; Second Lieut. Thomas F. Cotter.

Company A, Naugatuck—Capt. J. D. Shea; First Lieut. Patrick Murtagh; Second Lieut. M. J. Ryan.

Sons of Veterans.

Commander, Edward Croft.
Adjutant, Frank H. McGar.

Nathan Hale Camp, No. 1, New Haven—William B. Blair, captain.

Charles L. Upham Camp, No. 7, Meriden—Joseph De Cantillou, captain.

Franklin Bartlett Camp, No. 11, Bridgeport—Capt. G. E. Hall.

THIRD DIVISION.

Commander Morgan G. Bulkeley, marshal.

Aides.

Grand Army Posts, headed by Admiral Foote Post, No. 17, Willis B. Isbell, commander.

Sons and Grandsons of the Ninth regiment, C. V.

Ninth regiment veterans, C. V.

General committee.

FOURTH DIVISION.

Bernard E. Lynch, marshal.

Division Chief of Staff, Michael F. Campbell.

Aides, Thomas F. Meagher, Bernard J. Mulvey, John H. Meade, Thomas Flanagan, John J. Gaffey, Augustine Lonergan, Thomas J. O'Brien, Hugh I. Haggerty, Stephen J. O'Brien, Edw. F. Kavanagh, Henry Hayden, James K. Kennedy, James Murphy, Felix Callahan, James J. Hanley, Michael Brophy, George C. Lambert, Andrew Flanagan, Bernard Burns, Wm. F. Tammany, Michael J. Keyes, Thomas Donlan, Patrick F. McGoldrick, James T. Meskill, Wm. H. Hutchinson, Cornelius J. Danaher, Thomas H. Burns, Joseph H. Freney, Frank J. Kinney, Roger T. Murphy, Charles O. Murphy, Thomas F. Fitzgerald.

Catholic Temperance Institute of America, T. A. & B. societies.

Detached civic organizations.

FIFTH DIVISION.

Col. T. F. Callahan, marshal.

Knights of Columbus.

The programme arranged for the exercises at the monument was as follows:

"Hail Columbia"—Boys of the public schools, with 20 boys from St. Francis' asylum, under the direction of Prof. B. Jepson, supervisor of music in New Haven schools.

Remarks—By Col. John G. Healy, president Ninth Connecticut Veteran Association.

Prayer—Rev. James J. Gleeson of Willimantic.

Unveiling of Monument—Miss Kathleen O'Keefe and Master Thomas Marshal Cahill Egan. (The former is a daughter of Lieut. William O'Keefe of the Ninth; and the latter, a grandson of Col. Cahill).

Song—"Red, White and Blue."

Oration—Rev. William J. Slocum of Waterbury, chaplain Ninth Regiment Veteran Association.

Surrender of monument to city—Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon, chairman monument committee.

Acceptance—Hon. John P. Studley, mayor of New Haven.

Transfer to park commissioners.

Song—"Union Dixie."

Remarks—Department Commander Morgan G. Bulkeley, G. A. R.

Prayer—Rev. Watson L. Phillips, chaplain Second Company Governor's Foot Guard.

"Star Spangled Banner"—The New American band.

The New Haven *Register* in its issue of Aug. 1, noted that "On Wednesday of next week New Haven will be given over to the Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers. A monument will be unveiled in its honor, the city will be filled with veterans and active militiamen, and the state will be represented by Governor Chamberlain and his military staff. It will be a great occasion. Upon an occasion of this significance it is the duty of New Haven

to put on its best attire and throw into the observance of the day its best and most enthusiastic spirit. The regiment, whose services are to be memorialized and made as immortal as granite can make them, has a fine place in the affection and gratitude of the nation. * * *

"New Haven, on Wednesday, should recall the services of this regiment and honor it by the display everywhere of the flag it did so much to uphold. * * *

"We have no doubt the management of the celebration has made the necessary arrangements to have the streets emptied of surface cars and other vehicles during the parade. If not, the mayor should be appealed to to issue the necessary proclamation. Even at the complete disturbance of the time table, the gallant soldiers of the ex-Ninth, and their military guests, should be given the exclusive right of way through the streets they march. Let all conceivable honor be done the Ninth."

The next day, Aug. 2, the *Register* stated that "Everything is in readiness for one of the greatest military reunions ever held in New Haven, the celebration of the Ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, which will occur Wednesday. Already red, white and blue colors are being thrown out, and by Tuesday evening, if citizens respond as liberally as they are expected to, the whole line of march will be resplendent with United States flags. Briefly, the exercises will include a monster parade in the morning, with unveiling exercises at the Bay View park."

On Aug. 3, the *Register* said: "Bay View park to-day assumed the appearance of a camp ground. Big tents where the veterans are to be cared for after the parade, were pitched and carpenters are at work erecting grand stands near the monument for those who will take part in the exercises, on Wednesday next, at the unveiling of the Ninth regiment, C. V., monument.

"This morning Colonel John G. Healy received word from Capt. J. D. Shea of Naugatuck, stating that the

Hibernian rifles of that town would take part in the parade. This will make three uniformed companies of the A. O. H. that will be here. Col. T. J. Murphy of the A. O. H. will be in the parade at the head of the A. O. H. organizations and will have as aides, Capt. E. J. Joy, Lieut. J. H. Rooney and Lieut. William H. Dwyer.

"The following order has been issued by Post Commander James Forbes:

HEADQUARTERS KELLOGG POST, No. 26, G. A. R. of DERBY.

All the comrades of Kellogg post are earnestly requested to attend the dedication of the monument of the Ninth Connecticut volunteers on the old camp ground, New Haven, Wednesday, August 5. The comrades will report at the Berkshire depot, Derby, at 8.30 a. m., Wednesday, August 5.

All those that have uniforms will come in full uniform, cane and white gloves.

Railroad fares have been fixed at a fare and one-half for round trip. The department commander wishes all the comrades to be there.

(Signed) JAMES FORBES,
Post Commander.

"Edward Croft, commander of the Connecticut division, Sons of Veterans, U. S. A., has issued the following order regarding the attendance of members of the command at the dedication of the Ninth Regiment monument at New Haven, Wednesday:

SPECIAL ORDER, No. 3, 1903.

WATERBURY, July 29, 1903.

I. All camps and members who are to take part in the parade and dedication of the monument of the Ninth regiment, C. V., will report in New Haven, August 5th, at 9.30 a. m., Room 15, Insurance building, to Adjutant F. H. McGar, who will assign them their proper places in the parade.

II. All members who can possibly attend are urged to do so.

III. Staff officers will report in full uniform, side arms and white gloves.

"Captain C. W. Roberts, commanding Stedman Camp, No. 6, S. of V., has issued orders directing all members of his camp who intend to go to New Haven to report to him at once.

"The Irish flag is conspicuous in the decorations about town. Something unique in decorations is arranged by Maj. George E. Albee at his residence on Howard Avenue. As part of the decorations at his house he has an Irish pike, a weapon used in the Irish insurrection in 1798. Major Albee is preparing a decoration which he says will be 'dear to the hearts of all members of the Ninth, C. V.'"

The Waterbury, Ct., *American*, of Aug. 4, had the following: "New Haven will witness one of the greatest days in its history to-morrow when the ceremony of unveiling the monument in honor of the Ninth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, will take place. Military and other organizations from all over the State will be present.

"Company G, Second Regiment, C. N. G., of this city will run an excursion to that city to-morrow. The train will leave the Naugatuck Division station at 8.30 o'clock in the morning and will leave New Haven to-morrow night at 9.10 o'clock. A large number of Waterbury people will accompany the company on the trip.

"In addition to the above company, about 200 members of the Knights of Columbus will attend from this city, and in New Haven they will join a number of other Knights from other places through the State. Members of the Sons of Veterans of this city, as well as members of the organization from other places in the State, will also be in attendance. The American Band will head Company G.

"Among those from this city who will attend are the Rev. William J. Slocum, who will be the orator of the day; Maj. Charles R. Bannon, captain of police; Col. John B. Doherty, and Attorney M. J. Bryne. The last three named will be aides on the staff of Grand Marshal Tilson.

"Flags and bunting are being hung for decorative purpose with a liberal hand in New Haven to-day, to give a holiday aspect to the city's principal streets in anticipation of the parade and monument exercises of the old Ninth.

"Plans have been fully matured for the two chief features—the parade and the unveiling and dedication of the granite memorial at Bay View park—and with good weather the day promises to be a notable one. Not a little interest is taken in the several reunions of the survivors of the famous Civil War regiment and all day veterans came to the city to renew acquaintances.

"The hotels are filling up and many citizens are entertaining visitors. At the Tontine, members of the American-Irish Historical Society are gathering and they, too, will attend the monument exercises. * * *

The following is from the New Haven *Register,* of Aug. 4: "The coverings of canvas upon the figure of the soldier 'at rest' upon the monument of the Ninth regiment, C. V., in Bay View park, was removed this afternoon and the monument was draped instead with the American colors. These will remain until the strings are pulled to-morrow and the monument formally unveiled. Col. John G. Healy, chairman of the monument committee, said to-day that all arrangements had been completed for the dedication to-morrow. It will be a great day for New Haven and as many of the manufacturing concerns are to close it will almost be a general holiday in the city.

"Police Captains Tripp and O'Keefe [and Supt. James Wrinn] were at Bay View park this morning, completing

the arrangements for the policing of the territory and roping off the park for the organizations that will participate. The hospital tents and the big spread of canvas in which the veterans are to be given luncheon after the parade are up. Members of the Ninth regiment are beginning to arrive in town. Many of them called at the headquarters at the Hotel Oneco this afternoon. In the parade to-morrow the survivors of the Ninth regiment will carry an Irish flag belonging to Company C, Second regiment, which has been loaned to the veterans by the company.

"This morning Prof. Benjamin Jepson had the school children's chorus * * * in the stand at Bay View park for an open air rehearsal. The Ninth regiment monument committee met in city hall last evening. There was a large attendance and all the sub-committees reported that everything had been done to make the affair a success. It was voted that refreshments be provided for the old G. A. R. veterans who should arrive on early trains from out of town. The line of march has been somewhat changed, two blocks being left out, so as to make a shorter march."

The Waterbury, Ct., *Democrat*, in its issue of Aug. 4, under the head of "Naugatuck," calls attention to the fact that: "To-morrow the Ninth C. V. regiment monument will be dedicated in New Haven. It will be a big day in New Haven, people coming from all over the state to the Elm City to witness the ceremonies. A large quota will go from this borough. The special has been secured to take the local people to New Haven. It will leave the local depot at about 8.30 a. m. and returning leave New Haven at 9 p. m. The fare for the round trip is 75 cents, the tickets being good on any train returning. Tickets are now on sale at the passenger station or can be procured from members of the committees from the three local societies which are to take part in the parade. The Y. M. C. I., the Knights of Columbus and the Hibernian

Rifles of this town are to take part in the exercises. The Y. M. C. I. have had a large banner of royal purple with gold trimmings, 30x50 inches, made, and they have hired the Naugatuck drum corps to furnish music for them. The banner, which is a handsome one, was made by Miss May Dooling, the well known local dressmaker. The Hibernian Rifles will be accompanied by the St. Francis' T. A. B. drum corps. Persons desiring tickets for the special train should procure them before Wednesday morning if possible so as to avoid the rush at the depot."

The New Haven *Palladium*, Aug. 5, observes: "This is the day on which we pay tribute to the memory of those members of the gallant Ninth regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, who gave their lives and health, or at least tendered them to the cause of their country in sustaining the integrity of the Union in the perilous times from 1861 to 1864, inclusive. Not only do we commemorate the death of the soldiers who have gone before, but we offer our praise and gratitude to the surviving members of the 'Irish regiment' who are still with us to receive the plaudits of the younger generation and of their contemporaries, who can perhaps more fully appreciate the value of the efforts which were put forth, and with a successful issue, when the Union was badly in need of men, than can those of us who have only history and the reminiscences of our fathers to keep us informed of the conditions which existed forty-two years ago.

"The record of the Ninth is a good one and every surviving member may well feel proud that he was enrolled in this, one of the first volunteer regiments to offer its services to the government. * * *

New Haven does well to honor the living and the dead of the Ninth and we trust that every owner of the national colors will see that they are flung to the breeze to-day. That much active participation each possessor of an American flag can take in the celebration of the day."

The morning of Aug. 5, the day set for the celebration,

dawned cloudy and wet. It had rained heavily during the night and the downpour still continued.

At breakfast time the heavy rain showed no signs of abating and expressions of regret were everywhere heard. The elaborate decorations on Howard avenue, Church street, and in other parts of the city drooped in the storm and lost much of their gayety. Rivulets ran along the streets and pools of water formed here and there, making conditions as bad underfoot as they were overhead. Umbrellas were in demand.

A high wind also prevailed and the great elms on the city green tossed their branches, at the same time sending down showers upon the passers-by. The open electric cars with their half drawn curtains presented a dreary spectacle. The seats were wet and most of the passengers rode in a standing position. The weather forecast was frequently consulted, and the hope expressed that the climatic conditions would clear before 10 a. m.

But the rain still came down. As the morning advanced, telephone messages came from different parts of the State inquiring if the parade would take place. In the meantime, the committee having charge of the exercises was in session to decide on a course of action. After the matter had been thoroughly discussed, the storm still continuing, it was decided not to have the street parade. It was also determined to have the principal exercises in the Second Regiment armory on Meadow street, a detail in the meantime being sent to Bay View park to unveil the monument.

Speaking of these events, the New Haven *Evening Leader* of Aug. 5, said: "On account of the inclement weather to-day the program was somewhat changed. Early this morning the committee hoped that the weather would be sufficiently clear to enable them to at least have a short street parade of the local militia as well as the numerous out of town societies which arrived in this city early this morning.

"At ten o'clock there was no prospect of the weather clearing and the weather man holding out no hope for sunshine the rest of the day, the order of the day's exercises was completely changed about. It was decided to give up the idea of a formal street procession and the members of the Ninth regiment went to Music hall, on Court street, establishing headquarters at that place.

"Early this morning the Second Company Governor's Foot Guard, marched to the depot to act as escort to the Governor and his staff. He arrived about 9.30 and was taken immediately to the Hotel Tontine. The Governor was taken to the reception room at the hotel and held a short reception to the members of the Ninth and the civilians present.

"Several organizations having arrived from out of town at this point they were instructed to make the armory their headquarters, as the exercises were to be held there.

"The problem to be solved by the committee and which was done in a very pleasing manner to the veterans of the Ninth, was the decision of the committee to transport the veterans to Bay View Park and have them unveil the monument. Miss Kathleen O'Keefe, daughter of Captain of Police O'Keefe, a former member of the Ninth reg't, and Thomas Marshall Cahill Egan, a grandson of Colonel Thomas W. Cahill, were taken in a hack to the park to perform the act of unveiling the monument.

"When the members of the Ninth reached the park, there was a crowd of fully 700 people assembled to witness the ceremony. Several detachments of the Sons of Veterans were at the park and acted as a guard during the ceremonies. It was pouring rain at this time.

"Colonel John G. Healy made a few brief remarks at the monument and then the two young people were lifted so that they could pull the rope that would let down the American flag which had been spread over the monument. As if difficulties were still to be in the way of a successful carrying out of the committee's program, the

rope refused to let down the flag. Then Master Egan climbed to the top of the monument, and amid the cheers of the crowd, lowered the flag, revealing the monument. Three cheers were given at the grounds by the crowd present.

"The feature of having the veterans ride to the park and unveil the monument despite all the obstacles was one of the pleasing things of the day. It was with delight that the veterans went out to the grounds and they were much pleased that they could participate in the unveiling, despite the rain. * * * About 10.30 o'clock, after it was announced that the parade was declared off, the reviewing stand erected in front of city hall was taken down and carted to a place in the rear of the building. It was tastefully decorated with the national colors all ready for the city's officials who were to review the parade."

The exercises at the armory were of a most interesting nature. A platform had been erected in the center of the great drill hall for the speakers and specially invited guests. At the corners of the platform was posted a guard of honor, consisting of members of the Governor's Foot Guard in full uniform. On the platform was seated the committee of arrangements, Governor Chamberlain and his staff, the Rev. William J. Slocum, orator of the day; the Rev. James J. Gleeson, of Willimantic, and a number of other prominent people.

Around the platform was assembled a great and enthusiastic multitude of both sexes. In one of the galleries were stationed several hundred boys of the public schools, to whom was assigned the rendering of the great choruses. At intervals, the bands in the armory rendered patriotic selections.

The New Haven *Palladium* in its account of the exercises states that: "As soon as the committee which unveiled the monument returned from the park, the program of exercises was opened. The west gallery of the

hall was filled with the boys of the public * * * * schools, who furnished the vocal music, and it was one of the chief features of the affair. The chorus was directed from the speaker's platform by Professor Benjamin Jepson, and the voices were accompanied by the band. The boys were in perfect harmony and entered into the spirit of the occasion in a manner which resulted in the commendation of all present.

"At the conclusion of the singing of 'Hail Columbia' by the chorus, Col. John G. Healy, president of the Ninth Regiment Veteran association, made a short address of welcome.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. James J. Gleeson. Miss O'Keefe and Master Egan, who had participated in the unveiling of the monument, were then presented and were greeted with applause.

Governor Chamberlain was next introduced. He made a spirited address and reviewed some of the achievements of the Ninth on the field of battle and spoke strongly of their love of country, and of the many great sacrifices they had made for the preservation of the Union. He paid a glowing tribute to Colonel Cahill and Colonel Healy and to those members of the Ninth who died in the service of their country. Speaking of the monument, the Governor said it would do much good to the generations to come as an example of patriotism of a band of men who endured great hardships in defence of the nation.

The Governor at the conclusion of his address called for three cheers for the Ninth and for Colonel Healy. They were given with a will.

The Rev. William J. Slocum, of Waterbury, orator of the day, was next introduced. He was cordially greeted and delivered an eloquent address. He called attention to the time 42 years ago when the members of regiments were assembled on the green, that it was then as it is to-day, that Prof. Benjamin Jepson led the patriotic sing-

ing. This remark brought forth a round of applause for the veteran teacher of music in the public schools, Professor Jepson. Three cheers were given at the solicitation of Father Slocum, for the Professor.

Speaking of his position as chaplain of the Veteran Association of the Ninth, Father Slocum stated that he was not in the Ninth during the war. He was then but a boy. He desired to pay tribute, however, to the real chaplains, the Rev. Daniel Mullen and Rev. Leo (Rizzo) De Saracena, both of whom are now dead.

Father Slocum reviewed the history of the Ninth, its organization and the career, during that period, of Connecticut's governor, William A. Buckingham. He stated that Connecticut had not honored this famous governor sufficiently until a monument had been erected to his memory. This remark brought forth cheers. The Ninth, Father Slocum said, was made up of men who came to this country with the idea of seeking a home and to enjoy the liberty that was denied them in their native land. They debated the question of the North and South as others debated it and when the time came to decide between loyalty and treason, they chose the side of loyalty and no braver fighters ever went to the front than those of the gallant Ninth.

Following Father Slocum's oration, Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon presented the monument to the city of New Haven and to Mayor Studley as the city's chief executive.

Mayor Studley in his reply of acceptance said: "In behalf of the city of New Haven it is my privilege to accept this memorial. I thank you and your committee and all others who have assisted in making the gift possible.

"New Haven is not without historic places. The western part of the city was the scene of an invasion by British troops during the war of the Revolution. On West Rock is Judges' Cave; across the bay lie the two old forts, Wooster and Hale. And on the waters of New

Haven harbor once rode a hostile fleet, the thunder of whose guns reverberated, shaking the ground where we are now assembled.

"The establishment of this memorial marks another place never to be forgotten. It seems fitting, therefore, that the memorial should be erected upon this park, which is a portion of the old camp ground where the Ninth regiment assembled in 1861, when President Lincoln issued the call for 300,000 volunteers. It was here that the men who formed the regiment assembled. Here they perfected their company and regimental organization.

"Here they were drilled and began to know the hardships of a soldier's life. Here they became messmates and shared the same rations, and here they gathered about the campfires and sang. On November 4, 1861, the regiment bade farewell to those near and dear to them, and in the cases of many of them it was to be the last farewell. They formed their lines for the last time on these grounds, passed out the old gate and marched down the street and took the cars on their way to the war.

"The Ninth regiment was composed chiefly of men of Irish descent. That race is famed the world over for its love of liberty, its hatred of oppression, and for its generous sacrifice of property and life to get freedom. The Ninth made a gallant record throughout the war, its officers and men serving with bravery and heroism.

"The city of New Haven has a special interest in the Ninth regiment, for many of its officers and men were residents here. Colonel Cahill, the first commandant of the regiment, was long one of our prominent citizens, and Lieut. Col. Healy, who brought back the battalion from the war, is known to all of us. Among the survivors of the Ninth are some of our best citizens of to-day.

"Mr. President of the Park Commission: Having accepted this memorial on behalf of the city, it now becomes

my duty to place it in your care. I charge you to guard and preserve it well."

Gen. Phelps Montgomery gracefully accepted the monument for the park commission. The closing prayer was then offered by the Rev. Watson L. Phillips, and the exercises were concluded.

Later, lunch was served the veterans in Music Hall, on Court street. Outside, the streets were enlivened by the marching of visiting organizations and the city resounded with the music of the bands of the latter. While special trains brought many excursionists to the city the number would have been vastly greater had better weather conditions prevailed. Notwithstanding the drawbacks, however, the celebration was an unqualified success.

An editorial in the New Haven *Union*, Aug. 5, paid the following tribute: "The record of the Ninth regiment in the war of the rebellion was one of which every Irishman can well feel proud. It was a record of bravery that knew no limit, of determination that knew no flinching. The men left this city where the regiment was formed, with colors flying and never once in the fierce fighting that followed, in the battling for the preservation of the Union, were those colors lowered to the enemy. It was known as the Fighting Ninth, a brave, resolute, set of men, which any city might well regard with enthusiasm and admiration.

"It is fitting that New Haven should honor the gallant Ninth, * * * and their acts of heroism should never be forgotten. The monument which was unveiled this morning in honor of this plucky band of fighters, is in a way a fitting testimonial to men who faced the southern bullets, took their lives in their hands, that Uncle Sam's flag should float over a united country. On that monument is printed the two hundred and fifty odd names of those who fell in * * * the glorious cause of the Union. It is the roll of honor, the list of heroes, the brave and the true, whose lives went up on the altar of their

country that there might be an undivided land for the American people.

"Such deeds of heroism should never go unrecognized, and when the survivors of the Ninth decided to erect a monument to commemorate the deeds of valor that make glorious and noble the life of the soldier, they took a step that met with universal approval. New Haven extends a warm welcome to those who gathered here to-day to participate in the ceremonies incidental to the unveiling of the monument to the memory of the heroes of the Ninth. It was a day that will not be forgotten or quickly pass from the minds of those who directly or indirectly took part in those interesting memorial exercises."

The New Haven *Register*, Aug. 5, paid the following graceful editorial tribute: "To-day witnessed the culmination of months of conference and agitation on the part of veterans of the gallant Ninth regiment. When it was first concluded to erect a monument in memory of their command there was an immediate response from those who are familiar and in sympathy with the efforts everywhere made to immortalize the self-sacrifices of the men who responded so enthusiastically to the President's call for troops, when secession reared its head in the country and threatened the life of the Union.

"The undertaking had its days of doubt and worry, as all such efforts have, and will have, so long as men add to the toil of bread-winning that of unselfish performance. In a way it would be unfortunate if it were otherwise, for after all has been said and done which can be said and done, there is a greater satisfaction to be taken in the culmination of work which requires the thought of many heads and the toil of many hands. This can be truly said of the monument which was unveiled to-day, and which is not the work of a single man, but of the regiment and its friends.

"We have written enough of the deeds of the Ninth regiment. What it did has passed into history with a

complete roster of its officers and men. The monument which is now among the interesting possessions of the city, and which is to endure as long as the granite of which it is made endures, begins a new chapter as it is to be written in the interest and affection of the generations which are to follow, and to view the work of the Grand Army of the Republic as we view the work of the Continental army.

"It will have no familiar faces to which to turn in order to intensify and personify its impressions. The actors in that dark tragedy will all have gone the way of mortals, and there will stand the shaft of granite to typify a phase of life in the young republic, which time has justified. By those who come after the survivors of the regiment it will be viewed as we view a historic spot which is marked with a tablet of bronze. A few will be led to look up the immediate record of the regiment, but the great majority will regard it as one of the milestones of the country, and fall to reflecting upon the significance of the events in which the Ninth was involved. In that way it will serve the only purpose such memorials ought to serve.

"But in addition to the testimony which this monument will bear to the men of future generations of the deeds performed and the sacrifices made for the Union by their predecessors, it will stand as a complete assurance of the power of this republic to assimilate those of a different race, reared under different social and political conditions. In a large way it will stand as a striking memorial of the loyalty of the Irish race to the country of their adoption, * * * .

"Of especial interest will it ever be to the children of those who were among the enlisted men of the regiment. Already the young men of Irish extraction, who are in many instances the grandsons of the early immigrant, are as much the product of the country and types of its life as if they were descended from the hardy voyagers on the Mayflower. The traditions of the race from which

they sprung are as impersonal to them as the traditions of the Dutch race are impersonal to the President of the United States. They will, as they should, forever pay honor to the fatherland and observe the various days which are associated with its history and calendar, but it will be with particular satisfaction that they gaze upon the granite figure in Bay View park which represents the devotion of the Irish to this country. It will keep their Americanism strong and pure, without in the least affecting, to its disadvantage, the spirit of their race.

"The more monuments there are commemorating the unselfish deeds of the citizens of this country the better it will be for the country itself. Even within the relatively short space of time which separates the civil rebellion from to-day there has been such a social and industrial revolution that we can be said to be living under entirely different conditions. If life in this republic has been made easier to live, it has not escaped being made more complicated. The problems which we have to meet are just as great, and in some respects more varied, than those which shafts of this character recall.

"Brave men who loved their country more than they loved their homes left the latter to serve the former. It would be a very superficial view of existing responsibilities which should to-day contend that men of equal loyalty and devotion are less needed. The demands of human nature, as expressed to-day, call for the highest employment of unselfish qualities, those of the mind as well as those of the heart. There is little prospect that we shall soon require again the services of the young and strenuous in the field of battle, but there is abundant evidence that the world of commerce and of politics require the services of the young and honest.

"To our mind, in addition to the testimony which this Ninth regiment monument will bear to the courage and loyalty of that command, it will be valuable in constantly reminding the citizens of New Haven of their duty to

their own community. A monument which is content to end its usefulness with commemoration of the past possesses but little value. The monument which serves the double purpose of honoring the past and stimulating the present, by very force of its example, is in its way to be included among the educational forces of the city. That this may be the mission of the monument which has been unveiled to-day is our profound hope. In the meantime we have only congratulations for those who have brought this work to its completion."

Among the many interesting communications received by the committee of arrangements was the following:

OFFICE OF WASHINGTON CAMP, No. 8,
PATRIOTIC ORDER SONS OF AMERICA,
STATE OF CONNECTICUT,
NEW HAVEN, CONN., Aug. 1, 1903.

Lieut.-Col. John G. Healy, President Ninth Regiment Association, and to the Veterans of the Old Ninth,

GREETING:

Your invitation of July 21st was received with pleasure and satisfaction by this Camp. In reply would state that we accept this invitation, but as many of our members are connected with various Veteran Associations, and as we have tried to arrange for a joint demonstration, and failed, we offer this as an excuse for not advising you sooner.

We are with you in heart and spirit and regret that as a body we shall not be properly represented in the parade.

Yours sincerely,

[Official Seal] CHAS. E. SERVISS,
Rec. Sec'y.

The Naugatuck, Ct., *News*, Aug. 5, notes that: "In the midst of a drizzling rain the Hibernian Rifle Company, the St. Francis T. A. B. Drum Corps, members of Isbell Post, G. A. R., the Y. M. Catholic Institute and the

Naugatuck Drum Corps, left on a special train for New Haven this morning to take part in the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the Ninth Regiment monument in New Haven to-day. The military men were in full uniform and the Y. M. C. I. wore white caps and carried canes and white umbrellas."

Among those participating in the exercises at Bay View park and, later, in the armory, where many members of the American-Irish Historical Society from Boston, Providence, New York and other cities. The headquarters of the Society were at the Tontine Hotel, Church street. The Society received a hearty welcome to the city and was the recipient of many hospitalities during its stay. Among the invitations received and accepted was the following:

KNIGHTS OF ST. PATRICK,

NEW HAVEN, CONN., July 18, 1903.

Mr. T. H. Murray, Secretary American-Irish Historical Society,

DEAR SIR:

At a meeting of the Board of Governors of the Knights of St. Patrick of New Haven, Conn., held on July 17, 1903, it was unanimously voted that the freedom of the club house be tendered to the members of the American-Irish Historical Society and its friends on Aug. 5, 1903. The Knights will be pleased to meet the members of the Society and trust the latter will be able to accept this invitation.

"Open house" all day from 7 a. m.

Very truly yours,

J. F. SULLIVAN, M.D.,
Recording Secretary.

During the day and evening delegations from the Society visited the handsome club-house of the Knights and were hospitably entertained.

The Society had also received an invitation, through the Hon. Eli Whitney, from the New Haven Colony Historical Society to visit the rooms of the latter on Grove street. This invitation was likewise accepted. Benjamin R. English, representing the last named organization, called at the Tontine early in the day, Aug. 5, and arranged with Secretary Murray for the visit. In the afternoon, Edward C. Beecher of the New Haven Colony Historical Society arrived for the purpose of escorting the members of the American-Irish Historical Society to the rooms of the former organization. At 2 p. m., the line was formed and, headed by Mr. Beecher and the Hon. William McAdoo, President-General of the A. I. H. S., proceeded across the city green to the place mentioned.

Here the visitors were received by Mr. English, above mentioned, Richard F. Lyon and Ralph O. Williams. After inscribing their names in the visitors' book, the guests were escorted through the spacious building and shown the Society's collections of portraits, books and historical curiosities. An hour was thus pleasantly spent, and the visitors then took their departure highly pleased with their call.

Later in the afternoon, the Hon. C. T. Driscoll, Ex-Mayor of New Haven, escorted a delegation of the American-Irish Historical Society through the grounds and leading buildings of Yale University and entertained them at the Graduates' Club.

The Society's dinner in the evening was a splendid affair. It was preceded by a reception at which were present the Hon. John D. Crimmins, of New York, with his guest, Gen. Coppinger; the Hon. Eli Whitney, of New Haven, and many other prominent people. Mr. Crimmins and Gen. Coppinger were unable to remain for the dinner, being obliged to leave town on an early train.

Rev. Thomas J. Finn, of Port Chester, Ct., and Roderick J. Kennedy, of New York city, two members of the

Society, were also unable to wait for the dinner and left for home at an early hour.

The dinner began about 8 p. m. The Hon. William McAdoo, of New York, president-general of the Society, presided. Grace was said by the Rev. Christopher Hughes, D.D., of Fall River, Mass. An orchestra was in attendance and furnished music during the repast. The following was the

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MENU.

Little Neck Clams.

Radishes. Olives.

Soft Shell Crabs on Toast,
Tartare Sauce.

Sweetbread Patties.
French Peas.

Tenderloin of Beef.
Saratoga Chips.

Benedictine Punch.

Broiled Spring Chicken,
Currant Jelly.
String Beans.
Mixed Salad, French Dressing.
Neapolitan Ice Cream.

Cheese. Crackers.

Coffee.

Among those present in addition to President McAdoo and Father Hughes, were the following:

Hon. Abiram Chamberlain, Governor of Connecticut.

Hon. John P. Studley, Mayor of New Haven, Ct.

Hon. Morgan G. Bulkeley, ex-Governor of Connecticut.

Gen. James R. O'Beirne, New York City.

Hon. Alexander Harbison, ex-Mayor of Hartford, Ct.
Hon. Thomas J. Gargan, Boston, Mass.
Hon. John F. Hurley, ex-Mayor of Salem, Mass.
Hon. Eli Whitney, New Haven, Ct.
Hon. Jeremiah O'Rourke, Newark, N. J.
Hon. N. D. Sperry, M. C., New Haven, Ct.
Hon. C. T. Driscoll, New Haven, Ct.
Hon. William Kennedy, Naugatuck, Ct.
Hon. James P. Bree, New Haven, Ct.
Hon. Edward Griswold, Guilford, Ct.
Hon. Thomas Z. Lee, Providence, R. I.
Col. John G. Healy, New Haven, Ct.
Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon, Bridgeport, Ct.
Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, New Haven, Ct.
Gen. Phelps Montgomery, New Haven, Ct.
Major John Q. Tilson, New Haven, Ct.
Thomas Hamilton Murray, Boston, Mass.
John J. Cassidy, Wilmington, Del.
Col. Watson J. Miller, Shelton, Ct.
James Jeffrey Roche, LL.D., Editor of the *Pilot*, Boston, Mass.
William P. Connery, Lynn, Mass.
John F. McAlevy, Pawtucket, R. I.
Michael P. Coen, Naugatuck, Ct.
Joseph R. Hall, Naugatuck, Ct.
James O'Flaherty, New York City.
Stephen J. Richardson, New York City.
Daniel Colwell, New Haven, Ct.
John A. O'Keefe, Plainfield, N. J.
Patrick Kiernan, New York City.
Bernard J. Joyce, Boston, Mass.
J. W. Donovan, New York City.
John F. Hayes, M.D., Waterbury, Ct.
John O'Flaherty, M.D., Hartford, Ct.
D. F. Donoghoe, M.D., Holyoke, Mass.
Thomas M. Cahill, M.D., New Haven, Ct.
Stephen J. Maher, M.D., New Haven, Ct.

W. J. Sheehan, M.D., New Haven, Ct.
M. C. O'Connor, M.D., New Haven, Ct.
E. M. McCabe, M.D., New Haven, Ct.
James Curran, New York City.
T. P. Kelly, New York City.
Bernard E. Lynch, New Haven, Ct.
James F. Brennan, New Haven, Ct.
Michael E. Hennessy, Boston, Mass.
John Jerome Rooney, New York City.
Col. George E. Albee, New Haven, Ct.
Maurice Fitz Gibbon, New York City.
James Mark Sullivan, New Haven, Ct.
James E. McGann, New Haven, Ct.
James Reilly, New Haven, Ct.
Capt. John J. Coffey, Boston, Mass.
Major Patrick Maher, New Haven, Ct.
James R. Maxwell, New Haven, Ct.
Edward L. Hearn, South Framingham, Mass.
M. W. Leahy, New Haven, Ct.
J. E. McPartland, New Haven, Ct.
Wm. M. Geary, New Haven, Ct.
Thomas W. Keenan, New Haven, Ct.
E. J. Monohan, New Haven, Ct.
Edward J. Moriarty, New Haven, Ct.
Patrick J. Cronin, New Haven, Ct.

Of the foregoing, Hon. John F. Hurley, served in the Fourth Massachusetts Light Battery during the civil war. Capt. John J. Coffey served in the Twenty-eighth Massachusetts Infantry, an Irish command. Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon, Col. John G. Healy, Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, and Michael P. Coen served in the Ninth Connecticut regiment. Gen. James R. O'Beirne held every commissioned rank up to Bvt. Brig. Gen. of Volunteers. He was Provost Marshal, District of Columbia; Deputy U. S. Marshal, D. C.; Register of Wills, D. C.; Editor *Sunday Gazette*, Washington, D. C.;

Special Agent U. S. Indian affairs; Special Agent U. S. Treasury Dept.; Asst. U. S. Commissioner of Immigration at New York city; Commissioner of Charities, New York city; Commander U. S. Medal of Honor Legion. In business life he has been President of the Yonkers Electric Light Co.; Secretary of the Flemington Coal and Coke Co. of West Virginia, and Treasurer of the Manhattan Distilling Co. Major Patrick Maher served, during the Civil War, as Major of the Twenty-Fourth Connecticut regiment. It will be seen, therefore, that the military element was well represented at the dinner.

After full justice had been done the choice viands comprised in the menu, cigars were lighted and the post prandial exercises began. President McAdoo felicitously opened the speech making. He was formerly a member of Congress, and was also Assistant Secretary of the U. S. Navy. He dwelt upon the objects of the American-Irish Historical Society, and upon the part taken by men of Irish blood in building, defending and perpetuating the republic. He thanked Governor Chamberlain, Mayor Studley and the other guests for their attendance, and said that the Society was proud to honor, by its presence in New Haven, the gallant Ninth Connecticut and the surviving veterans of the latter. He next spoke of traits of character of the Irish and the reasons why the people of Ireland are termed a military race. He then introduced Governor Chamberlain.

The Governor was cordially greeted and delivered a very interesting address, in the course of which he paid a tribute to the services rendered this country by the Irishman.

Mayor Studley was the next speaker. He also paid an eloquent tribute to the Irish element, and dealt with the history and career of the Ninth Connecticut. Continuing, he said: "The Irishman is known as a generous man throughout the world. If he is your friend he is a generous friend, and if he is your enemy he is a generous

enemy." In closing, the mayor welcomed the society to the city, and said that the people were glad to have it meet here.

Congressman Sperry was then introduced. He said in substance: "I think it proper for every race element among us, if it thinks it is not properly recognized, to demand recognition, and as I understand the purpose of this society, it is to present to the public the gallant deeds of the Irish in this country. We are indebted to the Irish people, who did so much in 1776, 1812 and 1861 to keep this country one and inseparable. This is a peculiar country made up of all nationalities, and every man has his duty to perform. The Irish race has done much to help us firmly plant the banner of liberty. It is an honor to be one of those to stand and defend his country."

Hon. Thomas J. Gargan was the next speaker. He said in substance: "The Irish are probably greater emigrants to this glorious country than any other race, and we have done our part in making this country's history. There was a time when Irishmen were forbidden to bear arms, yet when the call came they generously gave their lives. We are not permitted to take a part in great wars, but we honor those of our race who did. There are new days before us; shall we not act in a manly manner and defend our country's principles? We have been honoring to-day the memory of those who have helped to perpetuate the Union. We have a great battle to fight, that of living the lives of honest and straightforward citizens."

Col. John G. Healy, of the Ninth, was then introduced and made an eloquent response. He alluded to the part taken by the regiment in the war, and spoke of the monument unveiled to-day and its significance. He thanked the Historical Society for coming to New Haven to honor the day, and hoped that the organization would again visit the city at some time in the near future.

Gen. James R. O'Beirne complimented the veterans of the Ninth on their patriotism in erecting the monument

we have to-day dedicated. He then spoke of the work in which the Historical Society is engaged, and dwelt upon the importance of recording the history of the Irish in this country. "Outside of military matters," said he, "there should also be something in the shape of letters. We may appropriately, this evening, in this patriotic city and state, stand for letters as well as for arms."

Among the other speakers were Capt. Lawrence O'Brien, Ex-Governor Morgan G. Bulkeley and Hon. C. T. Driscoll. John F. Hayes, M.D., recited "Sheridan's Ride," in an excellent manner and, soon after, the exercises closed.

During the evening, the following poem was handed in for recitation, but owing to the lateness of the hour it was omitted:

HIS LAST MARCH.

W. D. Nesbit in Chicago *Tribune*.

[John T. Mason, seventy-four years old, a veteran of the civil war, was heard one night singing "While We Were Marching Through Georgia." Next morning he was found lifeless in his bed. A physician who was called stated that the old man must have died about the time the song was heard by the others in the house.]

"Bring the good old bugle, boys, we'll sing another song!"
He heard the far-off chorus as his comrades marched along;
He heard the clank of sabre, and the jangling bit and spur,
The rumbling of the cannons, where his shouting messmates were;
He heard the hurried hoofbeats of the horses mettlesome;
And high above he saw the flag that beckoned him: "O, come!"

He saw them swing along the road—not graybeards, slow and bent,
Ah, no! He saw the boyish ranks of his old regiment.
With rhythmic tread it held its line, with fifers piping shrill:
He saw the ragged colors, that were waving to him still;
And calling—calling—calling, came the rolling of the drum:
"Fall in! Fall in for dress parade! The ranks are waiting. Come!"

The line wheeled when it neared him, and as in the light of noon
He saw the forms of comrades who across the South were strewn;
He saw the brave companion who had battled by his side—
The tears welled up again just as they did the day he died.
Then, "Halt!" the bugles sounded, and he heard his war-time chief
Call in his kindest, clearest tones: "This is the last relief!"

"March on!" The flag was waving and the soldiers marched away;
And he went singing with them, far beyond the Gates of Day,
The bugles pealing gladly and the line with no more gaps—
The bugles singing sweetly in that benison of "Taps."
And fifes were mad and merry, and the drums were laughing, too.
For he marched beside the colors as he led the grand review!

The following members of the American-Irish Historical Society sent letters expressive of regret at inability to be present at the dinner:

Rt. Rev. Thomas J. Conaty, D.D., Bishop of Los Angeles, Cal.

Hon. John C. Linehan, State Insurance Commissioner of New Hampshire.

Hon. John H. H. McNamee, Mayor of Cambridge, Mass.
Cyrus Townsend Brady, LL.D., New York City.
Rev. James Coyle, Taunton, Mass.
James E. Sullivan, M.D., Providence, R. I.
Col. James Moran, Providence, R. I.
Samuel Adams, New York City.
Joseph P. Flatley, Boston, Mass.
P. F. Magrath, Binghamton, N. Y.
Hon. P. T. Barry, Chicago, Ill.
Michael Gavin, Memphis, Tenn.
J. F. Hynes, Lexington, Ky.
William Giblin, New York City.
Michael J. Ward, Brookline, Mass.
Dr. George McAleer, Worcester, Mass.
Very Rev. M. C. Lenihan, Marshalltown, Iowa.
Rev. Edward J. McGolrick, New York City.
Timothy F. Luddy, Waterbury, Ct.
Patrick J. McCarthy, Providence, R. I.
Col. James Quinlan, New York City.
Prof. J. C. Monaghan, Washington, D. C.
Dr. Thomas E. Maloney, Fall River, Mass.
John F. O'Rourke, New York City.
M. Joseph Harson, Providence, R. I.
W. H. Mahony, New York City.

Col. James Moran's letter was as follows:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 20, 1903.

THOMAS HAMILTON MURRAY, ESQ.,
Secretary General,
HUMAROCK BEACH, SEA VIEW, MASS.

DEAR SIR:

Your notice of June 10, and postal of 15th inst., calling the members' attention to the coming annual Field Day of the American-Irish Historical Society, to be held at New Haven, this year, on Aug. 5, duly received.

Owing to the uncertainty of my getting away from here, on account of business, at that particular time, I have not answered till now. Even now, much as I desire to go, I cannot say for certain whether I can get away. If it is possible for me to be present I will be on hand at the proper time; as, together with the pleasure of meeting the members of the Society, the additional pleasure of meeting two old comrades of Fenian Days, as well as army comrades—members of the Committee of Arrangements and old residents of New Haven—Col. Healy and Capt. O'Brien, whom I have not seen for several years, would be afforded me.

Yours truly,

JAMES MORAN.

The following letters were also received:

FROM U. S. SENATOR PLATT, OF CONNECTICUT.

WASHINGTON, CONN., July 28, 1903.

MR. THOMAS HAMILTON MURRAY,
HUMAROCK BEACH, SEA VIEW, MASS.

MY DEAR SIR:

Returning from the Adirondacks, I find your letter, written July 19, inviting me to be the guest of the American-Irish Historical Society, at a dinner to be given on the evening of August 5, at the Tontine Hotel, New Haven. Unless other arrangements have been made for me for that evening by the Veteran Association of the Ninth Connecticut Infantry, I shall be glad to comply with your invitation.

I shall be in New Haven, August 5, on the occasion of the dedication of the Ninth regiment monument, by invitation, and must of course, hold myself subject to their wishes.

Sincerely yours,

O. H. PLATT.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM U. S. SENATOR PLATT.

MR. THOMAS HAMILTON MURRAY,
HUMAROCK BEACH, SEA VIEW, MASS.

MY DEAR SIR:

Confirming my telegram of this date, saying that I find it will be impossible for me to attend the dinner to be given on the evening of August 5, at the Tontine Hotel, New Haven, by the American-Irish Historical Society, complimentary to the Ninth Regiment, I explain more fully by saying that I find it is imperative that I return to my home in the afternoon of that day.

With expressions of sincere regret, I am

Very truly yours,

O. H. PLATT.

WASHINGTON, CONN., August 1, 1903.

FROM THE HON. H. WALES LINES.

MERIDEN, CT., Aug. 6, 1903.

MR. M. P. COEN,
Naugatuck, Ct.

DEAR MR. COEN:

It would have been very pleasant and interesting to attend the banquet of the American-Irish Historical Society at the Tontine Hotel last evening, but after leaving you it became necessary for me to return to Meriden early in the evening and hence I was obliged to forego that pleasure.

It was most unfortunate that the storm so entirely changed your Committee's plans. Had the day been fair, the Ninth C. V., memorial celebration would have been one of the most impressive events that has occurred in this State within our recollection.

Nevertheless, it was a grand demonstration. The large attendance of Connecticut people; the presence of

the Ninth C. V. veterans, the splendid address of Father Slocum, and other details of the programme, were all of a character to be remembered by every man who loves his State and Country whose good fortune it was to hear or know what was said and done. I wish that the oration might be read and understood by every man in our good old State.

Appreciating fully all the courtesy and attention extended to me by yourself and other members of your Committee, with assurance of my warm personal esteem, I remain,

Sincerely yours,

H. Wales Lines.

The New Haven *Register*, in its issue of Aug. 6, observed: "In spite of the inclement weather the veterans of the Ninth Connecticut volunteeers and their friends—the latter comprising both this community and state—rallied in great force for the event of yesterday, so long and eagerly looked forward to. It goes without saying that it would require a greater obstacle than a chilling easterly storm to daunt the survivors of the gallant regiment which, four decades ago, faced so stoutly the storms of battle incident to a bitter and protracted civil war. The powers of the air did their utmost, but found it impossible to quench the enthusiasm of participants and spectators at the exercises of yesterday.

"Of the program carried out at the Second regiment armory it may be said that it was in all its features most acceptable to the mighty audience assembled there. In the course of his address accepting the monument on behalf of the city, Mayor Studley voiced fittingly the common sentiment of respect and admiration as regards the Ninth. Governor Chamberlain's remarks in honor of the famous regiment struck a popular chord and were received with great favor. In this impassioned address, the Rev. Father Slocum of Waterbury told some whole-

some truths and indulged in glowing but merited eulogy of the endurance and valor of the Ninth in the early 60's.

"It was a grievous pity that, after months of painstaking preparation for this monument unveiling, Jupiter Pluvius should have risen in his might at the last moment and striven to nullify the consummation by a deluge. Everybody in New Haven—in Connecticut, too, it is safe to say, regretted that the sun could not have shone on the sacred observance of yesterday. That would have been vastly pleasanter for all concerned, but we must recall the adage concerning spilt milk and be philosophical concerning the vagaries of the weather. At least, the monument is unveiled, and long may it stand to commemorate the worth of those sons of Connecticut who came to the aid of the nation in its hour of need."

"Trumbull" in his article in the New York *Herald*, Sunday, Aug. 9, speaking of the Ninth's monument says: "It was commendable in the officers and supporters of the regiment to make the day a memorable one in the history of New Haven. While there have been opportunities by the score for the representatives of the race to impress their presence upon that city, there has never before been an opportunity to awaken the public to the fact that at the time of the nation's greatest need, when the Irish had not been received into the sentimental brotherhood of man, they were behind none in their readiness to make sacrifices for the country and in honor of their State. In reality there have been but few who have known that this regiment was a distinctively Irish regiment and of Connecticut origin.

"It sprang into existence in response to the keen appreciation of Governor Buckingham that there was in the Irish residents of the State the same love of the Union that was to be found in the other elements. Had it not been for him it is doubtful if the career would have been opened to it which to-day justifies its pride in the monu-

ment which is to stand as long as granite can endure. With this knowledge in one's possession, the significance of the eloquent tribute paid Governor Buckingham by Father Slocum, the orator of the day, becomes understood. He justly called him the first citizen of his day and declared that Connecticut would fail in its duty until it had reared a public monument, in a conspicuous place, to his memory. * * *

"As I have already said, the impression which this celebration made upon the people of Connecticut would have been deeper had the day been a bright one and the elaborate programme been possible of performance. It would indeed have been significant of the Americanism of the Irish that under their direction the largest military and civic demonstration ever seen in New Haven had been concluded. As it was, the regiment was enabled to give a stirring demonstration of the loyalty which has always been theirs and which at last has come to be recognized as among the best assets of the State. The handsome monument will, of course, for all time continue to testify to the service of the Ninth regiment. * * *

"In view, moreover, of the rapid disappearance of the veterans of the war, the demand becomes urgent that the survivors of the Connecticut regiments should lead in an attempt to have them all immortalized in the towns in which they were organized. It is not a work for the State to undertake, for that means of carrying on the work, while it simplifies the undertaking, does not give the memorials the significance which comes from private subscriptions. The further we go from the scene of that great conflict, which cost so much life and destroyed so much treasure that the Union might be preserved, the heavier is the obligation to preserve its lesson for the benefit of those who have a different kind of battle to fight, in order that the institutions then saved may be perpetuated."

THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

BY D. B. LOCKWOOD.

How many hearts will leap with swelling pride,
How many eyes will fill with burning tears,
To see, at last, above the swelling tide,
The monument, foretold these many years;
Foretold with hope deferred, and anxious fears,
Till comrades living, feared that comrades dead
Might be forgot; and all that so endears
Their mem'ry to the land for which they bled,
Would fade away from earth with time's unceasing tread.

Proud emblem of the men who bravely fell
Who only counted dear the nation's life,
Who blanched not at the sound of shot or shell,
Rememb'ring duty, country, home and wife,
Each volunteer a hero in the strife.
Ready to fight, as only fight the brave
Or meet in midnight the assassin's knife,
In prison-pen to die, their land to save,
A land as fair as free, that owns no more a slave.

Reminder of the days of bloody strife,
Of fierce contending hosts in stern array,
Battling for dear bought liberty and life,
And all that makes us glorious to-day;
A Union! from Alaska's ice-bound shore
To Ponce de Leon's fragrant land of flowers!
Long may it stand, defying Time's decay!
Long may its soldier-sailor mantled towers
Keep watch and ward above this goodly land of ours.

Hither shall come in each succeeding year
Bringing the fairest, freshest flowers of May,
The comrades left behind; who'll drop a tear
For consecrated dust that's far away,
And keep with pride our "Decoration Day."
And when in God's good time our lives are spent,
Our children here shall come in proud array
With spring-time flowers, on filial duty bent,
To deck, with grateful hearts, the Soldiers' Monument.

A hundred years of earnest labor done,
Of arts improved, of progress near and far;
In civil strife a thousand battles won;
In peace more conquests than in bloody war!
O, who shall draw the horoscope afar
Of cent'ries hence, when nations ne'er shall know
The lust of cruel strife, but when the star
Of Peace o'er all the world shall brightly glow
And man shall conquer self, his greatest earthly foe.

SOME INTERESTING NOTES.

THE first reunion of the surviving veterans of the Ninth took place at the Tontine Hotel, New Haven, Dec. 2, 1869. It was a most enjoyable event.

The great old Irish clan names were well represented in the regiment. The O's and Macs abounded, while hundreds of other historic Irish names likewise appeared.

Representatives of three generations of one family—the Careys of Hartford—enlisted in Company K. They were father, son and grandson. The latter, however, was not mustered.

It was by no means uncommon to hear conversations in the Irish language carried on by members of the regiment. Many of the officers and men were proficient in the grand old tongue.

As stated elsewhere, Lieut. Col. Richard Fitz Gibbon had two brothers in the Ninth, Thomas and John. A fourth brother, Maurice, while not borne on the muster roll, was a sutler of the regiment.

In Company H were two brothers,—Oliver and Stephen Sanford. The latter died Aug. 18, 1862. Oliver died June 28, 1864. Both were favorites in the company and were good soldiers and comrades.

George and James Hillyer, of Company I, were brothers. They both enlisted Aug. 15, 1861, and were mustered Oct. 1, that year. George died June 3, 1862, and James a month later. Both were deeply regretted by their comrades.

During the Rebellion a publication was issued at regular intervals called *The Connecticut War Record.* Copies may be consulted at the State Library, in Hartford. The publication contains a number of letters, signed "F. F.," in which the Ninth is mentioned. The initials are believed to stand for Frederick Frye, the major of the regiment.

Early in 1862, Lieut. William O'Keefe, of the Ninth, who was then a sergeant, while on picket guard at Ship Island, Miss., captured a Confederate spy and was specially thanked for the exploit by Gen. Phelps. The spy pretended he could talk only Spanish, but when he found that Gen. Phelps was acquainted with that language, he abandoned all further dissembling.

The resolution for the return of the captured battle-flag of the Third Mississippi was introduced, in the Connecticut House of Representatives, by the Hon. James P. Pigott of New Haven. He was at that time a member of the House, ably supported the measure and had the satisfaction of seeing the resolution adopted. Mr. Pigott was afterwards a member of Congress from Connecticut.

During the Civil War, there was a project to organize in Connecticut, and send to the front, a second Irish regiment. A rendezvous was established at Hartford and the work of enlistment was vigorously begun. Thomas McManus of Hartford, Patrick Maher of New Haven, and other military men were prominent in the movement. Several companies were started, but the project was finally relinquished.

Lieut. William Gleeson of the Ninth took a prominent part, after the war, in the Fenian movement. He organized a company of 102 men for the invasion of Canada and was highly complimented for his activity.

Lieut. Gleeson has also been prominent in the Grand Army of the Republic. He was commander of Henry C. Merwin Post, of New Haven, and has held other positions of prominence in the organization.

Thomas H. Sullivan, proprietor of "The Oneco" hotel, New Haven, rendered great service in collecting funds for the Ninth's monument. He generously worked day and night in aid of the project and deserves special mention for his very substantial labors in that respect. He also gladly allowed the Ninth's Veteran Association the exclusive use of Parlor A, in his hotel, as headquarters, for two months, and absolutely declined to receive any remuneration therefor.

The Croffut-Morris history makes several references to the loyalty of the Irish of Connecticut to the cause of the Union. Speaking of Lieut. Robert Dempsey of the Seventh Connecticut regiment, it says: "When Lieut. Robert Dempsey (of Winsted) fell, he said to those who would have removed him, 'I am going to die here. Let me die on my side'; the blood at the same time gushing from his breast. Lieut. Dempsey went out as second lieutenant on the original formation of the regiment. He was about thirty years old, an Irish Catholic, and a true soldier."

Asst. Surg. George W. Avery of the Ninth was graduated from the Yale Medical school in July, 1861. He was commissioned First Assistant Surgeon of the Ninth and accompanied the regiment to Ship Island, Miss. He was at one period in charge of the hospital on the island, later going to New Orleans. On Dec. 8, 1863, he was promoted Surgeon of the First regiment, New Orleans Volunteers. He served on Gen. Canby's staff after the war, and in 1867, succeeded Gen. Harry Hayes as a high sheriff in New Orleans. He left the latter city late in 1871, and located in Hartford, Ct.

In General Orders relative to the battle of Baton Rouge, issued by Gen. Butler, subsequent to the battle, after stating that "The men of the Ninth Connecticut, who were detailed to man Nims' battery, deserve special commendation," he pays a tribute to "John Donaghue, Fourth Massachusetts battery, who brought off from the camp of the Seventh Vermont regiment their colors at the time of their retreat." Butler also calls attention to the fact that "First Sergeant John Haley, Company E, Thirtieth Massachusetts, commanded his company bravely and well in the absence of his line officers."

The following receipt from M. P. Coen, secretary and treasurer of the Ninth Regiment Veteran Association, is self-explanatory: "Received from Lieutenant Commander William Braunersreuther, U. S. N., Commandant, Naval Station, New London, Conn., in accordance with instructions from the Ordnance Department, dated April 29, 1903, Four (4) 12 pdr. brass howitzers on iron carriages * * * [for] the 9th Regiment, C. V., Veterans Association, for use in ornamenting the monument of that Association to be erected at Bay View Park, New Haven, Conn.; five (5) trail bars; four (4) elevating screws; four (4) locks and strings."

A special dispatch from Naugatuck, Ct., to the New Haven *Union*, Aug. 9, 1903, stated that "The citizens of Naugatuck contributed nearly $700 toward the Ninth C. V. regiment monument fund, and notwithstanding the fact that it was pouring rain a large delegation went to New Haven to represent Naugatuck at the dedication of the monument. This town never does anything by halves. The Y. M. C. I. boys presented quite a neat appearance with their white umbrellas and received considerable applause as they marched up Meadow street from the New Haven depot. Although the umbrellas were more for display than anything else, they came in handy in the rain."

Gen. Michael Corcoran, of New York, delivered an address in Hartford, Ct., Aug. 30, 1862. He reached that city at 1 p. m., and was greeted at the depot by a great crowd. The depot had been decorated with flags and an impromptu stage had been erected. Among those on the stage were Governor Buckingham and Col. Deming. Gen. Corcoran was introduced by the mayor, and made a patriotic speech. He thanked the assemblage for the welcome extended, and expressed regrets that his engagements in New York would prevent him from addressing them that night. He promised to visit Hartford again, soon, if his military duties would allow. He was repeatedly applauded.

An order was issued by the War Department, March 27, 1865, providing "That at the hour of noon, on the 14th day of April, 1865, Brevet Major-General Anderson will raise and plant upon the ruins of Fort Sumter, in Charleston Harbor, the same United States flag which floated over the battlements of that Fort during the rebel assault, and which was lowered and saluted by him and the small force of his command when the works were evacuated on the 14th day of April, 1861." The ceremonies attendant on this restoration of the flag were very impressive. By invitation of Gen. Cuvier Grover, commanding at Savannah, Ga., Lieut. Col. Healy and the band of the Ninth participated in the ceremonies.

Lieut. John C. Curtis, of the Ninth, received a Congress Medal of Honor for bravery at the battle of Baton Rouge. He was Sergeant Major of the regiment at the time of the battle. During the engagement, while the Ninth was in reserve, he begged Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon, then in command of the Ninth, for permission to go into the line of fire with the Sixth Michigan regiment. Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon gave his consent. Being a sergeant major, Curtis was armed with a non-commissioned officer's short sword. He put on the equipments of a member of the Ninth who was disabled, took the latter's rifle

and hastened to the Sixth Michigan which was closely engaged with the enemy. Curtis captured two Confederates at the point of the bayonet and brought them into the lines of the Ninth. As he appeared, driving his two prisoners ahead of him, Lieut. Col. Fitz Gibbon exclaimed: "Great Scott! See what is coming!" and the whole regiment cheered. Curtis was then but seventeen years of age.

The Second Company, Governor's Foot Guard, which paraded as escort to Gov. Chamberlain, on the occasion of the dedication, Aug. 5, 1903, of the monument to the Ninth regiment, dates from 1774. It is one of the oldest military bodies in the country. Its first meeting for organization was held Dec. 28, 1774. The following is an extract from the agreement then adopted: "As we, the subscribers, are desirous to encourage the Military Art in the town of New Haven, and in order to have a well-disciplined Company in said town, have agreed with Edward Burke to teach us the military exercise, for the consideration of three pounds lawful money per month, till such time as we shall think ourselves expert therein. * * * " The Company attained great proficiency and for nearly 129 years has occupied a position of prominence among the select military organizations of the country. It was honorably represented in the War of the Revolution, the War of 1812, the War with Mexico, the War of the Rebellion, and the War with Spain.

The soldier's statue on the Ninth's monument in Bay View park, New Haven, was posed for by Michael P. Coen of Naugatuck, Ct., a veteran of the regiment. The New Haven *Leader* states that "M. P. Coen, who was secretary and treasurer of the Ninth Regiment Monument Committee, was the man unanimously chosen to pose for the sculptor who carved the figure which was placed on the monument. Mr. Coen is one of the best known members of the regiment and has always taken a deep interest in it. He has been prominent in bringing

about the plans and the idea of the celebration of the dedication of the monument. It was only after earnest solicitation on the part of the members of the regiment that Mr. Coen consented to allow his figure to represent the ideal soldier and to be used as a model for the figure to be put on the monument. Mr. Coen resides in Naugatuck, having extensive business enterprises in that place. He came down to the celebration yesterday and brought with him one of the largest delegations to reach this city, despite the rain."

Writing from New Orleans, La., April 15, 1885, to Comrade M. P. Coen of Naugatuck, Ct., Capt. William Wright says: "My wife and self visited Proctorville, (La.), last Sunday for the purpose of noting any changes that had taken place, in the last twenty years, in that never-to-be-forgotten land of swamps and alligators. Well, there are a few changes. In the first place, the quarters we occupied have been destroyed by fire, the chimneys alone standing, reminding one of the shadowy ghosts of sentinels guarding the swamps. The bayou has been changed in its course, making quite a straight canal. I still found the inevitable negro sitting on the bank of the bayou fishing for his daily meal. The old fort is still in charge of the identical alligator that withstood so many shots from our rifles. The host of mosquitoes that greeted us on our arrival seemed to remember us with great pleasure for they instantly commenced presenting their bills,—possibly with a view of making up for lost time. They seemed to think that Yankee blood was good enough yet."

Among the veterans of the Ninth who participated in the monument dedicatory exercises in New Haven, Aug. 5, 1903, was William Boyle, a resident of Fort Wadsworth, N. Y. During his visit to New Haven, to participate in the exercises, he stopped with friends residing on Kimberly avenue. Mr. Boyle previous to his enlistment

into the Ninth regiment had served in the Twenty-Eighth Connecticut, being with the latter until the expiration of his term, Aug. 28, 1863. He enlisted in the Ninth, Jan. 19, 1864, being credited to Greenwich, Ct. On Oct. 12, 1864, he was transferred to Co. D, of the Ninth Battalion, C. V., and was mustered out, Aug. 3, 1865. After the war, he enlisted in the regular army and served in the South and West. A recent sketch states that "he was commended by letter of Capt. Fields for uniform gallantry and conduct in the Modoc campaign, and while on duty recovering the bodies of Lieut. Cranston and the men who fell with him on April 26, 1873. He was recommended for appointment of ordnance sergeant and other positions by the following officers under whom he had served: Major Rodgers, First artillery; Major Pratt, Artillery corps; Captain Fields, First artillery; Lieutenants Story, Greenough and Chamberlain. He served as a non-commissioned officer as follows: Corporal, Ninth Connecticut Volunteers; sergeant and first sergeant, Battery A, Fourth artillery; principal musician, band, Fourth artillery; corporal, Battery H, Fourth artillery; corporal, sergeant and first sergeant, Battery L, First artillery."

Just before the present volume went to press, the following letter was received from Capt. O. F. Nims who commanded Nims' battery, during the war, and was with the Ninth at Baton Rouge: "42 Blossom st., Boston, Mass. Thos. Hamilton Murray, Esq., Sea View, Mass., Dear Sir: Your very kind communication has been received by me, and I desire to thank you for the same. It is getting to be a long span, back to the days of which you speak; but I remember well the part the Ninth Connecticut took in the memorable engagement at Baton Rouge, when in the early morning, under the cover of a thick fog, the enemy stole in on us. It was while leading the charge that Gen. Williams was killed. Other gallant leaders remained, however, and the dashing Col. Cahill

assumed command of the brigade. By his daring and skilful leadership the enemy was repulsed, and the day was won. Great credit has been given to all the troops who participated that day, and particularly to the men of the Ninth Connecticut. Deploring civil strife wherever it be, if ours had to be, I am glad that I was able to take part in the great conflict for the preservation of the Union. Again thanking you for your kindly expressions of sentiment, I am, Yours sincerely, O. F. NIMS, Captain, Second Massachusetts Battery."

From the Hartford *Evening Press*, Aug. 27, 1862: "THE IRISH REGIMENT—There was a large attendance at the meeting of Irish citizens, last evening [Hartford], at which Thomas McManus, Esq., presided. Patriotic speeches were made by Messrs. Thomas McManus, Carroll, Freeman, Stevenson, Edward McManus, Tiernan and others. A committee was appointed to encourage enlistments and another to invite Gen. Corcoran to address the people of Hartford." The above refers to the projected second Irish regiment. Another reference to the latter is found in the same paper, of Oct. 3, 1862, as follows: "The Irish Battalion completed its organization to-day by electing Capt. Patrick Maher of New Haven, captain of the Emmet Guard, as major. The battalion reports over 300 men, but not all in camp. The two Hartford companies consolidated, and elected Captain, George A. Denslow; First Lieutenant, Edward J. Carroll; Second Lieutenant, James L. Haynes. * * * The company from Bridgeport, and the other New Haven company, consolidated and elected Captain, Patrick Gilmore; First Lieutenant, Edward N. Goodwin; Second Lieutenant, Patrick Mooney." In the Hartford *Evening Press*, Oct. 4, 1862, it is stated that "Thomas McManus, late Acting Major of the Irish Battalion, has been appointed Adjutant of the Twenty-Fifth Regiment. The Irish Battalion has been consolidated with the Twenty-Fourth Regiment at Middletown."

PRESENT SURVIVORS OF THE NINTH.

THE following is a list of surviving veterans of the Ninth, so far as known, corrected to Aug. 5, 1903, the date of the dedication of the monument at Bay View park, New Haven. The places of residence given are all in Connecticut except where otherwise stated:

Allen, Edward, Redlands, Cal.
Andle, Charles, Fair Haven.
Barry, David, Middletown.
Bassett, S. T., Bridgeport.
Becker, Joseph W., Bethel.
Bennett, Q. M. Nathan I., Bethel.
Boyle, William, Fort Wadsworth, N. Y.
Brennan, Patrick, New Haven.
Burlingame, Seymour, Myricks Station, Mass.
Butler, John, Shelburne Falls, Mass.
Caffrey, Sergt. James, New Haven.
Cahill, Lieut. James, Oakland, Cal.
Callahan, Sergt. Patrick, Hartford.
Carroll, John, Meriden.
Clancy, Lieut. Richard, Bridgeport.
Coburn, Andrew C., Noroton.
Coen, Michael P., Naugatuck.
Coffey, Bernard, New Haven.
Coleman, J. W., Noroton.
Comisky, Sergt. Nicholas, Noroton.
Conners, James, Hartford.
Conway, Martin, Fishkill, N. Y.
Conway, William, Noroton.
Cook, George F., Bridgeport.
Cronan, Sergt. Michael, Naugatuck.
Curtis, Lieut. John C., Boston, Mass.
Dadman, George W., New Haven.
Debow, Sergt. Michael, New Haven.

Devlin, John, Noroton.
Diamond, T. F., Bridgeport.
Dolan, Sergt. Thomas, Oakland, Cal.
Dwyer, John, Galveston, Texas.
Fahey, John, Terryville.
Flannagan, Patrick, New Haven.
Fitz Gibbon, Lieut. Col. Richard, Bridgeport.
Foley, John, West Pike, Pa.
Fox, Michael, Buckland.
Garvey, Capt. Patrick, Meriden.
Gleeson, Lieut. William, New Haven.
Gordy, Edward, Wallingford.
Graham, Andrew F., Stratford.
Graham, Lieut. James F., Malden, Mass.
Grogan, Michael, New Haven.
Hackett, Sergt. Malachi, Meriden.
Hall, Charles E., Hamden.
Harral, Q. M. William W., Bridgeport.
Hausman, Charles, New Haven.
Hayden, William, Wallingford.
Healy, Col. John G., New Haven.
Healy, John, Ansonia.
Healy, Prin. Mus. John E., New Haven.
Hendricks, Fred, Bridgeport.
Hoey, George, New Haven.
Hoye, Frank, Waterbury.
Hughes, Patrick, Hartford.
Jacques, William, Portland.
Kavanagh, Thomas, Columbus, O.
Kelleher, Michael, New Haven.
Kelley, Dennis, New Haven.
Kelly, Bartholomew, New Haven.
Kennedy, Robert, Noroton.
Keyes, Henry F., New Haven.
Kline, Fred, Noroton.
Knablin, Sergt. Thomas, Bridgeport.
Lawler, John H., Ansonia.

Leahy, Sergt. Daniel, Noroton.
Lines, Dr. J. F., New Haven.
Logan, Terence, Laramie, Wyo.
Lucey, Dennis, New Haven.
Mason, William, Newark, N. J.
McCarten, Bartholomew, New Haven.
McCarten, Capt. Michael, New Haven.
McDonald, Terence, New Haven.
McGuane, William, Winsted.
McGuire, James, New Haven.
McManus, John, Noroton.
McNeil, Dr. Rollin, New Haven.
Menold, Henry, Union City.
Mills, Moses, Bridgeport.
Morrisey, James, New Haven.
Murley, Thomas, New Haven.
O'Brien, Capt. Lawrence, New Haven.
O'Keefe, Lieut. William, New Haven.
O'Sullivan, Lieut. Daniel, Noroton.
Pfaunekuchen, Frederick, Yalesville.
Reilly, John, New Haven.
Reilly, Sergt. Philip, New Haven.
Rutherford, George, Bridgeport.
Ryan, Thomas, San Francisco, Cal.
Scott, Capt. Garry T., Nebraska.
Shaw, James, New Haven.
Smith, Augustus, Bristol.
Streit, Simon, New Haven.
Tiernan, John, New Haven.
Ward, John, Bridgeport.
Warner, Alonzo, North Glastonbury.
Wellington, Frank, Bridgeport.
Weil, Patrick, Noroton.
Whalen, James, New Haven.
White, Thomas C., Waterbury.
York, William, Middlebury.

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